OWNER'S MANUAL

Operation Maintenance Specifications

All information in this Owner's Manual is current at the time of publication. However, HYUNDAI reserves the right to make changes at any time so that our policy of continual product improvement may be carried out.

This manual applies to all models of this vehicle and includes descriptions and explanations of optional as well as standard equipment.

As a result, you may find material in this manual that does not apply to your specific vehicle.

CAUTION: MODIFICATIONS TO YOUR HYUNDAI

Your HYUNDAI should not be modified in any way. Such modifications may adversely affect the performance, safety or durability of your HYUNDAI and may, in addition, violate conditions of the limited warranties covering the vehicle. Certain modifications may also be in violation of regulations established by the Department of Transportation and other government agencies in your country.

TWO-WAY RADIO OR CELLULAR TELEPHONE INSTALLATION

Your vehicle is equipped with electronic fuel injection and other electronic components. It is possible for an improperly installed/adjusted twoway radio or cellular telephone to adversely affect electronic systems. For this reason, we recommend that you carefully follow the radio manufacturer's instructions or consult your HYUNDAI dealer for precautionary measures or special instructions if you choose to install one of these devices.

WARNING! (IF EQUIPPED)

The vehicle is equipped with a device of the system Pan-European eCall or UAE eCALL which calls emergency services. Any self-or unauthorized interference in the system Pan-European eCall or UAE eCALL in vehicle systems and its components, installing of equipment which is not recommended by vehicle manufacturer and/or in authorized HYUNDAI dealer can cause incorrect operation (of the device of) the system Pan-European eCall or UAE eCALL, making erroneous calls, causing failure of the device (in cars) in case of traffic accident or other accidents, when you need emergency care.

This may be dangerous and threaten your life!

SAFETY AND VEHICLE DAMAGE WARNING

This manual includes information titled as DANGER, WARNING, CAUTION and NOTICE.

These titles indicate the following:



DANGER

DANGER indicates a hazardous situation which, if not avoided, will result in death or serious injury.



WARNING

WARNING indicates a hazardous situation which, if not avoided, could result in death or serious injury.



CAUTION

CAUTION indicates a hazardous situation which, if not avoided, could result in minor or moderate injury.

NOTICE

NOTICE indicates a situation which, if not avoided, could result in vehicle damage.

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FOREWORD

Congratulations, and thank you for choosing HYUNDAI. We are pleased to welcome you to the growing number of discerning people who drive HYUNDAIs.

We are very proud of the advanced engineering and high-quality construction of each HYUNDAL we build.

Your Owner's Manual will introduce you to the features and operation of your new HYUNDAI. To become familiar with your new HYUNDAI, so that you can fully enjoy it, read this Owner's Manual carefully before driving your new vehicle.

This manual contains important safety information and instructions intended to familiarize you with your vehicle's controls and safety features so you can safely operate your vehicle.

This manual also contains information on maintenance designed to enhance safe operation of the vehicle. It is recommended that all service and maintenance on your car be performed by an authorized HYUNDAI dealer. HYUNDAI dealers are prepared to provide high-quality service, maintenance and any other assistance that may be required.

This Owner's Manual should be considered a permanent part of your vehicle, and should be kept in the vehicle so you can refer to it at any time. The manual should stay with the vehicle if you sell it to provide the next owner with important operating, safety and maintenance information.

HYUNDAI MOTOR COMPANY



CAUTION

Severe engine and transmission damage may result from the use of poor quality fuels and lubricants that do not meet HYUNDAI specifications. You must always use high quality fuels and lubricants that meet the specifications listed on Page 2-15 in the Vehicle Specifications section of the Owner's Manual.

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HOW TO USE THIS MANUAL

We want to help you get the greatest possible driving pleasure from your vehicle. Your Owner's Manual can assist you in many ways. We strongly recommend that you read the entire manual. In order to minimize the chance of death or injury, you must read the WARNING and CAUTION sections in the manual.

Illustrations complement the words in this manual to best explain how to enjoy your vehicle. By reading your manual, you will learn about features, important safety information, and driving tips under various road conditions.

The general layout of the manual is provided in the Table of Contents. Use the index when looking for a specific area or subject; it has an alphabetical listing of all information in your manual.

Sections: This manual has nine chapters plus an index. Each section begins with a brief list of contents so you can tell at a glance if that section has the information you want.

SAFETY MESSAGES

Your safety, and the safety of others, is very important. This Owner's Manual provides you with many safety precautions and operating procedures. This information alerts you to potential hazards that may hurt you or others, as well as damage your vehicle.

Safety messages found on vehicle labels and in this manual describe these hazards and what to do to avoid or reduce the risks.

Warnings and instructions contained in this manual are for your safety. Failure to follow safety warnings and instructions can lead to serious injury or death.

Throughout this manual DANGER, WARNING, CAUTION, NOTICE and the SAFETY ALERT SYMBOL will be used.



This is the safety alert symbol. It is used to alert you to potential physical injury hazards. Obey all safety messages that follow this symbol to avoid possible injury or death. The safety alert symbol precedes the signal words DANGER, WARNING and CAUTION.



DANGER indicates a hazardous situation which, if not avoided, will result in death or serious injury.



WARNING indicates a hazardous situation which, if not avoided, could result in death or serious injury.



CAUTION indicates a hazardous situation which, if not avoided, could result in minor or moderate injury.

NOTICE

NOTICE indicates a situation which, if not avoided, could result in vehicle damage.

FUEL REQUIREMENTS

Gasoline engine

Unleaded

For Europe

For the optimal vehicle performance, we recommend you use unleaded gasoline which has an octane rating of RON (Research Octane Number) 95 / AKI (Anti Knock Index) 91 or higher. You may use unleaded gasoline with an octane rating of RON 91-94 / AKI 87-90 but it may result in slight performance reduction of the vehicle. (Do not use methanol blended fuels)

Except Europe

Your new vehicle is designed to use only unleaded fuel having an Octane Rating of RON (Research Octane Number) 91 / AKI (Anti-Knock Index) 87 or higher. (Do not use methanol blended fuels)

Your new vehicle is designed to obtain maximum performance with UNLEADED FUEL, as well as minimize exhaust emissions and spark plug fouling.

NOTICE

NEVER USE LEADED FUEL. The use of leaded fuel is detrimental to the catalytic converter and will damage the engine control system's oxygen sensor and affect emission control.

Also, severe wear and crack of piston ring, valve, etc. may occur and knocking noise may be heard from your engine.

Never add any fuel system cleaning agents to the fuel tank other than what has been specified (We recommend that you consult an authorized HYUNDAI dealers for details.)



WARNING

- · Do not "top off" after the nozzle automatically shuts off when refueling.
- Always check that the fuel cap is installed securely to prevent fuel spillage in the event of an accident.

Leaded (if equipped)

For some countries, your vehicle is designed to use leaded gasoline. When you are going to use leaded gasoline, we recommend that you ask an authorized HYUNDAI dealer.

Octane rating of leaded gasoline is same with unleaded one.

Gasoline containing alcohol and methanol

Gasohol, a mixture of gasoline and ethanol (also known as grain alcohol), and gasoline or gasohol containing methanol (also known as wood alcohol) are being marketed along with or instead of leaded or unleaded gasoline.

Do not use gasohol containing more than 10% ethanol, and do not use gasoline or gasohol containing any methanol. Either of these fuels may cause drivability problems and damage to the fuel system, engine control system and emission control system.

Discontinue using gasohol of any kind if drivability problems occur.

Vehicle damage or driveability problems may not be covered by the manufacturer's warranty if they result from the use of:

- 1. Gasohol containing more than 10% ethanol.
- 2. Gasoline or gasohol containing methanol.
- 3. Leaded fuel or leaded gasohol.



CAUTION

Never use gasohol which contains methanol. Discontinue use of any gasohol product which impairs drivability.

Using Fuel Additives

Using fuel additives such as:

- Silicone fuel additive
- MMT (Manganese, Mn) fuel additive
- Ferrocene (iron-based) fuel additive
- Other metallic-based fuel additives

May result in cylinder misfire, poor acceleration, engine stalling, engine plugging, heavy knocking noise, damage to the catalyst, or abnormal corrosion, and may cause damage to the engine resulting in a reduction in the overall life of the powertrain. The Malfunction Indicator Lamp (MIL) may illuminate.

NOTICE

Damage to the fuel system or performance problem caused by the use of these fuels may not be covered by your New Vehicle Limited Warranty.

Use of MTBE

HYUNDAI recommends avoiding fuels containing MTBE (Methyl Tertiary Butyl Ether) over 15.0% vol. (Oxygen Content 2.7% weight) in your vehicle.

Fuel containing MTBE over 15.0% vol. (Oxygen Content 2.7% weight) may reduce vehicle performance and produce vapor lock or hard starting.



CAUTION

Your New Vehicle Limited Warranty may not cover damage to the fuel system and any performance problems that are caused by the use of fuels containing methanol or fuels containing MTBE (Methyl Tertiary Butyl Ether) over 15.0% vol. (Oxygen Content 2.7% weight.)

Do not use methanol

Fuels containing methanol (wood alcohol) should not be used in your vehicle. This type of fuel can reduce vehicle performance and damage components of the fuel system, engine control system and emission control system.

Fuel Additives

HYUNDAI recommends that you use unleaded gasoline which has an octane rating of RON (Research Octane Number) 95 / AKI (Anti Knock Index) 91 or higher (for Europe) or Octane Rating of RON (Research Octane Number) 91 / AKI (Anti-Knock Index) 87 or higher (except Europe).

For customers who do not use good quality gasolines including fuel additives regularly, and have problems starting or the engine does not run smoothly, one bottle of additive added to the fuel tank according to the maintenance schedule is recommended (refer to chapter 8, "Normal Maintenance Schedule").

Additives are available from your authorized HYUNDAI dealer along with information on how to use them. Do not mix other additives.

Operation in foreign countries

If you are going to drive your vehicle in another country, be sure to:

- · Observe all regulations regarding registration and insurance.
- · Determine that acceptable fuel is available.

VEHICLE MODIFICATIONS

- This vehicle should not be modified. Modification of your vehicle could affect its performance, safety or durability and may even violate governmental safety and emissions regulations.
 - In addition, damage or performance problems resulting from any modification may not be covered under warranty.
- If you use unauthorized electronic devices, it may cause the vehicle to operate abnormally, wire damage, battery discharge and fire. For your safety, we recommend that you do not use unauthorized electronic devices.

VEHICLE BREAK-IN PROCESS

By following a few simple precautions for the first 1,000 km (600 mi.) you may add to the performance, economy and life of your vehicle.

- · Do not race the engine.
- While driving, avoid sudden acceleration.
- Do not maintain a single speed for long periods of time, either fast or slow. Varying engine speed is needed to properly break-in the engine.
- Avoid hard stops, except in emergencies, to allow the brakes to seat properly.
- Fuel economy and engine performance may vary depending on vehicle break-in process and be stabilized after 6,000 km (4,000 mi.). New engines may consume more oil during the vehicle break-in period.
- Don't tow a trailer during the first 2,000 km (1,200 mi.) of operation.

RETURNING USED VEHICLES (FOR EUROPE)

HYUNDAI promotes an environmentally sound treatment for end of life vehicles and offers to take back your Hyundai end of life vehicles in accordance with the European Union (EU) End of Life Vehicles Directive.

You can get detailed information from your national HYUNDAI homepage.

VEHICLE DATA COLLECTION AND EVENT DATA RECORDERS (FOR ISRAEL)

This vehicle is equipped with an event data recorder (EDR). The main purpose of an EDR is to record, in certain crash or near crash-like situations, such as an air bag deployment or hitting a road obstacle, data that will assist in understanding how a vehicle's systems performed. The EDR is designed to record data related to vehicle dynamics and safety systems for a short period of time, typically 30 seconds or less.

The EDR in this vehicle is designed to record such data as:

- · How various systems in your vehicle were operating;
- Whether or not the driver and passenger safety belts were buckled/fastened;
- How far (if at all) the driver was depressing the accelerator and/or brake pedal; and,
- · How fast the vehicle was traveling.

These data can help provide a better understanding of the circumstances in which crashes and injuries occur.

NOTE: EDR data is recorded by your vehicle only if anon-trivial crash situation occurs; no data are recorded by the EDR under normaldriving conditions and no personal data (for example, name, gender, age, andcrash location) are recorded. However, other parties, such as law enforcement, could combine the EDR data with the type of personally identifying data routinely acquired during a crash investigation.

To read data recorded by an EDR, special equipment is required, and access to thevehicle or the EDR is needed. In addition to the vehicle manufacturer, other parties, such as law enforcement, that have the special equipment, can read the information if they have access to the vehicle or the EDR.

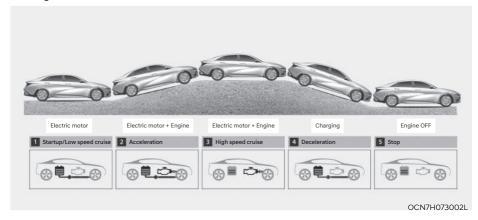
HEV (HYBRID ELECTRIC VEHICLE) SYSTEM

The HYUNDAI Hybrid Electric Vehicle (HEV) uses both the gasoline engine and the electric motor for power. The electric motor is run by a high-voltage HEV battery.

Depending on the driving conditions, the HEV computer selectively operates between the engine and the electric motor or even both at the same time.

Fuel efficiency increases when the engine is at idle, or when the vehicle is driven by the electric motor with the HEV battery.

The HEV battery charge must be maintained, so at times the engine will come on even at idle to act as a generator. Charging also occurs when decelerating or by regenerative braking.



DRIVING THE HYBRID VEHICLE

Starting the Vehicle

Vehicles with smart key system

- Carry the smart key or leave it inside the vehicle.
- 2. Make sure the parking brake is firmly applied.
- Make sure the shift button is in P (Park). With the shift button in N (Neutral), you cannot start the vehicle.
- 4. Depress the brake pedal.
- Press the Engine Start/Stop button. If the hybrid system starts, the "=" indicator will come on.

Whether the engine is cold or warm, it should be started without depressing the accelerator.

After following the start procedures, "
"" indicator on the instrument cluster will turn on. For more details, please check chapter 6.

ECONOMICAL and SAFE OPERATION of Hybrid system

- Drive smoothly. Accelerate at a moderate rate and maintain a steady cruising speed. Do not make "jackrabbit" starts. Do not race between stoplights.
- Avoid heavy traffic whenever possible. Always maintain a safe distance from other vehicles so you can avoid unnecessary braking. This also reduces brake wear.
- The regenerative brake generates energy when the vehicle decelerates.
- When the hybrid battery power is low, the hybrid system automatically recharges the hybrid battery.
- When the engine is running with the shift button in N (Neutral), the hybrid system cannot generate electricity. The hybrid battery cannot recharge with the shift button in N (Neutral).

i Information

In the hybrid system, the engine automatically runs and stops. When the hybrid system operates, the "="" indicator is illuminated.

In the following situation, the engine may operate automatically.

- When the engine is ready to run
- When the hybrid battery is being charged
- Depending on the temperature condition of the hybrid battery

Special Features

Hybrid vehicles sound different than gasoline engine vehicles. When the hybrid system operates, you may hear a sound from the hybrid battery system behind the rear seat. If you apply the accelerator pedal rapidly, you may hear an unconventional sound. When you apply the brake pedal, you may hear a sound from the regenerative brake system. When the hybrid system is turned off or on, you may hear a sound in the engine compartment. If you depress the brake pedal repeatedly when the hybrid system is turned on, you may hear a sound in the engine compartment. None of these sounds indicate a problem. These are normal characteristics of hybrid vehicles.

If any of following occur, it's a normal condition if you hear a motor sound in the engine compartment:

- After turning off the hybrid system, the brake pedal is released.
- When the hybrid system is turned off, the brake pedal is applied.
- When the driver door is opened.

When the hybrid system is turned ON, the gasoline engine may run or may not. In this situation, you may feel a vibration. This does not indicate a malfunction. When the "\(\varphi\)" indicator illuminates, the hybrid system is ready to begin driving. Even if the engine is off, you can operate the vehicle as long as the "\(\varphi\)" indicator is illuminated.

NOTICE

The hybrid system contains many electronic components. High voltage components, such as cables and other parts, may emit electromagnetic waves. Even when the electromagnetic cover blocks electromagnetic emissions, electromagnetic waves may have an effect on electronic devices. When your vehicle is not used for a long period of time, the hybrid system will discharge. You need to drive the vehicle several times a month. We recommend driving at least for 1 hour or 10 mi. When the hybrid battery is discharged, or when it is impossible to jump start the vehicle, we recommend that you contact your authorized HYUNDAI dealer.

⚠ WARNING

- When you start the hybrid system with the shift button in P (Parking), the "
 indicator illuminates on the instrument cluster. The driver can drive the vehicle, even when the gasoline engine is off.
- When you leave the vehicle, you should turn OFF the hybrid system or locate the shift button in P (Park).
 When you depress the accelerator pedal by mistake, or when the shift button is not in P (Park), the vehicle will abruptly move, possibly resulting in serious injury or death.

Virtual Engine Sound System (VESS)

The Virtual Engine Sound System generates engine sound for pedestrians to hear vehicle sound because there is limited sound while motor power is used.

- If the gear shifts from P (Parking) after start-up, the VESS sound is output.
- When the gear is shifted to R (Reverse), an additional warning sound will be heard.

What does regenerative braking do?

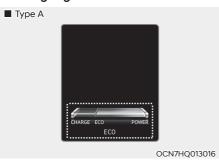
It uses an electric motor when decelerating and when braking. It transforms kinetic energy to electrical energy in order to charge the high voltage battery.

Battery

- The vehicle is composed of a high voltage battery that drives the motor and air conditioner, and an integrated 12 V lithium ion battery with the HEV battery that drives the lamps, wipers, and audio system.
- The integrated 12 V battery is automatically charged when the vehicle is in the ready (♠) mode.

Hybrid system gauge

Power gauge





The hybrid system gauge indicates whether the current driving condition is fuel efficient or not.

· CHARGE:

Shows that the energy made by the vehicle is being converted to electrical energy. (Regenerated energy)

· ECO:

Shows that the vehicle is being driven in an Eco-friendly manner.

· POWER:

Shows that the vehicle is exceeding the Eco-friendly range.

According to the hybrid system gauge area, the "EV" indicator comes on or off.

- "EV" indicator ON: Vehicle is driven using the electric motor or the gasoline engine is stopped.
- "EV" indicator OFF: Vehicle is driven using the gasoline engine.

Hybrid battery SOC (State of Charge) gauge



■ Type B

H

OCN7H043026

OCN7H040003
This gauge indicates the remaining

This gauge indicates the remaining hybrid battery power. If the SOC is near the "L (Low)" level, the vehicle automatically operates the engine to charge the battery.

However, if the Service Indicator ((A)) and Malfunction Indicator Lamp (MIL) ((C)) turn on when the SOC gauge is near the "L (Low)" level, we recommend the vehicle be checked by an authorized HYUNDAI dealer.

Warning and indicator lights

Ready indicator



This indicator illuminates:

When the vehicle is ready to be driven.

- ON: Normal driving is possible.
- OFF: Normal driving is not possible, or a problem has occurred.
- Blinking: Emergency driving.

When the ready indicator goes OFF or blinks, there is a problem with the system. If this occurs, we recommend that you have your vehicle inspected by an authorized HYUNDAI dealer.

EV mode indicator



This indicator illuminates:

When the vehicle is driven by the electric motor.

Service warning light



This warning light illuminates:

- When you set the ignition switch or the Engine Start/Stop button to the ON position.
 - The service warning light illuminates for approximately 3 seconds and then turns off when all checks have been performed.
- When there is a problem with the hybrid vehicle control system or hardware.

When the warning light illuminates while driving, or does not go OFF after starting the vehicle, we recommend that you have the vehicle inspected by an authorized HYUNDAI dealer.

Regenerative brake warning light



This warning light illuminates:

When the regenerative brake does not operate and the brake does not perform well. This causes the Brake Warning light (red) and Regenerative Brake Warning Light (yellow) to illuminate simultaneously.

If this occurs, drive safely and have your vehicle inspected by an authorized HYUNDAI dealer. The operation of the brake pedal may be more difficult than normal and the braking distance may increase.

Cluster display messages Ready to start driving



This message is displayed when the vehicle is ready to be driven.

Check regenerative brakes



This message is displayed when the brake performance is low or the regenerative brake does not work properly due to a failure in the brake system.

If this occurs, it may take longer for the brake pedal to operate and the braking distance may become longer.

Stop vehicle and check brakes



This message is displayed when a failure occurs in the brake system.

If this occurs, park the vehicle in a safe location and we recommend that you tow your vehicle to the nearest authorized HYUNDAI dealer and have the vehicle inspected.

Check Hybrid system



This message is displayed when there is a problem with the hybrid control system. Refrain from driving when the warning message is displayed.

If this occurs, we recommend that you have the vehicle inspected by an authorized HYUNDAI dealer.

Stop safely and check Hybrid system



OCN7HO013019L

This message is displayed when there is a problem with the hybrid control system. The "=" indicator will blink and a warning chime will sound until the problem is solved. Refrain from driving when the warning message is displayed.

If this occurs, we recommend that you have the vehicle inspected by an authorized HYUNDAI dealer.

Check Hybrid system. Do not start engine



OOSHQ019008L

This message is displayed when the hybrid battery power (SOC) level is low. A warning chime will sound until the problem is solved. Refrain from driving when the warning message is displayed.

If this occurs, we recommend that you have the vehicle inspected by an authorized HYUNDAI dealer.

Stop safely and check power supply



This message is displayed when a failure occurs in the power supply system.

If this occurs, park the vehicle in a safe location and tow your vehicle to the nearest authorized HYUNDAI dealer and have the vehicle inspected.

Check virtual engine sound system



This message is displayed when there is a problem with the Virtual Engine Sound System (VESS).

If this occurs, we recommend that you have the vehicle inspected by an authorized HYUNDAI dealer.

Refuel to prevent Hybrid battery damage



This message is displayed when the fuel tank is nearly empty.

You should refill the fuel tank to prevent hybrid battery damage.

Refill inverter coolant



This message is displayed when the inverter coolant is nearly empty.

You should refill the inverter coolant.

Park with engine On to charge battery



This message is displayed when the hybrid battery power (SOC) level is low.

If this occurs, park the vehicle in a safe location and wait until the hybrid battery is charged.

Start engine to avoid battery discharge



This message is displayed to inform the driver the 12 V battery may be discharged if the ignition switch is in ON position (without the indicator ON).

Set the vehicle to the ready () mode to prevent the 12 V battery from being discharged.

Energy flow

The hybrid system informs the drivers its energy flow in various operating modes. While driving, the current energy flow is specified in 11 modes.

Vehicle stop



The vehicle is stopped. (No energy flow)

EV propulsion



Only the motor power is used to drive the vehicle.

(Battery > Wheel)

Power assist



OCN7HO013009L

Both the motor and the engine power are used to drive the vehicle.

(Battery & Engine > Wheel)

Engine only propulsion



OCN7HQ013010L

Only the engine power is used to drive the vehicle.

(Engine > Wheel)

Engine generation



OCN7HO013011L

When the vehicle is stopped, the highvoltage battery is charged up by the engine.

(Engine > Battery)

Regeneration



The high-voltage battery is charged up by the regenerative brake system.

(Wheel > Battery)

Engine brake



OCN7HO013013L

The engine braking is used to decelerate the vehicle.

(Wheel > Engine)

Power reserve



The engine is simultaneously used to drive the vehicle and to charge up the high-voltage battery.

(Engine > Wheel & Battery)

Engine generation/motor drive



OCN7HO013014L

The engine charges up the high-voltage battery. The motor power is used to drive the vehicle.

(Engine > Battery > Wheel)

Engine generation/regeneration



The engine and regenerative brake system charges up the high-voltage battery.

(Engine & Wheel > Battery)

Engine brake/regeneration



OCN7HQ013015L

The engine braking is simultaneously used to decelerate the vehicle and to charge up the high-voltage battery.
(Wheel > Engine & Battery)

SAFETY PRECAUTIONS FOR HYBRID SYSTEM

Hybrid vehicle components High voltage battery system



OCN7HQ013027



- *1: Located in the engine compartment
- *2: Located under the rear seats

⚠ WARNING

Never touch orange colored or high voltage labeled components, including wires, cables, and connections. When the insulators or covers are damaged or removed, severe injury or death from electrocution may occur.



While replacing the fuses in the engine compartment, never touch the HPCU. The HPCU carries high voltage. Touching the HPCU may result in electrocution, serious injury, or death.

MARNING

In the hybrid system, the hybrid battery uses high voltage to operate the motor and other components. This high voltage hybrid battery system can be very dangerous.

Never touch the hybrid system. When you touch the hybrid battery system, serious injury or death may occur.

CAUTION

- Do not pile up any items in an area behind the high voltage battery. In a crash, the battery may become unstable, or its performance may degrade.
- Do not apply strong force nor pile up any items above the luggage compartment. Such an attempt may distort the high voltage battery case, causing a safety problem or degrading the performance.
- Be careful when loading flammable liquid in the luggage compartment.
 It could cause operational and safety degradation if the liquid leaks and flows in the high voltage battery.



*3: Located in the engine compartment

⚠ WARNING

- Do not disassemble the high voltage motor connector. The high voltage motor connector may contain residual high voltage. Coming in contact with high voltage may result in death or serious injury.
- Your vehicle's hybrid system should only be inspected or repaired by an authorized HYUNDAI dealer.

MARNING

- Do not disassemble or assemble the high voltage battery system.
 Doing so may result in electric shock, causing death or serious injury.
- If you disassemble or assemble hybrid system components improperly, it may damage the performance and reliability of your vehicle.
- If electrolyte comes in contact with your body, clothes or eyes, immediately flush with a large quantity of fresh tap water. Have your eyes examined by a doctor as soon as possible.

MARNING

Never assemble or disassemble the high voltage battery system.

- If you assemble or disassemble the high voltage battery system, the durability and performance of the vehicle may be damaged.
- When you want to check the high voltage battery system, have the vehicle inspected by an authorized HYUNDAI dealer.
- Do not touch the high voltage battery and high voltage cable connected to motor (orange color).
 Severe burns and electric shock may occur. For your safety, do not touch the cover of electronic components and electronic cable. Do not remove the cover of electronic components and electronic cable. In particular, never touch the high voltage battery system when the hybrid system is in operation. It may result in death or serious injury.

<u>∱</u> WA

WARNING

- Never use the package modules (high voltage battery, inverter and converter) for any other purpose.
- Do not use an unauthorized battery charger to charge the high voltage battery. Doing so may result in death or serious injury.
- Never locate the high voltage system near or in a fire.
- Never drill into or strike the package module. Otherwise, it may be damaged. An electric shock may occur, resulting in serious injury or death.

NOTICE

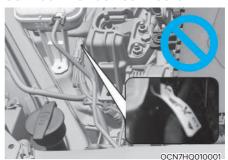
- When the vehicle is paint baked, do not bake over 30 minutes in 70°C (158°F) or 20 minutes in 80°C (176°F) degree.
- Do not wash the engine compartment, using water. Water may cause an electric shock and damage the electronic components.

MARNING

This hybrid vehicle uses the hybrid battery system inverter and converter to generate high voltage. High voltage in the hybrid battery system is very dangerous and may cause severe burns and electric shock. This may result in serious injury or death.

- For your safety, never touch, replace, disassemble or remove the hybrid battery system including components, cables and connectors. Severe burns or electric shock may result in serious injury or death when you fail to follow this warning.
- When the hybrid battery system operates, the hybrid battery system can be hot. Always be careful because burns or electric shock may be caused by high voltage.
- Do not spill liquid on the HPCU, HSG, motor and fuses. If the hybrid system components come in contact with liquid, it may result in electric shock.

Service interlock connector



In case of emergency, cut the service interlock connector cable to isolate the high voltage of the battery.

MARNING

Never disconnect the service interlock connector or cut the wire except in an emergency situation.

Serious problems may occur, such as the vehicle will not start.

Hybrid battery cooling duct



The hybrid battery cooling duct is located on the middle side of the rear seats. The cooling duct cools down the hybrid battery. When the hybrid battery cooling duct is blocked, the hybrid battery may be overheated.

Clean the cooling duct for the hybrid battery with a dry cloth on a regular basis.

⚠ WARNING

- Never clean the cooling duct of the hybrid battery with a wet cloth. If any water enters the cooling duct of the hybrid battery, the hybrid battery may cause an electric shock, resulting in a serious damage, an injury or a death.
- The hybrid battery is composed of lithium-ion. If the hybrid battery is improperly handled, it is dangerous to the environment. Also it may cause electrical shock and severe burns, resulting in a serious injury or a death.
- Do not spill liquid over the cooling duct of the hybrid battery. Doing so is very dangerous. It may cause electric shock or serious injury.
- Do not cover the cooling duct with objects.
- Do not put any objects into the cooling duct of the hybrid battery.
 Doing so may cause loss of cooling duct volume to the hybrid battery.
 When the cooling duct is blocked with any objects, immediately contact your HYUNDAI dealer.
- Never place a container of liquid on or near the cooling duct. If the liquid spills, the hybrid battery located in the luggage compartment may be damaged.
- Secure all loads in the luggage compartment to prevent them from being tossed about before driving. When a sharp or heavy load strike with a strong impact or pierce the interior luggage compartment wall, the hybrid battery system may be damaged, deteriorating its performance.
- Do not obstruct the cooling duct with any other objects.

If an accident occurs



! WARNING

- For your safety, do not touch the high voltage cables, connectors and package modules. High voltage components are orange in color.
- Exposed cables or wires may be visible inside or outside of the vehicle. Never touch the wires or cables, because an electrical shock, an injury, or a death may occur.
- Any gas or electrolyte leakage from your vehicle is not only poisonous but also flammable. Upon witnessing one of those, open the windows, and remain a safe distance from the yehicle out of the road.
 - Immediately call an emergency services or contact an authorized HYUNDAI dealer and advise them that a hybrid vehicle is involved.
- When the vehicle is severely damaged, remain a safe distance of 15 meter or more between your vehicle and other vehicles/ flammables.

<u>∧</u> w

WARNING

If a fire occurs:

 If a small scale fire occurs, use a fire extinguisher (ABC, BC) that is meant for electrical fires.

If it is impossible to extinguish the fire in the early stage, remain a safe distance from the vehicle and immediately call your local fire emergency responders. Also, advise them that a hybrid vehicle is involved.

If the fire spreads to the high voltage battery, large amount of water is needed to put out the fire.

Using small amount of water or fire extinguishers not meant for electrical fires could cause serious injury or death from electrical shocks.

 Upon witnessing any sparks, gases, flames, or fuel leakage of your vehicle, immediately call emergency services or contact an authorized HYUNDAI dealer. Also, advise them that a hybrid vehicle is involved.



WARNING

When a submersion in water occurs:

When your vehicle is flooded in water, a high-voltage battery may cause shock or fires. Thus, turn the hybrid system OFF, take the key in your possession and escape to a safe place. Never attempt physical contact with your flooded vehicle.

Immediately contact an authorized HYUNDAI dealer and advise them that a hybrid vehicle is involved.

When the hybrid vehicle shuts off

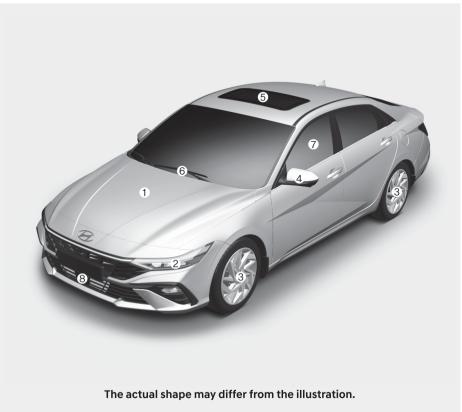
When the high voltage battery or 12 volt battery is discharged, or when the fuel tank is empty, the hybrid system may not operate while driving. When the Hybrid system does not operate, do the followings:

- Gradually reduce the vehicle speed. Pull over your vehicle off the road in a safe area.
- 2. Make sure the shift button is in P (Park).
- 3. Turn ON the hazard warning flashers.
- 4. Turn OFF the vehicle, and try to start the hybrid system again, while depressing the brake pedal and turning on the ignition switch.
- 5. When the hybrid system still does not operate, refer to "If the 12 Volt Battery Is Discharged" section in chapter 8. Before jump-starting the vehicle, check the fuel level and the exact procedure to jump start. For further details, refer to "If the 12 Volt Battery Is Discharged" section in chapter 8. When the fuel level is low, do not attempt to drive the vehicle only with the battery power. The high voltage battery may be discharged, and the hybrid system will turn OFF.

2. Vehicle information

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EXTERIOR OVERVIEW (FRONT VIEW)



| 1013004L | |
|----------|--|
| | |

| 1. | Hood | 5. | Sunroof | . :</th |
|----|-------------------------|----|-------------------------------|---------|
| 2. | Headlight , | 6. | Front windshield wiper blades | . </td |
| 3. | Tires and wheels | 7. | Windows | . :</td |
| 4. | Outside rearview mirror | 8. | Front radar | . |

EXTERIOR OVERVIEW (REAR VIEW)



| 9. Door | 13. High mounted stop lamp |
|---------------------------|----------------------------|
| 10. Fuel filler door | 14. Antenna |
| 11. Rear combination lamp | 15. Wide-rear view camera |
| 12 Trunk | |

INTERIOR OVERVIEW (LEFT-HAND DRIVE)

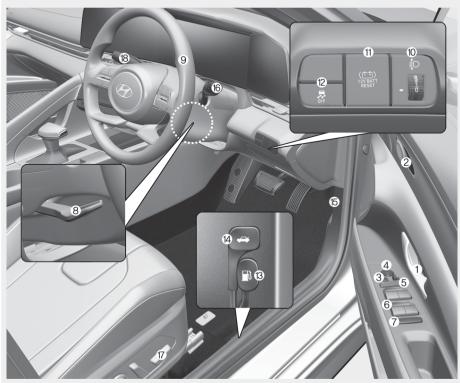


The actual shape may differ from the illustration.

OCN7H013003

| 1. | Inside door handle | 9. Steering wheel |
|----|--------------------------------------|------------------------------------|
| 2. | Seat position memory system | 10. Headlight leveling device |
| 3. | Outside rearview mirror | 11. 12 V battery reset button |
| | folding switch | 12. ESC OFF button |
| 4. | Outside rearview mirror | 13. Fuel filler door opener button |
| | control switch | 14. Trunk release button |
| 5. | Central door lock switch | 15. Hood release lever |
| 6. | Power window switches | 16. Light control/Turn signals |
| 7. | Power window lock button | 17. Seat adjusting switch |
| 8. | Steering wheel tilt/telescopic lever | 18. Wiper/washer switch |

INTERIOR OVERVIEW (RIGHT-HAND DRIVE)



The actual shape may differ from the illustration.

OCN7H013003R

| ١. | inside door nandie |
|----|---|
| 2. | Seat position memory system ?</td |
| 3. | Outside rearview mirror folding switch </td |
| 4. | Outside rearview mirror control switch </td |
| 5. | Central door lock switch ?</td |
| 6. | Power window switches ?</td |
| 7. | Power window lock button ?</td |
| 8. | Steering wheel tilt/telescopic lever ?</td |
| | |

| 9. | Steering wheel< | ?> |
|-----|---------------------------------|----|
| 10. | Headlight leveling device< | ?> |
| 11. | 12 V battery reset button< | ?> |
| 12. | ESC OFF button | ?> |
| 13. | Fuel filler door opener button< | ?> |
| 14. | Trunk release button< | ?> |
| 15. | Hood release lever< | ?> |
| 16. | Light control/Turn signals< | ?> |
| 17. | Seat adjusting switch , < | ?> |
| 1Ω | Winer/washer switch | 2 |

CENTER CONSOLE OVERVIEW (LEFT-HAND DRIVE)



| 1. | Instrument cluster |
|----|--|
| 2. | Driver's front air bag |
| 3. | Engine Start/Stop button/Key ignition switch |
| 4. | Infotainment system |
| 5. | Hazard warning flasher switch |
| 6. | Climate control system |
| 7. | Passenger's front air bag |

| 8. | Glove box | </th |
|-----|---------------------------------|------|
| 9. | Dual clutch transmission | </td |
| 10. | Drive mode button | </td |
| 11. | Parking/View button | </td |
| 12. | Parking Safety button | </td |
| 13. | Electronic parking brake switch | </td |
| 1/1 | ALITO HOLD button | 12. |

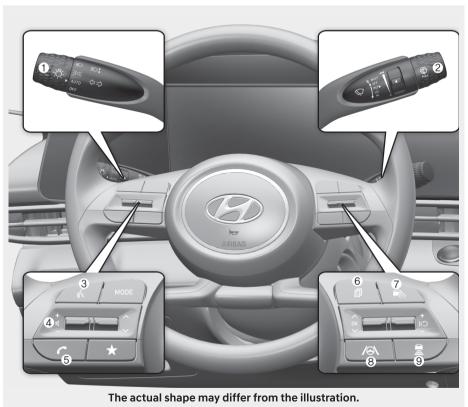
CENTER CONSOLE OVERVIEW (RIGHT-HAND DRIVE)



| 1. | Instrument cluster :</th |
|----|--|
| 2. | Driver's front air bag </td |
| 3. | Engine Start/Stop button/Key ignition switch :</td |
| 4. | Infotainment system </td |
| 5. | Hazard warning flasher switch </td |
| 6. | Climate control system </td |
| 7. | Passenger's front air bag :</td |

| 8. | Glove box ?</th |
|-----|--------------------------------------|
| 9. | Dual clutch transmission </td |
| 10. | Drive mode button </td |
| 11. | Parking/View button ?</td |
| 12. | Parking Safety button :</td |
| 13. | Electronic parking brake switch </td |
| 14. | AUTO HOLD button :</td |

STEERING WHEEL CONTROL OVERVIEW (LEFT-HAND DRIVE)

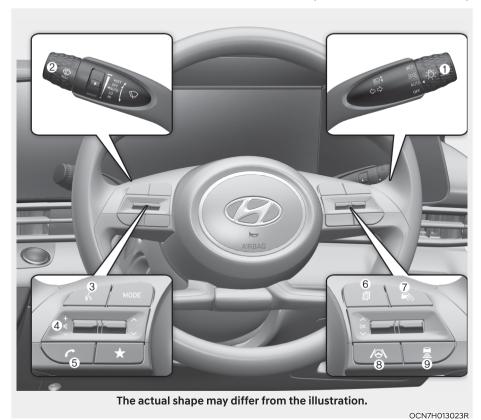


OCN7H013023

| 1. | Lighting control lever |
|----|--|
| 2. | Wiper and washer control lever </td |
| 3. | Voice recognition button </td |
| 4. | Steering wheel audio controls </td |
| 5. | Bluetooth wireless technology hands-free |
| | button |

| 6. | Cluster display control | |
|----|----------------------------|--|
| 7. | Driving Assist button | |
| 8. | Lane Driving Assist button | |
| 9. | Vehicle Distance button | |

STEERING WHEEL CONTROL OVERVIEW (RIGHT-HAND DRIVE)



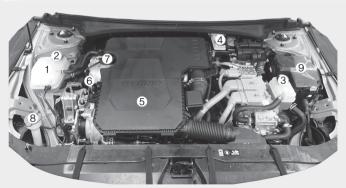
| 1. | Lighting control lever |
|----|--------------------------------|
| 2. | Wiper and washer control lever |
| 3. | Voice recognition button |
| 4. | Steering wheel audio controls |

| 5. | Bluetooth wireless technology hands-free |
|----|--|
| | button |

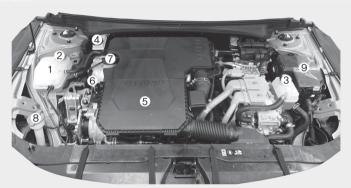
| 6. | Cluster display control |
|----|----------------------------|
| 7. | Driving Assist button |
| 8. | Lane Driving Assist button |
| 9. | Vehicle Distance button |

ENGINE COMPARTMENT OVERVIEW

Left-hand drive



■ Right-hand drive



The actual engine compartment in the vehicle may differ from the illustration.

OCN7H093001/OCN7H093001R

| 1. | Engine coolant reservoir | 5. | Air cleaner | </th |
|----|------------------------------|----|-----------------------------------|------|
| 2. | Engine coolant reservoir cap | 6. | Engine oil dipstick | </td |
| 3. | Inverter coolant reservoir | 7. | Engine oil filler cap | </td |
| 4. | Brake fluid reservoir | 8. | Windshield washer fluid reservoir | </td |
| | | 9. | Fuse box | </td |

DIMENSIONS

| Items | | mm (in.) |
|----------------|------------|---------------|
| Overall length | | 4,710 (185.4) |
| Overall width | | 1,825 (72) |
| Overall height | | 1,420 (56.0) |
| Front tread | 205/55 R16 | 1,585 (62.4) |
| Front treat | 225/45 R17 | 1,579 (62.2) |
| | 205/55 R16 | 1,599 (63.0) |
| Rear tread | 225/45 R17 | 1,593 (62.7) |
| Wheelbase | | 2,720 (107) |

ENGINE SPECIFICATION

| Item | | Gasoline 1.6 GDI HEV |
|------------------|------------|---------------------------|
| Displacement | cc (cu.in) | 1,580 (96.42) |
| Bore x Stroke | mm (in.) | 72.0 X 97.0 (2.83 X 3.82) |
| Firing order | | 1-3-4-2 |
| No. of cylinders | | 4, in-line |

BULB WATTAGE

| | Ligh | Bulb type | Wattage | | |
|----------|-------------------------|--------------------------------|--|---------|--------|
| | | Headlight (H | igh/Low) | LED | LED |
| | Туре А | | Daytime running light (DRL)/ Position light | | LED |
| | | Turn signal lig | ght | PY21W | 21W |
| Front | | Headlight (H | igh/Low) | LED | LED |
| | Туре В | Daytime runr (DRL)/Position | ning light on light | LED | LED |
| | | Turn signal lig | ght | LED | LED |
| | Side repeater li | ght (Outside m | irror) | LED | LED |
| | Type A | Stop light/Ta | il light | P21W/5W | 21W/5W |
| | Туре А | Tail light (Inner) | | W5W | 5W |
| | Туре В | Stop light/Ta | il light | LED | LED |
| Rear | Turn signal light | | | PY21W | 21W |
| Real | License plate light | | | W5W | 5W |
| | Back up light | | | W16W | 16W |
| | High mounted stop light | | Туре А | P21W | 21W |
| | High mounted | stop light | Туре В | LED | LED |
| | Manlama | | Туре А | W10W | 10W |
| | Map lamp | | Туре В | LED | LED |
| | Room lamp | | Туре А | FESTOON | 8W |
| Interior | Roomiamp | | Туре В | LED | LED |
| intenoi | Vanity mirror la | mn | Туре А | FESTOON | 5W |
| | variity illiiiOf la | IIIP | Туре В | LED | LED |
| | Trunk room lam | р | | FESTOON | 5W |
| | Mood lamp | | | LED | LED |

TIRES AND WHEELS

| Items | Tire | Wheel | | Wheel nut torque | | | |
|--|----------------|---------|------------------|---------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|
| 10000 | size | size | Normal load *1 | | Maximum load | | kgf·m (lbf·ft, |
| | | | Front | Rear | Front | Rear | N-m) |
| Full size tire | 205/55 R16 | 6.5Jx16 | 230 (2.3, 33) | 230 (2.3, 33) | 230 (2.3, 33) | 230 (2.3, 33) | 11-13 (79-94, |
| Compact spare tire (if equipped) | T125/80 D15 | 4Tx15 | 420 (4.2, 60) | 420 (4.2, 60) | 420 (4.2, 60) | 420 (4.2, 60) | 107-127) |

^{*1:} Normal load: Up to 3 persons

NOTIC<u>E</u>

- It is permissible to add 20 kPa (3 psi) to the standard tire pressure specification if
 colder temperatures are expected soon. Tires typically lose 7 kPa (1 psi) for every
 7°C (12°F) temperature drop. If extreme temperature variations are expected,
 recheck your tire pressure as necessary to keep them properly inflated.
- An air pressure generally decreases, as you drive up to a high-altitude area above sea level. Thus, if you plan to drive a high-altitude area, check the tire pressures in advance. If necessary, inflate them to a proper level (Air inflation per altitude: +10 kPa/1 km (+2.4 psi/1 mi.).
- Do not exceed the maximum inflation pressure, as found on the sidewall of the tire(s).



When replacing tires, use the same size originally supplied with the vehicle. Using tires of a different size can damage the related parts or not work properly.

AIR CONDITIONING SYSTEM

| Items | Weight of volume | Classification | | |
|----------------------|-----------------------------|----------------|--|--|
| Refrigerant | 500 ± 25 g (17.6 ± 0.9 oz.) | R-1234yf | | |
| | 550 ± 25 g (19.4 ± 0.9 oz.) | R-134a | | |
| Compressor lubricant | 130 ± 10 g (3.4 ± 0.3 oz.) | POE | | |

We recommend you to contact an authorized HYUNDAI dealer for more details.

LOAD AND SPEED CAPACITY TIRES

| | | Wheel size | Load C | apacity | Speed Capacity | |
|-------------------------------------|-------------|------------|--------|----------------|----------------|---------------|
| Items | Tire size | | LI*1 | Kg (lb.) | SS*2 | km/h (mph) |
| Full size tire | 205/55 R16 | 6.5Jx16 | 91 | 615 (1,356) | Н | 210 (130) |
| Compact spare tire (if equipped) | T125/80 D15 | 4Tx15 | 95 | 690 | М | 130 (80) |

^{*1} LI : LOAD INDEX
*2 SS : SPEED SYMBOL

VEHICLE WEIGHT AND LUGGAGE VOLUME

| Items | | Gasoline 1.6 GDI HEV | | | | |
|----------------------|------------|-----------------------|---------------|--|--|--|
| | | For Middle-East, Asia | 1,810 (3,990) | | | |
| Gross vehicle weight | kg (lbs.) | For Europe, Singapore | 1,820 (4,012) | | | |
| | kg (ibb.) | For Mexico, Israel | 1,850 (4,079) | | | |
| Luggage volume (VDA) | | 474 (16.7) | | | | |
| | ℓ (cu ft.) | 474 (10.7) | | | | |

RECOMMENDED LUBRICANTS AND CAPACITIES

To help achieve proper engine and powertrain performance and durability, use only lubricants of the proper quality. The correct lubricants also help promote engine efficiency that results in improved fuel economy.

We recommend that the system be checked by an authorized HYUNDAI dealer.

| Lubricant | Volume | Classification | | | | | |
|---|-------------------------------|---|--|--|--|--|--|
| Engine oil *1 (drain and refill) Recommends Shell HELL | 3.8 ℓ (4.02 US qt.) | SAE 5W30, ACEA A5/B5 | | | | | |
| Motor oils | | | | | | | |
| Dual clutch transmission fluid | 1.6-1.7 ℓ (1.7-1.8 US qt.) | SAE 70W, API GL-4, HK D DCTF TGO-10 PLUS (SK),SPIRAX S6 GHDE 70W DCTF PLUS (SHELL),HYUNDAI Genuine DCTF 70W SYNTHETIC PLUS | | | | | |
| Engine coolant | 5.9 { (6.23 US qt.) | Mixture of antifreeze and water(Phosphate- | | | | | |
| Inverter coolant | 2.8 ℓ (2.96 US qt.) | based Ethylene glycol coolant for aluminum radiator) | | | | | |
| Brake fluid | As required | DOT-4 *2 | | | | | |
| Engine clutch actuator fluid | As required | SAE J1704 DOT-4LV/FMVSS 116 DOT-4/ISO4926 CLASS-6 | | | | | |
| Fuel | 42 l (44.38 US qt.) | Refer to the "Fuel requirements" section in chapter 1. | | | | | |

^{*1:} Refer to the recommended SAE viscosity numbers on the next page.

^{*2:} To maintain the best braking performance and ABS/ESC performance, we recommend that you use genuine brake fluid that conform to specifications. (Standard: SAE J1704 DOT-4 LV, ISO4925 CLASS-6 and FMVSS 116 DOT-4)

Recommended SAE viscosity number

NOTICE

- Always be sure to clean the area around any filler plug, drain plug, or dipstick before
 checking or draining any lubricant. This is especially important in dusty or sandy areas and
 when the vehicle is used on unpaved roads. Cleaning the plug and dipstick areas will prevent
 dirt and grit from entering the engine and other mechanisms that could be damaged.
- Never add any additives to the engine oil. Engine oil additives can change the properties of engine oil and may cause serious engine failure.

Engine oil viscosity (thickness) has an effect on fuel economy and cold weather operating (engine start and engine oil flowability). Lower viscosity engine oils can provide better fuel economy and cold weather performance, however, higher viscosity engine oils are required for satisfactory lubrication in hot weather. Using oils of any viscosity other than those recommended could result in engine damage.

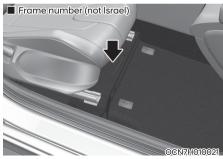
When choosing an oil, consider the range of temperature your vehicle will be operated in before the next oil change.

Proceed to select the recommended oil viscosity from the chart.

| Temperature Range for SAE Viscosity Numbers | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|----------|-----|-----|---|-----|---|------|----|----|----|-----|-----|
| Temperature | °C | -30 | -20 |) | -10 | 0 | | 10 | 20 | 30 | 40 | 50 |
| | (°F) | | -10 | 0 | 20 | | 40 | | 60 | 80 | 100 | 120 |
| Engine Oil *1 | Gasoline | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | 1.6 GDi | | | | | | 5W-3 | 30 | | | | |
| | HEV | | | | | | | | | | | |

*1: Requires <API Latest(ILSAC Latest) or ACEA C5, Full synthetic> grade engine oil. If a lower grade engine oil(mineral oil including Semi-synthetic) is used, then the engine oil and oil filter must be replaced as indicated severe maintenance condition.

VEHICLE IDENTIFICATION NUMBER (VIN)



The vehicle identification number (VIN) is the number used in registering your vehicle and in all legal matters pertaining to its ownership, etc.

The number is punched on the floor under the front right side seat. To check the number, open the cover.



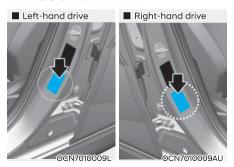
The VIN is also on a plate attached to the top of the dashboard. The number on the plate can easily be seen through the windshield from outside.

VEHICLE CERTIFICATION LABEL



The vehicle certification label attached on the driver's (or front passenger's) side center pillar gives the vehicle identification number (VIN).

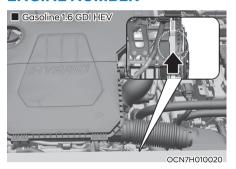
TIRE SPECIFICATION AND PRESSURE LABEL



The tires supplied on your new vehicle are chosen to provide the best performance for normal driving.

The tire label located on the driver's side center pillar gives the tire pressures recommended for your vehicle.

ENGINE NUMBER



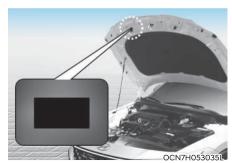
The engine number is stamped on the engine block as shown in the drawing.

AIR CONDITIONER COMPRESSOR LABEL



A compressor label informs you the type of compressor your vehicle is equipped with such as model, supplier part number, production number, refrigerant (1) and refrigerant oil (2).

REFRIGERANT LABEL



The regrigerant label provides information such as refrigerant type and amount.

FUEL LABEL (IF EQUIPPED)

The fuel label is attached on the fuel filler door.



OTM013030L

- A. Octane rating of unleaded Gasoline (Petrol)
 - 1. RON/ROZ: Research Octane Number
 - 2. (R+M)/2, AKI: Anti Knock Index
- B. Identifiers for Petrol-type fuels
 - * This symbol means usable fuel. Do not use any other fuel.
- C. For further details, refer to "Fuel Requirement" in the Chapter1.

DECLARATION OF CONFORMITY (IF EQUIPPED)

■ Example

C€ C€ 0678

The radio frequency components of the vehicle comply with requirements and other relevant provisions of Directive 1995/5/FC.

Further information including the manufacturer's declaration of conformity is available on Hyundai web site as follows:

http://service.hyundai-motor.com

OPEN SOURCE SOFTWARE NOTICE

This vehicle contains software with open source licenses. Open source software information including the source code, copyright notices and referred license terms may be obtained on the website https://www.hyundai.com/worldwide/opensource

HYUNDAI Motor Company will provide the open source code to you in storage medium such as CD-ROM for minimum charge covering the cost of performing source distribution upon email request to opensource@hyundai.com within a period of 3 years from the date of product purchase.

3. Safety system

This chapter provides you with information about how to protect yourself and your passengers. it explains how to properly use your seats and seat belts, and how your air bags work.

Additionally, this chapter explains how to properly restrain infants and children in your vehicle.

| Important safety precautions | 3-2 |
|--|------|
| Always wear your seat belt | 3-2 |
| Restrain all children | |
| Air bag hazards | |
| Driver distraction | |
| Control your speed | |
| Keep your vehicle in safe condition | 3-2 |
| Seats | 3-3 |
| Safety precautions | |
| Front seats | |
| Rear seats | |
| Headrest | |
| Seat warmers and air ventilation seats | |
| Seat belts | 3-22 |
| Seat belt safety precautions | |
| Seat belt warning light | |
| Seat belt restraint system | |
| Pre-tensioner seat belt | |
| Additional seat belt safety precautions | 3-30 |
| Care of seat belts | |
| Child Restraint System (CRS) | 3-33 |
| Our recommendation: Children always in the rear | |
| Selecting a Child Restraint System (CRS) | |
| Installing a Child Restraint System (CRS) | |
| Air bag supplemental restraint system | 3-46 |
| Where are the air bags? | |
| How does the air bags system operate? | |
| What to expect after an air bag inflates | |
| Occupant Classification System (OCS) | |
| Do not install a child restraint on the front passenger seat | |
| Why didn't my air bag go off in a collision? | |
| SRS care | |
| Additional safety precautions | 3-73 |
| Air bag warning labels | |

IMPORTANT SAFETY PRECAUTIONS

You will find many safety precautions and recommendations throughout this section, and throughout this manual. The safety precautions in this section are among the most important.

Always wear your seat belt

A seat belt is your best protection in all types of accidents. Air bags are designed to supplement seat belts, not replace them. So even though your vehicle is equipped with air bags, ALWAYS make sure you and your passengers wear your seat belts, and wear them properly.

Restrain all children

All children under age 13 should ride in your vehicle properly restrained in a rear seat, not the front seat. Infants and small children should be restrained in an appropriate child restraint. Larger children should use a booster seat with the lap/shoulder belt until they can use the seat belt properly without a booster seat.

Air bag hazards

While air bags can save lives, they can also cause serious or fatal injuries to occupants who sit too close to them, or who are not properly restrained. Infants, young children, and short adults are at the greatest risk of being injured by an inflating air bag. Follow all instructions and warnings in this manual.

Driver distraction

Driver distraction presents a serious and potentially deadly danger, especially for inexperienced drivers. Safety should be the first concern when behind the wheel and drivers need to be aware of the wide array of potential distractions, such as drowsiness, reaching for objects, eating, personal grooming, other passengers, and using cellular phones.

Drivers can become distracted when they take their eyes and attention off the road or their hands off the wheel to focus on activities other than driving. To reduce your risk of distraction and an accident:

- ALWAYS set up your mobile devices (for example, MP3 players, phones, navigation units, etc.) when your vehicle is parked or safely stopped.
- ONLY use your mobile device when allowed by laws and conditions permit safe use.
 - NEVER text or email while driving. Most countries have laws prohibiting drivers from texting. Some countries and cities also prohibit drivers from using handheld phones.
- NEVER let the use of a mobile device distract you from driving. You have a responsibility to your passengers and others on the road to always drive safely, with your hands on the wheel as well as your eyes and attention on the road.

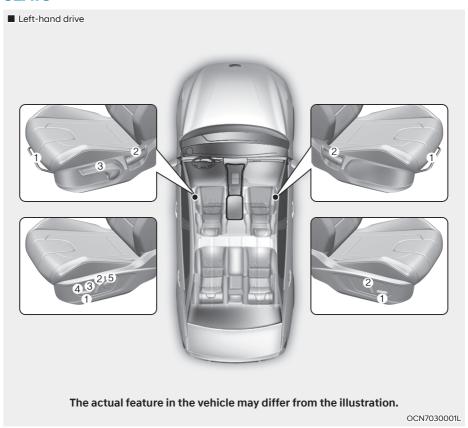
Control your speed

Excessive speed is a major factor in crash injuries and deaths. Generally, the higher the speed, the greater the risk, but serious injuries can also occur at lower speeds. Never drive faster than is safe for current conditions, regardless of the maximum speed posted.

Keep your vehicle in safe condition

Having a tire blowout or a mechanical failure can be extremely hazardous. To reduce the possibility of such problems, check your tire pressures and condition frequently, and perform all regularly scheduled maintenance.

SEATS

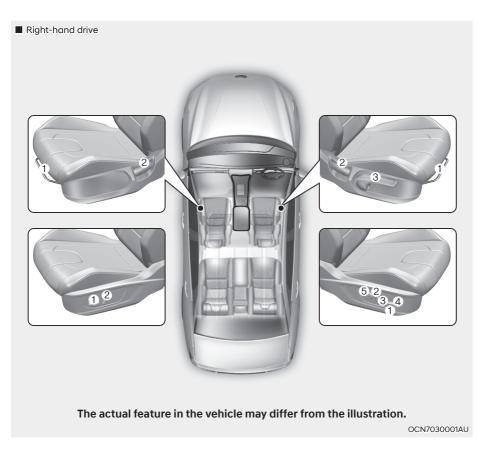


Driver's seat

- (1) Forward and rearward
- (2) Seatback angle
- (3) Seat height
- (4) Seat cushion angle
- (5) Lumbar support

Front passenger's seat

- (1) Forward and rearward
- (2) Seatback angle



Driver's seat

- (1) Forward and rearward
- (2) Seatback angle
- (3) Seat height
- (4) Seat cushion angle
- (5) Lumbar support

Front passenger's seat

- (1) Forward and rearward
- (2) Seatback angle

Safety precautions

Adjusting the seats so that you are sitting in a safe, comfortable position plays an important role in driver and passenger safety together with the seat belts and air bags in an accident.



WARNING

Do not use a cushion that reduces friction between the seat and the passenger. The passenger's hips may slide under the lap portion of the seat belt during an accident or a sudden stop. Serious or fatal internal injuries could result because the seat belt cannot operate properly.

Air bags

You can take steps to reduce the risk of being injured by an inflating air bag. Sitting too close to an air bag greatly increases the risk of injury in the event the air bag inflates. Move your seat as far back as possible from front air bags, while still maintaining control of the vehicle.



WARNING

To reduce the risk of serious injury or death from an inflating air bag, take the following precautions:

- Adjust the driver's seat as far to the rear as possible while maintaining the ability to maintain full control of the vehicle.
- Adjust the front passenger seat as far to the rear as possible.
- Hold the steering wheel by the rim with your hands at the 9 o'lock and 3 o'lock positions to minimize the risk of injuries to your hands and arms.
- NEVER place anything or anyone between the air bag.
- Do not allow the front passenger to place feet or legs on the dashboard to minimize the risk of leg injuries.

Seat belts

Always fasten your seat belt before starting any trip.

At all times, passengers should sit upright and be properly restrained. Infants and small children must be restrained in appropriate child restraint systems. Children who have outgrown a booster seat and adults must be restrained using the seat belts.



WARNING

Take the following precautions when adjusting your seat belt:

- NEVER use one seat belt for more than one occupant.
- Always position the seatback upright with the lap portion of the seat belt snug and low across the hips.
- NEVER allow children or small infants to ride in a passenger's lap.
- Do not route the seat belt across your neck, across sharp edges, or reroute the shoulder strap away from your body.
- Do not allow the seat belt to become caught or jammed.

Front seats

The front seat can be adjusted by using the control lever or switches located on the outside of the seat cushion. Before driving, adjust the seat to the proper position so that you can easily control the steering wheel, foot pedals and controls on the instrument panel.



WARNING

Take the following precautions when adjusting your seat:

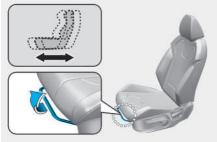
- NEVER attempt to adjust the seat while the vehicle is moving. The seat could respond with unexpected movement and may cause loss of vehicle control resulting in an accident.
- Do not place anything under the front seats. Loose objects in the driver's foot area could interfere with the operation of the foot pedals, causing an accident.
- Do not allow anything to interfere with the normal position and proper locking of the seatback.
- Do not place a cigarette lighter on the floor or seat. When you operate the seat, gas may exit out of the lighter causing a fire.
- Use extreme caution when picking small objects trapped under the seats or between the seat and the center console. Your hands might be cut or injured by the sharp edges of the seat mechanism.
- If there are occupants in the rear seats, be careful while adjusting the front seat position.
- Make sure that the seat is locked in place after the adjustment. If not, the seat might move unexpectedly resulting in an accident.

! CAUTION

To prevent injury:

- Do not adjust your seat while wearing your seat belt. Moving the seat cushion forward may cause strong pressure on your abdomen.
- · Do not allow your hands or fingers to get caught in the seat mechanisms while the seat is moving.

Manual adjustment (if equipped)

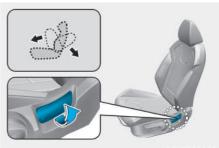


OCN7030002

Forward and rearward adjustment

To move the seat forward or rearward:

- 1. Pull up the seat slide adjustment lever and hold it.
- 2. Slide the seat to the position you desire
- 3. Release the lever and make sure the seat is locked in place. Move forward and rearward without using the lever. If the seat moves, it is not locked properly.



OCN7030003

Seatback angle

To recline the seatback:

- 1. Lean forward slightly and lift up the seatback lever.
- 2. Carefully lean back on the seat and adjust the seatback to the position vou desire.
- 3. Release the lever and make sure the seatback is locked in place. (The lever MUST return to its original position for the seatback to lock.)

Reclining seatback

Sitting in a reclined position when the vehicle is in motion can be dangerous. Even when buckled up, the protections of your restraint system (seat belts and/or air bags) is greatly reduced by reclining your seatback.



WARNING

NEVER ride with a reclined seatback when the vehicle is moving.

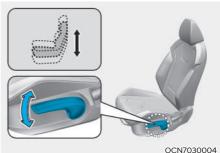
Riding with a reclined seatback increases your chance of serious or fatal injuries in the event of a collision or sudden stop.

Drivers and passengers should ALWAYS sit well back in their seats, properly belted, and with the seatbacks upright.

Seat belts must be snug against your hips and chest to work properly. When the seatback is reclined, the shoulder belt cannot do its job because it will not be snug against your chest. Instead, it will be in front of you.

During an accident, you could be thrown into the seat belt, causing neck or other injuries.

The more the seatback is reclined, the greater chance the passenger's hips will slide under the lap belt or the passenger's neck will strike the shoulder helt.



OCN/030004

Seat height (for driver's seat, if equipped)

- Push down the lever several times, to lower the seat cushion.
- Pull up the lever several times, to raise the seat cushion.

Power adjustment (if equipped)



WARNING

NEVER allow children in the vehicle unattended. Children might push the adjustment switch accidently and get caught in the seat mechanisms while the seat is moving.



CAUTION

To prevent damage to the seats:

- Always stop adjusting the seats when the seat has been adjusted as far forward or rearward as possible.
- Do not adjust the seats longer than necessary when the engine is turned off. This may result in unnecessary battery drain.
- Do not operate two or more seats at the same time. This may result in an electrical malfunction.



Forward and rearward adjustment

To move the seat forward or rearward:

- 1. Push the control switch forward or rearward.
- 2. Release the switch once the seat reaches the desired position.



Seatback angle

To recline the seatback:

- 1. Push the control switch forward or rearward.
- 2. Release the switch once the seatback reaches the desired position.

Reclining seatback

Sitting in a reclined position when the vehicle is in motion can be dangerous. Even when buckled up, the protections of your restraint system (seat belts and air bags) is greatly reduced by reclining your seatback.



WARNING

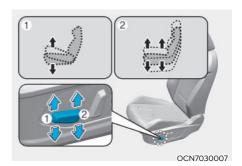
NEVER ride with a reclined seatback when the vehicle is moving.

Riding with a reclined seatback increases your chance of serious or fatal injuries in the event of a collision or sudden stop.

Driver and passengers should always sit well back in their seats with the seatbacks upright and should be belted properly.

Seat belts must be snug against your hips and chest to work properly. When the seatback is reclined, the shoulder belt cannot do its job because it will not be snug against your chest. Instead, it will be in front of you. During an accident, you could be thrown into the seat belt, causing neck or other injuries.

The more the seatback is reclined, the greater chance the passenger's hips will slide under the lap belt or the passenger's neck will strike the shoulder belt.



Seat cushion tilt (1, if equipped)

To change the angle of the front part of the cushion:

Push the front portion of the control switch up to raise or down to lower the front part of the seat cushion.

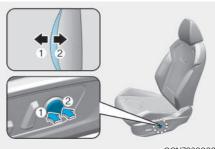
Release the switch once the seat reaches the desired position.

Seat height (2, if equipped)

To change the height of the seat cushion:

Push the rear portion of the control switch up to raise or down to lower the height of the seat cushion.

Release the switch once the seat reaches the desired position.



OCN7030008

Lumbar support (if equipped)

- The lumbar support can be adjusted by pressing the lumbar support switch.
- Press the front portion of the switch (1) to increase support or the rear portion of the switch (2) to decrease support.

Seatback pocket (if equipped)



The seatback pocket is provided on the back of the front seatback.



CAUTION

Do not put heavy or sharp objects in the seatback pockets. In an accident they could come loose from the pocket and iniure occupants.

Rear seats

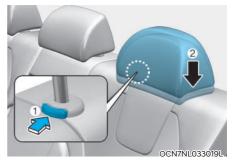
Folding the rear seat (if equipped)

The rear seatbacks can be folded to facilitate carrying long items or to increase the luggage capacity of the vehicle.



WARNING

- Never allow passengers to sit on top of the folded down seatback while the vehicle is moving. This is not a proper seating position and no seat belts are available for use. This could result in serious injury or death in case of an accident or sudden stop.
- · Objects carried on the folded down seatback should not extend higher than the top of the front seatbacks. This could allow cargo to slide forward and cause injury or damage during sudden stops.



To fold down the rear seatback:

- 1. Set the front seatback to the upright position and if necessary, slide the front seat forward.
- 2. Lower the rear headrests to the lowest position.



3. Pull on the seatback folding lever (1) located in the trunk.



- 4. Fold the seatback toward the front of the vehicle.
- To use the rear seat, lift and pull the seatback rearward. Pull the seatback firmly until it clicks into place. Make sure the seatback is locked in place.

<u>A</u>۱

WARNING

When returning the rear seatback from a folded to an upright position, hold the seatback and return it slowly. Ensure that the seatback is completely locked into its upright position by pushing on the top of the seatback. In an accident or sudden stop, the unlocked seatback could allow cargo to move forward with great force and enter the passenger compartment, which could result in serious injury or death.



WARNING

Do not place objects in the rear seats, since they cannot be properly secured and may hit vehicle occupants in a collision causing serious injury or death.



WARNING

Make sure the engine is off, the shift lever is in P (Park), and the parking brake is securely applied whenever loading or unloading cargo. Failure to take these steps may allow the vehicle to move if the shift lever is inadvertently moved to another position.

Armrest (if equipped)



The armrest is located in the center of the rear seat. Pull the armrest down from the seatback to use it.



CAUTION

- Be careful when loading cargo through the rear passenger seats to prevent damage to the vehicle interior.
- When cargo is loaded through the rear passenger seats, ensure the cargo is properly secured to prevent it from moving while driving.



! WARNING

Cargo should always be secured to prevent it from being thrown about the vehicle in a collision and causing injury to the vehicle occupants. Do not place objects in the rear seats, since they cannot be properly secured and may hit the front seat occupants in a collision.



WARNING

Cargo loading

Make sure the engine is off, the shift lever is in P (Park), and the parking brake is securely applied whenever loading or unloading cargo. Failure to take these steps may allow the vehicle to move if the shift lever is inadvertently shifted to another position.

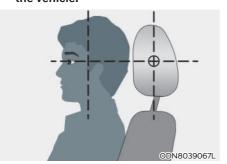
Headrest

The vehicle's front and rear seats have adjustable headrests. The headrests provide comfort for passengers, but more importantly they are designed to help protect passengers from whiplash and other neck and spinal injuries during an accident, especially in a rear impact collision.

MARNING

To help reduce the risk of serious injury or death in an accident, take the following precautions when adjusting your headrests:

 Always properly adjust the headrests for all passengers BEFORE starting the vehicle.



- Adjust the headrests so the middle of the headrests is at the same height as the height of the top of the eyes.
- NEVER adjust the headrest position of the driver's seat when the vehicle is in motion.
- Adjust the headrest as close to the passenger's head as possible. Do not use a seat cushion that holds the body away from the seatback.
- Make sure the headrest locks into position after adjusting it.

NOTICE

To prevent damage, NEVER hit or pull on the headrests.



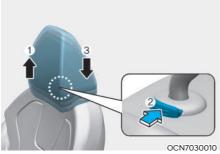
CAUTION

When there is no occupant in the rear seats, adjust the height of the headrest to the lowest position. The rear seat headrest can reduce the visibility of the rear area.

Front seat headrests



The driver's and front passenger's seats are equipped with adjustable headrests for the passengers safety and comfort.



Adjusting the height up and down

1. Pull it up to the desired position (1).

To lower the headrest:

- 1. Push and hold the release button (2) on the headrest support.
- 2. Lower the headrest to the desired position (3).



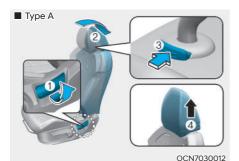
Forward and rearward adjustment (if equipped)

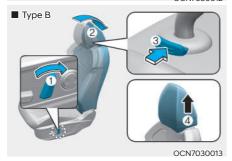
The headrest can be adjusted forward to 3 different positions by pulling the headrest forward to the desired detent. To adjust the headrest to it's furthest rearwards position, pull it fully forward to the farthest position and release it.

NOTICE



If you recline the seatback towards the front with the head restraint and seat cushion raised, the head restraint may come in contact with the sunvisor or other parts of the vehicle.





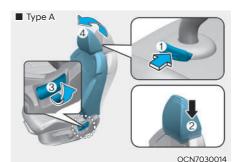
Removal/Reinstall

To remove the headrest:

- 1. Recline the seatback (2) using the seatback angle lever or switch (1).
- 2. Raise headrest as far as it can go.
- 3. Press the headrest release button (3) while pulling the headrest up (4).



NEVER allow anyone to travel in a seat with the headrest removed or reversed.



Type B

OCN7033015I

To reinstall the headrest

To remove the headrest:

- 1. Recline the seatback.
- 2. Put the headrest poles (2) into the holes while pressing the release button (1).
- 3. Adjust the headrest to the appropriate height.
- 4. Recline the seatback (4) using seatback angle lever or switch (3).



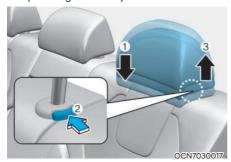
Always make sure the headrest locks into position after reinstalling and adjusting it properly.

Rear seat headrests



*: if equipped

The rear seats are equipped with headrests in all the seating positions for the passenger's safety and comfort.



Adjusting the height up and down To raise the headrest:

1. Pull it up to the desired position (1).

To raise the headrest:

- 1. Push and hold the release button (2) on the headrest support.
- 2. Lower the headrest to the desired position (3).

Seat warmers and air ventilation seats

Seat warmers (if equipped)

Seat warmers are provided to warm the seats during cold weather.



WARNING

The seat warmers can cause a SERIOUS BURN, even at low temperatures and especially if used for long periods of time.

Passengers must be able to feel if the seat is becoming too warm so they can turn it off, if needed.

People who cannot detect temperature change or pain to the skin should use extreme caution, especially the following types of passengers:

- Infants, children, elderly or disabled persons, or hospital outpatients.
- People with sensitive skin or who burn easily.
- · Fatigued individuals.
- · Intoxicated individuals.
- People taking medication that can cause drowsiness or sleepiness.

MARNING

NEVER place anything on the seat that insulates against heat when the seat warmer is in operation, such as a blanket or seat cushion. This may cause the seat warmer to overheat, causing a burn or damage to the seat.

NOTICE

To prevent damage to the seat warmers and seats:

- Never use a solvent such as paint thinner, benzene, alcohol or gasoline to clean the seats.
- Do not place heavy or sharp objects on seats equipped with seat warmers.
- Do not change the seat cover. It may damage the seat warmer or air ventilation system.











While the engine is running, push either of the switches to warm the driver's seat or front passenger's seat.

During mild weather or under conditions where the operation of the seat warmer is not needed, keep the switches in the OFF position.

- Manual temperature control
 Each time you push the switch, the temperature setting of the seat is changed as follows:
 - Front seat



- Rear seat



- Automatic temperature control
 The seat warmer starts to
 automatically control the seat
 temperature in order to prevent
 low-temperature burns after being
 manually turned ON.
 - Front seat

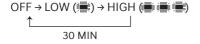
 OFF → LOW (■)

 ↑ ↓ 30 MIN

 HIGH (■■■) ← MEDIUM (■■■)

60 MIN

- Rear seat



You may manually press the switch to increase seat temperature. However, it soon returns the automatic mode again.

- When pressing the switch for more than 1.5 seconds with the seat warmer operating, the seat warmer will turn OFF.
- The seat warmer defaults to the OFF position whenever the ignition switch is in the ON position. However, if the Auto Comfort Control function is ON, the driver's seat warmer will turn on and off depending on the ambient temperature.
- Auto Comfort Control (for driver's seat, if equipped)

The seat warmer automatically controls the seat temperature depending on the ambient temperature when the engine is running. If the seat warmer switch is pushed, the seat warmer will have to be controlled manually. To use this function, it must be activated from the Settings menu in the infotainment system screen.

i Information

The infotainment system may change after software updates. For more information, refer to the manual provided in the infotainment system and the quick reference guide.

Front air ventilation seat (if equipped)



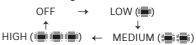


The air ventilation seats are provided to cool the front seats by blowing air through small vent holes on the surface of the seat cushions and seatbacks.

When the operation of the air ventilation seat is not needed, keep the switches in the OFF position.

While the engine is running, push the switch to cool the driver's seat or the front passenger's seat.

· Each time you push the switch, the airflow changes as follows:



- · When pressing the switch for more than 1.5 seconds with the air ventilation seat operating, the operation will turn OFF.
- The air ventilation seat defaults to the OFF position whenever the ignition switch is in the ON position. However, if the Auto Comfort Control function is ON, the driver's air ventilation seat will turn on and off depending on the ambient temperature.
- Auto Comfort Control (for driver's seat, if equipped)

The air ventilation seat automatically controls the seat temperature depending on the ambient temperature when the engine is running. If the air ventilation seat switch is pushed, the seat warmer will have to be controlled manually. To use this function, it must be activated from the Settings menu in the infotainment system screen. For more details, refer to the separately supplied Car Infotainment System manual.

Information

The infotainment system may change after software updates. For more information, refer to the manual provided in the infotainment system and the quick reference guide.

NOTICE

To prevent damage to the air ventilation seat:

- Use the air ventilation seat ONLY when the climate control system is on. Using the air ventilation seat for prolonged periods of time with the climate control system off could cause the air ventilation seat to malfunction.
- Never use a solvent such as paint thinner, benzene, alcohol or gasoline to clean the seats.
- Avoid spilling liquids on the surface of the front seats and seatbacks; this may cause the air vent holes to become blocked and not work properly.
- Do not place materials such as plastic bags or newspapers under the seats. They may block the air intake causing the air vents to not work properly.
- Do not change the seat covers. It may damage the air ventilation seat.
- If the air vents do not operate, restart the vehicle. If there is no change, we recommend that you have your vehicle inspected by an authorized HYUNDAI dealer.

SEAT BELTS

This section describes how to use the seat belts properly. It also describes some of the things not to do when using seat belts.

Seat belt safety precautions

Always fasten your seat belt and make sure all passengers have fastened their seat belts before starting any trip. Air bags (if equipped) are designed to supplement the seat belt as an additional safety device, but they are not a substitute. Most countries require all occupants of a vehicle to wear seat belts.



WARNING

Seat belts must be used by ALL passengers whenever the vehicle is moving. Take the following precautions when adjusting and wearing seat belts:

- ALWAYS properly restrain children under age 13 in the rear seats.
- NEVER allow children to ride in the front passenger seat. If a child age 13 or older must be seated in the front seat, move the seat as far back as possible. And the child must always be restrained in the seat properly.
- NEVER allow an infant or child to be carried on an occupant's lap.
- NEVER ride with the seatback reclined when the vehicle is moving.
- Do not allow children to share a seat or seat belt.
- Do not wear the shoulder belt under your arm or behind your back.
- Never wear a seat belt over fragile objects. If there is a sudden stop or impact, the seat belt can damage it.

- Do not use the seat belt if it is twisted. A twisted seat belt will not protect you properly in an accident.
- Do not use a seat belt if the webbing or hardware is damaged.
- Do not latch the seat belt into the buckles of other seats.
- NEVER unfasten the seat belt while driving. This may cause loss of vehicle control resulting in an accident.
- Make sure there is nothing in the buckle interfering with the seat belt latch mechanism, because any materials in the buckle can cause the seat belt not to be fastened securely.
- No modifications or additions should be made by the user which will either prevent the seat belt adjusting devices from operating to remove slack, or prevent the seat belt assembly from being adjusted to remove slack.



WARNING

Damaged seat belts and seat belt assemblies will not operate properly. Always replace:

- Frayed, contaminated, or damaged webbing.
- Damaged hardware.
- The entire seat belt assembly after it has been worn in an accident, even if damage to webbing or assembly is not apparent.

Seat belt warning light

Seat belt warning



Driver's and front passenger's seat belt warning

As a reminder to the driver and the front passenger, the seat belt warning light will illuminate and the warning chime will sound for approximately 6 seconds each time the ignition switch is in the ON or START position regardless of belt fastening. At this time, if the seat belt is not fastened a warning chime will sound for 6 seconds.

If the seat belt is not fastened when the ignition switch is in the ON or START position or if it is disconnected after the ignition switch is in the ON or START position, the seat belt warning light will illuminate until the belt is fastened.

If you start to drive without the seat belt fastened or you unfasten the seat belt when you drive under 20 km/h (12 mph), the corresponding warning light will continue to illuminate until you fasten the seat belt.

If you continue to drive without the seat belt fastened or you unfasten the seat belt when you drive over 20 km/h (12 mph), the seat belt warning chime will sound for approximately 100 seconds and the corresponding warning light will blink.

Driver's and front passenger's seat belt warning (for Israel)

As a reminder, the seat belt warning light will illuminate for approximately 6 seconds each time you turn the ignition switch or Engine Start/Stop button is in the ON position regardless of belt fastening. If the seat belt is not fastened, the warning chime will sound for about 6 seconds.

If you start to drive without the seat belt fastened over approximately 9 km/h (5 mph) and less than approximately 20 km/h (12 mph), the corresponding warning light will illuminate. The warning light will turn off when the vehicle speed drops below approximately 9 km/h (5 mph).

If you start to drive without the seat belt fastened or you unfasten the seat belt when you drive approximately 20 km/h (12 mph) and faster, the warning light will blink and warning chime will sound for approximately 100 seconds.

When the seat belt is unfastened during driving, the warning light will illuminate when the speed is over approximately 9 km/h (5 mph) and less than approximately 20 km/h (12 mph). When the speed is approximately 20 km/h (12 mph) and faster, the warning light will blink and warning chime will sound for approximately 100 seconds.



Rear passenger's seat belt warning (if equipped)

As a reminder to the rear passenger, the rear passenger's seat belt warning lights will illuminate for approximately 6 seconds each time the ignition switch is in the ON or START position regardless of belt fastening.

If the seat belt is not fastened when the ignition switch is in the ON or START position or if it is disconnected after the ignition switch is in the ON or START position, the seat belt warning light will illuminate for 70 seconds.

If you unfasten the seatbelt when you drive under 20 km/h (12 mph), the corresponding warning light will continue to illuminate for 70 seconds. If you continue to drive without the seat belt fastened or you unfasten the seat belt when you drive over 20 km/h (12 mph), the seat belt warning chime will sound for approximately 35 seconds and the corresponding warning light will blink.

Seat belt restraint system





Improperly positioned seat belts may increase the risk of serious injury in an accident. Take the following precautions when adjusting the seat belt:

- Position the lap portion of the seat belt as low as possible across your hips, not on your waist, so that it fits snugly. This allows your strong pelvic bones to absorb the force of the crash, reducing the chance of internal injuries.
- Position one arm under the shoulder belt and the other over the belt, as shown in the illustration.
- Always position the shoulder belt anchor into locked position at the appropriate height.
- Never position the shoulder belt across your neck or face.

Lap/shoulder belt



To fasten your seat belt:

Pull it out of the retractor and insert the metal tab (1) into the buckle (2). There will be an audible "click" when the tab locks into the buckle.



You should place the lap belt (1) portion across your hips and the shoulder belt (2) portion across your chest.

The seat belt automatically adjusts to the proper length after the lap belt portion is adjusted manually so that it fits snugly around your hips. If you lean forward in a slow, easy motion, the belt will extend and move with you.

If there is a sudden stop or impact, the belt will lock into position. It will also lock if you try to lean forward too quickly.

NOTICE

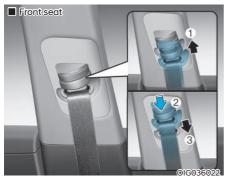
If you are not able to smoothly pull enough of the seat belt out from the retractor, firmly pull the seat belt out and release it.

After release, you will be able to pull the belt out smoothly.

Height adjustment

You can adjust the height of the shoulder belt anchor to one of the four different positions for maximum comfort and safety.

The shoulder portion should be adjusted so it lies across your chest and midway over your shoulder nearest the door, not over your neck.



To adjust the height of the seat belt anchor, lower or raise the height adjuster into an appropriate position.

To raise the height adjuster, pull it up (1). To lower it, push it down (3) while pressing the height adjuster button (2).

Release the button to lock the anchor into position.

Try sliding the height adjuster to make sure that it has locked into position.



To release your seat belt:

Press the release button (1) in the locking buckle.

When it is released, the belt should automatically draw back into the retractor. If this does not happen, check the belt to be sure it is not twisted, then try again.

Rear center seat belt



When using the rear center seat belt, the buckle with the "CENTER" mark must be used.



If you are not able to pull out the safety belt from the retractor, firmly pull the belt out and release it. After release, you will be able to pull the belt out smoothly.

Pre-tensioner seat belt



Your vehicle is equipped with driver's and front passenger's Pre-tensioner Seat Belts (Retractor Pre-tensioner). The purpose of the pretensioner is to make sure the seat belts fit tightly against the occupant's body in certain frontal collisions. The pre-tensioner seat belts may be activated in crashes where the frontal collision is severe enough, together with the air bags.

When the vehicle stops suddenly, or if the occupant tries to lean forward too quickly, the seat belt retractor will lock into position.

In certain frontal collisions, the pretensioner will activate and pull the seat belt into tighter contact against the occupant's body.

If the system senses excessive tension on the driver or passenger's seat belt when the pre-tensioner system activates, the load limiter inside the retractor pre-tensioner willrelease some of the pressure on the affected seat belt.

⚠ WARNING

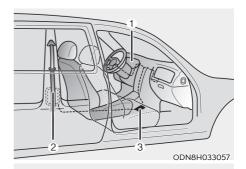
- Always wear your seat belt and sit properly in your seat.
- Do not use the seat belt if it is loose or twisted. A loose or twisted seat belt will not protect you properly in an accident.
- Do not place anything near the buckle. This may adversely affect the buckle and cause it to function improperly.
- Always replace your pre-tensioners after activation or an accident.
- We recommend that you have the pre-tensioners inspected, serviced, repaired or replaced by an authorized HYUNDAI dealer.
- · Do not hit the seat belt assemblies.

MARNING

Do not touch the pre-tensioner seat belt assemblies for several minutes after they have been activated. When the pre-tensioner seat belt mechanism deploys during a collision, the pretensioner can become hot and can burn you.

CAUTION

Body work on the front area of the vehicle may damage the pre-tensioner seat belt system. Therefore, we recommend that the system be serviced by an authorized HYUNDAI dealer.





The Pre-Tensioner Seat Belt System consists mainly of the following components. Their locations are shown in the illustration above:

- (1) SRS air bag warning light
- (2) Retractor pre-tensioner (front)
- (3) SRS control module
- (4) Rear retractor pre-tensioner (if equipped)

NOTICE

The sensor that activates the SRS air bag is connected with the pretensioner seat belts. The SRS air bag warning light on the instrument panel will illuminate for approximately 6 seconds after the ignition switch is placed to the ON position, and then it should turn off.

If the pre-tensioner is not working properly, the warning light will illuminate even if the SRS air bag is not malfunctioning. If the warning light does not illuminate, stays illuminated or illuminates when the vehicle is being driven, we recommend the pre-tensioner seat belts and/or SRS air bags be inspected by an authorized HYUNDAI dealer as soon as possible.

NOTICE

- Pre-tensioner seat belts may be activated in certain frontal or side or rollover situations.
- When the pre-tensioner seat belts are activated, a loud noise may be heard and fine dust, which may appear to be smoke, may be visible in the passenger compartment. These are normal operating conditions and are not hazardous.
- Although it is non-toxic, the fine dust may cause skin irritation and should not be breathed for prolonged periods. Wash all exposed skin areas thoroughly after an accident in which the pretensioner seat belts were activated.

Additional seat belt safety precautions

Seat belt use during pregnancy

The seat belt should always be used during pregnancy. The best way to protect your unborn child is to protect yourself by always wearing the seat belt.

Pregnant women should always wear a lap-shoulder seat belt. Place the shoulder belt across your chest, routed between your breasts and away from your neck. Place the lap belt below your belly so that it fits SNUGLY across your hips and pelvic bone, under the rounded part of the belly.

! WARNING

- Pregnant women and patients are more vulnerable to any impacts on the abdomen during an abrupt stop or accident. If you are in an accident while pregnant, consult your doctor.
- To reduce the risk of serious injury or death to an unborn child during an accident, pregnant women should NEVER place the lap portion of the seat belt above or over the area of the abdomen where the unborn child is located.

Seat belt use and children

Infant and small children

Most countries have child restraint laws which require children to travel in approved child restraint devices, including booster seats. The age at which seat belts can be used instead of child restraints differs among countries, so you should be aware of the specific requirements in your country, and where you are travelling. Infant and child restraints must be properly placed and installed in a rear seat. For more details, refer to the "Child Restraint Systems" in this chapter.



WARNING

ALWAYS properly restrain infants and small children in a child restraint appropriate for the child's height and weight.

To reduce the risk of serious injury or death to a child and other passengers, NEVER hold a child in your lap or arms when the vehicle is moving. The violent forces created during an accident will tear the child from your arms and throw the child against the interior of the vehicle.

Small children are best protected from injury in an accident when properly restrained in the rear seat by a child restraint system that meets the requirements of the Safety Standards of your country. Before buying any child restraint system, make sure that it has a label certifying that it meets Safety Standard of your country. The restraint must be appropriate for your child's height and weight. Check the label on the child restraint for this information. Refer to "Child Restraint Systems" in this chapter.

Larger children

Children under age 13 and who are too large for a booster seat must always occupy the rear seat and use the available lap/shoulder belts. A seat belt should lie across the upper thighs and be snug across the shoulder and chest to restrain the child safely. Check belt fit periodically. A child's squirming could put the belt out of position. Children are afforded the most safety in the event of an accident when they are restrained by a proper restraint system and/or seat belts in the rear seat.

If a larger child over age 13 must be seated in the front seat, the child must be securely restrained by the available lap/shoulder belt and the seat should be placed in the rearmost position.

If the shoulder belt portion slightly touches the child's neck or face, try placing the child closer to the center of the vehicle. If the shoulder belt still touches their face or neck, they need to be returned to an appropriate booster seat in the rear seat.



WARNING

- Always make sure larger children's seat belts are worn and properly adjusted.
- NEVER allow the shoulder belt to contact the child's neck or face.
- Do not allow more than one child to use a single seat belt.

Seat belt use and injured people

A seat belt should be used when an injured person is being transported. Consult a physician for specific recommendations.

One person per belt

Two people (including children) should never attempt to use a single seat belt. This could increase the severity of injuries in case of an accident.

Do not lie down

Sitting in a reclined position when the vehicle is in motion can be dangerous. Even when buckled up, the protections of your restraint system (seat belts and/or air bags) is greatly reduced by reclining your seatback.

Seat belts must be snug against your hips and chest to work properly. During an accident, you could be thrown into the seat belt, causing neck or other injuries.

The more the seatback is reclined, the greater chance the passenger's hips will slide under the lap belt or the passenger's neck will strike the shoulder helt.

A

WARNING

- NEVER ride with a reclined seatback when the vehicle is moving.
- Riding with a reclined seatback increases your chance of serious or fatal injuries in the event of a collision or sudden stop.
- Driver and passengers should always sit well back in their seats, properly belted, and with the seatbacks upright.

Care of seat belts

Seat belt systems should never be disassembled or modified. In addition, care should be taken to assure that seat belts and belt hardware are not damaged by seat hinges, doors or other abuse.

Periodic inspection

All seat belts should be inspected periodically for wear or damage of any kind. Any damaged parts should be replaced as soon as possible.

Keep belts clean and dry

Seat belts should be kept clean and dry. If belts become dirty, they can be cleaned by using a mild soap solution and warm water. Bleach, dye, strong detergents or abrasives should not be used because they may damage and weaken the fabric.

When to replace seat belts

The entire seat belt assembly or assemblies should be replaced if the vehicle has been involved in an accident. This should be done even if no damage is visible. We recommend that you consult an authorized HYUNDAI dealer.

CHILD RESTRAINT SYSTEM (CRS)

Our recommendation: Children always in the rear



Always properly restrain children in the rear seats of the vehicle, unless the air bag on the front passenger seat is deactivated.

Children of all ages are safer when restrained in the rear seat. A child riding in the front passenger seat can be forcefully struck by an inflating air bag resulting in SERIOUS INJURY or DEATH.

Children under age 13 must always ride in the rear seats and must always be properly restrained to minimize the risk of injury in an accident, sudden stop or sudden maneuver. According to accident statistics, children are safer when properly restrained in the rear seats than in the front seat. Children too large for a Child Restraint System must use the seat belts provided.

Most countries have Child Restraint Systems which require children to travel in approved Child Restraint Systems. The laws governing the age or height/weight restrictions at which seat belts can be used instead of Child Restraint System differs among countries, so you should be aware of the specific requirements in your country, and where you are travelling.

Child Restraint Systems must be properly placed and installed in the rear seat. You must use a commercially available Child Restraint System that meets the requirements of the Safety Standards of your country.

Child Restraint Systems are generally designed to be secured in a vehicle seat by lap belt or the lap belt portion of a lap/shoulder belt, or by a toptether and/ or ISOFIX anchorage in the rear seats of the vehicle.

Child Restraint System (CRS) always in the rear

Infants and younger children must be restrained in an appropriate rearward-facing or forward-facing CRS that has first been properly secured to the rear seat of the vehicle. Read and comply with the instructions for installation and use provided by the manufacturer of the Child Restraint System.



WARNING

- Always follow the Child Restraint System manufacturer's instructions for installation and use.
- Always properly restrain your child in the Child Restraint System.
- Do not use an infant carrier or a child safety seat that "hooks" over a seatback, it may not provide adequate protection in an accident.
- After an accident, we recommend a HYUNDAI dealer check the Child Restraint System, seat belts, ISOFIX anchorages and top-tether anchorages.

Selecting a Child Restraint System (CRS)

When selecting a CRS for your child, always:

- Make sure the CRS has a label certifying that it meets applicable Safety Standards of your country.
- Select a Child Restraint System based on your child's height and weight. The required label or the instructions for use typically provide this information.
- Select a Child Restraint System that fits the vehicle seating position where it will be used.
- Read and comply with the warnings and instructions for installation and use provided with the Child Restraint System.

Child Restraint System types

There are three main types of Child Restraint Systems: rearward-facing seats, forward-facing seats, and booster seats. They are classified according to the child's age, height and weight.



Rearward-facing Child Restraint System A rearward-facing Child Restraint System provides restraint with the seating surface against the back of the child. The harness system holds the child in place, and in an accident, acts to keep the child positioned in the Child Restraint Systems and reduce the stress to the fragile neck and spinal cord.

All children under the age of one year must always ride in a rearward-facing Child Restraint System. There are different types of rearward-facing Child Restraint Systems: infant-only Child Restraint Systems can only be used rearward-facing. Convertible and 3-in-1 Child Restraint Systems typically have higher height and weight limits for the rearward-facing position, allowing you to keep your child rearward-facing for a longer period of time.

Keep using Child Restraint Systems in the rearward-facing position as long as children fit within the height and weight limits allowed by the Child Restraint System's manufacturer.



Forward-facing Child Restraint System A forward-facing Child Restraint System provides restraint for the child's body with a harness. Keep children in a forward-facing Child Restraint System with a harness until they reach the top height or weight limit allowed by your Child Restraint System's manufacturer.

Once your child outgrows the forwardfacing Child Restraint System, your child is ready for a booster seat.

Booster seats

A booster seat is Child Restraint System designed to improve the fit of the vehicle's seat belt system. A booster seat positions the seat belt so that it fits properly over the stronger parts of your child's body. Keep your children in booster seats until they are big enough to fit in a seat belt properly.

For a seat belt to fit properly, the lap belt must lie comfortable across the upper thighs, not the stomach. The shoulder belt should lie comfortable across the shoulder and chest and not across the neck or face. Children under age 13 must always be properly restrained to minimize the risk of injury in an accident, sudden stop or sudden maneuver.

Installing a Child Restraint System (CRS)



WARNING

Before installing your Child Restraint System always:

Read and follow the instructions provided by the manufacturer of the Child Restraint System.

Failure to follow all warnings and instructions could increase the risk of the SERIOUS INJURY or DEATH if an accident occurs.



WARNING

If the vehicle headrest prevents proper installation of a Child Restraint System, the headrest of the respective seating position shall be readjusted or entirely removed.

After selecting a proper Child Restraint System and checking that the Child Restraint System fits properly in the rear of this vehicle, you are ready to install the Child Restraint System according to the manufacturer's instruction. There are three general steps in installing the Child Restraint Systems properly:

 Properly secure the Child Restraint System to the vehicle. All Child Restraint System must be secured to the vehicle with the lap belt or lap part of a lap/shoulder belt or with the ISOFIX top-tether and/or ISOFIX anchorage. • Make sure the Child Restraint System is firmly secured. After installing a Child Restraint System to the vehicle, push and pull the seat forward and from side-to-side to verify that it is securely attached to the seat. A Child Restraint System secured with a seat belt should be installed as firmly as possible. However, some side-toside movement can be expected.

When installing a Child Restraint System, adjust the vehicle seat (up and down, forward and rearward) so that your child fits in the Child Restraint System in a comfortable manner.

 Secure the child in the Child Restraint System. Make sure the child is properly strapped in the Child Restraint System according to the Child Restraint System manufacturer's instructions.



CAUTION

A Child Restraint System in a closed vehicle can become very hot. To prevent burns, check the seating surface and buckles before placing your child in the Child Restraint System.

ISOFIX anchorage and top-tether anchorage (ISOFIX anchorages system) for children

The ISOFIX system holds a Child Restraint System during driving and in an accident. This system is designed to make installation of the Child Restraint System easier and reduce the possibility of improperly installing your Child Restraint System. The ISOFIX system uses anchors in the vehicle and attachments on the Child Restraint System. The ISOFIX system eliminates the need to use seat belts to secure the Child Restraint System to the rear seats.

ISOFIX anchorages are metal bars built into the vehicle. There are two lower anchors for each ISOFIX seating position that will accommodate a Child Restraint System with lower attachments.

To use the ISOFIX system in your vehicle, you must have a Child Restraint System with ISOFIX attachments. (An ISOFIX Child Restraint System may only be installed if it has vehiclespecific or universal approval in accordance with the requirements of ECE-R44 or ECE-R129.)

The Child Restraint System manufacturer will provide you with instructions on how to use the Child Restraint System with its attachments for the ISOFIX anchorages.

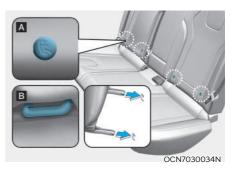


ISOFIX anchorages have been provided in the left and right outboard rear seating positions. Their locations are shown in the illustration. There are no ISOFIX anchorages provided for the center rear seating position.



WARNING

Do not attempt to install a Child Restraint System using ISOFIX anchorages in the rear center seating position. There are no ISOFIX anchorages provided for this seat. Using the outboard seat anchorages, for the CRS installation on the rear center seating position, can damage the anchorages.



[A]: ISOFIX Anchorage Position Indicator,

[B] : ISOFIX Anchorage

The ISOFIX anchorages symbols are located on the left and right rear seat cushions to identify the position of the ISOFIX anchorages in your vehicle (see arrows in illustration).

Both rear outboard seats are equipped with a pair of ISOFIX anchorages as well as a corresponding top-tether anchorage on the back side of the rear seats.

(Child Restraint Systems with universal approval according to ECE-R44 or ECE-R129 need to be fixed additionally with a top-tether connected to the back side of the rear seats.)

ISOFIX anchorages are located between the seatback and the seat cushion of the rear seat left and right outboard seating positions.

To use the ISOFIX anchorages, push the upper portion of the ISOFIX anchorage cover.

Securing a Child Restraint System with the "ISOFIX Anchorage System"

To install a ISOFIX-compatible Child Restraint System in either of the rear outboard seating positions:

- 1. Move the seat belt buckle away from the ISOFIX anchorages.
- Move any other objects away from the anchors that could prevent a secure connection between the Child Restraint System and the ISOFIX anchorages.
- 3. Place the Child Restraint System on the vehicle seat, then attach the seat to the ISOFIX anchorages according to the instructions provided by the Child Restraint System manufacturer.
- Follow the instructions of the Child Restraint System's manufacturer for proper installation and connection of the ISOFIX attachments on the Child Restraint System to the ISOFIX anchorages.

WARNING

Take the following precautions when using the ISOFIX system:

- Read and follow all installation instructions provided with your Child Restraint System.
- To prevent the child from reaching and taking hold of unretracted seat belts, buckle all unused rear seat belts and retract the seat belt webbing behind the child. Children can be strangled if a shoulder belt becomes wrapped around their neck and the seat belt tightens.
- NEVER attach more than one Child Restraint System to a single anchorage. This could cause the anchor or attachment to come loose or break.
- Always have the ISOFIX system inspected by your dealer after an accident. An accident can damage the ISOFIX system and may not properly secure the Child Restraint System.

Securing a Child Restraint System seat with "Top-tether Anchorage" system



Child Restraint hook holders are located on the package tray.



- Route the Child Restraint System seat strap over the seatback.
 - For vehicles with adjustable headrest, route the tether strap under the headrest and between the headrest posts, otherwise route the tether strap over the top of the seatback.
- Connect the top-tether to the toptether anchorage, then tighten the top-tether according to the instructions of your Child Restraint System's manufacturer to firmly attach the Child Restraint System to the seat.



WARNING

Take the following precautions when installing the top-tether:

- Read and follow all installation instructions provided with your Child Restraint System.
- NEVER attach more than one Child Restraint System to a single ISOFIX top-tether anchorage. This could cause the anchorage or attachment to come loose or break.
- Do not attach the top-tether to anything other than the correct toptether anchorage. It may not work properly if attached to something else.
- Child Restraint anchorages are designed to withstand only those loads imposed by correctly fitted Child Restraint System.

Do not use them for adult seat belts, harnesses, or for attaching other items or equipment to the vehicle.

Suitability of each seating position for belted & ISOFIX Child Restraint Systems (CRS)according to UN regulations (For Europe)

(Information for use by vehicle users and CRS manufacturers)

- Yes: Suitable for fitment of the designated category of CRS
- No: Not suitable for fitment of the designated category of CRS
- "-": Not applicable

| CRS categories | | | | Sea | ting po | sition | Continuum maitinu | | | |
|--|--------------------------------------|---|---|--------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|--------------------|--|
| | | 1 | 2 | 3 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | Seating position | |
| Universal belted CRS ¹⁾ | | - | - | Airbag On | Airbag Off | Yes F, R | Yes ³⁾ F, R | Yes F, R | | |
| i-size CRS | ISOFIX CRF: F2, F2X, R1, R2 | - | - | No | Yes ²⁾ F, R | Yes | No | Yes | | |
| Carry-cot (ISOFIX lateral facing CRS) | ISOFIX CRF: L1, L2 | - | - | No | No | No | No | No | F : Forward facing | |
| ISOFIX infant* CRS (*: ISOFIX baby CRS) | ISOFIX CRF: R1 | - | - | No | No | Yes R | No | Yes R | R: Rearward facing | |
| ISOFIX toddler CRS - small | ISOFIX CRF: F2,F2X, R2,R2X | - | - | No | No | Yes F, R | No | Yes F, R | | |
| ISOFIX toddler CRS – large* (*: not booster seats) | ISOFIX CRF: F3,R3 | - | - | No | No | Yes F, R ⁴⁾ | No | Yes F, R ⁴⁾ | OCN7030068L | |
| Booster Seat - Reduced Width | ISO CRF: B2 | - | - | No | No | Yes ⁵⁾ | No | Yes ⁵⁾ | | |
| Booster Seat - Full Width | ISO CRF: B3 | - | - | No | No | Yes ⁵⁾ | No | Yes ⁵⁾ | | |

| Seat number | Position in the vehicle | Seat number | Position in the vehicle |
|-------------|-------------------------|-------------|----------------------------|
| 1 | Front left | 4 | 2 nd row left |
| 2 | Front center | 5 | 2 nd row center |
| 3 | Front right | 6 | 2 nd row right |

Note1): The universal belted CRS applies to all mass groups

Note²⁾: You should adjust the front passenger seat back to most upright position. (Seat number 3)

Note³⁾: The seating position (number5) is not suitable for fitment of child restraint system with support leg.

Note4): For fitment of ISOFIX toddler's rearward large CRS

- Driver Seat: You should move the seat at mid position. (Seat number 1)
- Front Passenger Seat : You should move the seat at foremost position. (Seat number 3)

Note⁵⁾: To install a booster seat you should remove the headrest of the seat.

* Never place a Child Restraint System on the front passenger seat, unless the air bag is deactivated.

Suitability of each seating position for belted & ISOFIX Child Restraint Systems (CRS)according to UN regulations (Except Europe)

(Information for use by vehicle users and CRS manufacturers)

- Yes: Suitable for fitment of the designated category of CRS
- No: Not suitable for fitment of the designated category of CRS
- "-": Not applicable

| CRS categories | | | | Sea | ting pos | itions | | | | |
|--|--------------------------------------|---|---|-----|---------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|--------------------------------------|--|--|
| | | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | Seating position | | |
| Universal belted CRS ¹⁾ | | - | - | No | Yes F, R | Yes ²⁾ F, R | Yes F, R | | | |
| i-size CRS | ISOFIX CRF: F2, F2X, R1, R2 | - | - | No | Yes | No | Yes | | | |
| Carry-cot (ISOFIX lateral facing CRS) | ISOFIX CRF: L1, L2 | - | - | No | No | No | No | F: Forward facing R: Rearward facing | | |
| ISOFIX infant* CRS (*: ISOFIX baby CRS) | ISOFIX CRF: R1 | - | - | No | Yes R | No | Yes R | | | |
| ISOFIX toddler CRS - small | ISOFIX CRF: F2,F2X, R2,R2X | - | - | No | Yes F, R | No | Yes F, R | 2 6 0 4 | | |
| ISOFIX toddler CRS – large* (*: not booster seats) | ISOFIX CRF: F3,R3 | - | - | No | Yes F, R ³⁾ | No | Yes F, R ³⁾ | OCN7030068L | | |
| Booster Seat - Reduced Width | ISO CRF: B2 | - | - | No | Yes ⁴⁾ | No | Yes ⁴⁾ | | | |
| Booster Seat - Full Width | ISO CRF: B3 | - | - | No | Yes ⁴⁾ | No | Yes ⁴⁾ | | | |

| Seat number | Position in the vehicle | Seat number | Position in the vehicle |
|-------------|-------------------------|-------------|----------------------------|
| 1 | Front left | 4 | 2 nd row left |
| 2 | Front center | 5 | 2 nd row center |
| 3 | Front right | 6 | 2 nd row right |

Note1): The universal belted CRS applies to all mass groups

Note²⁾: The seating position (number5) is not suitable for fitment of child restraint system with support leg.

Note³⁾: For fitment of ISOFIX toddler's rearward large CRS

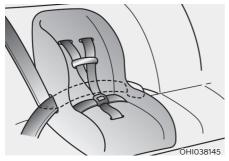
- Driver Seat: You should move the seat at mid position. (Seat number 1)
- Front Passenger Seat : You should move the seat at foremost position. (Seat number 3)

Note⁴⁾: To install a booster seat you should remove the headrest of the seat.

* Never place a Child Restraint System on the front passenger seat, unless the air bag is deactivated.

Securing a Child Restraint System with a lap/shoulder belt

When not using the ISOFIX system, all Child Restraint Systems must be secured to a rear seat with the lap part of a lap/shoulder belt.



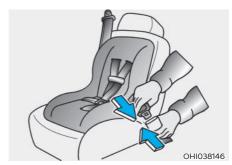
Installing a Child Restraint System with a lap/shoulder belt

To install a Child Restraint System on the rear seats, do the following:

 Place the Child Restraint System on a rear seat and route the lap/ shoulder belt around or through the restraint, following the restraint manufacturer's instructions. Make sure the seat belt webbing is not twisted.

Information

When using the rear center seat belt, you should also refer to the "Rear Center Seat Belt" in this chapter.



Fasten the lap/shoulder belt latch into the buckle. Listen for the distinct "click" sound.

i Information

Position the release button so that it is easy to access in case of an emergency.

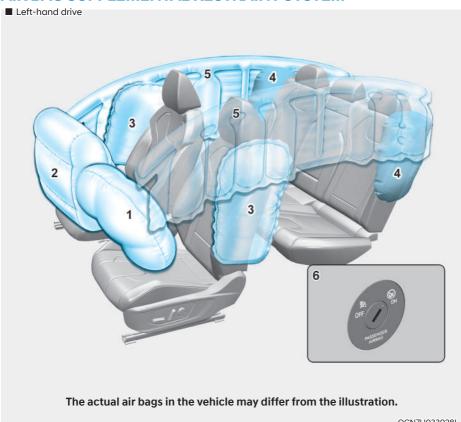


- Remove as much slack from the belt as possible by pushing down on the Child Restraint System while feeding the shoulder belt back into the retractor.
- 4. Push and pull on the Child Restraint System to confirm that the seat belt is holding it firmly in place.

If your CRS manufacturer instructs or recommends you use a top-tether anchorage with the lap/shoulder belt, see page 3-39.

To remove the Child Restraint System, press the release button on the buckle and then pull the lap/shoulder belt out of the restraint and allow the seat belt to retract fully.

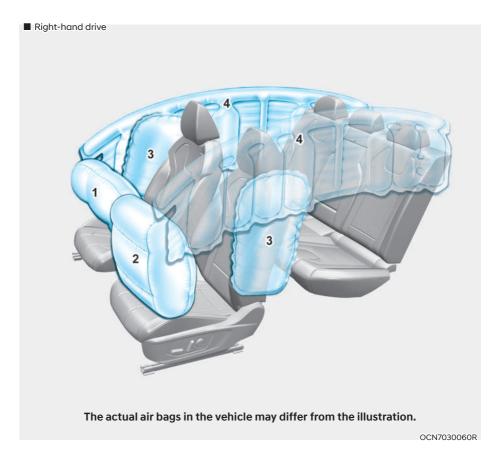
AIR BAG SUPPLEMENTAL RESTRAINT SYSTEM



OCN7H033028L

- 1. Driver's front air bag
- 2. Passenger's front air bag
- 3. Front side air bag

- 4. Rear side air bag (if equipped)
- 5. Curtain air bag
- 6. Front passenger air bag ON/OFF switch (if quipped)



- 1. Driver's front air bag
- 2. Passenger's front air bag

- 3. Front side air bag
- 4. Curtain air bag

This vehicle is equipped with a Supplemental Air Bag System for the driver's seat and front passenger's seats.

The front air bags are designed to supplement the three-point seat belts. For these air bags to provide protection, the seat belts must be worn at all times when driving.

You can be severely injured or killed in an accident if you are not wearing a seat belt. Air bags are designed to supplement seat belts, but do not replace them. Also, air bags are not designed to deploy in every collision. In some accidents, the seat belts are the only restraint protecting you.



AIR BAG SAFETY PRECAUTIONS

ALWAYS use seat belts and Child Restraint Systems - every trip, every time, everyone! Even with air bags, you can be seriously injured or killed in a collision if you are improperly belted or not wearing your seat belt when the air bag inflates.

NEVER place a child in any child restraint or booster seat in the front passenger seat. An inflating air bag could forcefully strike the infant or child causing serious or fatal injuries.

ABC Always Buckle Children under age 13 in the back seat. It is the safest place for children of any age to ride. If a child age 13 or older must be seated in the front seat, he or she must be properly belted and the seat should be moved as far back as possible.

All occupants should sit upright with the seatback in an upright position, centered on the seat cushion with their seat belt on, legs comfortably extended and their feet on the floor until the vehicle is parked and the engine is turned off. If an occupant is out of position during an accident, the rapidly deploying air bag may forcefully contact the occupant causing serious or fatal injuries.

You and your passengers should never sit or lean unnecessarily close to the air bags or lean against the door or center console.

Move your seat as far back as possible from front air bags, while still maintaining control of the vehicle.

Where are the air bags?

Driver's and passenger's air bags (if equipped)





Your vehicle is equipped with a Supplemental Restraint System (SRS) and lap/shoulder belts at both the driver and passenger seating positions.

The SRS consists of air bags which are located in the center of the steering wheel and the passenger's side front panel pad above the glove box.

The air bags are labeled with the letters "AIR BAG" embossed on the pad covers.

The purpose of the SRS is to provide the vehicle's driver and front passengers with additional protection than that offered by the seat belt system alone in case of a frontal impact of sufficient severity.

⚠ WARNING

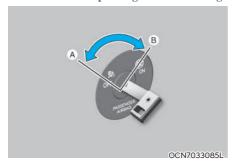
To reduce the risk of serious injury or death from an inflating front air bags, take the following precautions:

- Seat belts must be worn at all times to help keep occupants positioned properly.
- Move your seat as far back as possible from front air bags, while still maintaining control of the vehicle.
- Never lean against the door or center console.
- Do not allow the front passenger to place their feet or legs on the dashboard.
- No objects (such as crash pad cover, cellular phone holder, cup holder, air fresheners or stickers) should be placed over or near the air bag modules on the steering wheel, instrument panel, windshield glass, and the front passenger's panel above the glove box. Such objects could cause harm if the vehicle is in a crash severe enough to cause the air bags to deploy.
- Do not attach any objects on front windshield and inside mirror.

Passenger's front airbag ON/OFF switch (if equipped)

The purpose of the switch is to disable the passenger's front airbag to help reduce the risk of injury or death from an inflating airbag to certain front passenger seat occupants due to age, size, or medical condition.

To deactivate the passenger's front airbag:



[A]: Passenger airbag OFF [B]: Passenger airbag ON



Insert the key or a similar rigid device into the passenger's front airbag ON/ OFF switch and turn it to the OFF position [A]. The passenger airbag OFF indicator () illuminates and stays on until the passenger's front airbag is reactivated.

To reactivate the passenger's front airbag:



Insert the key or a similar rigid device into the passenger's front airbag ON/OFF switch and turn it to the ON position [B]. The passenger airbag ON indicator (**(Q)**) illuminates.

Information

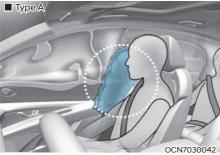
The passenger's front airbag ON/OFF indicator illuminates for about 4 seconds after the Engine Start/Stop button is in the ON position. If the Engine Start/Stop button is pressed to the ON position within 3 minutes after the vehicle was turned off. the indicator does not illuminate.

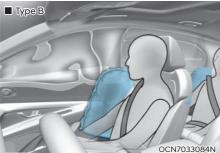
WARNING

Never allow an adult passenger to ride in the front passenger seat when the passenger airbag OFF indicator is illuminated. During a collision, the airbag does not inflate if the indicator is illuminated. Turn on the passenger's front airbag or have your passenger move to the rear seat.

Side air bags (if equipped)







Your vehicle is equipped with a side air bag in each front seat.

The purpose of the air bag is to provide the vehicle's driver and the front passenger with additional protection than that offered by the seat belt alone.

The side air bags are designed to deploy only during certain side impact collisions, depending on the crash severity.

The side air bags are not designed to deploy in all side impact or rollover situations.

For vehicles equipped with a rollover sensor the side and/or curtain airbags and pre-tensioners on both sides of the vehicle may deploy if a rollover or possible rollover is detected. The side airbags are not designed to deploy in all side impact or rollover situations.

MARNING

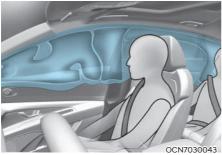
To reduce the risk of serious injury or death from an inflating side air bag, take the following precautions:

- Seat belts must be worn at all times to help keep occupants positioned properly.
- Do not allow passengers to lean their heads or bodies onto doors, put their arms on the doors, stretch their arms out of the window, or place objects between the doors and seats.
- Hold the steering wheel at the 9 o'clock and 3 o'clock positions, to minimize the risk of injuries to your hands and arms.
- Do not use any accessory seat covers. This could reduce or prevent the effectiveness of the system.
- Do not place any objects over the air bag or between the air bag and yourself. Also, do not attach any objects around the area the air bag inflates such as the door, side door glass, front and rear pillar.

- Do not place any objects between the door and the seat. They may become dangerous projectiles if the side air bag inflates.
- Do not install any accessories on the side or near the side air bags.
- Do not put any objects between the side air bag label and seat cushion. It could cause harm if the vehicle is in a crash severe enough to cause the air bags to deploy.
- Do not cause impact to the doors when the ignition switch is in the ON position or this may cause the side air bags to inflate.
- If the seat or seat cover is damaged, we recommend that the system be serviced by an authorized HYUNDAI dealer.

Curtain air bags (if equipped)





Curtain air bags are located along both sides of the roof rails above the front and rear doors.

They are designed to help protect the heads of the front seat occupants and the rear outboard seat occupants in certain side impact collisions.

The curtain air bags are designed to deploy only during certain side impact collisions, depending on the crash severity.

For vehicles equipped with a rollover sensorthe side and/or curtain airbags and pre-tensioners on both sides of the vehiclemay deploy if a rollover or possible rolloveris detected.

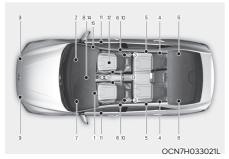
The curtain air bags are not designed to deploy in all side impact or rollover situations

MARNING

To reduce the risk of serious injury or death from an inflating curtain air bags, take the following precautions:

- All seat occupants must wear seat belts at all times to help keep occupants positioned properly.
- Properly secure child restraints as far away from the door as possible.
- Do not place any objects over the air bag. Also, do not attach any objects around the area the air bag inflates such as the door, side door glass, front and rear pillar, roof side rail.
- Do not hang other objects except clothes, especially hard or breakable objects. In an accident, it may cause vehicle damage or personal injury.
- Do not allow passengers to lean their heads or bodies onto doors, put their arms on the doors, stretch their arms out of the window, or place objects between the doors and seats.
- Do not attempt to open or repair the side curtain air bags yourself.
 If necessary, we recommend that the air bag be inspected by an authorized HYUNDAI dealer.

How does the air bags system operate?



The SRS consists of the following components:

- (1) Driver's front air bag module
- (2) Passenger's front air bag module
- (3) Side air bag modules (front)
- (4) Side air bag modules (rear) (if equipped)
- (5) Curtain air bag modules
- (6) Retractor pre-tensioner (front) / Retractor pre-tensioner (rear, for Israel)
- (7) Air bag warning light
- (8) SRS control module (SRSCM)/ Rollover sensor (if equipped)
- (9) Front impact sensors
- (10) Side impact sensors (acceleration) (if equipped)
- (11) Side impact sensors (pressure) (if equipped)
- (12) Occupant classification system
- (13) Driver's and front passenger's seat belt buckle sensors (if equipped)
- (14) Passenger's front air bag OFF indicator (front passenger's seat only) (if equipped)
- (15) Passenger's front air bag ON/OFF switch (if equipped)

The SRSCM continually monitors SRS components while the ignition switch is in the ON position or three minutes after ignition switch is in the LOCK/OFF position to determine if crash impact is severe enough to require air bag deployment or pre-tensioner seat belt deployment.



SRS warning light

The SRS (Supplement Restraint System) air bag warning light on the instrument panel displays the air bag symbol depicted in the illustration. The system checks the air bag electrical system for malfunctions. The light indicates that there is a potential problem with your air bag system, which could include your front air bag and side and/or curtain air used for rollover protection.



WARNING

If your SRS malfunctions, the air bag may not inflate properly during an accident, increasing the risk of serious injury or death.

If any of the following conditions occur, your SRS is malfunctioning:

- The light does not turn on for approximately from three to six seconds when the ignition switch is in the ON position.
- The light stays on after illuminating for approximately from three to six seconds.
- The light comes on while the vehicle is in motion.
- The light blinks when the engine is running.

We recommend that an authorized HYUNDAI dealer inspect the SRS as soon as possible if any of these conditions occur.

During a frontal collision, sensors will detect the vehicle's deceleration. If the rate of deceleration is high enough, the control unit will inflate the front air bags, at the time and with the force needed.

The front air bags help protect the driver and front passenger by responding to frontal impacts in which seat belts alone cannot provide adequate restraint. When needed, the side air bags help provide protection in the event of a side impact by supporting the side upper body area.

- Air bags are activated (able to inflate if necessary) only when the ignition switch is in the ON position or three minutes after ignition switch is in the LOCK/OFF position.
- Air bags inflate in the event of certain frontal or side collisions to help protect the occupants from serious physical injury.
- Generally, air bags are designed to inflate based upon the severity of a collision it's direction etc. These two factors determine whether the sensors produce an electronic deployment/inflation signal.
- The front air bags will completely inflate and deflate in an instant. It is virtually impossible for you to see the air bags inflate during an accident. It is much more likely that you will simply see the deflated air bags hanging out of their storage compartments after the collision.

- In addition to inflating in serious side collisions, vehicles equipped with a rollover sensor, side and/or curtain airbags will inflate if the sensing system detects a rollover. When a rollover is detected, curtain airbags will remain inflated longer to help provide protection from ejection, especially when used in conjunction with the seat belts. However, the rapid airbag inflation can also cause injuries which can include facial abrasions, bruises and broken bones because the inflation speed also causes the airbags to expand with a great deal of force.
- To help provide protection, the air bags must inflate rapidly. The speed of air bag inflation is a consequence of extremely short time in which to inflate the air bag between the occupant and the vehicle structures before the occupant impacts those structures. This speed of inflation reduces the risk of serious or lifethreatening injuries and is thus a necessary part of air bag design.
- However, the rapid air bag inflation can also cause injuries which can include facial abrasions, bruises and broken bones because the inflation speed also causes the air bags to expand with a great deal of force.

 There are even circumstances under which contact with the air bag can cause fatal injuries, especially if the occupant is positioned excessively close to the air bag.

You can take steps to reduce the risk of being injured by an inflating air bag. The greatest risk is sitting too close to the air bag. An air bag needs space to inflate. It is recommended that drivers sit as far as possible between the center of the steering wheel and the chest while still maintaining control of the vehicle.



When the SRSCM detects a sufficiently severe impact to the front of the vehicle, it will automatically deploy the front air bags.



Upon deployment, tear seams molded directly into the pad covers will separate under pressure from the expansion of the air bags. Further opening of the covers allows full inflation of the air bags.

A fully inflated air bag, in combination with a properly worn seat belt, slows the driver's or the front passenger's forward motion, reducing the risk of head and chest injury.





After complete inflation, the air bag immediately starts deflating, enabling the driver to maintain forward visibility and the ability to steer or operate other controls.



! WARNING

To prevent objects from becoming dangerous projectiles when the passenger's air bag inflates:

- Do not install or place any objects (drink holder, CD holder, stickers, etc.) on the front passenger's panel above the glove box where the passenger's air bag is located.
- · Do not install a container of liquid air freshener near the instrument cluster or on the instrument panel surface.

What to expect after an air bag inflates

After a frontal or side air bag inflates, it will deflate very quickly. Air bag inflation will not prevent the driver from seeing out of the windshield or being able to steer. Curtain air bags may remain partially inflated for some time after they deploy.

⚠ WARNING

After an air bag inflates, take the following precautions:

- Open your windows and doors as soon as possible after impact to reduce prolonged exposure to the smoke and powder released by the inflating air bag.
- Do not touch the air bag storage area's internal components immediately after an air bag has inflated. The parts that come into contact with an inflating air bag may be very hot.
- Always wash exposed skin areas thoroughly with cold water and mild soap.
- We recommend that an authorized HYUNDAI dealer replace the air bag immediately after deployment. Air bags are designed to be used only once.

Noise and smoke from inflating air bag

When the air bags inflate, they make a loud noise and may produce smoke and powder in the air inside of the vehicle. This is normal and is a result of the ignition of the air bag inflator. After the air bag inflates, you may feel substantial discomfort in breathing because of the contact of your chest with both the seat belt and the air bag, as well as from breathing the smoke and powder. The powder may aggravate asthma for some people. If you experience breathing problems after an air bag deployment, seek medical attention immediately.

Though the smoke and powder are nontoxic, they may cause irritation to the skin, eyes, nose, throat, etc. If this is the case, wash and rinse with cold water immediately and seek medical attention if the symptoms persist.

Occupant Classification System (OCS) (If equipped)



Your vehicle is equipped with an Occupant Classification System (OCS) in the front passenger's seat.

Main components of the Occupant Classification System

- A detection device located within the front passenger seat cushion.
- Electronic system to help determine whether the passenger air bag systems should be activated or deactivated.
- An indicator light located on the instrument panel which illuminates the words "PASSENGER AIR BAG OFF" indicating the front passenger air bag system is deactivated.
- The instrument panel air bag indicator light is interconnected with the OCS.

The OCS is designed to help detect the presence of a properly-seated front passenger and determine if the passenger's front air bag should be enabled (may inflate) or not.

The purpose is to help reduce the risk of injury or death from an inflating air bag to certain front passenger seat occupants, such as children, by requiring the air bag to be automatically turned OFF.

For example, if a child restraint of the type specified in the regulations is on the seat, the occupant classification sensor can detect it and cause the air bag to turn OFF.

Front passenger seat adult occupants who are properly seated and wearing the seat belt properly, should not cause the passenger air bag to be automatically turned OFF. For small adults it may be turned OFF, however, if the occupant does not sit in the seat properly (for example, by not sitting upright, by sitting on the edge of the seat, or by otherwise being out of position), this could cause the sensor to turn the air bag OFF.

You will find the "PASSENGER AIR BAG OFF" indicator on the overhead console. This system detects the conditions 1-4 in the following table and activates or deactivates the front passenger air bag based on these conditions.

Always be sure that you and all vehicle occupants are seated properly and wearing the seat belt properly for the most effective protection by the air bag and the seat belt.

The OCS may not function properly if the passenger takes actions which can affect the classification system. These include:

- · Failing to sit in an upright position.
- Leaning against the door or center console.
- Sitting towards the sides of the front of the seat.
- Putting their legs on the dashboard or resting them on other locations which reduce the passenger weight on the front seat.
- · Wearing the seat belt improperly.
- Reclining the seatback.
- Wearing a thick cloth like ski wear or hip protection wear.
- Putting an additional thick cushion on the seat.
- Putting electrical devices (for example, notebook, satellite radio) on the seat with inverter charging.

Condition and operation in the front passenger Occupant Classification System

| | Indicator/Warning light | | Devices | |
|---|---|----------------------|----------------------------|--|
| Condition detected by the occupant classification system | "PASSENGER AIR BAG OFF" indicator light | SRS warning light | Front passenger air bag | |
| 1. Adult *1 | Off | Off | Activated | |
| 2. Infant *2 or child restraint system with 12 months old *3 *4 | On | Off | Deactivated | |
| 3. Unoccupied | On | Off | Deactivated | |
| 4. Malfunction in the system | Off | On | Activated | |

^{*1:} The system judges a person of adult size as an adult. When a smaller adult sits in the front passenger seat, the system may recognize him/her as a child depending on his/her physique and posture.

^{*2:} Do not allow children to ride in the front passenger seat. When a larger child who has outgrown a child restraint system sits in the front passenger seat, the system may recognize him/her as an adult depending upon his/her physique or sitting position.

^{*3:} Never install a child restraint system on the front passenger seat.

^{*4:} The PASSENGER AIR BAG "OFF" indicator may turn on or off when a child above 12 months to 12 years old (with or without child restraint system) sits in the front passenger seat. This is a normal condition.

MARNING

Riding in an improper position or placing weight on the front passenger's seat when it is unoccupied by a passenger adversely affects the OCS. To reduce the risk of serious injury or death:



 NEVER put a heavy load in the front seat or seatback pocket, or hang any items on the front passenger seat.



NEVER place your feet on the front passenger seatback.



 NEVER sit with your hips shifted towards the front of the seat.



NEVER ride with the seatback reclined when the vehicle is moving.



NEVER place your feet or legs on the dashboard.



NEVER lean on the door or center console or sit on one side of the front passenger seat.



 Do not sit on the passenger seat wearing heavily padded clothes such as ski wear and hip protector.



 Do not use car seat accessories such as thick blankets and cushions which cover up the car seat surface.



- Do not place electronic devices such as laptops, DVD player, or conductive materials such as water bottles on the passenger seat.
- Do not use electronic devices such as laptops and satellite radios which use inverter chargers.



- If large quantity of liquid has been spilled on the passenger seat, the air bag warning light may illuminate or malfunction.
 - Therefore, make sure the seat has been completely dried before driving the vehicle.
- Do not place sharp objects on the front passenger seat. These may damage the
 occupant detection system, if they puncture the seat cushion.
- Do not place any items under the front passenger seat.
- When changing or replacing the seat or seat cover, use original items only.
 The OCS has been developed based on using original HYUNDAI car seats only.
 Altering or changing the authentic parts may result in system malfunction and increase risk of injury when in collision. Any of the above could interfere with the proper operation of the OCS sensor thereby increasing the risk of an injury in an accident.



Proper seated position for OCS If the "PASSENGER AIR BAG OFF" indicator is on when an adult is seated in the front passenger seat, place the Engine Start/Stop button in the OFF position and ask the passenger to sit properly (sitting upright with the seat back in an upright position, centered on the seat cushion with their seat belt on, legs comfortably extended and their feet on the floor). Restart the engine and have the person remain in that position. This will allow the system to detect the person and to enable the passenger air bag. If the "PASSENGER AIR BAG OFF" indicator is still on, ask the passenger to move to the rear seat.



NEVER allow an adult passenger to ride in the front passenger seat when the "PASSENGER AIR BAG OFF" indicator is illuminated. During a collision, the air bag will not inflate if the indicator is illuminated. Have your passenger reposition themselves in the seat. If the "PASSENGER AIR BAG OFF" indicator remains illuminated after the passenger repositions themselves properly and the vehicle is restarted, have the passenger move to the rear seat because the air bag will not inflate.

NOTICE

The "PASSENGER AIR BAG OFF" indicator generally illuminates for approximately 4 seconds after the Engine Start/Stop button is in the ON position or after the engine is started. However, if the ignition switch or Engine Start/Stop button is turned to the ON position within 3 minutes after ignition OFF, the indicator does not illuminate. If the front passenger seat is occupied, the OCS will then classify the front passenger after several more seconds.

Do Not Install a Child Restraint in the Front Passenger's Seat



Even though your vehicle is equipped with the OCS, never install a child restraint in the front passenger's seat. An inflating air bag can forcefully strike a child or child restraint resulting in serious or fatal injury.

MARNING

- NEVER place a rear-facing or frontfacing child restraint in the front passenger's seat of the vehicle.
- An inflating frontal air bag could forcefully strike a child resulting in serious injury or death.
- Always properly restrain children in an appropriate child restraint in the rear seat of the vehicle.

Do not install a child restraint on the front passenger seat



OHI038169L



OHI038170L



Never install a child restraint in the front passenger's seat. An inflating air bag can forcefully strike a child or restraint resulting in serious or fatal injury.

⚠ WARNING

- Extreme hazard! Do not use a rearward facing child restraint on a seat protected by an air bag in front of it!
- NEVER use a rearward facing child restraint on a seat protected by an ACTIVE AIRBAG in front of it, DEATH or SERIOUS INJURY to the CHILD can occur.
- Never put a child restraint in the front passenger's seat. If the front passenger air bag inflates, it would cause serious or fatal injuries.

Why didn't my air bag go off in a collision?

There are certain types of accidents in which the air bag would not be expected to provide additional protection. These include rear impacts, second or third collisions in multiple impact accidents, as well as low speed impacts. Damage to the vehicle indicates a collision energy absorption, and is not an indicator of whether or not an air bag should have inflated.

Air bag collision sensors



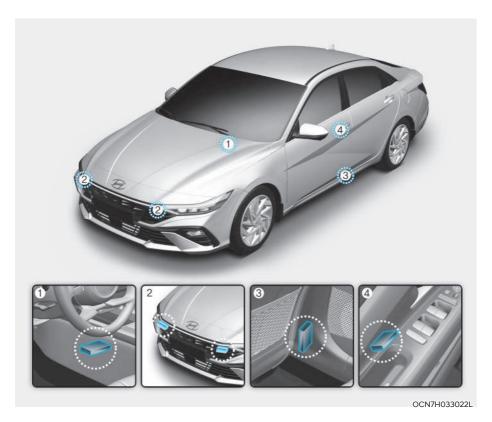
! WARNING

To reduce the risk of an air bag deploying unexpectedly and causing serious injury or death:

- Do not hit or allow any objects to impact the locations where air bags or sensors are installed.
- Do not perform maintenance on or around the air bag sensors. If the location or angle of the sensors is altered, the air bags may deploy when they should not or may not deploy when they should.
- Installing bumper guards with nongenuine Hyundai or non-equivalent parts may adversely affect the collision and airbag deployment performance.

To ensure correct function of the airbag system we recommend to replace the bumper with genuine Hyundai part or the equivalent (of the genuine part) specified for your vehicle.

- Place the ignition switch to the LOCK/OFF or ACC position, when the vehicle is being towed to prevent inadvertent air bag deployment.
- We recommend that all air bag repairs are conducted by an authorized HYUNDAI dealer.



- 1. SRS control module / Rollover sensor (if equipped)
- 2. Front impact sensor
- 3. Side impact sensor (acceleration) (if equipped)
- 4. Side impact sensor (pressure) (if equipped)

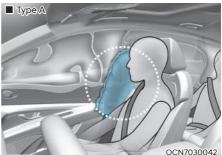
Air bag inflation conditions

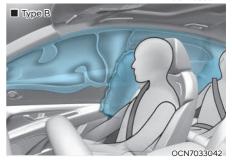


Front air bags

Front air bags are designed to inflate in a frontal collision depending on the severity of impact of the front collision.







Side and curtain air bags

Side and curtain air bags are designed to inflate when an impact is detected by side collision sensors depending on the severity of impact resulting from a side impact collision.

Although the driver's and front passenger's air bags are designed to inflate only in frontal collisions, they also may inflate in other types of collisions if the front impact sensors detect a sufficient impact. Side and curtain air bags are designed to inflate only in side impact collisions but they may inflate in other collisions if the side impact sensors detect a sufficient impact. Also, the side and curtain airbags are designed to inflate when a rollover is detected by a rollover sensor. If the vehicle chassis is impacted by bumps or objects on unimproved roads, the air bags may deploy. Drive carefully on unimproved roads or on surfaces not designed for vehicle traffic to prevent unintended air bag deployment.

Air bag non-inflation conditions



In certain low-speed collisions the air bags may not deploy. The air bags are designed not to deploy in such cases because they may not provide benefits beyond the protection of the seat belts.

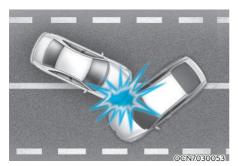


Front air bags are not designed to inflate in rear collisions, because occupants are moved backward by the force of the impact. In this case, inflated air bags would not provide any additional benefit.

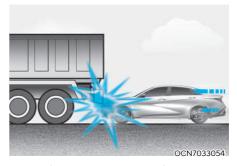


Front air bags may not inflate in side impact collisions, because occupants move in the direction of the collision, and thus in side impacts, front air bag deployment would not provide additional occupant protection.

However, side and curtain air bags may inflate depending on the severity of impact.



In an angled collision, the force of impact may direct the occupants in a direction where the air bags would not be able to provide any additional benefit, and thus the sensors may not deploy any air bags.



Just before impact, drivers often brake heavily. Such heavy braking lowers the front portion of the vehicle causing it to "ride" under a vehicle with a higher ground clearance. Air bags may not inflate in this "underride" situation because deceleration forces that are detected by sensors may be significantly reduced by such "underride" collisions.



Front air bags may not inflate in rollover accidents because front air bag deployment would not provide additional occupant protection.

i Information

- Vehicle equipped with rollover sensor
 The side and curtain air bags may inflate in a rollover situation, when it is detected by the rollover sensor.
- Vehicle not equipped with rollover sensor

The side and/or curtain air bags may inflate when the vehicle is rolled over by a side impact collision, if the vehicle is equipped with side and/or curtain air bags.



Air bags may not inflate if the vehicle collides with objects such as utility poles or trees, where the point of impact is concentrated and the collision energy is absorbed by the vehicle structure.

SRS care

The SRS is virtually maintenancefree and there are no parts you can safely service by yourself. If the SRS air bag warning light does not illuminate when the ignition switch is in the ON position, or continuously remains on, we recommend that the system be immediately inspected by an authorized HYUNDAI dealer.

We recommend any work on the SRS system, such as removing, installing, repairing, or any work on the steering wheel, the front passenger's panel, front seats and roof rails be performed by an authorized HYUNDAI dealer. Improper handling of the SRS system may result in serious personal injury.

⚠ WARNING

To reduce the risk of serious injury or death take the following precautions:

- Do not attempt to modify or disconnect the SRS components or wiring, including the addition of any kind of badges to the pad covers or modifications to the body structure.
- Do not place objects over or near the air bag modules on the steering wheel, instrument panel, and the front passenger's panel above the glove box.
- Clean the air bag pad covers with a soft cloth moistened with plain water. Solvents or cleaners could adversely affect the air bag covers and proper deployment of the system.
- We recommend that inflated air bags be replaced by an authorized HYUNDAI dealer.
- If components of the air bag system must be discarded, or if the vehicle must be scrapped, certain safety precautions must be observed.
 We recommend that you consult an authorized HYUNDAI dealer for the necessary information. Failure to follow these precautions could increase the risk of personal injury.

Additional safety precautions

Passengers should not move out of or change seats while the vehicle is moving. A passenger who is not wearing a seat belt during a crash or emergency stop can be thrown against the inside of the vehicle, against other occupants, or be ejected from the vehicle.

Do not use any accessories on seat belts. Devices claiming to improve occupant comfort or reposition the seat belt can reduce the protection provided by the seat belt and increase the chance of serious injury in a crash.

Do not modify the front seats. Modification of the front seats could interfere with the operation of the supplemental restraint system sensing components or side air bags.

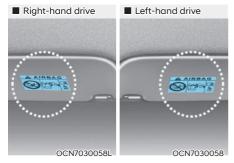
Do not place items under the front seats. Placing items under the front seats could interfere with the operation of the supplemental restraint system sensing components and wiring harnesses.

Do not cause impact to the doors. Impact to the doors when the ignition switch is in the ON position may cause the air bags to inflate.

Adding equipment to or modifying your air bag equipped vehicle

If you modify your vehicle by changing your vehicle's frame, bumper system, front end or side sheet metal or ride height, this may affect the operation of your vehicle's air bag system.

Air bag warning labels (if equipped)





Air bag warning labels are attached to alert the driver and passengers of potential risks of the air bag system. Be sure to read all of the information about the air bags that are installed on your vehicle in this Owner's Manual.

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4.Instrument cluster

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INSTRUMENT CLUSTER

■ Type A

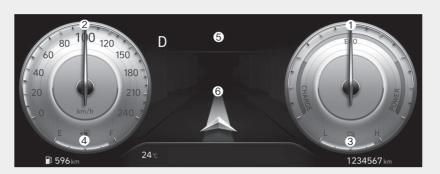


The actual cluster in the vehicle may differ from the illustration. For more details, refer to the "Gauges and Meters" in this chapter.

OCN7H043001L

- 1. Hybrid system gauge
- 2. Speedometer
- 3. Hybrid battery SOC (State of Charge) gauge
- 4. Fuel gauge
- 5. Warning and indicator lights
- 6. Cluster display

■ Type B



The actual cluster in the vehicle may differ from the illustration. For more details, refer to the "Gauges and Meters" in this chapter.

OCN7H040001

- 1. Hybrid system gauge
- 2. Speedometer
- 3. Hybrid battery SOC (State of Charge) gauge
- 4. Fuel gauge
- 5. Warning and indicator lights
- 6. Cluster display

Instrument cluster control

Instrument panel illumination



You can adjust the brightness of the instrument panel illumination form the User Settings Mode on the instrument cluster when the ignition switch is on ('Lights → Illumination'). When the vehicle's parking lights or headlights are on, interior switch illumination intensity and mood lamps are also adjusted.

i Information

The infotainment system may change after software updates. For more information, refer to the manual provided in the infotainment system and the quick reference guide.

MARNING

Never adjust the instrument cluster while driving. This could result in loss of control and lead to an accident that may cause death, serious injury, or vehicle damage.

- The brightness of the instrument panel illumination is displayed.
- If the brightness reaches to the maximum or minimum level, a chime will sound.

Gauges and meters

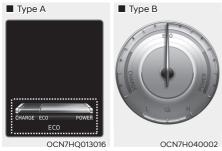
Speedometer





The speedometer indicates the speed of the vehicle and is calibrated in kilometers per hour (km/h) and/or mi. per hour (MPH).

Power gauge



The power gauge indicates whether the current driving condition is fuel efficient or not.

- CHARGE: Shows that the energy made by the vehicle is being converted to electrical energy. (Regenerated energy)
- ECO: Shows that the vehicle is being driven in an Eco-friendly manner.
- POWER: Shows that the vehicle is exceeding the Eco-friendly range.

Hybrid battery SOC (State of Charge) gauge



OCN7H043026



This gauge indicates the remaining hybrid battery power. If the SOC is near the "0 or L (Low)" level, the vehicle automatically operates the engine to charge the battery.

However, if the Service Indicator ((A)) and Malfunction Indicator Lamp (MIL) ((C)) turn on when the SOC gauge is near the "0 or L (Low)" level, we recommend the vehicle be checked by an authorized HYUNDAI dealer.

NOTICE

Never try to start the vehicle if the fuel tank is empty. In this condition, the engine cannot charge the high voltage battery of the hybrid system. If you try to start the vehicle when the fuel is empty, the high voltage battery will become discharged and be damaged.

Fuel Gauge

chapter 4.



OCN7043104L



This gauge indicates the approximate amount of fuel remaining in the fuel tank.

Refer to "View Modes" section in

i Information

- The fuel tank capacity is given in chapter 2.
- The fuel gauge is supplemented by a low fuel warning light, which will illuminate when the fuel tank is nearly empty.
- The fuel gauge increases when refueling more than 6 liters (1.6 gallons).
- On inclines or curves, the fuel gauge pointer may fluctuate or the low fuel warning light may come on earlier than usual due to the movement of fuel in the tank.

Λ C

CAUTION

If the shift gear is not P (Park) or N (Neutral) during refueling, the refueling may not be recognized and the fuel amount and distance to empty may be displayed abnormally. (for dual clutch transmission)



WARNING

Running out of fuel can expose vehicle occupants to danger.

You must stop and obtain additional fuel as soon as possible after the warning light comes on or when the gauge indicator comes close to the "O or E (Empty)" level.

NOTICE

Avoid driving with an extremely low fuel level. Running out of fuel could cause the engine to misfire damaging the catalytic converter.

Outside Temperature Gauge





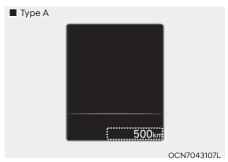
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- The outside temperature on the display may not immediately change like a general thermometer not to distract the driver.
- The temperature unit (from °C to °F or from °F to °C) can be changed by 'Unit → Setting → Temperature unit' from the instrument cluster or 'Setting → General → Unit → Temperature unit' from the infotainment system.

The temperature unit can also be changed by pressing the AUTO button for 3 seconds while pressing the OFF button of the heater or air conditioner.

This gauge indicates the current outside air temperatures either in Celsius (°C) or Fahrenheit.

Odometer





The odometer indicates the total distance that the vehicle has been driven and should be used to determine when periodic maintenance should be performed.

Distance to empty





- The distance to empty is the estimated distance the vehicle can be driven with the remaining fuel.
- If the estimated distance is below 1 km (1 mi.), the trip computer will display "---" as distance to empty.

CAUTION

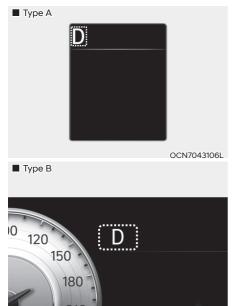
If the shift gear is not P (Park) or N (Neutral) during refueling, the refueling may not be recognized and the fuel amount and distance to empty may be displayed abnormally. (for dual clutch transmission)

i Information

- If the vehicle is not on level ground or the battery power has been interrupted, the distance to empty function may not operate correctly.
- The distance to empty may differ from the actual driving distance as it is an estimate of the available driving distance.
- The distance to empty and fuel amount increases when refueling more than 6 liters (1.6 gallons).
- The distance to empty may vary significantly based on driving conditions, driving habits, and condition of the vehicle.

Transmission shift indicator Dual clutch transmission shift

Dual clutch transmission shift indicator



This indicator displays which shift lever position is selected.

Warning and indicator lights



attention.

Make sure that all warning lights are OFF after starting the engine. If any light is still ON, this indicates a situation that needs

Ready indicator

READY

This indicator illuminates:

- When the vehicle is ready to be driven.
 - ON: Normal driving is possible.
 - OFF: Normal driving is not possible, or a problem has occurred.
 - Blinking: Emergency driving.

When the ready indicator goes OFF or blinks, there is a problem with the system. If this occurs, we recommend that you have the vehicle inspected by an authorized HYUNDAI dealer.

EV mode indicator

EV

This indicator illuminates:

When the vehicle is driven by the electric motor.

Accordance to the power gauge area the "EV" indicator comes on or off.

- "EV" indicator ON: Vehicle is driven using the electric motor or the gasoline engine is stopped.
- "EV" indicator OFF: Vehicle is driven using the gasoline engine.

Service warning light



This warning light illuminates:

- When you set the ignition switch to the ON position.
 - The service warning light illuminates for approximately 3 seconds and then turns off when all checks have been performed.
- When there is a problem with the hybrid vehicle control system or hardware.

When the warning light illuminates while driving, or does not go OFF after starting the vehicle, we recommend that you have the vehicle inspected by an authorized HYUNDAI dealer.

Air bag warning light



This warning light illuminates:

- When you set the ignition switch to the ON position.
 - It illuminates for approximately 6 seconds and then goes off.
- When there is a malfunction with the SRS.
- In this case, we recommend that you have the vehicle inspected by an authorized HYUNDAI dealer.

Seat belt warning light



This warning light informs the driver that the seat belt is not fastened.

For more details, refer to "Seat Belts" in chapter 3.

Parking Brake warning light



This warning light illuminates:

- When you set the ignition switch to the ON position.
 - It illuminates for approximately 3 seconds
 - It remains on if the parking brake is applied.
- · When the parking brake is applied.
- When the brake fluid level in the reservoir is low.
 - If the warning light illuminates with the parking brake released, it indicates the brake fluid level in the reservoir is low.

If the brake fluid level in the reservoir is low:

- 1. Drive carefully to the nearest safe location and stop your vehicle.
- 2. With the engine stopped, check the brake fluid level immediately and add fluid as required (For more details, refer to "Brake Fluid" in chapter 9). After adding brake fluid, check all brake components for fluid leaks. If a brake fluid leak is found, or if the warning light remains on, or if the brakes do not operate properly, do not drive the vehicle. We recommend that you have the vehicle inspected by an authorized HYUNDAI dealer.

Dual-diagonal braking system

Your vehicle is equipped with dualdiagonal braking systems. This means you still have braking on two wheels even if one of the dual systems should fail.

With only one of the dual systems working, more than normal pedal travel and greater pedal pressure are required to stop the vehicle.

Also, the vehicle will not stop in as short a distance with only a portion of the brake system working.

If the brakes fail while you are driving, shift to a lower gear for additional engine braking and stop the vehicle as soon as it is safe to do so.



WARNING

Parking Brake warning light

Driving the vehicle with a warning light ON is dangerous. If the Parking Brake warning light illuminates with the parking brake released, it indicates that the brake fluid level is low.

In this case, we recommend that you have the vehicle inspected by an authorized HYUNDAI dealer.

Regenerative brake warning light



This warning light illuminates:

When the regenerative brake does not operate and the brake does not perform well. This causes the Brake Warning light (red) and Regenerative Brake Warning Light (yellow) to illuminate simultaneously.

If this occurs, drive safely and we recommend that you have the vehicle inspected by an authorized HYUNDAI dealer.

The operation of the brake pedal may be more difficult than normal and the braking distance may increase.

Anti-lock Brake System (ABS) Warning Light



This warning light illuminates:

- When you place the ignition switch to the ON position.
 - The ABS warning light illuminates for about 3 seconds and then turns off
- Whenever there is a malfunction with the ABS.

Note that the hydraulic braking system will still be operational even if there is a malfunction with the ABS.

Electronic Brake Force Distribution System Warning Light





These two warning lights illuminate at the same time while driving:

 When the ABS and regular brake system may not work normally.
 In this case, we recommend that you have the vehicle inspected by an authorized HYUNDAI dealer.

! WARNING

Electronic Brake Force Distribution System Warning Light

When both ABS and Parking Brake warning lights are on, the brake system will not work normally and you may experience an unexpected and dangerous situation during sudden braking.

In this case, avoid high speed driving and abrupt braking.

We recommend you have the vehicle inspected by an authorized HYUNDAI dealer as soon as possible.

i Information

Electronic Brake Force Distribution System Warning Light

When the ABS Warning Light is on or both ABS and Parking Brake warning lights are on, the speedometer, odometer, or tripmeter may not work. Also, the MDPS Warning Light may illuminate and the steering effort may increase or decrease.

In this case, we recommend you have the vehicle inspected by an authorized HYUNDAI dealer as soon as possible.

Electronic Parking Brake (EPB) warning light (if equipped)

EPB

This warning light illuminates:

- When you set the ignition switch to the ON position.
 - It illuminates for approximately 3 seconds and then goes off.
- When there is a malfunction with the EPB.

In this case, we recommend that you have the vehicle inspected by an authorized HYUNDAI dealer.

Information

The Electronic Parking Brake (EPB) Warning Light may illuminate when the Electronic Stability control (ESC) Indicator Light comes on to indicate that the ESC is not working properly (This does not indicate malfunction of the EPB).

AUTO HOLD Indicator Light (if equipped)

AUTO HOLD

This indicator light illuminates:

- White: When you activate the auto hold system by pressing the AUTO HOLD button.
- Green: When you stop the vehicle completely by depressing the brake pedal with the auto hold system activated.
- Yellow: When there is a malfunction with the auto hold system.
- In this case, we recommend that you have the vehicle inspected by an authorized HYUNDAI dealer.

For more details, refer to "Auto Hold" in chapter 6.

Motor Driven Power Steering (MDPS) warning light



This warning light illuminates:

- When you set the ignition switch to the ON position.
 - It illuminates for approximately 3 seconds and then goes off.
- When there is a malfunction with the MDPS.

In this case, we recommend that you have the vehicle inspected by an authorized HYUNDAI dealer.

Malfunction Indicator Lamp (MIL)



This warning light illuminates:

- When you set the ignition switch to the ON position.
 - It illuminates for approximately 3 seconds and then goes off.
- When there is a malfunction with the emission control system.

In this case, we recommend that you have the vehicle inspected by an authorized HYUNDAI dealer.

NOTICE

Driving with the Malfunction Indicator Lamp (MIL) on may cause damage to the emission control system which could affect drivability and/or fuel economy.



CAUTION

(MIL) illuminates, potential catalytic converter damage is possible which could result in loss of engine power. In this case, we recommend that you have the vehicle inspected by an authorized HYUNDAI dealer as soon as possible.

If the Malfunction Indicator Lamp

Exhaust system (GPF) warning light (for gasoline engine, if equipped)



- This warning light illuminates, when accumulated soot reaches a certain amount.
- When this warning light illuminates, it may turn off after driving the vehicle at more than 80 km/h (50 mph) for about 30 minutes (above 3rd gear with 1500-4000 engine RPM).
 If this warning light blinks in spite of the procedure (at this time cluster display warning message will be displayed), we recommend that you have the GPF system checked by an authorized HYUNDAI dealer.

NOTICE

If you continue to drive with the GPF warning light blinking for a long time, the GPF system can be damaged and fuel consumption can worsen.

Forward Safety warning light (if equipped)



This warning light illuminates:

- When you set the ignition switch to the ON position.
 - The Forward Safety warning light illuminates for approximately 3 seconds and then goes off.
- Continuously Yellow: When Forward safety of Forward Collision-Avoidance Assist is Deselected/Disabled/ Malfunction.

The indicator light blinks:

 Red: When Forward safety of Forward Collision-Avoidance Assist is operating.

If this occurs, we recommend that you have the vehicle inspected by an authorized HYUNDAI dealer as soon as possible.

For more details, refer to "Forward Collision-Avoidance Assist (FCA)" in chapter 7.

Lane Safety indicator light (if equipped)



This indicator light illuminates:

- Green: When Lane Keeping Assist operating conditions are satisfied.
- Grey: When Lane Keeping Assist operating conditions are not satisfied.
- Yellow: Whenever there is Deselected/ Disabled/Malfunction with Lane Keeping Assist.
- Yellow: Whenever there is Disabled/ Malfunction with Lane Keeping Assist. (for Mexico and Israel)

If the yellow warning light remains on after the sensor has been uncovered or unblocked when Lane Safety is set, we recommend that your vehicle be inspected by an authorized HYUNDAI dealer.

The indicator light blinks:

• Green: When Lane Keeping Assist is operating.

For more details, refer to "Lane Keeping Assist (LKA)" in chapter 7.

Driver Attention Warning light (if equipped)



This indicator light illuminates:

- When you set the ignition switch or Engine Start/Stop button to the ON position.
- Yellow: When Driver Attention Warning is disabled or a malfunction is detected

If the yellow indicator light remains on after the front view camera has been uncovered or unblocked, we recommend that your vehicle be inspected by an authorized HYUNDAI dealer.

This indicator light blinks:

 Yellow: Driver Attention Warning recommends to take a break

For more details, refer to "Driver Attention Warning (DAW)" in chapter 7.

Charging System Warning Light



When the battery is not being charged while the engine is running. Immediately turn OFF all electrical accessories. Try not to use electrically operated controls, such as the power windows. Keep the engine running.

We recommend that you have the vehicle inspected by an authorized HYUNDAI dealer as soon as possible.

Engine oil pressure warning light



This warning light illuminates:

When the engine oil pressure is low.

If the engine oil pressure is low:

- 1. Drive carefully to the nearest safe location and stop your vehicle.
- Turn the engine off and check the engine oil level (For more details, refer to "Engine Oil" in chapter 9). If the level is low, add oil as required.
 If the warning light remains on after adding oil or if oil is not available, we recommend that you have the vehicle inspected by an authorized HYUNDAI dealer as soon as possible.

Continued driving with the warning light on may cause engine failure.

i Information

When engine oil pressure decreases due to insufficient engine oil, etc., the Engine Oil Pressure warning light will illuminate. In addition, the enhanced engine protection system which limits engine power will be activated (Smartstream G1.6 T-GDi). when the engine oil pressure is restored, the warning light and the enhanced engine protection system will turn off after the engine is restarted.

NOTICE

If the engine does not stop immediately after the Engine Oil Pressure Warning Light is illuminated, severe damage could result.

Low Fuel Level Warning Light



This warning light illuminates:

When the fuel tank is nearly empty.
 Add fuel as soon as possible.

NOTICE

Driving with the Low Fuel Level warning light on or with the fuel level below "E(Empty) or 0" can cause the engine to misfire and damage the catalytic converter (if equipped).

Over speed warning light (if equipped)

120 km/h

This warning light blinks:

- When you drive the vehicle more than 120 km/h.
 - This is to prevent you from driving your vehicle with overspeed.
 - The overspeed warning chime also sound for approximately 5 seconds.

Master warning light



This warning light illuminates:

- When there is a malfunction in operation in any of the following systems:
 - Forward Collision-Avoidance Assist malfunction
 - Blind-Spot Collision-Avoidance Assist malfunction (if equipped)
 - Blind-Spot Collision-Avoidance Assist radar blocked (if equipped)
 - Smart Cruise Control malfunction (if equipped)
 - Smart Cruise Control radar blocked (if equipped)
 - LED head lamp malfunction (if equipped)
 - High Beam Assist malfunction (if equipped)

To identify the details of the warning, look at the instrument cluster.

Low tire pressure warning light



This warning light illuminates:

- When you set the ignition switch to the ON position.
 - It illuminates for approximately 3 seconds and then goes off.
- When one or more of your tires are significantly underinflated (The location of the underinflated tires are displayed on the cluster display).

For more details, refer to "Tire Pressure Monitoring System (TPMS)" in chapter 8.

This warning light remains on after blinking for approximately 60 seconds or repeatedly blinks on and off at approximately 3 second intervals:

When there is a malfunction with the TPMS.

In this case, we recommend that you have the vehicle inspected by an authorized HYUNDAI dealer as soon as possible.

For more details, refer to "Tire Pressure Monitoring System (TPMS)" in chapter 8.

MARNING

Safe Stopping

- The TPMS cannot alert you to severe and sudden tire damage caused by external factors.
- If you notice any vehicle instability, immediately take your foot off the accelerator pedal, apply the brakes gradually with light force, and slowly move to a safe position off the road.

Electronic Stability Control Indicator Light



This indicator light illuminates:

- When you set the ignition switch to the ON position.
 - It illuminates for approximately 3 seconds and then goes off.
- When there is a malfunction with the ESC system.

In this case, we recommend that you have the vehicle inspected by an authorized HYUNDAI dealer.

This indicator light blinks:

While the ESC is operating.

For more details, refer to "Electronic Stability Control (ESC)" in chapter 6.

Electronic Stability Control OFF Indicator Light



This indicator light illuminates:

- When you set the ignition switch to the ON position.
 - It illuminates for approximately 3 seconds and then goes off.
- When you deactivate the ESC system by pressing the ESC OFF button.

For more details, refer to "Electronic Stability Control (ESC)" in chapter 6.

Immobilizer Indicator Light (without smart key) (if equipped)



This indicator light illuminates:

- When the vehicle detects the immobilizer in the key with the ignition switch in the ON position.
 - At this time, you can start the engine.
 - The indicator light goes off after starting the engine.

This indicator light blinks:

When there is a malfunction with the immobilizer system.

In this case, we recommend that you have the vehicle inspected by an authorized HYUNDAI dealer.

Immobilizer Indicator Light (with smart key) (if equipped)



This indicator light illuminates for up to 30 seconds:

- When the vehicle detects the smart key in the vehicle with the Engine Start/Stop button in the ACC or ON position.
 - At this time, you can start the engine.
 - The indicator light goes off after starting the engine.

This indicator light blinks for a few seconds:

- When the smart key is not in the vehicle.
 - At this time, you cannot start the engine

This indicator light illuminates for 2 seconds and goes off:

 If the smart key is in the vehicle and the Engine Start/Stop button is ON, but the vehicle cannot detect the smart key.

In this case, we recommend that you have the vehicle inspected by an authorized HYUNDAI dealer.

This indicator light blinks:

When there is a malfunction with the immobilizer system.

In this case, we recommend that you have the vehicle inspected by an authorized HYUNDAI dealer.

Turn Signal Indicator Light



This indicator light blinks:

- When you operate the turn signals.
 If any of the following occur, there may be a malfunction with the turn signal system.
 - The turn signal indicator light illuminates but does not blink
 - The turn signal indicator light blinks rapidly
 - The turn signal indicator light does not illuminate at all

If any of these conditions occur, we recommend that you have your vehicle inspected by an authorized HYUNDAI dealer.

Low Beam Indicator Light (if equipped)



This indicator light illuminates:

When the headlights are on.

High Beam Indicator Light



This indicator light illuminates:

- When the headlights are on and in the high beam position.
- When the turn signal lever is pulled into the Flash-to-Pass position.

High Beam Assist indicator light (if equipped)



This indicator light illuminates:

When the high-beam is on with the light switch in the AUTO light position.

- White: When High Beam Assist is ready to operate.
- Green: When High Beam Assist is operating.

If your vehicle detects oncoming or preceding vehicles, High Beam Assist will switch the high beam to low beam automatically.

For more details, refer to "High Beam Assist (HBA)" in chapter 5.

Exterior Light Warning Light (if equipped)



This warning light illuminates:

 When one of the exterior bulbs (headlight, DRL, turn signal lamp, stop lamp, etc) is not operating properly.
 One of the bulbs may need to be replaced.

i Information

Make sure to replace the burned out bulb with a new one of the same wattage rating.

LED headlight warning light (if equipped)



This warning light illuminates:

- When you set the Engine Start/Stop button to the ON position.
 - The LED headlight warning light illuminates for approximately 3 seconds and then goes off.
- Whenever there is a malfunction with the LED headlight.

If this occurs, we recommend that you have your vehicle inspected by an authorized HYUNDAI dealer.

NOTICE

Continuous driving with the LED Headlight warning light on or blinking can reduce LED headlight life.

Light ON indicator light



This indicator light illuminates:

 When the tail lights or headlights are on.

Rear Fog Indicator Light (if equipped)



This indicator light illuminates:

· When the rear fog lights are on.

Cruise Indicator Light (if equipped)

This indicator light illuminates:

When the cruise control system is enabled.

For more details, refer to "Cruise Control (CC)" in chapter 7.

SPORT Mode Indicator Light (if equipped)

SPORT

This indicator light illuminates:

 When you select "SPORT" mode as drive mode.

For more details, refer to "Drive Mode Integrated Control System" in chapter 6.

ECO Mode Indicator Light (if equipped)



This indicator light illuminates:

 When you select "ECO" mode as drive mode.

For more details, refer to "Drive Mode Integrated Control System" in chapter 6.

SMART Mode Indicator Light (if equipped)

SMART

This indicator light illuminates:

 When you select "SMART" mode as drive mode.

For more details, refer to "Drive Mode Integrated Control System" in chapter 6.

Icy Road Warning Light (if equipped)



This indicator light illuminates:

This warning light is to warn the driver the road may be icy.

When the temperature on the outside temperature gauge is approximately below 4°C (40°F), the Icy Road Warning Light and Outside Temperature Gauge blinks and then illuminates. Also, the warning chime sounds 1 time.

The Icy Road Warning function can be activated or deactivated from the User Settings mode in the instrument cluster.

i Information

If the icy road warning light appears while driving, you should drive more attentively and safely, refraining from over-speeding, rapid acceleration, sudden braking or sharp turning, etc.

Cluster display messages Key not in vehicle (for smart key system)

This warning message is displayed if the smart key is not in the vehicle when you open or close door in the ACC position or ON position. The warning sound is heard when you close door without a smart key in vehicle.

When attempting to start the vehicle always have the smart key with you.

Key not detected (for smart key system)

This warning message is displayed if the smart key is not detected when you press the Engine Start/Stop button.

Press START button with key (for smart key system)

This warning message is displayed if you press the Engine Start/Stop button while the warning message "Key not detected" is displayed.

At this time, the immobilizer indicator light blinks.

Press START button again (for smart key system)

This message is displayed if you were unable to start the vehicle when the Engine Start/Stop button was pressed.

If this occurs, attempt to start the engine by pressing the Engine Start/Stop button again.

If the warning message appears each time you press the Engine Start/Stop button, we recommend that you have your vehicle inspected by an authorized HYUNDAL dealer.

Low Key Battery (for smart key system)

This warning message is displayed if the battery of the smart key is discharged while changing the Engine Start/Stop button to the OFF position.

Shift to P (for smart key system and dual clutch transmission)

This warning message is displayed if you try to turn off the engine without the shift lever in P (Park) position.

At this time, the Engine Start/Stop button turns to the ACC position (If you press the Engine Start/Stop button once more, it will turn to the ON position).

Press brake pedal to start engine (for smart key system and dual clutch transmission)

This warning message is displayed if the Engine Start/Stop button changes to the ACC position twice by pressing the button repeatedly without depressing the brake pedal.

You can start the vehicle by depressing the brake pedal.

12 V battery discharging due toadditional electrical devices

This message is displayed if the 12 Vbattery voltage is weak due to anynon-factory electrical accessories (ex.dashboard camera) while parking. Becareful that the battery is not discharged. If the message appears after removing the non-factory electrical accessories, we recommend that you have the vehicle inspected by an authorized HYUNDAI dealer.

Press START button again (for smart key system)

This message is displayed if you were unable to start the vehicle when the Engine Start/Stop button was pressed.

If this occurs, attempt to start the engine by pressing the Engine Start/ Stop button again.

If the warning message appears each time you press the Engine Start/Stop button, we recommend that you have your vehicle inspected by an authorized HYUNDAI dealer.

Check BRAKE SWITCH fuse (for smart key system and dual clutch transmission)

This warning message is displayed if the brake switch fuse is disconnected.

You need to replace the fuse with a new one. If that is not possible, you can start the engine by pressing the Engine Start/Stop button for 10 seconds in the ACC position.

Shift to P or N to start engine (for smart key system and dual clutch transmission)

This warning message is displayed if you try to start the engine with the shift lever not in the P (Park) or N (Neutral) position.



Information

You can start the engine with the shift lever in the N (Neutral) position. But, for your safety, we recommend that you start the engine with the shift lever in the P (Park) position.

12 V battery discharging due to external electrical devices (if equipped)

This message is displayed if the 12 V battery voltage is weak due to any non-factory electrical accessories (for example, dashboard camera) while parking. Be careful that the battery is not discharged.

If the warning message appears after removing the non-factory electrical accessories, we recommend that you have the vehicle inspected by an authorized HYUNDAI dealer.

Door, Hood, Trunk open indicator



OCN7040017

This warning is displayed indicating which door, or hood, or trunk is open.



CAUTION

Before driving the vehicle, you should confirm that the door/hood/trunk are fully closed. Also, check there is no door/hood/trunk open warning light or message displayed on the instrument cluster.

Sunroof open indicator (if equipped)



This warning is displayed if you turn off the engine when the sunroof is open. Close the sunroof securely when leaving

Instrument panel illumination

your vehicle.



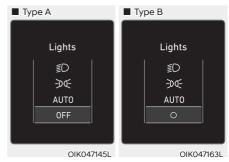
OCN7040019L

You can adjust the brightness of the instrument panel illumination form the User Settings Mode on the cluster display when the ignition switch is on (Lights → illumination). When the vehicle's parking lights or headlights are on, interior switch illumination intensity and mood lamps are also adjusted.

Information

The infotainment system may change after software updates. For more information, refer to the manual provided in the infotainment system and the quick reference guide.

Lights mode



This indicator displays which exterior light is selected using the lighting control.

Wiper mode



This indicator displays which wiper speed is selected using the wiper control.

Low pressure (if equipped)



OCN7040026L

This warning message is displayed if the tire pressure is low. The corresponding tire on the vehicle will be illuminated.

For more details, refer to "Tire Pressure Monitoring System (TPMS)" in chapter 8.

Heated Steering Wheel turned off (if equipped)

This message is displayed if you turn off the heated steering wheel.

For more details, refer to "Steering wheel heater" in chapter 5.

Low washer fluid (if equipped)

This warning message is displayed if the washer fluid level in the reservoir is nearly empty.

Have the washer fluid reservoir refilled.

Low fuel

This warning message is displayed if the fuel tank is almost out of fuel.

When this message is displayed, the low fuel level warning light in the cluster will come on.

It is recommended to look for the nearest fueling station and refuel as soon as possible.

Engine Overheated (if equipped)

This warning message is displayed when the engine coolant temperature is above 120°C (248°F). This means that the engine is overheated and may be damaged.

If your vehicle is overheated, refer to "Overheating" in chapter 8.

Check exhaust system (if equipped)

This message is displayed if there is a problem with the GPF system. At this time, the GPF warning light will also blink. If this occurs, we recommend that you have the GPF system checked by an authorized HYUNDAI dealer.

GPF: Gasoline Particulate Filter

Check headlight (if equipped)

This warning message is displayed if the headlights are not operating properly.

In addition, if a specific lamp (turn signal lamp etc.) is not operating properly, the warning message according to a specific lamp (turn signal lamp etc.) is displayed. A corresponding bulb may need to be replaced.

Make sure to replace the burned out bulb with a new one of the same wattage rating.

Check headlight (Low) (if equipped)

This warning message is displayed if the headlight (Low) are not operating properly.

In addition, if a specific lamp (turn signal lamp etc.) is not operating properly, the warning message according to a specific lamp (turn signal lamp etc.) is displayed. A corresponding bulb may need to be replaced.

Make sure to replace the burned out bulb with a new one of the same wattage rating

Check turn signal (if equipped)

This warning message is displayed if the turn signal lamps are not operating properly. A lamp may need to be replaced.

Make sure to replace the burned out bulb with a new one of the same wattage rating.

Check brake light (if equipped)

This warning message is displayed if the stop lamps are not operating properly. A lamp may need to be replaced.

Make sure to replace the burned out bulb with a new one of the same wattage rating.

Check daytime running light (if equipped)

This warning message is displayed if the daytime running lights are not operating properly. A lamp may need to be replaced.

Make sure to replace the burned out bulb with a new one of the same wattage rating.

Check high mounted stop lamp (if equipped)

This warning message is displayed if the high mounted stop lamp are not operating properly. A lamp may need to be replaced.

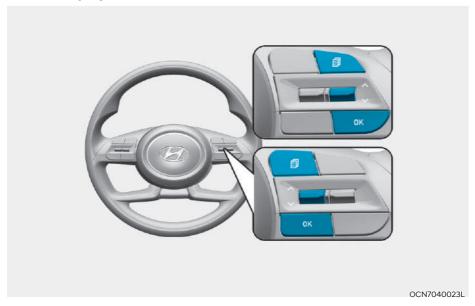
Make sure to replace the burned out bulb with a new one of the same wattage rating.

Check headlight LED (if equipped)

This warning message is displayed if there is a problem with the LED headlight. We recommend that you have the vehicle inspected by an authorized HYUNDAI dealer.

CLUSTER DISPLAY (TYPE A)

Cluster display control



The cluster display modes can be changed by using the control switches.

- (1) **[1]**: MODE button for changing modes
- (2) \wedge , \vee : MOVE switch for changing items
- (3) OK: SELECT/RESET button for setting or resetting the selected item

i Information

When the infotainment system is applied, only the User Settings mode on the infotainment system is supported but the User Settings mode on the instrument cluster is not supported.

Cluster display modes

| Modes | Symbol | Explanation |
|-----------------------|-----------|--|
| Driving Assist | | Lane Keeping AssistSmart Cruise ControlLane Following Assist |
| Trip Computer | | This mode displays driving information such as the tripmeter, fuel economy, etc. For more details, refer to "Trip Computer" in this chapter. |
| Turn By Turn (TBT) | r | This mode displays the state of the navigation. |
| User Settings | \$ | In this mode, you can change settings of the doors, lamps, etc. |
| Warning | <u> </u> | This mode displays warning messages related to the lamp m alfunction, etc. Tire pressure information |

The information provided may differ depending on which functions are applicable to your vehicle.

Trip computer group



OCN7043100L

The trip computer group displays information related to vehicle driving parameters including fuel economy, tripmeter information and vehicle speed. For more details, refer to "Trip Computer" in this chapter.

Turn By Turn (TBT) group



This group displays the state of the navigation.

Driving Assist group



LKA/SCC

This group displays the state of Lane Keeping Assist and Smart Cruise Control. For more details, refer to each function information in chapter 7.

Master warning group



This warning light informs the driver the following situations.

- Forward Collision-Avoidance Assist system malfunction (if equipped)
- Forward Collision-Avoidance Assist radar blocked (if equipped)
- Blind-Spot Collision-Avoidance Assist system malfunction (if equipped)
- Blind-Spot Collision-Avoidance Assist radar blocked (if equipped)
- Lamp malfunction (if equipped)
- High Beam Assist malfunction (if equipped)
- Smart Cruise Control malfunction (if equipped)
- Tire Pressure Monitoring System malfunction (if equipped)

The Master Warning Light illuminates if one or more of the above warning situations occur.

At this time, a Master Warning icon (介) will appear beside the User Settings icon(�), on the cluster display.

If the warning situation is solved, the master warning light will be turned off and the Master Warning icon will disappear.



Tire Pressure

This mode displays information related to Tire Pressure.

For more details, refer to "Tire Pressure Monitoring System (TPMS)" in chapter 8.

User settings mode



In this mode, you can change the settings of the instrument cluster, doors, lamps, etc.

- 1. Driver assistance
- 2. Cluster
- 3. Lights
- 4. Door
- 5. Convenience
- 6. Units
- 7. Language
- 8. Reset

The information provided may differ depending on which functions are applicable to your vehicle.

Shift to P to edit settings/Engage parking brake to edit settings

This warning message illuminates if you try to select an item from the User Settings mode while driving.

Dual clutch transmission
 For your safety, change the User Settings after parking the vehicle, applying the parking brake and moving the shift level to P(Park).

Quick guide (Help)

This mode provides quick guides for the systems in the User Settings mode.

Select an item, press and hold the OK button.

For more details about each system, refer to this Owner's Manual.

i Information

When the infotainment system is applied, only the User Settings mode on the infotainment system is supported but the User Settings mode on the instrument cluster is not supported.

1. Driver Assistance

| Items | Explanation | |
|-----------------------------|--|--|
| Driving Convenience | Smart Cruise Control To set the Distance, Acceleration, Reaction Speed of Smart Cruise Control For more details, refer to the "Smart Cruise Control (SCC)" in chapter 7. | |
| Warning Methods | To adjust the warning methods of the driver assistance system. Warning Volume: High/Medium/Low Warning Volume: High/Medium/Low/Off (for Mexico and Israel) Haptic Warning (for Mexico and Israel) | |
| Driver Attention Warning | Leading Vehicle Departure Alert To activate or deactivate the Leading vehicle departure alert. For more details, refer to the "Driver Attention Warning (DAW)" in chapter 7. | |
| Driving Safety | Forward Safety To activate or deactivate the Forward Safety. Forward Safety Warning Timing To adjust the Forward Safety warning timing of the driver assistance system. For more details, refer to "Forward Collision-Avoidance Assist (FCA) (Sensor fusion)" in chapter 7. Lane Safety To activate or deactivate the Lane Safety. For more details, refer to "Lane Keeping Assist (LKA)" in chapter 7. Blind-Spot Safety To activate or deactivate the Blind-Spot Safety. For more details, refer to "Blind-Spot Collision-Avoidance Assist (BCA)" in chapter 7. Exit Safety To activate or deactivate the Exit Safety. For more details, refer to "Safe Exit Warning (SEW)" in chapter 7 | |

| Items | Explanation | |
|----------------|---|--|
| Parking Safety | Parking Distance Warning Auto ON To activate or deactivate Parking Distance Warning Auto On. For more details, refer to "Forward/Reverse Parking Distance Warning (PDW)" in chapter 7. Rear Cross-Traffic Safety To activate or deactivate Rear Cross-Traffic Safety. | |
| | For more details, refer to "Rear Cross-Traffic Collision-Avoidance | |
| | Assist(RCCA)" in chapter 7. | |

2. Cluster

| Items | Explanation |
|----------------------------------|--|
| Theme Selection | To activate or deactivate the service interval function. • CLASSIC A/CLASSIC B/CLASSIC C/CUBE |
| Wiper/Lights Display | When the wiper switch or light switch is operated while the wiper/light mode display function is set, the selected position is temporarily displayed on the cluster. When it is off, it doesn't show up. |
| Traffic Signs | To activate or deactivate the traffic information. When activated, the traffic information will be displayed on the cluster display. |
| Icy Road Warning | To activate or deactivate the icy road warning function. |
| Cluster Voice Guidance Volume | To adjust the cluster voice guidance volume. |
| Welcome Sound | To activate or deactivate the welcome sound. |

3. Lights

| Items | Explanation |
|--------------------------|--|
| Illumination | To adjust the illumination level. • Level 1-20 |
| One Touch Turn Signal | Off: The one touch turn signal function will be deactivated. 3, 5, 7 Flashes: The turn signal indicator will blink 3, 5, or 7 times when the turn signal lever is moved slightly. For more details, refer to "Exterior lights" in chapter 5. |
| Headlight Delay | To activate or deactivate the headlight delay function. For more details, refer to "Exterior lights" in chapter 5. |
| High Beam Assist | To activate or deactivate the High Beam Assist function. For more details, refer to "High beam assist (HBA)" in chapter 5. |

4. Door

| Items | Explanation | |
|---------------------|--|--|
| Auto Lock | Enable on Shift: All doors will be automatically locked if the dual clutch transmission shift lever is moved from the P (Park) position to the R (Reverse), N (Neutral), or D (Drive) position. (Only when the engine is running) Enable on Speed: All doors will be automatically locked when the vehicle speed exceeds 15km/h (9.3mph). Disable: The auto door lock operation will be deactivated. | |
| Auto Unlock | On Shift to P: All doors will be automatically unlocked if the dual clutch transmission shift lever is moved to P (Park) position. (Only when the engine is running) On key out/Vehicle Off: All doors will be automatically unlocked when the ignition key is removed from the ignition switch is set to the LOCK/OFF position. Disable: The auto door unlock operation will be canceled. | |
| Two Press Unlock | Off: The two press unlock function will be deactivated. Therefore, all doors will unlock if the door unlock button is pressed. On: Only the driver's door will unlock if the door unlock button is pressed. When the door unlock button is pressed again within 4 seconds, the remaining doors will unlock. | |
| Horn Feedback | To activate or deactivate the horn feedback. If the horn feedback is activated, after locking the door by pressing the lock button on the remote key, and pressing it again within 4 seconds, the horn feedback sound will operate once to indicate that all doors are locked (if equipped with remote key). | |
| Smart Trunk | To activate or deactivate the smart trunk. For more details, refer to "Smart trunk" in chapter 5. | |

5. Convenience

| Items | Explanation |
|--------------------------------|---|
| Seat Easy Access | Off: The seat easy access function is deactivated. Normal/Extended: When you turn off the engine, the driver's seat will automatically move rearward short (Normal) or long (Extended) for you to enter or exit the vehicle more comfortably. For more details, refer to "Integrated memory system" in chapter 5. |
| Rear Occupant Alert | To activate or deactivate the rear occupant alert system. For more details, refer to the "Rear Occupant Alert (ROA)" in chapter 5. |
| Service Interval | To activate or deactivate the service interval. When the 'Enable Service Interval' function is set, you can enter the mileage (km) and duration (months). |
| Welcome Mirror/Light | On door unlock: The outside rearview mirrors are unfolded and the welcome light turns on automatically when the doors are unlocked. On driver approach: The outside rearview mirrors are unfolded and the welcome light turns on automatically when the vehicle is approached with the smart key. For more details, refer to "Welcome system" in chapter 5. |
| Wireless Charging System | To activate or deactivate the wireless charging system in the front seat. For more details, refer to "Wireless cellular phone charging system" in chapter 5. |

6. Units

| Items | Explanation |
|--------------------------|---|
| Speed Unit (if equipped) | To select the speed unit. (km/h, MPH) |
| Temperature Unit | To select the temperature unit. (°C,°F) |
| Fuel Economy Unit | To select the fuel economy unit. (km/L, L/100km, MPG) |
| Tire Pressure Unit | To select the tire pressure unit. (psi, kPa, bar) |

7. Language (if equipped)

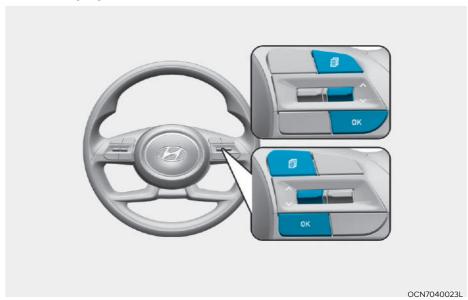
| Items | Explanation | |
|----------|---|--|
| Language | Choose the language. You can choose the language in infotainment syste m. (if equipped) | |

8. Reset

| Items | Explanation |
|-------|---|
| Reset | You can reset the menus in the User Settings Mode. All menus in the User Settings Mode are reset to factory settings, except language and service interval. |

CLUSTER DISPLAY (TYPE B)

Cluster display control



The cluster display modes can be changed by using the control switches.

| Switch | Operation | Function |
|-------------|--------------|---|
| 自 | Tap | MODE button for changing view modes |
| △, ∨ | Tap | MOVE switch for changing items |
| ОК | Тар | SELECT/RESET button for setting the selected item |
| | Tap and hold | SELECT/RESET button for retrieving assist information or rese tting the selected item |

i Information

When the infotainment system is applied, only the User Settings mode on the infotainment system is supported but the User Settings mode on the instrument cluster is not supported.

Cluster display modes

| Modes | Symbol | Explanation |
|-----------------------|-------------|--|
| Driving Assist | | Lane Keeping AssistSmart Cruise ControlLane Following Assist |
| Trip Computer | | This mode displays driving information such as the tripmeter, fuel economy, etc. For more details, refer to "Trip Computer" in this chapter. |
| Turn By Turn (TBT) | L | This mode displays the state of the navigation. |
| Warning | \triangle | This mode displays warning messages related to the lamp malfunction, tire pressure information & coolant temperature, etc. |

The information provided may differ depending on which functions are applicable to your vehicle.

Driving Assist group



SCC/HDA/LKA

This group displays the state of Smart Cruise Control, Lane Keeping Assist and Highway Driving Assist.

For more details, refer to each function information in chapter 7.

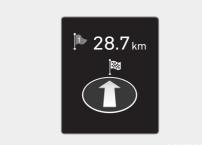
Trip computer group



The trip computer group displays information related to vehicle driving parameters including fuel economy, tripmeter information and vehicle speed.

For more details, refer to "Trip computer" in this chapter.

Turn By Turn (TBT) group



OCN7060149

This group displays the state of the navigation.

Master warning group



This warning light informs the driver the following situations.

- Forward Collision-Avoidance Assist system malfunction
- Forward Collision-Avoidance Assist radar blocked

- Blind-Spot Collision-Avoidance Assist system malfunction (if equipped)
- Blind-Spot Collision-Avoidance Assist radar blocked (if equipped)
- Lamp malfunction (if equipped)
- High Beam Assist malfunction (if equipped)
- Smart Cruise Control malfunction (if equipped)
- Tire Pressure Monitoring System malfunction (if equipped)

The Master Warning Light illuminates if one or more of the above warning situations occur.

At this time, a Master Warning icon (瓜) will appear beside the User Settings icon (喬), on the cluster display.

If the warning situation is solved, the master warning light will be turned off and the Master Warning icon will disappear.



Tire Pressure

This mode displays information related to Tire Pressure.

For more details, refer to "Tire pressure monitoring system (TPMS)" in chapter 8.



Coolant temperature

This mode displays information of coolant temperature.

Trip computer

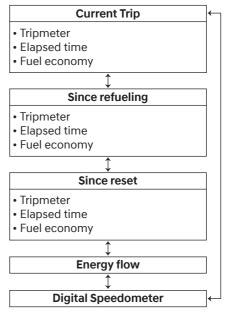
The trip computer is a microcomputercontrolled driver information system that displays information related to driving.



Information

Some driving information stored in the trip computer (for example Average Vehicle Speed) resets if the battery is disconnected.

Trip modes

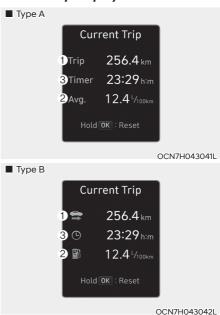




To change the trip mode, toggle the "\,\,\ " switch on the steering wheel.

Pressing the OK button for more than 1 second resets the displayed mode.

Current Trip display



This display shows the accumulated trip distance (1), the average fuel economy (2), and the total driving time (3).

The information is combined for each ignition cycle. However, when the engine has been OFF for 4 hours or longer the Drive Info screen will reset.

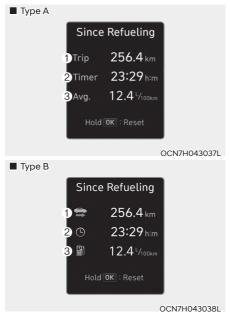
To manually reset the information, press and hold the OK button when viewing the Drive Info. The trip distance, the average fuel economy, and total driving time will reset simultaneously.

The driving information will continue to be counted while the engine is still running (for example, when the vehicle is in traffic or stopped at a stop light.)



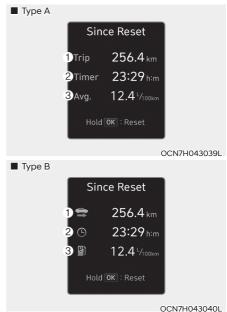
The vehicle must be driven for a minimum of 300 meters (0.19 mi.) since the last ignition key cycle before the average fuel economy will be recalculated.

Since refueling display



Trip distance (1), total driving time (2) and average energy consumption (3) after the vehicle has been recharged are displayed. To reset manually, press the OK button on the steering wheel for more than 1 second when 'Since refueling' is displayed.

Since reset display



This display shows the accumulated trip distance (1), the total driving time (2) and average energy consumption(3).

The information is accumulated starting from the last reset.

To manually reset the information, press and hold the OK button when viewing the Accumulated driving info. The trip distance, the average fuel economy, and total driving time will reset simultaneously.

The accumulated driving information will continue to be counted while the engine is still running (for example, when the vehicle is in traffic or stopped at a stop light).x



The vehicle must be driven for a minimum of 300 meters (0.19 mi.) since the last ignition key cycle before the average fuel economy will be recalculated.

Energy flow



This mode displays the engine status for each area, such as the power transmission status of the hybrid system according to the driving condition, starting and accelerating, constant speed driving, and deceleration.

For more details, refer to "Energy flow" in chapter 1.

Digital speedometer



This message shows the speed of the vehicle (km/h, MPH).

VEHICLE SETTINGS (INFOTAINMENT SYSTEM)

Vehicle Settings in the infotainment system provides user options for a variety of settings including door lock/ unlock features, convenience features, driver assistance settings, etc.

Vehicle Settings menu

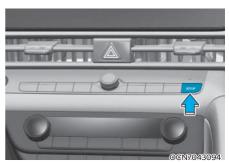
- · Driver Assistance
- Cluster
- Climate
- Seat
- Lights
- Door
- Convenience

These options may differ depending on which functions are available on your vehicle.



Do not operate the Vehicle Settings while driving. This may cause distraction resulting in an accident.

SETTING YOUR VEHICLE



- 1. Press the SETUP button on the main keyboard.
- 2. Select Vehicle to change the Vehicle Settings.

The infotainment system may change after software updates. For more information, refer to the manual provided in the infotainment system and the quick reference quide.

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ACCESSING YOUR VEHICLE

Remote key (if equipped)





Your HYUNDAI uses a remote key, which you can use to lock or unlock a door (and trunk).

- 1. Door Lock
- 2. Door Unlock
- 3. Trunk Unlock
- 4. Panic

Locking

To lock:

- 1. Close all doors, engine hood and trunk.
- 2. Press the Door Lock button (1) on the remote key.
- The doors will lock. The hazard warning lights will blink. Also, the outside rearview mirror will fold, if Convenience > Welcome mirror/ light > On door unlock is selected from the User Settings mode on the Cluster display.
 - For more details, refer to "Cluster display (Type A)" in chapter 4.
- 4. Make sure the doors are locked by checking the position of the door lock button inside the vehicle.



WARNING

Do not leave the keys in your vehicle with unsupervised children. Unattended children could place the key in the ignition switch and may operate power windows or other controls, or even make the vehicle move, which could result in serious injury or death.

Unlocking (When the Two Press Unlock feature is off)

To unlock:

- Press the Door Unlock button (2) on the remote key.
- The doors will unlock. The hazard warning lights will blink two times. Also, the outside rearview mirror will unfold, if Convenience > Welcome mirror/light > On door unlock is selected from the User Settings mode on the Cluster display (if equipped).
 For more details, refer to "Cluster display (Type A)" in chapter 4.

Unlocking (When the Two Press Unlock feature is on)

To unlock:

- Press the Door Unlock button (2) on the remote key.
- The driver's door will unlock. The hazard warning lights will blink two times.
 - Two press unlock setting:
 If you press the Door Unlock button on the remote key again within four seconds, then all the doors will unlock. Two press unlock setting can be changed according to owner's preference in the cluster User Settings mode.
 - User settings mode method:
 Select or deselect 'Door > Two Press Unlock' on the cluster.

For more details, refer to "Cluster display (Type A)" in chapter 4.



Information

After unlocking the doors, the doors will lock automatically after 30 seconds unless a door is opened.

Trunk unlocking

To unlock:

- Press the Trunk Unlock button (3) on the remote key for more than one second.
- The hazard warning lights will blink two times. Once the trunk is opened and then closed, the trunk will lock automatically.

i Information

- After unlocking the trunk, the trunk will lock automatically.
- The word "HOLD" is written on the button to inform you that you must press and hold the button for more than one second.

Panic button (if equipped)

Press and hold the Panic button (4) for more than one second. The horn sounds and hazard warning lights flash for about 30 seconds. To cancel the panic mode, press any button on the remote key.

Start-up

For detailed information refer to "Key Ignition Switch" in chapter 6.

NOTICE

To prevent damaging the remote key:

- Keep the remote key away from water or any liquid and fire. If the inside of the remote key gets damp (due to drinks or moisture), or is heated, internal circuit may malfunction, excluding the car from the warranty.
- Avoid dropping or throwing the remote key.
- Protect the remote key from extreme temperatures.

Mechanical key



If the remote key does not operate normally, you can lock or unlock the door by using the mechanical key.

To unfold the key, press the release button then the key will unfold automatically.

To fold the key, fold the key manually while pressing the release button.

NOTICE

Do not fold the key without pressing the release button. This may damage the key.

Remote key precautions

The remote key will not work if any of the following occur:

- The key is in the ignition switch.
- You exceed the operating distance limit (about 10 m (30 ft.)).
- The remote key battery is weak.
- Other vehicles or objects may be blocking the signal.
- The weather is extremely cold.
- The remote key is close to a radio transmitter such as a radio station or an airport which can interfere with normal operation of the remote key.

When the remote key does not work correctly, open and close the door with the mechanical key. If you have a problem with the remote key, it is recommended that you contact an authorized HYUNDAI dealer.

If the remote key is in close proximity to your mobile phone, the signal could be blocked by your mobile phone's normal operational signals.

This is especially important when the phone is active such as making and receiving calls, text messaging, and/ or sending/receiving emails.

Avoid placing the remote key and your mobile phone in the same location and always try to maintain an adequate distance between the two devices.



Information

Changes or modifications not expressly approved by the party responsible for compliance could void the user's authority to operate the equipment. If the keyless entry system is inoperative due to changes or modifications not expressly approved by the party responsible for compliance, it will not be covered by your manufacturer's vehicle warranty.

NOTICE

Keep the remote key away from electromagnetic materials that block electromagnetic waves to the key surface.

Battery replacement



Battery Type: CR2032

- 1. Insert a slim tool into the slot and gently pry open the cover.
- Remove the old battery and insert the new battery. Make sure the battery position is correct.
- 3. Reinstall the rear cover of the remote key

If you suspect your remote key might have sustained some damage, or you feel your remote key is not working correctly, it is recommended that you contact an authorized HYUNDAI dealer.



THIS PRODUCT CONTAINS A BUTTON BATTERY.

If swallowed, a lithium button battery can cause severe or fatal injuries within 2 hours. Keep batteries out of reach of children.

If you think batteries may have been swallowed or placed inside any part of the body, seek immediate medical attention.



Information

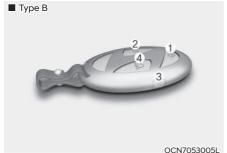


An inappropriately disposed battery can be harmful to the environment and human health. Dispose of the battery according to your local law(s) and regulation.

Smart key (if equipped)



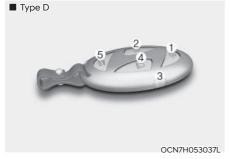
OCN7053005L



■ Type C



OCN7H053036L



Your HYUNDAI uses a Smart Key, which you can use to lock or unlock a door (and trunk) and even start the engine.

- (1) Door lock
- (2) Door unlock
- (3) Trunk unlock
- (4) Remote start (if equipped)
- (5) Panic (if equipped)

Locking your vehicle (1)

Button type



To lock:

- Close all doors, engine hood and trunk.
- 2. Have the smart key with you.
- Either press the door handle button or press the Door Lock button (1) on the smart key. The hazard warning lights will blink.
- 4. Also, the outside rearview mirror will fold, if Convenience > Welcome mirror/light > On door unlock is selected from the User Settings mode on the Cluster display (if equipped). For more details, refer to "Cluster display (Type A)" in chapter 4.
- 5. Make sure the doors are locked by pulling the door outside handle.

Touch sensor type (if equipped)



To lock:

- 1. Close all doors, hood, and trunk.
- 2. Have the smart key with you.
- 3. Touch the outer part of the door handle on or near the handle detent for about 1 second or until you hear the door locks actuate. The chime sounds and hazard warning lights blink. Also, the side view mirrors fold if On door unlock or On driver approach is selected from the Settings menu in the instrument cluster or infotainment system (if equipped).
- 4. Make sure the doors are locked by pulling the outside door handle.

i Information

- The door handle button or touch sensor only operates when the smart key is within 0.7-1 m (28-40 in.) from the outside door handle.
- If you lock the door with the touch sensor, the doors cannot be unlocked with the touch sensor within 3 seconds.
- If you lock the doors using the door handle button or touch sensor, the doors are not locked under the following circumstances:
 - The Smart Key is in the vehicle.
 - The Button Start ignition switch is in the ACC or ON position.
 - Any door is open (except for the trunk).

If this occurs, a chime sounds for about 3 seconds. Check the vehicle before attempting to lock the vehicle again.

i Information

Before you leave your vehicle with the Smart Key, verify that your vehicle is locked. When using the touch sensor on the front door handle, listen to hear that the lock has actuated, and then pull the handle within 3 seconds to confirm the doors are locked.

(If it has been longer than 3 seconds, verify the doors are locked by pressing the lock button on the Smart Key. You can hear a single beep.)

À١

WARNING

Do not leave the Smart Key in your vehicle with children that are unattended or unsupervised.

Children could unintentionally press the Button Start ignition switch or could operate the power windows or other vehicle controls or even cause the vehicle to move. This may result in serious injury or death.

Unlocking your vehicle (2)

Button type (if equipped)



To unlock:

- 1. Have the smart key with you.
- 2. Press the door handle button or press the Door Lock button (2) on the smart key. The chime sounds and hazard warning lights blink two times. Also, the side view mirrors unfold if On door unlock or On driver approach is selected from the Settings menu in the instrument cluster or infotainment system (if equipped).
 - If you unlock the doors using the passenger side door handle, all the doors are unlocked. If you unlock the doors using the driver side door handle, either the driver's side door is unlocked or all the doors are unlocked depending on the setting for the Two Press Unlock feature. Change the Driver Door unlock mode by referring to "Setting the Two Press Unlock feature".

Touch sensor type (if equipped)



- 1. Have the smart key with you.
- Grab the door handle to activate the door unlock touch sensor. The chime sounds and hazard warning lights blink two times. Also, the side view mirrors unfold if On door unlock or On driver approach is selected from the Settings menu in the instrument cluster or infotainment system (if equipped).
 - If you unlock the doors using the passenger side door handle, all the doors are unlocked. If you unlock the doors using the driver side door handle, either the driver's side door is unlocked or all the doors are unlocked depending on the setting for the Two Press Unlock feature. Change the Driver Door unlock mode by referring to "Setting the Two Press Unlock feature".

i Information

- The door handle button or touch sensor only operates when the smart key is within 28-40 in. (0.7-1 m) from the outside door handle.
- After unlocking the doors, the doors are locked automatically after 30 seconds unless a door is opened..

Setting the Two Press Unlock feature (if equipped)

You can activate or deactivate the Two Press Unlock feature from the Settings menu in the instrument cluster or infotainment system. Select:

- User Settings > Door > Two Press Unlock (for instrument cluster type)
- Settings > Vehicle > Door > Two Press Unlock (for infotainment system type)

i Information

- For more information on the cluster type Settings menu, refer to the "Cluster display (Type A)" section in chapter 4.
- The infotainment system may change after software updates. For more information, refer to the user's manual provided in the infotainment system and the quick reference guide.

Setting the door lock/unlock prevention feature (if equipped)

The doors may lock or unlock if the touch sensor of the outside door handle is recognized while washing your vehicle or due to heavy rain.

To prevent unintentional door lock or unlock:

Press the lock button on the smart key and immediately press the unlock button along with the lock button for more than 4 seconds. The hazard warning lights blink four times. At this time, the doors do not lock or unlock even though the touch sensor is touched on the outside door handle. To deactivate the function, press the door lock or unlock button on the smart key.

\vec{i}

Information

- During a car wash or rain, in order to minimize unintentional operation of the touch sensor, the touch sensor may become insensitive. This is not a malfunction.
- The doors may not lock or unlock in the following situations.
 - If the touch sensor is touched with gloves on.
 - If the door is suddenly approached.

To prevent unintentional door lock orunlock

Press the lock button on the smart key and immediately press the unlock button along with the lock button for more than 4 seconds. The hazard warning lights blink four times. At this time, the doors do not lock or unlock even though the touch sensor is touched on the outside door handle. To deactivate the function, press the door lock or unlock button on the smart key.

Opening the trunk (3)

To unlock:

- 1. Have the smart key with you.
- Press inside the trunk open button on the vehicle or press and hold the Trunk unlock button (3) on the smart key for more than 1 second. The hazard warning lights will blink two times.

Once the trunk is opened and then closed, the trunk will lock automatically.



After unlocking the trunk, the trunk will lock automatically after 30 seconds unless the trunk is opened.

Remotely starting vehicle (4) (if equipped)

You can start the engine and turn on the climate system by pressing the remote start button (4) outside the vehicle.

To start and stop engine remotely:

- Press the door lock button (1), and then the hazard warning lights blink once to alert you.
- 2. Press the Remote Start button (4) for more than 2 seconds to start the engine within 4 seconds after pressing the door lock button (1).
- 3. To turn off the engine, press the Remote Start button (4) once.

In case of the manual operation, the climate control system will be maintained even when the engine is turned OFF. However, the automatic operation is set to 22°C (72°F).

If someone without a designated smart key rides your vehicle while remote starting, the engine is automatically stopped for security matter.

i Information

After remotely starting the engine, the engine will turn off automatically after 10 minutes if you do not ride your vehicle matter.



CAUTION

- The remote start will not work if you exceed the operating distance limit (about 10 m (30 ft.)).
- Avoid idling the engine for prolonged periods to follow the emission regulations in your country.
- Laws in your country may restrict the use of remote start. You should check country regulations before using this remote starting system.
- It is only possible to start the engine remotely when shifted to P (Park).
- If the hood or the trunk is opened, you cannot start the engine remotely.

Panic button (if equipped)

Press and hold the Panic button (4) for more than one second. The horn sounds and hazard warning lights flash for about 30 seconds.

To cancel the panic mode, press any button on the remote key.

Stating the vehicle

You can start the engine without inserting the key. For detailed information refer to the Engine Start/ Stop button in chapter 6.

NOTICE

To prevent damaging the smart key:

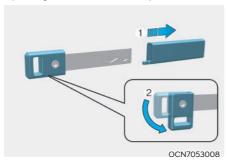
- Keep the smart key away from water or any liquid and fire. If the inside of the smart key gets damp (due to drinks or moisture), or is heated, internal circuit may malfunction and may void the vehicle warranty.
- Avoid dropping or throwing the smart key.
- Protect the smart key from extreme temperatures.

NOTICE

Always have the smart key with you when leaving the vehicle. If the smart key is left near the vehicle, the vehicle battery may be discharged.

Mechanical key

If the Smart Key does not operate normally, you can lock or unlock the door by using the mechanical key.



Turn the knob (2) of the mechanical key after removing the key protector (1).

After using the mechanical key, turn the key knob (2) and insert the key protector (1).

Loss of a smart key

A maximum of two smart keys can be registered to a single vehicle. If you happen to lose your smart key, it is recommended that you immediately take the vehicle and remaining key to your authorized HYUNDAI dealer or tow the vehicle, if necessary.

Smart key precautions

The smart key will not work if any of the following occur:

- The smart key is close to a radio transmitter such as a radio station or an airport which can interfere with normal operation of the smart key.
- The smart key is near a mobile two way radio system or a cellular phone.
- Another vehicle's smart key is being operated close to your vehicle.

When the smart key does not work correctly, open and close the door with the mechanical key. If you have a problem with the smart key, it is recommended that you contact an authorized HYUNDAI dealer.

If your windows are tinted, especially with metallic window tint, it may cause frequency interference, reducing the smart key operating range.

If the smart key is in close proximity to your mobile phone, the signal could be blocked by your mobile phone's normal operational signals.

This is especially important when the phone is active such as making and receiving calls, text messaging, and/ or sending/receiving emails.

Avoid placing the smart key and your mobile phone in the same location and always try to maintain an adequate distance between the two devices.

i Information

Changes or modifications not expressly approved by the party responsible for compliance could void the user's authority to operate the equipment. If the keyless entry system is inoperative due to changes or modifications not expressly approved by the party responsible for compliance, it will not be covered by your manufacturer's vehicle warranty.

NOTICE

Keep the smart key away from electromagnetic materials that blocks electromagnetic waves to the key surface.

Battery replacement

Battery Type: CR2450 To replace the battery:



 Put the slim tool into the key hole
 (1) to pry open the rear cover of the smart key.



2C_ReplaceSmartKeyBattery

- Remove the old battery and insert a new battery. Make sure the battery position is correct. An improperly positioned battery may discharge the battery, causing smart key failure.
- 3. Reinstall the rear cover of the smart key.

If you suspect your smart key might have sustained some damage or you feel your smart key is not working correctly, we recommended that you contact an authorized HYUNDAI dealer.

A

WARNING

THIS PRODUCT CONTAINS A BUTTON BATTERY.

If swallowed, a lithium button battery can cause severe or fatal injuries within 2 hours. Keep batteries out of reach of children.

If you think batteries may have been swallowed or placed inside any part of the body, seek immediate medical attention.



Information



An inappropriately disposed battery can be harmful to the environment and human health. Dispose of the battery according to your local law(s) and regulation.

Immobilizer system

The immobilizer system protects your vehicle from theft. If an improperly coded key (or other device) is used, the engine's fuel system is disabled.

When the ignition switch is placed in the ON position, the immobilizer system indicator should come on briefly, then go off. If the indicator starts to blink, the system does not recognize the coding of the key.

Place the ignition switch to the LOCK/ OFF position, then place the ignition switch to the ON position again.

The system may not recognize your key's coding if another immobilizer key or other metal object (for example, key chain) is near the key. The engine may not start because the metal may interrupt the transponder signal from transmitting normally.

If the system repeatedly does not recognize the coding of the key, it is recommended that you contact your HYUNDAI dealer.

Do not attempt to alter this system or add other devices to it. Electrical problems could result that may make your vehicle inoperable.



WARNING

In order to prevent theft of your vehicle, do not leave spare keys anywhere in your vehicle. Your immobilizer password is a customer unique password and should be kept confidential.

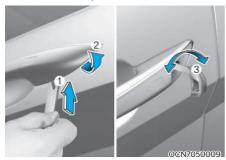
NOTICE

The transponder in your key is an important part of the immobilizer system. It is designed to give years of trouble-free service, however you should avoid exposure to moisture, static electricity and rough handling. Immobilizer system malfunction could occur.

DOOR LOCKS

Operating door locks from outside the vehicle

Mechanical key



- Press the lever located under the cover with mechanical key. (1)
- While pushing the lever so that the mechanical key does not fall out of the cover hole, slowly push it towards the rear of the vehicle and remove the cover. (2)
- After removing the cover, only driver's door can be locked or unlocked by using mechanical key.
- 4. Turn the key toward the rear of the vehicle to lock and toward the front of the vehicle to unlock. (3)

If you lock/unlock the driver's door with a key, the driver's door will lock/ unlock automatically.

Once the door are unlocked, it may be opened by pulling the door handle.

When closing the door, push the door by hand. Make sure that doors are closed securely.

i Information

- Be careful when locking the door by mechanical key operation, only the driver's door can be locked/unlocked.
- When all doors are locked with the mechanical key, lock all doors by using the central door lock switch inside the vehicle. Open the door using the driver's inner door handle, and then close the door and lock the driver's door with mechanical key operation.
- Refer to Chapter 5 "Operating door locks from inside the vehicle" to lock from inside the vehicle.

i Information

- When removing the cover, be careful not to lose cover and any scratches.
- When the key cover freezes and does not open, lightly tap or indirectly warm(hand temperature, etc.) it.
- Do not apply excessive force to the door and door handle. It may be damaged.

Remote key



To lock the doors, press the Door Lock button (1) on the remote key.

To unlock the doors, press the Door Unlock button (2) on the remote key.

Once the doors are unlocked, they may be opened by pulling the door handle.

When closing the door, push the door by hand. Make sure that doors are closed securely.

information

- In cold and wet climates, door lock and door mechanisms may not work properly due to freezing conditions.
- If the door is locked/unlocked multiple times in rapid succession with either the vehicle key or door lock switch, the system may stop operating temporarily in order to protect the circuit and prevent damage to system components.

Smart key



To lock the doors, press the button on the outside door handle while carrying the smart key with you or press the door lock button on the smart key.

To unlock the doors, press the button on the outside door handle while carrying the smart key with you or press the door unlock button on the smart key.

Once the doors are unlocked, they may be opened by pulling the door handle.

When closing the door, push the door by hand. Make sure that doors are closed securely.

i Information

- In cold and wet climates, door lock and door mechanisms may not work properly due to freezing conditions.
- If the door is locked/unlocked multiple times in rapid succession with either the vehicle key or door lock switch, the system may stop operating temporarily in order to protect the circuit and prevent damage to system components.

Operating door locks from inside the vehicle

With the door lock button



Front door

If the inner door handle is pulled when the door is locked, the door will unlock and open.

Rear door

If the inner door handle is pulled once when the door is locked, the door will unlock. If the inner door handle is pulled once more, the door will open.

If any door is opened, the doors will not lock even though the central door lock switch is pressed.

i Information

If a power door lock ever fails to function while you are in the vehicle try one or more of the following techniques to exit:

- Operate the door unlock feature repeatedly (both electronic and manual) while simultaneously pulling on the door handle.
- Operate the other door locks and handles, front and rear.
- Lower a front window and use the mechanical key to unlock the door from outside.

With the central door lock switch





- When pressing the (♠) portion (1) of the switch, all vehicle doors will lock.
 - If any door is opened, the doors will not lock even though the central door lock switch (1) is pressed.
- When pressing the (1) portion (2) of the switch, all vehicle doors will unlock.
- Doors indicating light (3)
 When all vehicle doors are locked, the indicating lights on the driver's door and passenger's door will turn off. If any door is unlocked, it would turn on.

⚠ WARNING

- The doors should always be fully closed and locked while the vehicle is in motion. If the doors are unlocked, the risk of being thrown from the vehicle in a crash is increased.
- Do not pull the inner door handle of the driver's or passenger's door while the vehicle is moving.

MARNING

Do not leave the elderly, children or animals unattended in your vehicle. An enclosed vehicle can become extremely hot, causing death or serious injury to the elderly, unattended children or animals who cannot escape from the vehicle. Children might operate features of the vehicle that could injure them, or they could encounter other harm, possibly from someone gaining entry to the vehicle.

MARNING

Always secure your vehicle

Leaving your vehicle unlocked can allow theft or entry into the vehicle.

To secure your vehicle, while depressing the brake, move the shift lever to P (Park) position, engage the parking brake, and place the ignition switch in the LOCK/OFF position, close all windows, lock all doors, and always take the key with you.

⚠ WARNING

If you stay in the vehicle for a long time while the weather is very hot or cold, there are risks of injuries or danger to life. Do not lock the vehicle from the outside when someone is in the vehicle.

MARNING

Opening a door when something is approaching may cause damage or injury. Be careful when opening doors and watch for vehicles, motorcycles, bicycles or pedestrians approaching the vehicle in the path of the door.

Automatic door lock and unlock features

Your vehicle is equipped with features that automatically locks or unlocks your vehicle based on settings you select in the infotainment system.

Automatically Lock Enable on speed

When this feature is set in the infotainment system, all the doors are locked automatically when the vehicle exceeds 15 km/h (9 mph).

Automatically Lock Enable on speed or shift

When this feature is set in the infotainment system, all the doors are locked automatically when the vehicle exceeds 15 km/h (9 mph) or when the vehicle is shifted out of P (Park) while the vehicle is running.

Automatically Unlock Enable on Shift to P

When this feature is set in the infotainment system, all the doors are unlocked automatically when the vehicle is shifted back to P (Park) while the vehicle is running.

Automatically Unlock On vehicle off

When this feature is set in the infotainment system, all the doors are unlocked automatically when the vehicle is turned off.

For detailed information, refer to the separately supplied infotainment system manual.

Additional unlock safety feature airbag deployment

As an additional safety feature, all doors are automatically unlocked when an impact causes the airbags to deploy.

Child-protector rear door locks (if equipped)



The child safety lock is provided to help prevent children seated in the rear from accidentally opening the rear doors.

The rear door safety locks should be used whenever children are in the vehicle.

The child safety lock is located on the edge of each rear door. When the child safety lock is in the lock position, the rear door will not open if the inner door handle (2) is pulled.

To lock the child safety lock, insert a key (or screwdriver) (1) into the hole and turn it to the lock position.

To allow a rear door to be opened from inside the vehicle, unlock the child safety lock.

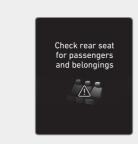


WARNING

If children accidently open the rear doors while the vehicle is in motion, they could fall out of the vehicle. The rear door safety locks should always be used whenever children are in the vehicle.

REAR OCCUPANT ALERT (ROA)

Rear Occupant Alert prevents the driver from leaving a passenger in the rear seats.



OCN7H053028L

When the driver turns off the engine and opens the driver's door after opening and closing a rear door, a warning message "Check rear seat for passengers and belongings" appears on the cluster.



WARNING

Rear Occupant Alert provides information to the driver to check the rear seats but it does not detect whether there is an object or passenger. Always check the rear seats when leaving the vehicle.



Information

The open and close history of the rear door is initialized if the driver turns off the engine and lock vehicle doors.

However, the alarm may sound again whenever the driver's door is opened if the previous history of the rear door is not initialized.

THEFT-ALARM SYSTEM

This system helps to protect your vehicle and valuables. The horn will sound and the hazard warning lights will blink continuously if any of the following occur:

- A door is opened without using the remote key or smart key.
- The trunk is opened without using the remote key or smart key.
- The engine hood is opened.

The alarm continues for 30 seconds, then the system resets. To turn off the alarm, unlock the doors with the remote key or smart key.

The Theft Alarm System automatically sets 30 seconds after you lock the doors and the trunk. For the system to activate, you must lock the doors and the trunk from outside the vehicle with the remote key or smart key or by pressing the button on the outside of the door handles with the smart key in your possession.

The hazard warning lights will blink and the chime will sound once to indicate the system is armed.

Once the security system is set, opening any door, the trunk, or the hood without using the remote key or smart key will cause the alarm to activate.

The Theft Alarm System will not set if the hood, the trunk, or any door is not fully closed. If the system will not set, check the hood, the trunk, or the doors are fully closed.

Do not attempt to alter this system or add other devices to it.

Information

- Do not lock the doors until all passengers have left the vehicle. If the remaining passenger leaves the vehicle when the system is armed, the alarm will be activated.
- If the vehicle is not disarmed with the remote key or smart key, open the doors by using the mechanical key and place the ignition switch in the ON position (for remote key) or start the engine (for smart key) and wait for 30 seconds.
- When the system is disarmed but a door or trunk is not opened within 30 seconds, the system will be rearmed.

i Information



Vehicles equipped with a theft alarm system will have a label attached to the vehicle with the following words:

- 1. WARNING
- 2. SECURITY SYSTEM

INTEGRATED MEMORY SYSTEM (IF EQUIPPED)



The IMS, or Integrated Memory System, for the driver's seat is provided to store and recall the following memory settings with a simple button operation.

· Driver's seat position



WARNING

Never attempt to operate the Integrated Memory System while the vehicle is moving.

This could result in loss of control, and an accident causing death, serious injury, or property damage.

j Ir

Information

- If the battery is disconnected, the memory settings are erased.
- If the Integrated Memory System does not operate normally, we recommend that the your vehicle be inspected by an authorized HYUNDAI dealer.

Storing memory positions

- 1. Shift to P (Park) while the ignition switch is in the ON position.
- 2. Adjust the driver's seat position to the desired position.
- 3. Press the SET button. The system beeps once and notifies you 'Press button to save settings' will appear on the cluster display.
- Press one of the memory buttons (1 or 2) within 4 seconds. The system will beep twice when successfully stored.

Recalling memory positions

- 1. Shift to P (Park) while the ignition switch is in the ON position.
- 2. Press the desired memory button (1 or 2). The system will beep once, and then the driver's position will automatically adjust to the stored positions.
- 3. 'Settings 1 (or 2) applied' appears on the cluster display.



Information

If your vehicle is equipped with additional navigation, please refer to the infotainment system manual separately supplied.

i Information

- To recall the settings of memory button 2 while the settings of memory button 1 is being recalled, press the SET button or memory button 1 to stop the adjustment, and then press memory button 2.
- While recalling the stored positions, pressing one of the control buttons for the driver's seat will cause the movement of that component to stop and move in the direction that the control button is pressed.

Resetting integrated memory system

If the Driver position memory system does not work properly, initialize the system as follows.

How to initialize:

- Stop the vehicle and open the driver's door with the ignition switch in the ON position and the vehicle shifted to P (Park).
- 2. Adjust the driver's seat and seatback to the most forward position.
- Press the SET button and push forward the driver's seat switch simultaneously (about two seconds).
- Release the SET button and the driver's seat switch when a beep sounds.

While resetting the Integrated Memory System

A notification sound is heard and the seat is adjusted to the most reward position. Then the seat and seatback move to the default center position.

The resetting procedure and the notification sound may stop if:

- The memory button is pressed.
- The seat control switch is operated.
- The gear is shifted out of P (Park).
- The driving speed exceeds 3 km/h (2 mph).
- · The driver's door is closed.

NOTICE

- If the seat movement or notification sound stops before the process is complete, restart the resetting procedure.
- Before resetting the IMS, make sure there are no objects on or around the driver's seat.
- After resetting the IMS, the driver's seat must be adjusted and stored again to recall the memory position.

Seat easy access operation (if equipped)

Seat easy access moves the driver's seat automatically as follows:

- · Without smart key system
 - It will move the driver's seat rearward when the ignition key is removed and the driver's door is opened.
 - It will move the driver's seat forward when the ignition switch is in the ACC or ON position.
- · With smart key system
 - It will move the driver's seat rearward when the ignition switch is in the LOCK/OFF position and the driver's door is opened.
 - It will move the driver's seat forward when the vehicle is turned ON or the driver's door is closed with the smart key with you.

You can activate or deactivate the Easy Access Function from the User Settings Mode on the cluster display. For more details, refer to "Cluster display (Type A)" in chapter 4.

i Information

If your vehicle is equipped with additional infotainment system, you can set the system in the infotainment system.

STEERING WHEEL

Motor Driven Power Steering (MDPS)

The system assists you with steering the vehicle. If the vehicle is turned off or if the power steering system becomes inoperative, you can still steer the vehicle, but it requires increased steering effort.

If you notice any change in the effort required to steer during normal vehicle operation, we recommend that you contact an authorized HYUNDAI dealer.

NOTICE

If the Motor Driven Power Steering does not operate normally, the (()) warning light will illuminate on the instrument cluster. You can continue to steer the vehicle, but it requires increased steering effort. We recommend that you contact an authorized HYUNDAI dealer and have the system inspected as soon as possible.

i Information

During normal vehicle operation:

- The steering effort may be high immediately after moving the ignition switch to the ON position.
 - This happens as the system performs the MDPS system diagnostics. When the diagnostics are completed, the steering wheel effort returns to its normal condition.
- When the battery voltage is low, you might have to put more steering effort. However, it is a temporary condition so that it will return to normal condition after charging the battery.
- A click noise may be heard from the MDPS relay after the ignition switch is in the ON or LOCK/OFF position.
- Motor noise may be heard when the vehicle is at a stop or at a low driving speed.
- When you operate the steering wheel in low temperatures, abnormal noise may occur. If the temperature rises, the noise will disappear. This is a normal condition.
- When an error is detected from MDPS, the steering effort assist function is not activated. Instrument cluster warning lights may illuminate or the steering effort may be high. If these symptoms occur, drive the vehicle to a safe location as soon as possible.
 We recommend that your vehicle be inspected by an authorized HYUNDAI dealer as soon as possible.

Tilt/Telescopic steering

Adjust the steering wheel toward your chest, not toward your face. Make sure you can see the instrument cluster warning lights and gauges. After adjusting, push the steering wheel up and down to be in the locked position.



Never adjust the steering wheel while driving. This may cause loss of vehicle control resulting in a collision.

Information

While adjusting the steering wheel height, please do not push or pull it hard since the fixture can be damaged

Manual adjustment



To adjust:

- 1. Pull down the lock-release lever (1).
- 2. Adjust the steering wheel to the desired angle (2) and height (3, if equipped). Move the steering wheel, so it points toward your chest, not toward your face. Make sure you can see the instrument panel warning lights and gauges.
- 3. Pull up the lock-release lever to lock the steering wheel in place.

i Information

Sometimes the lock release lever may not engage completely. Pull down on the lock-release lever, readjust the steering wheel again, and then pull back up on the lock-release lever to lock the steering wheel in place.

Steering wheel heater (if equipped)



When the ignition switch is in the ON position or when the engine is running, press the heated steering wheel button to warm the steering wheel. The indicator on the button will illuminate.

To turn the heated steering wheel off, press the button again. The indicator on the button will turn off.

- The heated steering wheel defaults to the OFF position whenever the ignition switch is in the ON position. However, if the Auto Comfort Control function is ON, the heated steering wheel will turn on and off depending on the outside temperature.
- Auto Comfort Control (for driver's seat) (if equipped)

The heated steering wheel automatically controls the steering wheel temperature depending on the ambient temperature when the engine is running. If the heated steering wheel switch is pushed, the heated steering wheel will have to be controlled manually.

To use this function, it must be activated from the Settings menu in the infotainment system screen.

i Information

The infotainment system may change after software updates. For more information, refer to the manual provided in the infotainment system and the quick reference guide.

Information

The heated steering wheel will turn off automatically approximately 30 minutes after the heated steering wheel is turned on.

NOTICE

Do not install any cover or accessory on the steering wheel. The cover or accessory could cause damage to the heated steering wheel system.

Horn



To sound the horn, press the area indicated by the horn symbol on your steering wheel (see illustration). The horn will operate only when this area is pressed.

NOTICE

Do not strike the horn severely to operate it, or hit it with your fist.

Do not press on the horn with a sharppointed object.

NOTICE

Do not clean the steering wheel surface with the following products:

- Organic solvents such as thinner, alcohol and gasoline
- Chemical products such as leather cleaner, coating agent, and wax

MIRRORS

Inside rearview mirror

Before driving your vehicle, check to see that your inside rearview mirror is properly positioned. Adjust the rearview mirror so that the view through the rear window is properly centered.



WARNING

Make sure your line of sight is not obstructed. Do not place objects in the rear seat, cargo area, or behind the rear headrests which could interfere with your vision through the rear window.



WARNING

To prevent serious injury during an accident or deployment of the air bag, do not modify the rearview mirror and do not install a wide mirror.



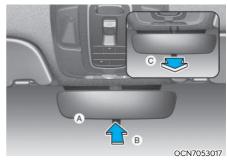
WARNING

Never adjust the mirror while driving. This may cause loss of vehicle control and result in a collision.

NOTICE

When cleaning the mirror, use a paper towel or similar material dampened with glass cleaner. Do not spray glass cleaner directly on the mirror as that may cause the liquid cleaner to enter the mirror housing.

Day/night rearview mirror



[A]: Lever, [B]: Day, [C]: Night

Before driving at night, pull the day/night lever toward you to reduce glare from the headlights of the vehicles behind you.

Remember that you lose some rearview clarity in the night position.

Electrochromic mirror (ECM) with HomeLink® system (if equipped)



Your vehicle may be equipped with a Gentex Automatic-Dimming Mirror with an Integrated HomeLink® Wireless Control System.

During nighttime driving, this feature will automatically detect and reduce rearview mirror glare. The HomeLink® Universal Transceiver allows you to activate your garage door(s), electric gate, home lighting, etc.

- (1) HomeLink Channel 1
- (2) HomeLink Channel 2
- (3) HomeLink Channel 3
- (4) Garage Door Opener Status Indicator : Closing or Closed
- (5) HomeLink Operation Indicator
- (6) Garage Door Opener Status Indicator: Opening or Opened
- (7) HomeLink User Interface Indicator

Automatic-Dimming Night Vision SafetyTM (NVS®) Mirror (if equipped)

The NVS® Mirror automatically reduces glare by monitoring light levels in the front and the rear of the vehicle. Any object that obstructs either light sensor will degrade the automatic dimming control feature.

For more information regarding NVS® mirrors and other applications, please refer to the Gentex website:

www.gentex.com

Your mirror will automatically dim upon detecting glare from the vehicles traveling behind you.

The mirror defaults to the ON position each time the vehicle is started.

Integrated HomeLink® Wireless Control System

The HomeLink® Wireless Control System can replace up to three hand-held radio-frequency (RF) transmitters with a single built-in device. This innovative feature will learn the radio frequency codes of most current transmitters to operate devices such as gate operators, garage door openers, entry door locks, security systems, even home lighting. Both standard and rolling code-equipped transmitters can be programmed by following the outlined procedures.

Additional HomeLink® information can be found at: www.homelink.com, www. youtube.com/HomeLinkGentex or by calling 1-800-355-3515.

Retain the original transmitter of the RF device you are programming for use in other vehicles as well as for future HomeLink® programming. It is also suggested that upon the sale of the vehicle, the programmed HomeLink® buttons be erased for security purposes.



WARNING

Before programming HomeLink® to a garage door opener or gate operator, make sure people and objects are out of the way of the device to prevent potential harm or damage. Do not use the HomeLink® with any garage door opener that lacks the safety stop and reverse features required by federal safety standards (this includes any garage door opener model manufactured before April 1, 1982). A garage door that cannot detect an object - signaling the door to stop and reverse does not meet current federal safety standards. Using a garage door opener without these features increases the risk of serious injury or death.

Programming HomeLink®

Please note the following:

- When programming a garage door opener, it is advised to park the vehicle outside of the garage.
- It is recommended that a new battery be placed in the hand-held transmitter of the device being programmed to HomeLink® for quicker training and accurate transmission of the radiofrequency signal.
- Some vehicles may require the Engine Start/Stop button to be in the ACC (or "Accessories") position for programming and/or operation of HomeLink®.
- In the event that there are still programming difficulties or questions after following the programming steps listed below, contact HomeLink® at: www.homelink.com, www.youtube. com/HomeLinkGentex or by calling 1-800-355-3515.

Programming

To program most devices, follow these instructions:



- 1. Press and release (1), (2) or (3) button.
 - If the indicator (4) is turned ON in Orange, go to Step 3) since it is a new programming.
 - If the indicator (4) is continuously turned ON or flashes in Green rapidly several times, go to Step 2) since it is a programmed button.
- Press and hold the button you wish to program for approximately 15-25 seconds until the LED flashes in Orange for several times.
- Hold the Garage Door Opener Original Transmitter near the HomeLink Mirror.



- Press the Original Transmitter button until the indicator (4) is turned continuously ON or flashes in Green for approximately 10 seconds and it indicates the programing is completed.
- However, the indicator (4) flashes in Green continuously, but if the garage door opener does not operate, please continue to follow the step 6 and 7 ("Rolling Code Programming" procedures).
- 6. Firmly press and release the "Learn," "Smart," or "Program" button while the indicator (4) flashes in Green. Once the button is pressed, you have approximately 30 seconds to initiate the next step.

i Information

At the garage door opener motor, (security gate motor, etc.) locate the "Learn," "Smart," or "Program" button. This can usually be found where the hanging antenna wire is attached to the motor-head unit (see the device's manual to identify this button). The name and color of the button may vary by manufacturer. A ladder and/or second person may simplify the following steps.

 Return to the vehicle and firmly press, hold for two seconds and release the HomeLink button up to three times.
 Do not press the HomeLink button rapidly. At this point programming is complete and your device should operate when the HomeLink button is pressed and released.

i Information

- Some garage door openers require to press the programmed button on the mirror up to three times right after the programming is just completed to operate the garage door.
- The indicator (4) is turned ON in Orange and flashes for about 60 seconds, during the programing mode and if a programing is not succeeded within the 60 seconds, the programing mode will be abort.

HomeLink® should now activate your rolling code equipped device.

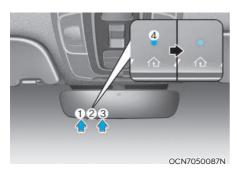
Gate operator & Canadian programming

During programming, your handheld transmitter may automatically stop transmitting. Continue to press the Integrated HomeLink® Wireless Control System button while you press and repress ("cycle") your handheld transmitter every two seconds until the frequency signal has been learned. The indicator light will flash slowly and then rapidly after several seconds upon successful training.



Operating HomeLink®

- 1. Press and release one of the HomeLink buttons (1, 2 or 3) that programed.
- 2. The HomeLink indicator (4) will operate as below:
 - Indicates Green and is continuously ON (Fixed Code Garage Door Opener)
 - Flashes in Green rapidly (Rolling Code Garage Door Opener)



Erasing HomeLink® buttons

- 1. Press and hold the button (1) and (3) simultaneously.
- The indicator (4) is turned continuously ON in orange for about 10 seconds.
- Then the indicator (4) color changes to Green and flashes rapidly.
 Release the buttons once the green indicator flashes.
- 4. Now HomeLink button (1), (2) and (4) memories are all cleared.

NVS® is a registered trademark and Z-Nav™ is a trademark of the Gentex Corporation, Zeeland, Michigan. HomeLink® is a registered trademark owned by Johnson Controls, Incorporated, Milwaukee, Wisconsin.

FCC ID: NZLUAHL5A IC: 4112A-UAHL5A

i Information

This device complies with Industry Canada RSS-210 standard.

Operation is subject to the following three conditions:

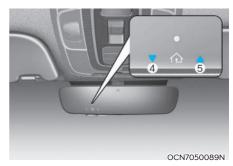
- 1. This device may not cause harmful interference.
- 2. This device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.
- 3. Changes or modifications not expressly approved by the party responsible for compliance could void the user's authority to operate the device.

Two Way Communication Programing

- Complete the HomeLink "Programming" first.
- Before the first 10 times HomeLink button is pressed after the programming, the following steps MUST occur to program two way communication. (only for some older garage doors)



- 3. Press and release the programed HomeLink button to activate the garage door.
- 4. Once the garage door is stopped, press and release the "Learn" or "Smart" button on the Garage door opener within 1 minute from the time of pressing the programed HomeLink button on mirror.



 If the both indicator (4) and (5) are flashing rapidly for about 5 seconds, the two way synchronization is completed.

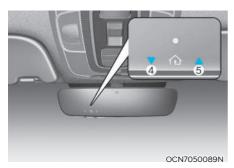
i Information

Some newer garage door openers provide two-way communication synchronizing when programming the original transmitter.



Operating Two Way Communication

1. Press and release (1), (2) or (3) button.



- 2. The indicator (4) and (5) operates as below:
 - If the indicator (4) flashes in Orange, it indicates that the garage door is "closing".
 - If the indicator (4) is ON continuously in Green, it indicates that the garage door is "closed".
 - If the indicator (5) flashes in Orange, it indicates that the garage door is "Opening".
 - If the indicator (5) is ON continuously in Green, it indicates that the garage door is "Opened".
 - If the indicator (4) or (5) does not turn to Green, it indicates that the last status of garage door was not received properly. The HomeLink mirror tries to receive the last known status of the garage door for a few seconds.

Recalling Garage Door Status

Homelink mirror with two way communication provides a way to view the last stored message from the garage door opener. In order to recall the last known status of the last activated device, press the buttons "1 and 2" OR "2 and 3" simultaneously.

- If the indicator (4) is ON continuously in Green, it indicates that the last activated device was "closed" properly.
- If the indicator (5) is ON continuously in Green, it indicates that the last activated device was "open" properly.

i Information

Two way communication range distance between "vehicle" and "garage door opener" is 100m.

The range may be reduced or increased a little due to obstacle conditions around the garage door opener, such as houses or trees.

Outside rearview mirrors



Be sure to adjust mirror angles before driving.

Your vehicle is equipped with both lefthand and right-hand outside rearview mirrors.

The mirror can be adjusted remotely with the remote switch.

The mirror heads can be folded to prevent damage during an automatic car wash or when passing through a narrow street.

When vehicle speed is over 15 km/h, the outside rearview mirror will not fold.

A

WARNING

- The left and right outside rearview mirror is convex. Objects seen in the mirror are closer than they appear.
- Use your interior rearview mirror or turn your head and look to determine the actual distance of following vehicles when changing lanes.

A

WARNING

Do not adjust or fold the outside rearview mirrors while driving. This may cause loss of vehicle control resulting in an collision.

NOTICE

- Do not scrape ice off the mirror face; this may damage the surface of the glass.
- If the mirror is jammed with ice, do not adjust the mirror by force. Use an approved de-icer (not radiator antifreeze) spray, or a sponge or soft cloth with very warm water, or move the vehicle to a warm place and allow the ice to melt.
- Do not clean the mirror with harsh abrasives, fuel, or other petroleum based cleaning products.

Adjusting the outside rearview mirror





- Move the lever (1) to the L (left side) or R (right side) to select the outside rearview mirror you want to adjust.
- Use the mirror adjustment control switch (2) to position the selected mirror up, down, left or right.
- 3. After adjustment, move the lever (1) to the middle to prevent unintended adjustment.

NOTICE

- The mirrors stop moving when they reach the maximum adjusting angles, but the motor continues to operate while the switch is pressed. Do not press the switch longer than necessary, the motor may be damaged.
- Do not adjust the outside rearview mirrors by force to prevent damage to the motor.

Folding the outside rearview mirror



Manual type (if equipped)

To fold the outside rearview mirror, grasp the housing of the mirror and the fold it toward the rear of the vehicle.





Electric type (if equipped)

The outside rearview mirror can be folded or unfolded by pressing the switch. When vehicle speed is over 15 km/h (9 mph), the outside rearview mirror will not fold even though the switch is pressed. However, the outside rearview mirror will unfold when the

switch is pressed.

- If Convenience > Welcome mirror/ light > On door unlock is selected in the User Settings mode, the outside rearview mirror will fold or unfold automatically as follows:
 - The mirror will fold or unfold when the door is locked or unlocked by the smart key.
 - The mirror will fold or unfold when the door is locked or unlocked by the button on the outside door handle.
- If Convenience > Welcome mirror/ light > On door unlock and Convenience > Welcome mirror/ light > On driver approach is selected in the User Settings mode, the outside rearview mirror will unfold when the vehicle is approached with the smart key in possession.

information

- The infotainment system may change after software updates. For more information, refer to the manual provided in the infotainment system and the quick reference guide.
- For your safety, the outside rearview mirrors cannot be folded automatically when driving at a speed of 15 km/h (9 mph) or faster.

NOTICE

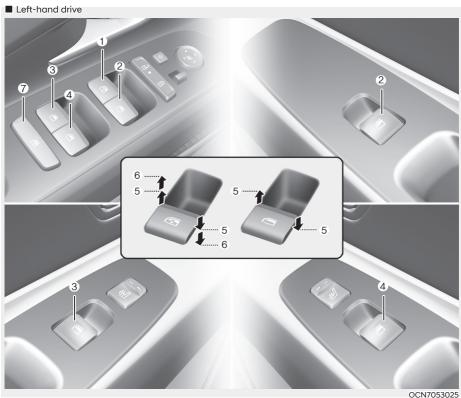
The electric type outside rearview mirror operates even though the ignition switch is in the LOCK/ OFF position. However, to prevent unnecessary battery discharge, do not adjust the mirrors longer than necessary while the engine is not running.

NOTICE

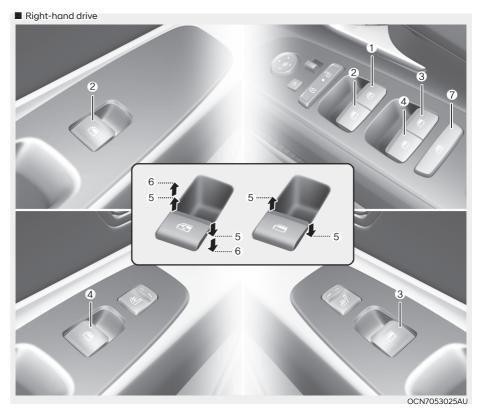
Do not fold the electric type outside rearview mirror by hand. It could cause motor failure.

WINDOWS

Power windows



- (1) Driver's door power window switch
- (2) Front passenger's door power window switch
- (3) Rear door (left) power window switch
- (4) Rear door (right) power window switch
- (5) Window opening and closing
- (6) Automatic power window
- (7) Power window lock switch



- (1) Driver's door power window switch
- (2) Front passenger's door power window switch
- (3) Rear door (left) power window switch
- (4) Rear door (right) power window switch
- (5) Window opening and closing
- (6) Automatic power window
- (7) Power window lock switch

The ignition switch must be in the ON position to be able to raise or lower the windows. Each door has a Power Window switch to control that door's window. The driver has a Power Window Lock switch which can block the operation of rear passenger windows. The power windows will operate for approximately 3 minutes after the ignition switch is placed in the ACC or LOCK/OFF position. However, if the front doors are opened, the Power Windows cannot be operated even within the 3 minutes period.



WARNING

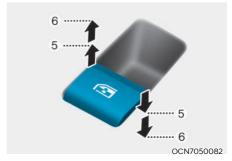
To avoid serious injury or death, do not extend your head, arms or body outside the windows while driving.

Information

- In cold and wet climates, power windows may not work properly due to freezing conditions.
- While driving with the rear windows down or with the sunroof (if equipped) opened (or partially opened), your vehicle may demonstrate a wind buffeting or pulsation noise. This noise is normal and can be reduced or eliminated by taking the following actions. If the noise occurs with one or both of the rear windows down, partially lower both front windows approximately 2.5 cm (1 in.).

If you experience the noise with the sunroof open, slightly close the sunroof.

Window opening and closing



To open:

Press the window switch down to the first detent position (5). Release the switch when you want the window to stop.

To close:

Pull the window switch up to the first detent position (5). Release the window switch when you want the window to stop.

Auto up/down window (if equipped)

Pressing or pulling up the power window switch momentarily to the second detent position (6) completely lowers or lifts the window even when the switch is released. To stop the window at the desired position while the window is in operation, pull up or press down and release the switch.

MARNING

- Do not leave the vehicle running and the key in your vehicle with unsupervised children. Unattended children could operate the window, which could result in serious injury.
- Do not extend your head, arms or any other body parts or objects outside the window while driving to avoid serious injury.

Resetting the power windows

If the power windows do not operate normally, the automatic power window system must be reset as follows:

- 1. Place the ignition switch to the ON position.
- Close the window and continue pulling up on the power window switch for at least one second.

If the power windows do not operate properly after resetting, we recommend that your vehicle be inspected by an authorized HYUNDAI dealer.

⚠ WARNING

Make sure body parts or other objects are out of the way before closing the windows. The automatic reverse feature does not operate while resetting the power window system.

Automatic reverse (if equipped)



If a window senses any obstacle while it is closing automatically, it will stop and lower about 30 cm (12 in.) to allow the object to be cleared.

If the window detects the resistance while the power window switch is pulled up continuously, the window will stop upward movement then lower about 2.5 cm (1 in.).

If the power window switch is pulled up continuously again within 5 seconds after the window is lowered by the automatic window reverse feature, the automatic window reverse will not operate.

i Information

The automatic reverse feature is only active when the "Auto Up" feature is used by fully pulling up the switch to the second detent.

MARNING

Make sure body parts or other objects are safely out of the way before closing the windows to avoid injuries or vehicle damage.

Objects less than 4 mm (0.16 in.) in diameter caught between the window glass and the upper window channel may not be detected by the automatic reverse window and the window will not stop and reverse direction.

NOTICE

Do not install any accessories on the windows. The automatic reverse feature may not operate.

Power window lock button



The driver can disable the power window switches on the rear passengers' doors by pressing the power window lock button.

When the power window lock button is pressed:

- The driver's master control can operate all the power windows.
- The front passenger's control can operate the front passenger's power window.
- The rear passenger's control cannot operate the rear passengers' power window.

NOTICE

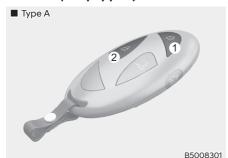
- To prevent possible damage to the power window system, do not open or close two windows or more at the same time. This will also ensure the longevity of the fuse.
- Never try to operate the main switch on the driver's door and the individual door window switch in opposite directions at the same time. If this is done, the window will stop and cannot be opened or closed.

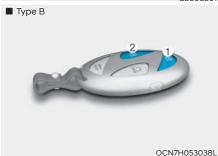
A

WARNING

- NEVER leave the keys in your vehicle with unsupervised children, when the engine is running.
- NEVER leave any child unattended in the vehicle. Even very young children may inadvertently cause the vehicle to move, entangle themselves in the windows, or otherwise injure themselves or others.
- Always double check to make sure arms, hands, head and other obstructions are safely out of the way before closing a window.
- Do not allow children to play with the power windows. Keep the driver's door power window lock switch in the LOCK position (pressed). Serious injury can result from unintentional window operation by the child.
- Do not extend your head, arms or body outside the windows while driving.

Remote window opening/closing function (if equipped)





You can still control the window movement with the vehicle turned off by pressing the Door Lock button (1) or the Door Unlock button (2).

- Press the door lock button for more than 3 seconds. The doors will lock and the windows will move up as long as you press the door lock button.
- Press the door unlock button for more than 3 seconds. The doors will unlock and the windows will move down as long as you press the door unlock button.

i Information

- The remote window opening/closing function will be operated only with the Safety Power Windows equipped.
- The remote window opening/closing function may abruptly stop when you move away from your vehicle during operation. Stay in close proximity from your vehicle, while monitoring the window movement.
- One of the windows may stop operating when the window is interrupted by certain force. However, the other windows will keep operating. Make sure that all windows are closed.
- Please be aware that the doors unlock when the windows are opened using the remote window open/closing function.



WARNING

Always double check to make sure arms, hands, head and other obstructions are safely out of the way before using remote window opening/ closing function.

SUNROOF (IF EQUIPPED)

If your vehicle is equipped with a sunroof, you can slide or tilt your sunroof with the sunroof switch located on the overhead console.



The sunroof can only be operated when the ignition switch is in the ON position.

The sunroof can be operated for approximately 3 minutes after the ignition switch is in the ACC or LOCK/ OFF position. However, if the front door is open, the sunroof cannot be operated even within the 3 minute period.

WARNING

Adjust the sunroof or sunshade when your vehicle stops. This could result in loss of control and an accident

that may cause injury, or property damage.

- Do not leave the engine running and the key in your vehicle with unsupervised children. Unattended children could operate the sunroof, which could result in serious injury.
- Do not sit on the top of the vehicle. It may cause injury or vehicle damage.

Sunshade



Use the sunshade to block direct sunlight coming through the sunroof glass.

Open or close the sunshade by hand.



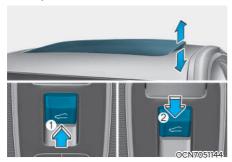
Information

The sunshade opens automatically when the sunroof glass is opened, but the sunshade does not close automatically when the sunroof glass is closed. Also, only the sunshade cannot be closed when the sunroof glass is opened.

NOTICE

Do not pull the sunshade up or down, or apply excessive force as such action may damage the sunshade or cause it to malfunction

Tilt open/close



[1]: Tilt open [2]: Tilt close

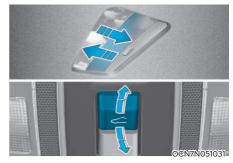
- Push the sunroof switch upward, the sunroof glass tilts open.
- Push the sunroof switch forward when the sunroof glass is tilt opened, the sunroof glass closes.

The sunroof glass tilts open or closes while the switch is pushed.

information

The sunroof glass cannot slide open and tilt open at the same time. You cannot tilt the sunroof glass open while the sunroof glass is slide open. Also, you cannot slide the sunroof glass open while the sunroof is tilt open. Slide open or tilt open with the sunroof glass when the sunroof glass is completely closed.

Slide open/close



- Push the sunroof switch rearward, the sunshade and sunroof glass slide open.
 - Push the sunroof switch forward, only the sunroof glass closes.
- Push the sunroof switch forward or rearward to the first detent position, the sunroof glass moves until the switch is released.
- Push the sunroof switch forward or rearward to the second detent position, the sunroof glass operates automatically (auto slide feature).

The sunroof glass stops halfway (first detent position) before it is fully opened. To fully open the sunroof glass, push the sunroof switch rearward once more. At this time, the sunroof glass opens only while the switch is pushed.

To stop the sunroof movement at any point, push the sunroof switch in any direction.

information

To reduce wind noise while driving, we recommend that you drive at the recommended position (first detent position) before the maximum slide open position.

Automatic reversal (if equipped)



If the sunroof glass senses any obstacle while it is closing automatically, it will reverse direction then stop at a certain position.

The auto reverse function may not work if an object thin or soft is caught between the sliding sunroof glass and sunroof sash.

MARNING

- Make sure heads, hands, arms or any other body parts or objects are out of the way before operating the sunroof. Body parts or objects may get caught causing injuries or vehicle damage.
- Never deliberately use your body parts to test the automatic reversal function. The sunroof glass may reverse direction, but there is a risk of injury.

NOTICE

- Do not continue to push the sunroof switch after the sunroof is fully opened, closed, or tilted. Damage to the sunroof motor could occur.
- Continuous operations such as slide open/close, tilt open/close, etc. may cause the motor or sunroof system to malfunction.
- Regularly remove any accumulated dust on the sunroof rail.
- Dust accumulated between the sunroof and roof panel can make noise. Open the sunroof and remove dust regularly using a clean cloth.
- Do not try to open the sunroof when the temperature is below freezing or when the sunroof is covered with snow or ice. The sunroof may not work properly and may break if opened by force.
- Do not open or drive with the sunroof glass open immediately after rain or washing the vehicle. Water may wet the interior of the vehicle.
- Do not extend any luggage outside the sunroof while driving. Vehicle damage may occur if the vehicle suddenly stops.



WARNING

Do not extend your head, arms, body parts or objects outside the sunroof while driving. Injuries may occur if the vehicle suddenly stops

Resetting the sunroof



In some circumstances resetting the sunroof operation may need to be performed. Some instances where resetting the sunroof may be required include:

- When the 12 V battery is either disconnected or discharged
- · When the sunroof fuse is replaced
- If the sunroof one-touch AUTO OPEN/ CLOSE operation is not functioning properly

Sunroof resetting procedure:

- It is recommended to perform the reset procedure with the vehicle engine running. Start the vehicle in P (Park).
- 2. Make sure the sunroof glass is in the fully closed position. If the sunroof glass is open, push the switch forward until the sunroof glass is fully closed.
- 3. Release the switch when the sunroof glass is fully closed.

- 4. Push the switch forward until the sunroof glass moves slightly. Then release the switch.
- Once again push and hold the sunroof switch forward until the sunroof glass slides open and close. Do not release the switch until the operation is completed.

If you release the switch during operation, start the procedure again from step 2.



If the sunroof does not reset when the vehicle battery is disconnected or discharged, or the sunroof fuse is blown, the sunroof may not operate normally.

Sunroof open warning (if equipped)



If the driver turns off the engine when the sunroof is not fully closed, the warning chime will sound for several seconds and the sunroof open warning will appear on the cluster display.

Close the sunroof securely when leaving your vehicle.



CAUTION

Make sure the sunroof is closed fully when leaving your vehicle.

If the sunroof is left open, rain or snow may wet the interior of the vehicle. Also, leaving the sunroof open when the vehicle is unattended may invite theft.

HOOD

Opening the hood



- 1. Park the vehicle and set the parking brake.
- Pull the release lever to unlatch the hood. The hood should pop open slightly.



- 3. Go to the front of the vehicle, raise the hood slightly, push up the secondary hood release lever (1) inside of the hood center and lift the hood (2).
- 4. Pull out the support rod.



5. Hold the hood open with the support rod (3).



Support rod

- After driving, the engine compartment and support rod will be hot. Grasp the support rod in the area wrapped in rubber to prevent burns.
- The support rod must be inserted completely into the hole provided whenever you inspect the engine compartment. This will prevent the hood from falling and possibly injuring you.

Closing the hood

- Before closing the hood, check in and around the engine compartment to ensure the following:
 - Any tools or other loose objects are removed from the engine compartment area or hood opening area
 - All gloves, rags, or other combustible material is removed from the engine compartment
 - All filler caps are tightly and correctly installed
- 2. Return the support rod to its clip to prevent it from rattling.
- 3. Lower the hood halfway (lifted about 30 cm (12 in) from the closed position) and push down to securely lock in place. Then double check to be sure the hood is secure. If the hood can be raised slightly, it is not securely locked. Open it again and close it with more force.

MARNING

- Before closing the hood, ensure all obstructions are removed from around the hood opening.
- Always double check to be sure that the hood is firmly latched before driving away. Check there is no hood open warning light or message displayed on the instrument cluster. Driving with the hood opened may cause a total loss of visibility, which might result in an accident.
- Do not move the vehicle with the hood in the raised position, as vision is obstructed, which might result in an accident, and the hood could fall or be damaged.

TRUNK

Opening the trunk

Opening from outside



Make sure the shift lever is in P (Park, for automatic transmission/Intelligent variable transmission/dual clutch transmission) or first gear or R (Reverse, for manual transmission) and set the parking brake.

Then do one of the following:

- Unlock all doors with the Door Unlock button on your remote key or smart key. Press the trunk open button and open the trunk.
- Press and hold the trunk open button on the remote key or smart key to unlock the trunk.
- With the remote key or smart key in your possession, press the trunk open button and open the trunk.

Opening from inside



When the trunk is closed, pull the trunk release lever. The trunk will open.

Closing the trunk

Lower the trunk lid and press down until it locks. To be sure the trunk lid is securely fastened, always check by trying to pull it up again.



WARNING

Always keep the trunk lid completely closed while the vehicle is in motion. If it is left open or ajar, poisonous exhaust gases containing carbon monoxide (CO) may enter the vehicle and serious illness or death may result.



Information

To prevent damage to the trunk lift cylinders and the attached hardware, always close the trunk before driving.

NOTICE

In cold and wet climates, trunk lock and trunk mechanisms may not work properly due to freezing conditions.

Emergency trunk safety release



Your vehicle is equipped with an Emergency Trunk Safety Release lever located inside the trunk. When someone is inadvertently locked in the trunk, the trunk can be opened by moving the lever in the direction of the arrow and pushing the trunk open.

MARNING

- For emergencies, be fully aware of the location of the emergency trunk safety release lever in the vehicle and how to open the trunk if you are accidentally locked in the trunk.
- NEVER allow anyone to occupy the trunk of the vehicle at any time. If the trunk is partially or totally latched and the person is unable to get out, serious injury or death could occur due to lack of ventilation, exhaust fumes and rapid heat build-up, or because of exposure to cold weather conditions. The trunk is also a highly dangerous location in the event of a crash because it is not a protected occupant space but is a part of the vehicle's crush zone.
- Your vehicle should be kept locked and the Smart Key should be kept out of the reach of children. Parents should teach their children about the dangers of playing in trunks.
- Use the release lever for emergencies only. Use with extreme caution, especially while the vehicle is in motion.

Smart Trunk with Auto Open (if equipped)



On a vehicle equipped with a smart key, the trunk can be opened using the Smart Trunk with Auto Open system.

How to use the Smart Trunk with Auto Open

The trunk can be opened with notouch activation satisfying all the conditions below.

- After 15 seconds when all doors are closed and locked
- · Positioned in the detecting area for more than 3 seconds

Information

The Smart Trunk with Auto Open does not operate when:

- The smart key is detected within 15 seconds after the doors are closed and locked, and is continuously detected.
- The smart key is detected within 15 seconds after the doors are closed and locked, and in 1.5 m from the front door handles. (for vehicles equipped with Welcome Light)
- A door is not locked or closed.
- · The smart key is in the vehicle.

1. Setting

To activate the Smart Trunk with Auto Open, go to User Settings Mode and select Smart Trunk on the cluster display. For more details, refer to "Cluster display (Type A)" in chapter 4.

Information

If your vehicle is equipped with additional infotainment system, you can set the system in the infotainment system.



2. Detect and Alert

If you are positioned in the detecting area (50-100 cm (19-39 in.) behind the vehicle) carrying a smart key, the hazard warning lights will blink and chime will sound to alert you the smart key has been detected and the trunk will open.

i Information

Do not approach the detecting area if you do not want the trunk to open. If you have unintentionally entered the detecting area and the hazard warning lights and chime starts to operate, leave the detecting area with the smart key. The trunk will stay closed.



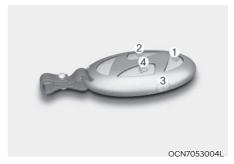
3. Automatic opening

The hazard warning lights will blink and chime will sound 6 times and then the trunk will open.

! WARNING

- Make sure you close the trunk before driving your vehicle.
- Make sure there are no people or objects around the trunk before opening or closing the trunk.
- Make sure objects in the trunk do not come out when opening the trunk on a slope. It may cause serious injury.
- Make sure to deactivate the Smart Trunk when washing your vehicle. Otherwise, the trunk may open inadvertently.
- The key should be kept out of reach of children. Children may inadvertently open the Smart Trunk with Auto Open while playing around the rear area of the vehicle.

How to deactivate the Smart Trunk with Auto Open function using the smart key



- 1. Door lock
- 2. Door unlock
- 3. Trunk open
- 4. Remote start (if equipped)

If you press any button of the smart key during the Detect and Alert stage, the Smart Trunk with Auto Open function will be deactivated.

Make sure to be aware of how to deactivate the Smart Trunk with Auto Open function for emergency situations.

i Information

- If you press the door unlock button (2), the Smart Trunk with Auto Open function will be deactivated temporarily. But, if you do not open any door for 30 seconds, the smart trunk function will be activated again.
- If you press the trunk open button (3) for more than 1 second, the trunk opens.
- If you press the door lock button (1) or trunk open button (3) when the Smart Trunk with Auto Open function is not in the Detect and Alert stage, the smart trunk function will not be deactivated.
- In case you have deactivated the Smart Trunk function by pressing the smart key button and opened a door, the Smart Trunk with Auto Open function can be activated again by closing and locking all doors.

Detecting area



- The Smart Trunk with Auto Open operates with a welcome alert if the smart key is detected within 50-100 cm (19-39 in.) from the trunk.
- The alert stops at once if the smart key is positioned outside the detecting area during the Detect and Alert stage.

Information

- The Smart Trunk with Auto Open function will not work if any of the following occurs:
 - The smart key is close to a radio transmitter such as a radio station or an airport which can interfere with normal operation of the transmitter.
 - The smart key is near a mobile two way radio system or a cellular phone.
 - Another vehicle's smart key is being operated close to your vehicle.
- The detecting range may decrease or increase when:
 - One side of the tire is raised to replace a tire or to inspect the vehicle.
 - The vehicle is slantingly parked on a slope or unpaved road, etc.

FUEL FILLER DOOR

Opening the fuel filler door

- 1. Turn the engine off.
- 2. Pull up the fuel filler door opener.



- 3. Pull the fuel filler door (1) outward to access the fuel tank cap.
- 4. To remove the fuel tank cap (2), turn it counterclockwise. You may hear a hissing noise as the pressure inside the tank equalizes.



5. Place the cap on the fuel filler door.

i Information

If the fuel filler door does not open because ice has formed around it, tap lightly or push on the door to break the ice and release the door. Do not pry on the door. If necessary, spray around the door with an approved de-icer fluid (do not use radiator anti-freeze) or move the vehicle to a warm place and allow the ice to melt.

Closing the fuel filler door

- 1. To install the fuel tank cap, turn it clockwise until it "clicks" one time.
- 2. Close the fuel filler door until it is latched securely.

⚠ WARNING

Automotive fuel is highly flammable and explosive. Failure to follow these guidelines may result in SERIOUS INJURY or DEATH:

- Read and follow all warnings posted at the gas station.
- Before refueling, note the location of the Emergency Gasoline Shut-Off, if available, at the gas station.
- Before touching the fuel nozzle, you should eliminate the potential buildup of static electricity by touching a metal part of the vehicle, a safe distance away from the fuel filler neck, nozzle, or other gas source, with your bare hand.
- Do not use cellular phones while refueling. Electric current and/or electronic interference from cellular phones can potentially ignite fuel vapors and cause a fire.

- Do not get back into a vehicle once you have begun refueling. You can generate a build-up of static electricity by touching, rubbing or sliding against any item or fabric capable of producing static electricity. Static electricity discharge can ignite fuel vapors causing a fire. If you must re-enter the vehicle, you should once again eliminate potentially dangerous static electricity discharge by touching a metal part of the vehicle, away from the fuel filler neck, nozzle or other gasoline source, with your bare hand.
- When refueling, always move the shift lever to the P (Park) position, set the parking brake, and place the ignition switch to the LOCK/OFF position.
 - Sparks produced by electrical components related to the engine can ignite fuel vapors causing a fire.
- When using an approved portable fuel container, be sure to place the container on the ground prior to refueling. Static electricity discharge from the container can ignite fuel vapors causing a fire. Once refueling has begun, contact between your bare hand and the vehicle should be maintained until the filling is complete.
- Use only approved portable plastic fuel containers designed to carry and store gasoline.
- Do not use matches or a lighter and do not smoke or leave a lit cigarette in your vehicle while at a gas station, especially during refueling.

- Do not over-fill or top-off your vehicle tank, which can cause gasoline spillage.
- If a fire breaks out during refueling, leave the vicinity of the vehicle, and immediately contact the manager of the gas station and then contact the local fire department. Follow any safety instructions they provide.
- If pressurized fuel sprays out, it can cover your clothes or skin and thus subject you to the risk of fire and burns. Always remove the fuel cap carefully and slowly. If the cap is venting fuel or if you hear a hissing sound, wait until the condition stops before completely removing the cap.
- Always check that the fuel cap is installed securely to prevent fuel spillage in the event of an accident.

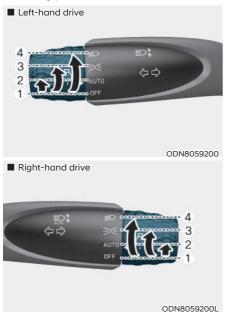
NOTICE

- Do not spill fuel on the exterior surfaces. It may damage the paint.
- If the fuel filler cap needs to be replaced, we recommend that you use only a genuine HYUNDAI cap or the equivalent or the fuel system or emission control system may malfunction.

EXTERIOR LIGHTS

Lighting control

To operate the lights, turn the knob at the end of the control lever to one of the following positions:



- (1) OFF (O)
- (2) AUTO light (if equipped)
- (3) Position light
- (4) Headlight

AUTO headlight

The position light and headlight are turned ON or OFF automatically depending on the amount of daylight as measured by the ambient light sensor (1) in front of the instrument panel.

Even with the AUTO headlight feature in operation, it is recommended to manually turn ON the headlights when driving at night or in a fog, driving in the rain, or when you enter dark areas, such as tunnels and parking facilities.

NOTICE

- Do not cover or spill anything on the sensor (1) located in front of the instrument panel.
- Do not clean the sensor using a window cleaner, the cleanser may leave a light film which could interfere with sensor operation.
- If your vehicle window tint or other types of metallic coating on the front windshield, the AUTO headlight system may not work properly.

Position light (→)€)



The position light, license plate light, and instrument panel lamp are turned ON.

Headlight (≦□)



The headlight, position light, license plate light and instrument panel lamp are turned ON.

i Information

The ignition switch must be in the ON position to turn on the headlight.

High beam operation



To turn on the high beam headlight, push the lever away from you. The lever returns to its original position.

The high beam indicator illuminates when the headlight high beams are switched on. To turn off the high beam headlight, pull the lever towards you. The low beams turn on.

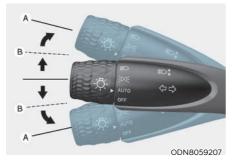


Do not use high beam when there are other vehicles approaching you. Using high beam could obstruct the other driver's vision.



To flash the high beam headlight, pull the lever towards you, then release the lever. The high beams remain ON as long as you hold the lever.

Turn signals and lane change signals



To signal a turn, push down on the lever for a left turn or up for a right turn in position (A).

If an indicator stays on and does not flash or if it flashes abnormally, one of the turn signal bulbs may be burned out and may require replacement. We recommend that you contact an authorized HYUNDAI dealer.

One touch turn signal

To use One Touch Turn Signal, push the turn signal lever up or down to position (B) and then release it.

The lane change signals blink 3, 5, or 7 times.

You can enable the One Touch Turn Signal function or choose the number of blinks from the User Settings Mode on the cluster display.

For more details, refer to "Cluster display modes" in chapter 4.

If your vehicle is equipped with additional navigation, please refer to the infotainment system manual separately supplied.

Rear fog light (if equipped)



To turn on the rear fog light:

Position the headlight switch in the headlight position, and then turn the headlight switch (1) to the rear fog light position.

To turn the rear fog lights off, do one of the following:

- · Turn off the headlight switch.
- Turn the headlight switch (1) to the rear fog light position again.

Battery saver function

To prevent the battery from being discharging, the system automatically turns off the position light when the driver turns the vehicle off and opens the driver's door.

With this feature, the position lights turn off automatically if the driver parks on the side of road at night.

To keep the lights on when the vehicle is turned off:

- 1. Open the driver's door.
- 2. Turn the position lights OFF and ON again using the headlight switch.

Headlight leveling device (if equipped)



To adjust the headlight beam level according to the number of the passengers and loading weight in the luggage area, turn the beam leveling switch.

The higher the number on the switch position, the lower the headlight beam level. Always keep the headlight beam at the proper leveling position, or headlights may dazzle other road users.

Listed below are examples of appropriate switch settings for varying loads. For loading conditions other than those listed, adjust the switch position to the most similar situation.

| Loading condition | Switch position |
|--|-----------------|
| Driver only | 0 |
| Driver + Front passenger | 0 |
| Full passengers (including driver) | 1 |
| Full passengers (including driver) + Maximum perm issible loading | 2 |
| Driver + Maximum permissible loading | 3 |



WARNING

If the function does not work properly, we recommend that the system be inspected by an authorized HYUNDAI dealer. Do not attempt to inspect or replace the wiring yourself.

Headlight delay/time-out function (if equipped)

If the ignition switch is in the ACC or LOCK/OFF position with the headlights ON, the headlights (and/or position lights) remain on for about 5 minutes.

If the driver's door is opened and closed, the headlights are turned off after 15 seconds. Also, with the vehicle off if the driver's door is opened and closed, the headlights (and/or position lights) are turned off after 15 seconds.

The headlights (and/or position lights) can be turned off by pressing the lock button on the remote key or smart key twice or turning the headlight switch to the OFF or AUTO position.

You can enable the headlight delay function from the User Settings Mode in the cluster display.

For more details, refer to "Cluster display modes" in chapter 4.

If your vehicle is equipped with additional navigation, please refer to the infotainment system manual separately supplied.



Information

If the driver exits the vehicle through another door besides the driver's door, the battery saver function does not operate and the headlight delay function does not turn OFF automatically.

To avoid battery discharge, turn OFF the headlights manually from the headlight switch before exiting the vehicle.

Daytime Running Light (DRL) (if equipped)

The Daytime Running Lights (DRL) can make it easier for others to see the front of your vehicle during the day, especially after dawn and before sunset.

It automatically turns ON once the engine is started.

The DRL system turns OFF when:

- · The headlights are on.
- The engine is turned ON while the parking brake is applied (DRL remains off until driving)
- · The engine is off.



You can turn off the DRL system while driving by turning on the headlights when the parking brake is applied and then turning off the headlights afterward.

Welcome system (if equipped)



Welcome system helps keep the driver visible by turning on vehicle lights when the driver approaches the vehicle.

Door handle light

When all the doors (and trunk) are closed and locked, the door handle light will turn on for about 15 seconds if:

- The door lock button is pressed on the remote key or smart key.
- The button of the outside door handle is pressed while carrying the smart key.
- You put your hand in the outside door handle while carrying the smart key.

Headlight and position light

When the headlight switch is in the headlight or AUTO position and all the doors (and tailgate) are closed and locked, the position lights and headlights come on for about 15 seconds when the door unlock button is pressed on the remote key or the smart key.

If you press the door lock or unlock button, the position lights and headlights turn off immediately.

You can activate or deactivate the Welcome Light from the User Settings Mode on the cluster display.

For more details, refer to "Cluster display (Type A)" in chapter 4.



If your vehicle is equipped with additional infotainment system, you can set the system in the infotainment system.

Interior light

When the interior light switch is in the DOOR position and all doors (and trunk) are closed and locked, the room lamps come on for 30 seconds when:

- The door unlock button is pressed on the remote key or smart key.
- The button of the outside door handle is pressed while carrying the smart key.
- You put your hand in the outside door handle while carrying the smart key.
- If you press the door lock or unlock button on the remote key or smart key, the lights turn off immediately.

HIGH BEAM ASSIST (HBA) (IF EQUIPPED)



Hight Beam Assist automatically switches between high beam and low beam depending on the detected brightness from the lights of oncoming vehicles or vehicles in front.

Detecting sensor



[A]: Front view camera

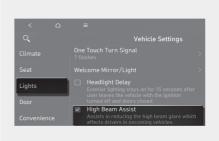
The front view camera is used as a detecting sensor to detect ambient light and brightness while driving.

Refer to the illustration above for the detailed location of the detecting sensor.

NOTICE

- Always keep the front view camera in good condition to maintain optimal performance of High Beam Assist.
- For more information on the limitations of the front view camera, refer to the "Forward collisionavoidance assist (FCA) (front view camera only)" or "Forward collisionavoidance assist (FCA) (Sensor fusion)" section in chapter 7.

High Beam Assist settings



OCN7073239L

With the ignition switch in the ON position, select User settings > Lights > HBA (High Beam Assist) from the Settings menu to turn on High Beam Assist and deselect to turn off the function.



Only change the settings after parking your vehicle at a safe location.

High Beam Assist operation

- · After selecting High Beam Assist from the Settings menu to operate High Beam Assist:
 - Place the headlight switch in the AUTO position and push the headlight lever towards the instrument cluster. The High Beam Assist (♠) indicator light illuminates.
 - When High Beam Assist is enabled, high beams turn on when the vehicle speed is above 30 km/h (18 mph) and the High Beam (≦D) indicator illuminates. When the vehicle speed is below 20 km/h (12 mph), high beams do not turn on and the indicator light illuminates in white.
- When High Beam Assist is operating:
 - If the turn signal lever is pulled toward you when the high beams are off, the high beams turn on. When you let go of the turn signal lever, High Beam Assist operates again.
 - If the turn signal lever is pulled toward you when the high beams are on by High Beam Assist, the low beams turn on and High Beam Assist turns off.
 - If the turn signal lever is pushed away from you, the high beams turn on and High Beam Assist turns off.
 - If the headlight switch is moved from AUTO to another position (headlight/position/off(O)), the corresponding light turns on and High Beam Assist turns off.

- When High Beam Assist is operating, high beam switches to low beam if:
 - The headlights of an oncoming vehicle are detected.
 - The tail lights of a front vehicle are detected.
 - The headlight or tail light of a motorcycle or a bicycle is detected.
 - The surrounding ambient light is bright enough so high beams are not required.
 - Streetlights or other lights are detected.



Information

The images and colors in the cluster may differ depending on the cluster type or theme selected from the cluster.

High Beam Assist malfunction and limitations

High Beam Assist malfunction



When High Beam Assist is not working properly, the 'Check High Beam Assist (HBA) system' or 'Check HBA (High Beam Assist) system' warning message may appear, and the (A) warning light may illuminate on the instrument cluster. We recommend that the system be inspected by an authorized HYUNDAI dealer.

Limitations of High Beam Assist

High Beam Assist may not work properly in the following situations if:

- The headlights from an oncoming or front vehicle is damaged or out of the detection range.
- The headlights from an oncoming or front vehicle are covered with dust, snow, or water.
- An oncoming or front vehicle's headlights are off but the fog lights are on.
- There are lights that have a similar shape as a vehicle's light ahead.
 The headlights are not repaired or replaced properly.

- The headlights are not aimed properly. You are driving on a narrow curved road, rough road, uphill, or downhill. A front vehicle is partially visible at a crossroad or on a curved road.
- There is a temporary reflector or flash ahead (construction area).
- There is a traffic light, reflecting sign, LED sign, or reflectors ahead.
 The road is wet or covered with snow or ice.
- A vehicle suddenly appears from a curve.
- The vehicle is tilted due to a flat tire or being towed.
- The headlights from an oncoming or front vehicle is not detected because of exhaust fumes, smoke, fog, snow, blizzard, water spray on the road, or windshield condensation, etc.

i Information

For more information on the limitations of the front view camera, refer to the "Forward Collision-Avoidance assist (FCA) (Front view camera only)" or "Forward Collision-Avoidance assist (FCA) (Sensor fusion)" section in chapter 7.

MARNING

- Always check road conditions, and if necessary, take appropriate actions to drive safely. It is your responsibility to operate your vehicle in a safe manner.
- If High Beam Assist does not operate properly, use the turn signal lever to switch between high beam and low beam.
- High Beam Assist may not operate for 15 seconds right after your vehicle is started or when the front view camera is initialized.

INTERIOR LIGHTS



↑ WARNING

Do not use the interior lights when driving in the dark. The interior lights may obscure your view and result in a collision.

Do not use the interior lights for extended periods when the vehicle is turned off. Otherwise, the battery discharges.

Interior lamp AUTO off

The interior lights automatically go off about 20 minutes after the vehicle is turned off and the doors are closed. If a door is opened, the light go off 25 minutes after the vehicle is turned off. If the doors are locked by the remote key or smart key and the vehicle enters the armed stage of the theft alarm system, the lights go off 5 seconds later.

Front lamps



- Press the lens (1) to turn on or off the map lamp. This light produces a spot beam for convenient use as a map lamp at night or as a personal lamp for the driver and the front passenger.
- [™] (2): The front or rear room lamps come on when the front or rear doors are opened. When doors are unlocked by the remote key or smart key, the front and rear lamps come on for about 30 seconds as long as any door is not opened. The front and rear room lamps go out gradually after about 30 seconds when the door is closed. However, if the ignition switch is in the ON position or all doors are locked, the front and rear lamps turn off. If a door is opened with the ignition switch in the ACC or LOCK/ OFF position, the front and rear lamps stay on for about 5 minutes.
- (3):

 Press the button to turn on the room lamp for the front and rear seats.
- (4):
 Press the button to turn off the room lamp for the front and rear seats.

Ambient light (if equipped)



To set the brightness and color of the ambient light, select User settings > Vehicle > Lights > Ambient lighting in the infotainment system.

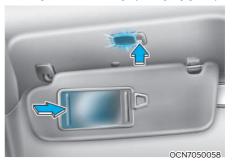
Rear lamps



쬬:

Press the button to turn on and off the rear room lamp.

Vanity mirror lamp (if equipped)



Push the switch to turn the lamp on or off.

- The lamp turns on if this button is pressed.
- O:
 The lamp turns off if this button is pressed.

Trunk room lamp



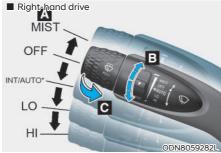
The trunk room lamp turns on when the trunk is opened and off when the trunk is closed.

NOTICE

Close the trunk after use to prevent unnecessary battery discharge.

WIPERS AND WASHERS





- A. Wiper speed control
 - HI/2: High wiper speed.
 - LO/1: Low wiper speed.
 - INT/---: Intermittent wipe.
 - AUTO(if equipped): Auto control wipe.
 - OFF/O: Off
 - MIST/1x: Single wipe
- B. Intermittent or Auto control wipe time adjustment (if equipped)
- C. Wash with brief wipes

Windshield wipers

Operates as follows when the ignition switch is in the ON position.

- HI/2: The wiper runs at a higher speed.
- LO/1: The wiper runs at a lower speed.
- INT/---: Wiper operates intermittently at the same wiping intervals.
 To vary the speed setting, turn the speed control knob.
- · OFF/O: Wipers are not in operation.
- MIST/1x: For a single wiping cycle, push the lever downward and release. The wipers operate continuously if the lever is held in this position.

i Information

If there is heavy accumulation of snow or ice on the windshield, defrost the windshield for about 10 minutes, or until the snow and/or ice is removed to prevent damage to the wiper and washer system.

AUTO (Automatic) control (if equipped)

The rain sensor located on the upper end of the windshield glass senses the amount of rainfall and controls the interval of the wiping cycle.

To change the sensitivity setting, turn the sensitivity control knob.

If the wiper switch is set in the AUTO mode when the ignition switch is in the ON position, the wiper operates once to perform a self-check of the system. Set the wiper to the OFF (O) position when the wiper is not used.

⚠ WARNING

To avoid personal injury from the windshield wipers, when the engine is running and the windshield wiper switch is placed in the AUTO mode:

- Do not touch the upper end of the windshield glass facing the rain sensor.
- Do not wipe the upper end of the windshield glass with a damp or wet cloth.
- Do not put pressure on the windshield glass.j

NOTICE

- When washing the vehicle, set the wiper switch in the OFF (O) position to stop the auto wiper operation.
- Do not remove the sensor cover located on the upper end of the passenger side windshield glass.

Windshield washers



In the OFF (O) position, pull the lever gently toward you to spray washer fluid on the windshield and to run the wipers 1-3 cycles. The spray and wiper operation will continue until you release the lever. If the washer does not work, you may need to add washer fluid to the washer fluid reservoir.

MARNING

When the outside temperature is below freezing, ALWAYS warm the windshield using the defroster to prevent the washer fluid from freezing on the windshield and obscuring your vision which could result in an accident and serious injury or death.

Always use appropriate washer fluids in the winter season or cold weather.



CAUTION

To prevent damage:

- Do not operate the washer when the fluid reservoir is empty or when the windshield is dry.
- Do not operate the wipers when the windshield is dry.
- Do not attempt to move the wipers manually.
- Use anti-freezing washer fluids in the winter season or cold weather.

AUTOMATIC CLIMATE CONTROL SYSTEM





- Right-hand drive
 - Type B



- (1) Driver's temperature control
- (2) Passenger's temperature control
- (3) AUTO (automatic control)
- (4) SYNC
- (5) OFF
- (6) Front windshield defroster

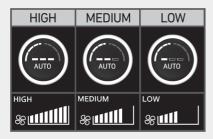
- (7) A/C (air conditioning)
- (8) Air intake control
- (9) Rear window defroster
- (10) Fan speed control
- (11) Mode selection
- (12) Climate control information screen

Automatic heating and air conditioning



1. Press the AUTO button

The modes, fan speeds, air intake and air-conditioning will be controlled automatically according to the temperature setting you select.

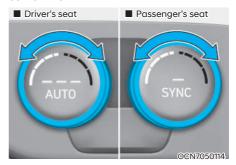


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You can control the wind strength in three stages by pushing the AUTO button during automatic operation.

- HIGH: Provide rapid air conditioning and heating with strong wind
- MEDIUM: Provide air conditioning and heating with medium strength wind
- LOW: It is suitable for drivers who prefer to soft wind.

When you select the temperature to HI or LO in AUTO mode, the wind strength is set to 'HIGH'.



- Turn the temperature control knob to set the desired temperature. If the temperature is set to the lowest setting (Lo), the air conditioning system will operate continuously.
- To turn the automatic operation off, select any button of the following:
 - Mode selection button
 - Front windshield defroster button (Press the button one more time to deselect the front windshield defroster function. The 'AUTO' sign will illuminate on the information screen once again.)
 - Fan speed control toggle switch
 The selected function will be controlled manually while other functions operate automatically.
- For your convenience, use the AUTO button and set the temperature to 22°C (71°F).



i Information

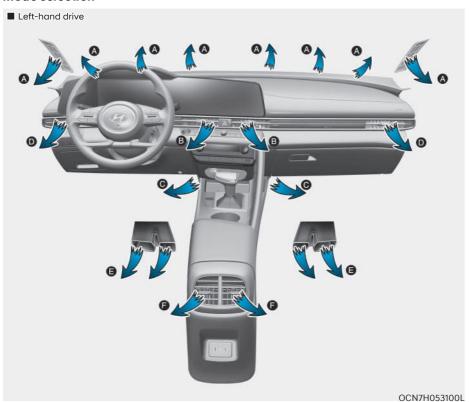
Never place anything near the sensor to ensure better control of the heating and cooling system.

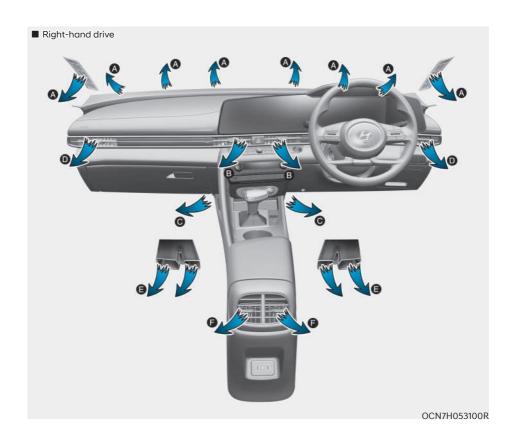
Manual heating and air conditioning

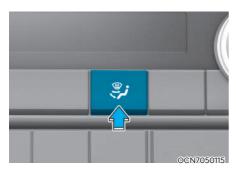
The heating and cooling system can be controlled manually by pushing buttons other than the AUTO button. In this case, the system works sequentially according to the order of buttons selected. When pressing any button except the AUTO button while using automatic operation, the functions not selected will be controlled automatically.

- 1. Start the engine.
- Set the mode to the desired position.
 To improve the effectiveness of heating and cooling, select the mode according to the following:
 - Heating: 🎝
 - Cooling: نرح
- 3. Set the temperature control to the desired position.
- 4. Set the air intake control to fresh mode.
- 5. Set the fan speed control to the desired speed.
- 6. If air conditioning is desired, turn the air conditioning system on.
- Press the AUTO button in order to convert to full automatic control of the system.

Mode selection







The mode selection toggle switch controls the direction of the air flow through the ventilation system.

The air flow outlet direction is cycled as follows:





Face-level (B, D, F)

Air flow is directed toward the upper body and face. Additi onally, each outlet can be controlled to direct the air disch arged from the outlet.



Air flow is directed toward the face and the floor.



• Floor-Level (A, C, D, E, F)

Most of the air flow is directed to the floor, with a small am ount of the air being directed to the windshield and side window defrosters.



• Floor/Defrost-Level (A, C, D, E, F)

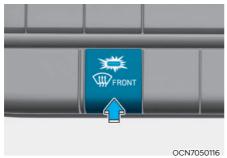
Most of the air flow is directed to the floor and the windshield with a small amount directed to the side window defrosters.



Defrost-Level (A, D)

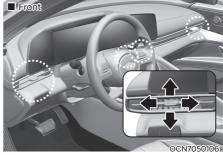
Most of the air flow is directed to the windshield with a small amount of air directed to the side window defrosters.

Front windshield defroster [A], [D]



Most of the air flow is directed to the windshield with a small amount of air directed to the side window defrosters.

Instrument panel vents

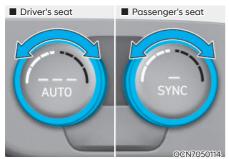




The instrument panel vent air flow can be directed up/down or left/right using the vent adjustment lever.

To close the vent, push the air vent lever in the opposite direction of the passenger. To open the vent, push the air vent lever in the same direction of the passenger.

Temperature control



The temperature will increase by turning the knob to the right.

The temperature will decrease by turning the knob to the left.

The temperature will increase or decrease by 0.5°C (1°F) for each incremental location. When set to the lowest temperature setting, the air conditioning will operate continuously.



Adjusting the driver and passenger side temperature equally

- Press the "SYNC" button to adjust the driver and passenger side temperature equally.
 - The passenger side temperature will be set to the same temperature as the driver side temperature.
- Turn the driver side temperature control knob. The driver and passenger side temperature will be adjusted equally.
- If you rotate the passenger's temperature control knob, the SYNC button is off and the passenger side temperature can be operated individually.

Adjusting the driver and passenger side temperature individually

Press the "SYNC" button again to adjust the driver and passenger side temperature individually. The button indicator will turn off.

Temperature conversion

If the battery has been discharged or disconnected, the temperature mode display will reset to Centigrade.

To change the temperature unit from °C to °F or °F to °C:

- Automatic climate control system
 Press the AUTO button for 3 seconds while pressing the OFF button.
- Instrument cluster Automatic climate control system

Go to User Settings > Other > Temperature Unit.

The temperature unit on both the cluster display and the climate control screen will change.

Air intake control

Recirculation mode



With the recirculated air selected, air from the passenger compartment is drawn through the climate control system.

Outside (fresh) mode



With the outside (fresh) air selected, air enters the vehicle from outside and is drawn through the climate control system.

i Information

Using the system in the fresh air position is recommended.

Prolonged operation of the heater in the recirculated air position (without air conditioning selected) can cause fogging of the windshield and side windows and the air within the passenger compartment will become stale.

In addition, prolonged use of the air conditioning with the recirculated air position selected will result in excessively dry air in the passenger compartment.

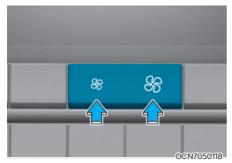
Λ

WARNING

To prevent serious injury or death:

- Continued climate control system operation in the recirculated air position may allow humidity to increase inside the vehicle that could fog the windshield and the side windows and obscure visibility.
- Do not sleep in a vehicle with the air conditioning or heating system on.
- Continued climate use of recirculated air may cause drowsiness or sleepiness, and loss of vehicle control. Set the air intake control to the outside (fresh) air position while driving.

Fan speed control



The fan speed can be set to the desired speed by using the fan speed control toggle switch.

More air is delivered with higher fan speeds.

Pressing the OFF button turns off the fan.

NOTICE

Operating the fan speed when the ignition switch is in the ON position may cause the battery to discharge.

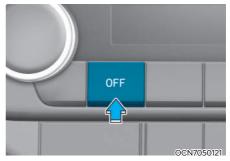
Air conditioning



Push the A/C button to manually turn the air conditioning system on (indicator light will illuminate).

Push the button again to turn the air conditioning system off.

OFF mode



Push the OFF button of the front to turn off the air climate control system. However, you can still operate the mode and air intake buttons as long as the ignition switch is in the ON position.

System operation

Ventilation

- 1. Select the Face Level if mode.
- 2. Set the air intake control to fresh mode.
- 3. Set the temperature control to the desired position.
- 4. Set the fan speed control to the desired speed.

Heating

- 1. Select the Floor Level , mode.
- 2. Set the air intake control to fresh mode.
- 3. Set the temperature control to the desired position.
- 4. Set the fan speed control to the desired speed.
- If desired, turn the air conditioning ON with the temperature control knob set to heat in order to dehumidify the air before it enters into the cabin.

If the windshield fogs up, select the Front & Deforst winde or press the Front Defrost mode.

Operation Tips

- To keep dust or unpleasant fumes from entering the vehicle through the ventilation system, temporarily set the air intake control to the recirculation mode. Be sure to return the control to fresh mode position when the irritation has passed to keep fresh air in the vehicle. This will help keep the driver alert and comfortable.
- To prevent interior fog on the windshield, set the air intake control to fresh mode and fan speed to the desired position, turn on the air conditioning system, and adjust the temperature control to desired temperature.

Air conditioning

HYUNDAI Air Conditioning Systems are filled with R-134a or R1234yf refrigerant.

- 1. Start the vehicle.
- 2. Push the air conditioning button.
- 3. Select the Face Level if mode.
- 4. Set the air intake control to Recirculation mode temporarily to allow the cabin to cool quickly. When the desired temperature in the cabin is reached, change the air intake control back to Fresh mode.
- Adjust the fan speed control and temperature control to maintain maximum comfort.

i Information



Your vehicle is filled with R-134a or R-1234yf according to the regulation in your country at the time of production. You can find out which air conditioning refrigerant is applied to your vehicle on the label located inside of the hood.

NOTICE

- The refrigerant system should only be serviced by trained and certified technicians to insure proper and safe operation.
- The refrigerant system should be serviced in a well-ventilated place.

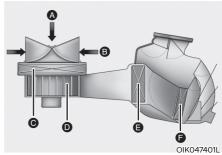
i Information

- When using the air conditioning system, monitor the temperature gauge closely while driving up hills or in heavy traffic when outside temperatures are high. Air conditioning system operation may cause engine overheating. Continue to use the blower fan but turn the air conditioning system off if the temperature gauge indicates engine overheating.
- When opening the windows in humid weather, air conditioning may create water droplets inside the vehicle. Since excessive water droplets may cause damage to electrical equipment, air conditioning should only be used with the windows closed.

Air conditioning system operation tips

- If the vehicle has been parked in direct sunlight during hot weather, open the windows for a short time to let the hot air inside the vehicle escape.
- After sufficient cooling has been achieved, switch back from recirculation mode to fresh mode.
- To help reduce moisture inside of the windows on rainy or humid days, decrease the humidity inside the vehicle by operating the air conditioning system with the windows and sunroof closed.
- During air conditioning system operation, you may occasionally notice a slight change in engine speed as the air conditioning compressor cycles. This is a normal system operation characteristic.
- Use the air conditioning system every month only for a few minutes to ensure maximum system performance.
- When using the air conditioning system, you may notice clear water dripping (or even puddling) on the ground under the passenger side of the vehicle. This is a normal system operation characteristic.
- If you operate the air conditioner excessively, the difference between the temperature of the outside air and that of the windshield could cause the outer surface of the windshield to fog up, causing loss of visibility. In this case, set the mode selection button to the position and set the fan speed control knob to the lowest speed setting.

System maintenance Climate control air filter



[A] : Outside air, [B] : Recirculated air [C] : Climate control air filter, [D] : Blower [E] : Evaporator core, [F] : Heater core

The climate control air filter installed behind the glove box filters the dust or other pollutants that come into the vehicle from the outside through the heating and air conditioning system.

If dust or other pollutants accumulate in the filter over a period of time, the air flow from the air vents may decrease, resulting in moisture accumulation on the inside of the windshield even when the outside (fresh) air position is selected.

If this happens, we recommend that the climate control air filter be replaced by an authorized HYUNDAI dealer.

i Information

- Replace the filter according to the Maintenance Schedule.
 - If the vehicle is being driven in severe conditions such as dusty, rough roads, more frequent climate control air filter inspections and changes are required.
- When the air flow rate suddenly decreases, we recommend that the system be checked by an authorized HYUNDAI dealer.

Checking the amount of air conditioner refrigerant and compressor lubricant

When the amount of refrigerant is low, the performance of the air conditioning is reduced. Overfilling also reduces the performance of the air conditioning system. Therefore, if abnormal operation is found, we recommend that the system be inspected by an authorized HYUNDAI dealer.

NOTICE

It is important that the correct type and amount of oil and refrigerant are used. Otherwise, damage to the compressor and abnormal system operation may occur. To prevent damage, the air conditioning system in your vehicle should only be serviced by trained and certified technicians.



WARNING

Vehicles equipped with R-134a



Since the refrigerant is operated at very high pressure, the air conditioning system should only be serviced by trained and certified technicians.

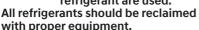
All refrigerants should be reclaimed with proper equipment.
Venting refrigerants directly to the atmosphere is harmful to individuals and environment. Failure to heed these warnings can lead to serious injuries.



Vehicles equipped with R-1234yf



Since the refrigerant is mildly flammable and operated at high pressure, the air conditioning system should only be serviced by trained and certified technicians. It is important that the correct type and amount of oil and refrigerant are used.



Venting refrigerants directly to the atmosphere is harmful to individuals and environment. Failure to heed these warnings can lead to serious injuries.

Air Conditioning refrigerant label



You can find out which air conditioning refrigerant is applied to your vehicle on the label located in the engine compartment.





OHYK059001

Each symbol and specification on the air conditioning refrigerant label is represented as the following:

- (1) Classification of refrigerant
- (2) Amount of refrigerant
- (3) Classification of compressor lubricant
- (4) Caution
- (5) Flammable refrigerant
- (6) To require registered technician to service air conditioning system
- (7) Service manual

WINDSHIELD DEFROSTING AND DEFOGGING

MARNING

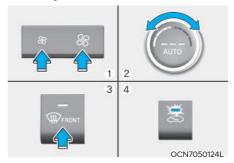
Windshield heating

Do not use the () or () position during cooling operation in extremely humid weather. The difference between the temperature of the outside air and that of the windshield could cause the outer surface of the windshield to fog up, causing loss of visibility. In this case, set the mode selection knob or button to the () position and fan speed control knob or button to lower speed.

- For maximum defrost performance, set the temperature control knob to the highest temperature setting (rotated all the way to the right) and the fan speed control to the highest setting.
- If warm air to the floor is desired while defrosting or defogging, set the mode to the floor-defrost position.
- Before driving, clear all snow and ice from the windshield, rear window, outside rear view mirrors, and all side windows.
- Clear all snow and ice from the hood and air inlet in the cowl grill to improve heater and defroster efficiency and to reduce the probability of fogging up inside of the windshield.

Automatic climate control system

To defog inside windshield

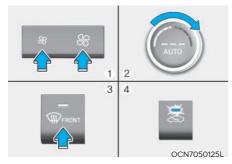


- 1. Select desired fan speed.
- 2. Select desired temperature.
- 3. Press the defroster button ().
- The air-conditioning will turn on according to the detected ambient temperature, fresh mode and higher fan speed will be selected automatically.

If the air-conditioning, fresh mode and higher fan speed are not selected automatically, adjust the corresponding button or knob manually.

If the mp position is selected, lower fan speed is controlled to higher fan speed.

To defrost outside windshield



- 1. Set fan speed to the highest position.
- 2. Set temperature to the extreme hot (HI) position.
- 3. Press the defroster button ().
- The air-conditioning will turn on according to the detected ambient temperature and fresh mode will be selected automatically.

If the position is selected, lower fan speed is controlled to higher fan speed.

Defogging logic (if equipped)

To reduce the probability of fogging up the inside of the windshield, the air intake or air conditioning are controlled automatically according to certain conditions such as or position. To cancel or return the defogging logic, do the following

Automatic climate control system

- 1. Turn the ignition switch to the ON position.
- 2. Press the defroster button (\(\pi\)).
- While pressing the air conditioning button (A/C), press the air intake control button at least 5 times within 3 seconds.

The automatic climate control information screen will blink 3 times to indicate that the defogging logic has been disabled.

Repeat the steps again to re-enable the defogging logic.

If the battery has been discharged or disconnected, it resets to the defog logic status.

Auto defogging system



Auto defogging helps reduce the possibility of fogging up the inside of the windshield by automatically sensing the moisture on inside the windshield.

The auto defogging system operates when the heater or air conditioning is on.



When the Auto Defogging System operates, the indicator **AUTO** will illuminate.

If a high amount of humidity is detected in the vehicle, the Auto Defogging System will be enabled.

The following steps will be performed automatically:

- Step 1) The A/C button will turn ON.
- Step 2) The air intake control will change to Fresh mode under low outside temperature.
- Step 3) The mode will be changed to defrost to direct airflow to the windshield.
- Step 4) The fan speed will be increased.

To cancel or reset the Auto Defogging System

Press the front windshield defroster button for 3 seconds when the ignition switch is in the ON position.

When the Auto Defogging System is canceled, defrost button indicator will blink 3 times.

When the Auto Defogging System is reset, defrost button indicator will blink 6 times without a signal.

Information

- When the air conditioning is turned on by Auto defogging system, if you try to turn off the air conditioning, the indicator will blink 3 times and the air conditioning will not be turned off.
- To maintain the effectiveness and efficiency of the Auto Defogging System, do not select Recirculation mode while the system is operating.
- When the Auto Defogging System is operating, the fan speed adjustment knob, the temperature adjustment knob, and the air intake control button are all disabled.

NOTICE

Do not remove the sensor cover located on the upper end of the driver side windshield glass.

Damage to system parts could occur and may not be covered by your vehicle warranty.

Defroster

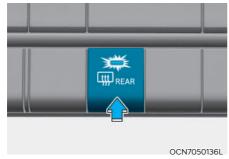
NOTICE

To prevent damage to the conductors bonded to the inside surface of the rear window, never use sharp instruments or window cleaners containing abrasives to clean the window.



If you want to defrost and defog the front windshield, refer to "Windshield Defrosting and Defogging" in this chapter.

Rear window defroster



The defroster heats the window to remove frost, fog and thin ice from the interior and exterior of the rear window, while engine is running.

- To activate the rear window defroster, press the rear window defroster button located in the center facia switch panel. The indicator on the rear window defroster button illuminates when the defroster is ON.
- To turn off the defroster, press the rear window defroster button again.

i Information

- If there is heavy accumulation of snow on the rear window, brush it off before operating the rear defroster.
- The rear window defroster automatically turns off after approximately 20 minutes or when the ignition switch is in the LOCK/OFF position.

Outside mirror defroster (if equipped)

If your vehicle is equipped with the outside mirror defrosters, they will operate at the same time you turn on the rear window defroster.

CLIMATE CONTROL ADDITIONAL FEATURES

Sunroof inside air recirculation (if equipped)

When the sunroof is opened, outside (fresh) air will be automatically selected. At this time, if you press the air intake control button, recirculated air position will be selected but will change back to outside (fresh) air after 3 minutes. When the sunroof is closed, the air intake position will return to the original position that was selected.

Auto comfort control (for driver's seat) (if equipped)

The temperature of the driver's seat warmer, air ventilation seat and heated steering wheel is automatically controlled depending on the inside and outside temperature of the vehicle when the engine is running.

To use this function, it must be activated from the Settings menu in the Infotainment system screen. Select:

 All menus > Setup > Vehicle > Heated / Ventilated Features

For more details on Auto Comfort Control, refer to "Seat warmers and air ventilation seats" in chapter 3, and "Steering wheel heater" in chapter 5.

Automatic ventilation (if equipped)

The system automatically selects the fresh mode when the climate control system operates over a certain period of time (approximately 30 minutes) in low temperature with the recirculation mode selected.

To cancel or reactivate the Automatic Ventilation

When the air conditioning system is on, select Face Level immode and press the air recirculation mode button at least 5 times within 3 seconds while pressing the A/C button.

When the automatic ventilation is canceled, the indicator blinks 3 times. When the automatic ventilation is activated, the indicator blinks 6 times.

STORAGE COMPARTMENT



! WARNING

Never store cigarette lighters, propane cylinders, or other flammable/explosive materials in the vehicle. These items may catch fire and/or explode if the vehicle is exposed to hot temperatures for extended periods.



! WARNING

ALWAYS keep the storage compartment covers closed securely while driving. Items inside your vehicle are moving as fast as the vehicle. If you have to stop or turn quickly, or if there is a crash, the items may fly out of the compartment and may cause an injury if they strike the driver or a passenger.

NOTICE

To avoid possible theft, do not leave valuables in the storage compartments.

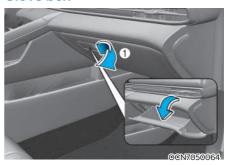
Center console storage



To open:

Grab and hold the latch on the armrest then lift the lid

Glove box



To open:

Pull the lever (1).



! WARNING

ALWAYS close the glove box door after use.

An open glove box door can cause serious injury to the passenger in an accident, even if the passenger is wearing a seat belt.

INTERIOR FEATURES

Ashtray (if equipped)



To use the ashtray, open the cover.

To clean the ashtray:

The plastic receptacle should be removed by lifting the plastic ashtray receptacle upward and pulling it out.



Ashtray use

Putting lit cigarettes or matches in an ashtray with other combustible materials may cause a fire.

Cup holder (if equipped)

Front



Rear



Cups or small beverages cups may be placed in the cup holders.

⚠ WARNING

- Avoid abrupt starting and braking when the cup holder is in use to prevent spilling your drink. If hot liquid spills, you could be burned.
 Such a burn to the driver could cause loss of vehicle control resulting in an accident.
- Do not place uncovered or unsecured cups, bottles, cans, etc., in the cup holder containing hot liquid while the vehicle is in motion. Injuries may result in the event of sudden stop or collision.
- Only use soft cups in the cup holders. Hard objects can injure you in an accident.

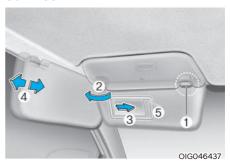


Keep cans or bottles out of direct sun light and do not put them in a hot vehicle. It may explode.

NOTICE

- Keep your drinks sealed while driving to prevent spilling your drink. If liquid spills, it may get into the vehicle's electrical/electronic system and damage electrical/electronic parts.
- When cleaning spilled liquids, do not dry the cup holder using hot temperatures. This may damage the cup holder.

Sunvisor



To use a sunvisor, pull it downward.

To use a sunvisor for a side window, pull it downward, unsnap it from the bracket (1) and swing it to the side (2).

To use the vanity mirror, pull down the sunvisor and slide the mirror cover (3).

Adjust the sunvisor forward or backward (4, if equipped) as needed. Use the ticket holder (5) to hold tickets.

Close the vanity mirror cover securely and return the sunvisor to its original position after use.



For your safety, do not block your view when using the sunvisor.

NOTICE

Do not put several tickets in the ticket holder at one time. This could cause damage to the ticket holder.

Power outlet



The power outlet is designed to provide power for mobile telephones or other devices designed to operate with vehicle electrical systems.

The devices should draw less than 180 W(Watts) with the engine running.



Avoid electrical shocks. Do not place your fingers or foreign objects (pin, etc.) into a power outlet or touch the power outlet with a wet hand.

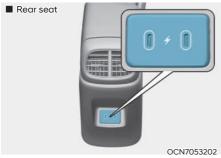
NOTICE

To prevent damage to the Power Outlets:

- Use the power outlet only when the engine is running and remove the accessory plug after use. Using the accessory plug for prolonged periods of time with the engine off could cause the battery to discharge.
- Only use 12 V electric accessories which are less than 180 W(Watts) in electric capacity.
- Adjust the air-conditioner or heater to the lowest operating level when using the power outlet.
- · Close the cover when not in use.
- Some electronic devices can cause electronic interference when plugged into a vehicle's power outlet. These devices may cause excessive audio static and malfunctions in other electronic systems or devices used in your vehicle.
- Push the plug in as far as it will go. If good contact is not made, the plug may overheat and the fuse may open.
- Plug in battery equipped electrical/ electronic devices with reverse current protection. The current from the battery may flow into the vehicle's electrical/ electronic system and cause system malfunction.

USB charger





The USB charger is located inside the console box between the driver's seat and the front passenger's seat. Insert the USB charger into the USB port, and recharge a smart phone or a tablet PC.

i Information

- Disconnect the USB cable from the USB port after use.
- The electrical devices can be recharged when the ignition switch is in the ON or START position.
- The battery charging state may be monitored on the electrical device.
- A smartphone or a tablet PC may get warmer during the re-charging process. It does not indicate any malfunction with the charging system.
- A smartphone or a tablet PC, which adopts a different re-charging method, may not be properly re-charged. In this case, use an exclusive charger of your device.
- Charging may not be possible when using a Type-C to A converter sold by a mobile phone manufacturer or commercially available.
- The charging terminal is only to recharge a device. Do not use the charging terminal either to turn ON an audio or to play media In the infotainment system.

A

! CAUTION

- Use the USB charger when the engine is running. Using the USB charger for prolonged periods of time with the engine off could cause the battery to discharge.
- Do not insert foreign objects or spill liquid into the outlet. The USB charging terminal may be damaged.
- Do not use devices with working current exceeding 3,000 mA (3.0 A).

Wireless cellular phone charging system (if equipped)



[A]: Charging pad

There is a wireless cellular phone charger inside the front console.

The system is available when all doors are closed, and when the ignition switch is in the ON position.

Charging smartphone

The wireless smartphone charging system charges only the Qi-enabled smartphones (**Qi**). Read the label on the smartphone accessory cover or visit your smartphone manufacturer's website to check whether your smartphone supports the Qi technology.

The wireless charging process starts when you put a Qi-enabled smartphone on the wireless charging unit.

 Remove other items, including the smart key, from the wireless charging unit. If not, the wireless charging process may be interrupted. Place the smartphone on the center of charging pad.

- The indicator light is orange when the smartphone is charging. The indicator light will turn green when phone charging is complete.
- You can turn ON or OFF the wireless charging function in the User Settings mode on the instrument cluster.
 For further information, refer to the "Cluster display modes" in chapter 4
 If your smartphone is not charging:
- Slightly change the position of the smartphone on the charging pad.
- Make sure the indicator light is orange.
- The indicator light will blink orange for 10 seconds if there is a malfunction in the wireless charging system.
- In this case, temporarily stop the charging process, and re-attempt to charge your smartphone again.

The system warns you with a message on the cluster display if the smartphone is still on the wireless charging unit after the engine is turned OFF and the front door is opened.

For some manufacturers' cellular phones, the system may not warn you even though the cellular phone is left on the wireless charging unit. This is due to the particular characteristic of the cellular phone and not a malfunction of the wireless charging.

NOTICE

- Smartphones that do not have wireless charging standard (q) certification, such as iPhones, may not charge normally.
- When placing your smartphone on the charging pad, position the phone in the middle of the mat for optimal charging performance. If your smartphone is off to the side, the charging rate may be less and in some cases the smartphone may experience higher heat conduction.
- In some cases, the wireless charging may stop temporarily when the smart key is used, either when starting the vehicle or locking/ unlocking the doors, etc.
- When charging certain smartphones, the charging indicator may not change to blue when the smartphone is fully charged.
- The wireless charging process may temporarily stop, when temperature abnormally increases inside the wireless smartphone charging system. The wireless charging process restarts, when temperature falls to a certain level.
- The wireless charging process may temporarily stop when there is any metallic item, such as a coin, between the wireless smartphone charging system and smartphone.
- When charging some smartphones with a self-protection feature, the wireless charging speed may decrease and the wireless charging may stop.

- If the smartphone has a thick cover, the wireless charging may not be possible.
 - If the smartphone is not completely contacting the charging pad, wireless charging may not operate properly.
- Some magnetic items like credit cards, phone cards or rail tickets may be damaged if left with the smartphone during the charging process.
- When any smartphone without a wireless charging function or a metallic object is placed on the charging pad, a small noise may sound. This small sound is due to the vehicle discerning compatibility of the object placed on the charging pad. It does not affect your vehicle or the smartphone in any way.

i Information

If the ignition switch is in the LOCK/ OFF position, the charging also stops.

Clock



WARNING

Do not adjust the clock while driving. You may lose your steering control and cause severe personal injury or accidents.

The infotainment system may change after software updates. For more information, refer to the manual provided in the infotainment system and the quick reference guide.

Coat hook



These hooks are not designed to hold large or heavy items.



WARNING



Do not hang other objects such as hangers or hard objects except clothes. Also, do not put heavy, sharp or breakable objects in the clothes pockets. In an accident or when the curtain air bag is inflated, it may cause vehicle damage or personal injury.

INFOTAINMENT SYSTEM

i Information

- If you install an aftermarket HID headlight, your vehicle's audio and electronic device may malfunction.
- Prevent chemicals such as perfume, cosmetic oil, sun cream, hand cleaner, and air freshener from contacting the interior parts because they may cause damage or discoloration.

USB Port



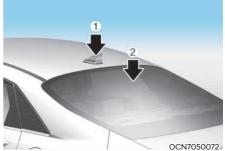
You can use an USB port while the engine is running.

- Small electronic devices can be charged. The battery charging state may be monitored on the electrical device.
- After connecting a media storage device such as a MP3 or USB to the USB port, you can listen to music through the vehicle's speakers or play it on the infotainment system.

i Information

- Some devices may not be charged through USB port.
- When using a portable audio device connected to the power outlet, noise may occur during playback. If this happens, disconnect the USB cable and use the portable audio device's power source.

Antenna



Shark fin antenna (1)

The shark fin antenna receives transmitted data. (for example: GPS)

Glass antenna (2)

Your vehicle uses a glass antenna to receive both AM and FM signals.

NOTICE

- To prevent damage to the rear glass antenna, never use sharp instruments or window cleaner containing abrasives to clean the window. Clean the inside surface of the rear glass window with a piece of soft cloth.
- When putting a sticker on the inside surface of the rear window, be careful not to damage to the rear glass antenna.
- Avoid adding metallic coatings such as Ni, Cd, etc.
- These can degrade the receiving AM and FM broadcast signals.
- Do not put sharp instruments nearby the rear glass antenna.
- Tinted rear window may affect the proper functioning of the antenna.

Steering wheel audio control



The steering wheel audio control switches are installed for your convenience.

NOTICE

Do not operate multiple audio remote control buttons simultaneously.

VOLUME(VOL + / VOL -)(1)

Push the lever up or down to adjust the volume

SEEK/PRESET (\(\triangle /\sigma)) (2)

If the SEEK/PRESET switch is pressed up or down and held for 0.8 seconds or more, it will function in the following modes:

- RADIO mode
 - It will function as the AUTO SEEK select button. It will SEEK until you release the button.
- MEDIA mode
 It will function as the FF/RW button.
 If the SEEK/PRESET switch is moved up or down, it will function in the following modes.

- · RADIO mode It will function as the PRESET STATION UP/DOWN button.
- MEDIA mode It will function as the TRACK UP/ DOWN button.

$MODE(\bigcirc)(3)$

Press the MODE button to toggle through Radio mode.

MUTE (或) (4)

Press the MUTE () button to mute or activate the sound.

Custom button (\bigstar) (5)

- Custom function
- Press and hold to move to the function setting screen.

Information

For more information, refer to the manual provided in the infotainment system and the quick reference guide.

Infotainment system (if equipped)

The infotainment system may change after software updates. For more information, refer to the manual provided in the infotainment system and the quick reference guide.

Voice recognition (if equipped)



A wide range of infotainment functions can be commanded with voice recognition.

For more information, refer to the manual provided in the infotainment system and the quick reference quide.

Bluetooth® Wireless Technology hands-free (if equipped)

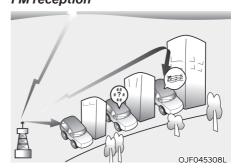




You can use the phone wirelessly by using the Bluetooth® Wireless Technology.

- (1) Call/Answer/Call end button
- (2) LHD Microphone
- (3) RHD Microphone
- Navigation: Detailed information for the Bluetooth® Wireless Technology hands-free is described in the infotainment system and the quick reference guide.

How vehicle radio works FM reception

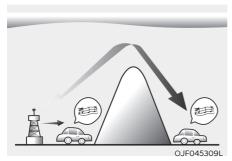


AM and FM radio signals are broadcast from transmitter towers located around your city. They are intercepted by the radio antenna on your vehicle. This signal is then received by the radio and sent to your vehicle speakers.

When a strong radio signal has reached your vehicle, the precise engineering of your audio system ensures the best possible quality reproduction. However, in some cases the signal coming to your vehicle may not be strong and clear.

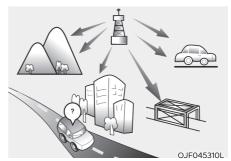
This can be due to factors, such as the distance from the radio station, closeness of other strong radio stations or the presence of buildings, bridges or other large obstructions in the area.

AM (MW, LW) reception



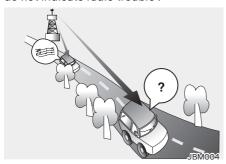
AM broadcasts can be received at greater distances than FM broadcasts. This is because AM radio waves are transmitted at low frequencies. These long, low frequency radio waves can follow the curvature of the earth rather than travelling straight out into the atmosphere. In addition, they curve around obstructions so that they can provide better signal coverage.

FM radio station

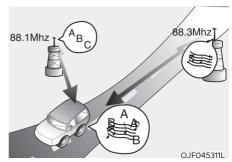


FM broadcasts are transmitted at high frequencies and do not bend to follow the earth's surface. Because of this, FM broadcasts generally begin to fade at short distances from the station. Also, FM signals are easily affected by buildings, mountains, or other obstructions.

These can result in certain listening conditions which might lead you to believe a problem exists with your radio. The following conditions are normal and do not indicate radio trouble:



- Fading As your vehicle moves away from the radio station, the signal will weaken and sound will begin to fade. When this occurs, we suggest that you select another stronger station.
- Flutter/Static Weak FM signals or large obstructions between the transmitter and your radio can disturb the signal causing static or fluttering noises to occur. Reducing the treble level may lessen this effect until the disturbance clears.



- Station Swapping As a FM signal weakens, another more powerful signal near the same frequency may begin to play. This is because your radio is designed to lock onto the clearest signal. If this occurs, select another station with a stronger signal.
- Multi-Path Cancellation Radio signals being received from several directions can cause distortion or fluttering. This can be caused by a direct and reflected signal from the same station, or by signals from two stations with close frequencies. If this occurs, select another station until the condition has passed.

Using a cellular phone or a twoway radio

When a cellular phone is used inside the vehicle, noise may be produced from the audio system. This does not mean that something is wrong with the audio equipment. In such a case, use the cellular phone at a place as far as possible from the audio equipment.

NOTICE

When using a communication system such as a cellular phone or a radio set inside the vehicle, a separate external antenna must be fitted. When a cellular phone or a radio set is used with an internal antenna alone, it may interfere with the vehicle's electrical system and adversely affect safe operation of the vehicle.



WARNING

Do not use a cellular phone while driving. Stop at a safe location to use a cellular phone.

6. Driving your vehicle

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|--|------|
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Carbon monoxide (CO) gas is toxic. Breathing CO can cause unconsciousness and death.

Engine exhaust contains carbon monoxide which cannot be seen or smelled.

Do not inhale engine exhaust.

If at any time you smell engine exhaust inside the vehicle, open the windows immediately. Exposure to CO can cause unconsciousness and death by asphyxiation.

Be sure the exhaust system does not leak.

The exhaust system should be checked whenever the vehicle is raised to change the oil or for any other purpose. If you hear a change in the sound of the exhaust or if you drive over something that strikes the underneath side of the vehicle, we recommend that the exhaust system be checked as soon as possible by an authorized HYUNDAI dealer.

Do not run the engine in an enclosed area.

Letting the engine idle in your garage, even with the garage door open, is a hazardous practice. Run the engine only long enough to start the engine and to move the vehicle out of the garage.

Avoid idling the engine for prolonged periods with people inside the vehicle.

If it is necessary to idle the engine for a prolonged period with people inside the vehicle, be sure to do so only in an open area with the air intake set at "Fresh" and fan control set to high so fresh air is drawn into the interior.

Keep the air intakes clear.

To assure proper operation of the ventilation system, keep the ventilation air intakes located in front of the windshield clear of snow, ice, leaves, or other obstructions.

If you must drive with the trunk open:

Close all windows.

Open instrument panel air vents.

Set the air intake control at "Fresh", the air flow control at "Floor" or "Face", and the fan control set to high.

BEFORE DRIVING

Before entering the vehicle

- Be sure all windows, outside rearview mirror(s), and outside lights are clean and unobstructed.
- · Remove frost, snow, or ice.
- Visually check the tires for uneven wear and damage.
- Check under the vehicle for any sign of leaks.
- Be sure there are no obstacles behind you if you intend to back up.

Before starting

- Make sure the hood, the trunk, and the doors are securely closed and locked.
- Adjust the position of the seat and steering wheel.
- Adjust the inside and outside rearview mirrors.
- · Verify all the lights work.
- Fasten your seat belt. Check that all passengers have fastened their seat belts.
- Check the gauges and indicators in the instrument panel and the messages on the instrument display when the ignition switch is in the ON position.
- Check that any items you are carrying are stored properly or fastened down securely.

MARNING

To reduce the risk of SERIOUS INJURY or DEATH, take the following precautions:

- ALWAYS wear your seat belt. All passengers must be properly belted whenever the vehicle is moving. For more details, refer to "Seat Belts" in chapter 3.
- Always drive defensively. Assume other drivers or pedestrians may be careless and make mistakes.
- Stay focused on the task of driving. Driver distraction can cause accidents.
- Leave plenty of space between you and the vehicle in front of you.

MARNING

DEATH.

NEVER drink or take drugs and drive. Drinking or taking drugs and driving is dangerous and may result in an accident and SERIOUS INJURY or

Drunk driving is the number one contributor to the highway death toll each year. Even a small amount of alcohol will affect your reflexes, perceptions and judgment. Just one drink can reduce your ability to respond to changing conditions and emergencies and your reaction time gets worse with each additional drink.

Driving while under the influence of drugs is as dangerous as or more dangerous than driving under the influence of alcohol.

You are much more likely to have a serious accident if you drink or take drugs and drive. If you are drinking or taking drugs, don't drive. Do not ride with a driver who has been drinking or taking drugs. Choose a designated driver or call a taxi.

IGNITION SWITCH



! WARNING

To reduce the risk of SERIOUS INJURY or **DEATH.** take the following precautions:

- **NEVER** allow children or any person who is unfamiliar with the vehicle to touch the ignition switch or related parts. Unexpected and sudden vehicle movement can occur.
- **NEVER** reach through the steering wheel for the ignition switch, or any other control, while the vehicle is in motion. The presence of your hand or arm in this area may cause a loss of vehicle control resulting in an accident.

Key ignition switch (if equipped)



Whenever the front door is opened, the ignition switch will illuminate, provided the ignition switch is not in the ON position. The light will go off immediately when the ignition switch is turned on or go off after about 30 seconds when the door is closed (if equipped).

! WARNING

- NEVER turn the ignition switch to the LOCK or ACC position while the vehicle is in motion except in an emergency. This will result in the engine turning off and loss of power assist for the steering and brake systems. This may lead to loss of directional control and braking function, which could cause an accident.
- Before leaving the driver's seat, always make sure the shift lever is in P (Park) position, apply the parking brake, and turn the ignition switch to the LOCK position.

Unexpected vehicle movement may occur if these precautions are not followed.

NOTICE

Never use aftermarket keyhole covers. This may generate start-up failure due to communication failure.

Key ignition switch positions

| Switch Position | Action | Notice |
|------------------------|---|--|
| LOCK | The ignition key can be removed in the LOCK position. The steering wheel locks to protect the vehicle from theft (if equipped). | |
| ACC | Some of the electrical accessories are usable. The steering wheel unlocks. | If difficulty is experienced turning the ignition switch to the ACC position, turn the key while turning the steering wheel right and left to release. |
| ON | This is the normal key position when the engine has started. All features and accessories are usable. The warning lights can be checked when you turn the ignition switch from ACC to ON. | Do not leave the ignition switch in the ON position when the engine is not running to prevent the battery from discharging. |
| START | To start the engine, turn the ignition switch to the START position. The switch returns to the ON position when you let go of the key. | The engine will crank until you release the key. |

Starting the engine



WARNING

- Always wear appropriate shoes when operating your vehicle. Unsuitable shoes, such as high heels, ski boots, sandals, flipflops, etc., may interfere with your ability to use the brake and accelerator pedals.
- Do not start the vehicle with the accelerator pedal depressed. The vehicle can move and lead to an accident.
- Wait until the engine RPM is normal.
 The vehicle may suddenly move if the brake pedal is released when the RPM is high.

i Information

Depress the brake pedal until the engine starts.

- Make sure the parking brake is applied.
- 2. Make sure the shift lever is in P (Park).
- 3. Depress the brake pedal.
- Turn the ignition switch to the START position. Hold the key (maximum of 10 seconds) until the engine starts and release it.

i Information

- Do not wait for the engine to warm up while the vehicle remains stationary. Start driving at moderate engine speeds. (Steep accelerating and decelerating should be avoided.)
- Always start the vehicle with your foot on the brake pedal. Do not depress the accelerator while starting the vehicle. Do not race the engine while warming it up.

NOTICE

To prevent damage to the vehicle:

- Do not hold the ignition key in the START position for more than 10 seconds. Wait 5 to 10 seconds before trying again.
- Do not turn the ignition switch to the START position with the engine running. It may damage the starter.
- If traffic and road conditions permit, you may put the shift lever in the N (Neutral) position while the vehicle is still moving and turn the ignition switch to the START position in an attempt to restart the engine.
- Do not push or tow your vehicle to start the engine.

Engine Start/Stop button (if equipped)



Whenever the front door is opened, the Engine Start/Stop button will illuminate and will go off 30 seconds after the door is closed. (if equipped)

WARNING

To turn the engine off in an emergency:

Press and hold the Engine Start/ Stop button for more than two seconds OR rapidly press and release the Engine Start/Stop button three times (within three seconds).

If the vehicle is still moving, you can restart the engine without depressing the brake pedal by pressing the Engine Start/Stop button with the shift lever in the N (Neutral) position.

A

WARNING

- NEVER press the Engine Start/ Stop button while the vehicle is in motion except in an emergency. This will result in the engine turning off and loss of power assist for the steering and brake systems. This may lead to loss of directional control and braking function, which could cause an accident.
- Before leaving the driver's seat, always make sure the shift lever is in the P (Park) position, set the parking brake, press the Engine Start/ Stop button to the OFF position, and take the Smart Key with you. Unexpected vehicle movement may occur if these precautions are not followed.

Engine Stop/Start button positions

- Vehicle with dual clutch transmission

| Button Position | Action | Notes |
|--------------------|---|---|
| OFF | To turn off the engine, press the Engine Start/Stop with shift lever is in P (Park). The steering wheel locks to protect the vehicle from theft. (if equipped) | If the steering wheel is not locked properly when you open the driver's door, the warning chime will sound. |
| ACC | Press the Engine Start/Stop button when the button is in the OFF position without depressing the brake pedal. Some electrical accessories are usable. The steering wheel unlocks. | If you leave the Engine Start/Stop button in the ACC position for more than one hour, the battery power will turn off automatically to prevent the battery from discharging. If the steering wheel doesn't unlock properly, the Engine Start/Stop button will not work. Press the Engine Start/Stop button while turning the steering wheel right and left to release tension. |
| ON | Press the Engine Start/Stop button while it is in the ACC position without depressing the brake pedal. The warning lights can be checked before the engine is started. | Do not leave the Engine Start/Stop button in the ON position when the engine is not running to prevent the battery from discharging. |
| START | To start the engine, depress the brake pedal and press the Engine Start/Stop button with the shift lever in the P (Park) or in the N (Neutral) position. For your safety, start the engine with the shift lever in the P (Park) position. | If you press the Engine Start/Stop button without depressing the brake pedal, the engine does not start and the Engine Start/Stop button changes as follows: OFF → ACC → ON → OFF or ACC |

Starting the engine

WARNING

- · Always wear appropriate shoes when operating your vehicle. Unsuitable shoes, such as high heels, ski boots, sandals, flipflops, etc., may interfere with your ability to use the brake, accelerator and clutch pedals.
- Do not start the vehicle with the accelerator pedal depressed. The vehicle can move which can lead to an accident.
- · Wait until the engine RPM is normal. The vehicle may suddenly move if the brake pedal is released when the RPM is high.

Information

- The vehicle will start by pressing the Engine Start/Stop button, only when the smart key is in the vehicle.
- Even if the smart key is in the vehicle, and when it is far away from the driver, the engine may not start.
- When the Engine Start/Stop button is in the ACC or ON position, if any door is open, the system checks for the smart key. When the smart key is not in the vehicle, the "a" indicator will blink and the warning 'Key not in vehicle' will come on. When all doors are closed, the chime will also sound for about 5 seconds. Keep the smart key in the vehicle.

Information

Depress the brake pedal until the engine starts.

- 1. Always carry the smart key with you.
- 2. Make sure the parking brake is applied.
- 3. Make sure the shift lever is in P (Park).
- 4. Depress the brake pedal.
- 5. Press the Engine Start/Stop button.

Information

- Do not wait for the engine to warm up while the vehicle remains stationary. Start driving at moderate engine speeds. (Steep accelerating and decelerating should be avoided.)
- · Always start the vehicle with your foot on the brake pedal. Do not depress the accelerator while starting the vehicle. Do not race the engine while warming it up.

NOTICE

To prevent damage to the vehicle:

- If the engine stalls while you are in motion, do not attempt to move the shift lever to the P (Park) position. If traffic and road conditions permit, you may put the shift lever in the N (Neutral) position while the vehicle is still moving and press the Engine Start/Stop button in an attempt to restart the engine.
- Do not push or tow your vehicle to start the engine.

NOTICE

To prevent damage to the vehicle:

Do not press the Engine Start/ Stop button for more than 10 seconds except when the stop lamp fuse is blown.

When the brake switch fuse is blown, you can't start the engine normally. Replace the fuse with a new one. If you are not able to replace the fuse, you can start the engine by pressing and holding the Engine Start/Stop button for 10 seconds with the Engine Start/Stop button in the ACC position.

For your safety always depress the brake pedal before starting the engine.



i Information

If the smart key battery is weak or the smart key does not work correctly, you can start the engine by pressing the Engine Start/Stop button with the smart key in the direction of the illustration above.

Remote start



You can start the vehicle using the Remote Start button of the smart key.

To start the vehicle remotely:

- 1. 1Press the door lock button within 10 m (32 ft.) from the vehicle.
- 2. Press the remote start ((1)) button for over 2 seconds within 4 seconds after locking the doors.3. To turn off the remote start function, press the remote start ((1)) button once.
 - The remote start ((1)) button may not operate if the smart key is not within 10 m (32 ft).
 - The vehicle will not remotely start if the hood or trunk is opened.
 - The vehicle must be in P (Park) for the remote start function to start.
 - The vehicle turns off if you get in the vehicle without a registered smart key.
 - The vehicle turns off if you do not get in the vehicle within 10 minutes after remotely starting the vehicle.

DUAL CLUTCH TRANSMISSION

The dual clutch transmission has six forward speeds and one reverse speed. The individual speeds are selected automatically when the shift lever is in the D (Drive) position.

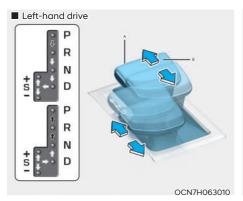
- The dual clutch transmission can be thought of as an automatically shifting manual transmission.
 - It gives the driving feel of a manual transmission, yet provides the ease of a fully automatic transmission.
- When D (Drive) is selected, the transmission automatically shifts through the gears similar to a conventional automatic transmission. Unlike a traditional automatic transmission, the gear shifting can sometimes be felt and heard as the actuators engage the clutches and the gears are selected.
- The dual clutch transmission incorporates a dry-type dual clutch mechanism, which allows for better acceleration performance and increased fuel efficiency while driving. But it differs from a conventional automatic transmission because it does not incorporate a torque converter. Instead, the transition from one gear to the next is managed by clutch slip, especially at lower speeds. As a result, shifts are sometimes more
 - As a result, shifts are sometimes more noticeable, and a light vibration can be felt as the transmission shaft speed is matched with the engine shaft speed. This is a normal condition of the dual clutch transmission.
- The dry-type clutch transfers torque more directly and provides a direct drive feeling which may feel different from a conventional automatic transmission. This may be more noticeable when launching the vehicle from a stop or when traveling at low, stop-and-go vehicle speeds.
- When rapidly accelerating from a lower vehicle speed, the engine RPM may increase dramatically as a result of clutch slip as the dual clutch transmission selects the correct gear. This is a normal condition.

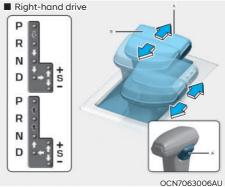
- When accelerating from a stop on an incline, press the accelerator smoothly and gradually to avoid any shudder feeling or jerkiness.
- When traveling at a lower vehicle speed, if you release the accelerator pedal quickly, you may feel engine braking before the transmission changes gears. This engine braking feeling is similar to operating a manual transmission at low speed.
- When driving downhill, you may wish to move the gear shift lever to Manual shift mode anddownshift to a lower gear in order to control your speed without using the brake pedal excessively.
- When you turn the engine on and off, you may hear clicking sounds as the system goes through a self-test. This is a normal sound for the dual clutch transmission.
- During the first 1,500 km (1,000 mi.), you may feel that the vehicle may not be smooth when accelerating at low speed. During this break-in period, the shift quality and performance of your new vehicle is continuously optimized.



To reduce the risk of serious injury or death:

- Always check the surrounding areas near your vehicle for people, especially children, before shifting a vehicle into D (Drive) or R (Reverse).
- Before leaving the driver's seat, always make sure the shift button is in the P (Park) position, then set the parking brake, and place the ignition switch in the LOCK/OFF position. Unexpected and sudden vehicle movement can occur if these precautions are not followed.
- Do not use aggressive engine braking (shifting from a higher gear to a lower gear) on slippery roads. The vehicle may lose traction with the roadway, resulting in a collision.





[A]: Shift button [B]: Shift lever

- Depress the brake pedal and press the shift button while moving the shift lever.
- Press the shift button while moving the shift lever.

□ The shift lever can freely operate.

Dual clutch transmission operation

The indicator on the cluster displays the shift lever position when the ignition switch is in the ON position.

P (Park)

Always come to a complete stop before shifting into P (Park). The shift lever must be in P (Park) before turning the engine off.

⚠ WARNING

- Shifting into P (Park) while the vehicle is in motion may cause you to lose control of the vehicle.
- When parking on an incline, place the shift lever in P (Park) and apply the parking brake to prevent the vehicle from rolling downhill.
- Do not use the P (Park) position in place of the parking brake.

R (Reverse)

Use this position to drive the vehicle rearward.

NOTICE

Always come to a complete stop before shifting into or out of R (Reverse) to prevent damaging the transmission.

N (Neutral)

The wheels and transmission are not engaged.

Use N (Neutral) if you need to restart a stalled engine, or if it is necessary to stop with the engine running. Shift into P (Park) if you need to leave your vehicle for any reason.

Always depress the brake pedal when you are shifting from N (Neutral) to another gear.

D (Drive)

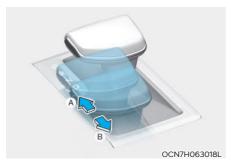
This is the normal driving position. The transmission automatically shifts through a 6 gear sequence, providing the best fuel economy and power.

For extra power when passing another vehicle or driving uphill, depress the accelerator fully. The transmission automatically downshifts to the next lower gear (or gears, as appropriate).

The DRIVE MODE switch, located on the shift lever console, allows the driver to switch from NORMAL mode to SPORT mode

For more information, refer to the "Drive mode integrated control system (2WD)" section later in this chapter.

Manual shift mode



[A]: Push the lever forwards once to shift up one gear.
[B]: Pull the lever backwards once to shift down one gear.

Whether the vehicle is stationary or in motion, manual shift mode is selected by pulling the shift lever from the D (Drive) position into the manual gate. To return to D (Drive) range operation, push the shift lever back into the main gate.

In Manual shift mode, moving the shift lever backwards and forwards allow you to select the desired range of gears for the current driving conditions.

i Information

- Only the six forward gears can be selected in Manual shift mode. To reverse or park the vehicle, move the shift lever to the R (Reverse) or P (Park) position as required.
- Downshifts are made automatically when the vehicle slows down. When the vehicle stops, 1st gear is automatically selected.
- When the engine RPM approaches the red zone the transmission upshifts automatically.
- If the driver presses the lever to + (Up) or (Down) position, the transmission may not make the requested gear change if the next gear is outside of the allowable engine RPM range.
 The driver must execute upshifts in accordance with road conditions, taking care to keep the engine RPMs below the red zone.

Shift-lock system

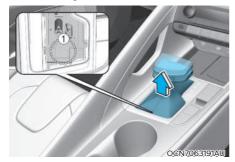
For your safety, the dual clutch transmission has a shift-lock system which prevents shifting the transmission from P (Park) into R (Reverse) unless the brake pedal is depressed.

To shift the transmission from P (Park) into R (Reverse):

- Depress and hold the brake pedal.
- 2. Start the engine or place the ignition switch in the ON position.
- 3. Depress the brake pedal and put the gear in R.

Shift-lock release

If the shift lever cannot be moved from the P (Park) position into R (Reverse) position with the brake pedal pressed, continue pressing the brake, and then do the following:



- Place the ignition switch in the LOCK/ OFF position
- 2. Apply the parking brake.
- 3. Carefully remove the shift lever boots.
- 4. Move the shift lever whilst holding the release button (1) with a tool (e.g. flathead screwdriver).

If you need to use the shift-lock release, we recommend that the system be inspected by an authorised HYUNDAI dealer immediately.

Ignition key interlock system (if equipped)

The ignition key cannot be removed unless the shift lever is in the P (Park) position.

DCT warning messages

Transmission overheated warning

If the warning messages on the cluster continues to blink, we recommend that you contact an authorized HYUNDAI dealer.

Steep grade! Press brake pedal



This message appears when the vehicle is driving up hills or on steep grades.

If the vehicle is held or creeping forward on an incline by applying the accelerator pedal, the clutch and transmission may result in damage.

Press the brake pedal, if the messages appears on the cluster display.

Transmission temperature is high! Stop safely



Repeated stop-and-go launches on steep grades, sudden take off or acceleration, or other harsh driving conditions may increase the clutch and transmission temperature.

If the clutch and the transmission temperature is high, the self-protection mode warns you with a warning chime and message while the shift indicator on the cluster display blinks.

- Move the vehicle to a safe location and shift the gear to P (Park) with the engine running. Wait until the transmission is sufficiently cooled down.
- If you ignore this warning, you may experience abrupt shifts, frequent shifts, or jerkiness.

Transmission hot! Park with engine On



If you continue to drive with an overheated transmission, the above warning message appears, and the self-protection mode disables the clutch.

- Move the vehicle to a safe location and shift the gear to P (Park) with the engine running. Wait until the transmission is sufficiently cooled down.
- If the above warning message is displayed continuously, we recommend that you contact an authorized HYUNDAI dealer.

Cooling... Remain parked for 00 minutes



If you move the vehicle to a safe location and shift the gear to P (Park) with the engine running, the above warning message appears.

Wait until the clutch is sufficiently cooled down.

Transmission cooled down. Resume driving



This message appears when your vehicle can be driven. Drive the vehicle smoothy as possible.

Parking

Always come to a complete stop and continue to depress the brake pedal. Shift the gear into the P (Park) position, apply the parking brake, and place the ignition switch in the LOCK/OFF position. Take the key with you when exiting the vehicle.

Good driving practices

- Never shift the gear from P (Park) or N (Neutral) to any other position with the accelerator pedal depressed.
- Never shift the gear into P (Park) when the vehicle is in motion.
 - Be sure the vehicle is completely stopped before you attempt to shift into R (Reverse) or D (Drive).
- Do not shift the gear to N (Neutral) when driving. Doing so may result in a collision because of a loss of engine braking and the transmission could be damaged.
- Driving uphill or downhill, always shift to D (Drive) when driving forward or to R (Reverse) when driving backwards, and check the gear position indicated on the cluster before driving. If you drive in the opposite direction of the selected gear, the engine turns off and a serious accident might be occurred due to the degraded brake performance.

- Do not drive with your foot resting on the brake pedal. Even light, but consistent pedal pressure can result in the brakes overheating, brake wear and possibly even brake failure.
- Depressing both accelerator and brake pedals at the same time can trigger logic for engine power reduction to assure vehicle deceleration. Vehicle acceleration resumes after the brake pedal is released.
- When driving in Manual shift mode, slow down before shifting to a lower gear. Otherwise, the lower gear may not be engaged if the engine RPMs are outside of the allowable range.
- When driving with paddle shifters, slow down before shifting to a lower gear. Otherwise, the lower gear may not be engaged if the engine RPMs are outside of the allowable range.
- Always apply the parking brake when leaving the vehicle. Do not depend on placing the transmission in P (Park) to keep the vehicle from moving.
- Exercise extreme caution when driving on a slippery surface. Be especially careful when braking, accelerating or shifting gears. On a slippery surface, an abrupt change in vehicle speed can cause the drive wheels to lose traction and may cause loss of vehicle control resulting in a collision.
- Optimum vehicle performance and economy is obtained by smoothly depressing and releasing the accelerator.

MARNING

To reduce the risk of serious injury or death:

- ALWAYS wear your seatbelt. In a collision, an unbelted occupant is significantly more likely to be seriously injured or killed than a properly belted occupant.
- Avoid high speeds when cornering or turning.
- Do not make quick steering wheel movements, such as sharp lane changes or fast, sharp turns.
- The risk of rollover is greatly increased if you lose control of your vehicle at highway speeds.
- Loss of control often occurs if two or more wheels drop off the roadway and the driver over steers to reenter the roadway.
- In the event your vehicle leaves the roadway, do not steer sharply. Instead, slow down beforepulling back into the travel lanes.
- HYUNDAI recommends you follow all posted speed limits.

i Information Kickdown Function

Use the kickdown Function for maximum acceleration. Depress the accelerator pedal beyond the pressure point. The dual clutch transmission shifts to a lower gear depending on the engine speed.

BRAKING SYSTEM

Power brakes

Your vehicle has power-assisted brakes that adjust automatically through normal usage.

If the engine is not running or is turned off while driving, the power assist for the brakes will not work. You can still stop your vehicle by applying greater force to the brake pedal than typical. The stopping distance, however, will be longer than with power brakes.

When the engine is not running, the reserve brake power is partially depleted each time the brake pedal is applied. Do not pump the brake pedal when the power assist has been interrupted.

Pump the brake pedal only when necessary to maintain steering control on slippery surfaces.



- When the brake pedal is depressed under certain driving conditions or weather conditions, you may temporarily hear a noise. This is normal and does not indicate a problem with your brakes.
- While driving on a road with deicing chemicals, brake noise or abnormal tire wear may occur due to deicing chemicals. In a safe traffic condition, additionally apply the brakes to remove deicing chemicals on the brake discs and pads.

MARNING

Take the following precautions:

- Do not drive with your foot resting on the brake pedal. This will create abnormal high brake temperatures, excessive brake lining and pad wear, and increased stopping distances.
- When descending down a long or steep hill, downshift to a lower gear in order to control your speed without using the brake pedal excessively. Applying the brakes continuously will cause the brakes to overheat and could result in a temporary loss of braking performance.
- Wet brakes may impair the vehicle's ability to safely slow down; the vehicle may also pull to one side when the brakes are applied.

 Applying the brakes lightly will indicate whether they have been affected in this way. Always test your brakes in this fashion after driving through deep water. To dry the brakes, lightly tap the brake pedal to heat up the brakes while maintaining a safe forward speed until brake performance returns to normal.

 Avoid driving at high speeds until the brakes function correctly.

Disc brakes wear indicator

When your brake pads are worn and new pads are required, you will hear a high pitched warning sound from your front or rear brakes. You may hear this sound come and go or it may occur whenever you depress the brake pedal.

NOTICE

To avoid costly brake repairs, do not continue to drive with worn brake pads.



Always replace brake pads as complete front or rear axle sets.

Rear drum brakes (if equipped)

Your rear drum brakes do not have wear indicators. Therefore, have the rear brake linings inspected if you hear a rear brake rubbing noise. Also have your rear brakes inspected each time you change or rotate your tires and when you have the front brakes replaced.

Electronic Parking Brake (EPB)

Applying the parking brake



To apply the EPB (Electronic Parking Brake):

- 1. Depress the brake pedal.
- 2. Pull up the EPB switch.

Make sure the Parking Brake Warning Light comes on.



WARNING

To reduce the risk of SERIOUS INJURY or DEATH, do not operate the EPB while the vehicle is moving except in an emergency situation. It could damage the brake system and lead to an accident.

Releasing the parking brake



To release the EPB (Electronic Parking Brake), press the EPB switch in the following condition:

- Place the ignition switch in the ON position.
- · Depress the brake pedal.

Make sure the Parking Brake Warning Light goes off.

To release EPB (Electronic Parking Brake) automatically:

- Automatic transmission/Dual clutch transmission vehicle
 - 1. Start the engine.
 - 2. Fasten the driver's seat belt.
 - 3. Close the driver's door, engine hood and trunk.
 - 4. Depress the accelerator pedal while the shift lever is in R (Reverse) or D (Drive).

Make sure the Parking Brake Warning light goes off.

i Information

- For your safety, you can engage the EPB even though the ignition switch is in the LOCK/OFF position, but you cannot release it.
- For your safety, depress the brake pedal and release the parking brake manually with the EPB switch when you drive downhill or when backing up the vehicle.

NOTICE

- If the parking brake warning light is still on even though the EPB has been released, we recommend that the system be checked by an authorized HYUNDAI dealer.
- Do not drive your vehicle with the EPB applied. It may cause excessive brake pad and brake rotor wear.

EPB (Electronic Parking Brake) may be automatically applied when:

- It is requested by other systems
- The driver turns the engine off while Auto Hold is operating.

Warning messages



OCN7060151L

To release EPB, fasten seatbelt, close door, hood and trunk

- When you try to drive with the EPB applied, a warning will sound and a message will appear.
- If the driver's seat belt is unfastened and the engine hood or trunk is opened, a warning will sound and a message will appear.
- When there is a problem with the vehicle, a warning may sound and a message may appear.

If the situation occurs, depress the brake pedal and release EPB by pressing the EPB switch.

MARNING

 Whenever leaving the vehicle or parking, always come to a complete stop and continue to depress the brake pedal.

Move the shift lever into the P (Park) position, press the EPB switch, and set the ignition switch to the LOCK/ OFF position.

Take the key with you when exiting the vehicle.

Vehicles not fully engaged in P (Park) with the parking brake set are at risk for moving inadvertently and causing injury to yourself or others.

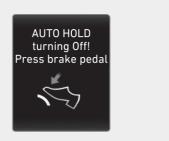
- NEVER allow anyone who is unfamiliar with the vehicle to touch the EPB switch. If the EPB is released unintentionally, serious injury may occur.
- Only release the EPB when you are seated inside the vehicle with your foot firmly on the brake pedal.

NOTICE

- Do not apply the accelerator pedal while the parking brake is engaged. If you depress the accelerator pedal with the EPB engaged, a warning will sound and a message will appear. Damage to the parking brake may occur.
- Driving with the parking brake on can overheat the braking system and cause premature wear or damage to brake parts. Make sure the EPB is released and the Parking Brake Warning Light is off before driving.

i Information

- A clicking sound may be heard while operating or releasing the EPB. These conditions are normal and indicate that the EPB is functioning properly.
- When leaving your keys with a parking attendant or assistant, make sure to inform him/her how to operate the EPB.



OCN7060152L

AUTO HOLD turning Off! Press brake pedal

When the conversion from Auto Hold to EPB is not working properly a warning will sound and a message will appear.



OCN7060153L

Parking brake automatically engaged When the EPB is applied from Auto Hold, a warning will sound and a message will appear.

EPB malfunction

If the EPB malfunction indicator remains on, comes on while driving, or does not come on when the ignition switch is changed to the ON position, this indicates that the EPB may have malfunctioned.

If this occurs, we recommend that the system be checked by an authorized HYUNDAI dealer.

The EPB malfunction indicator may illuminate when the ESC indicator comes on to indicate that the ESC is not working properly, but it does not indicate a malfunction of the EPB.

NOTICE

- If the EPB warning light is still on, we recommend that the system be checked by an authorized HYUNDAI dealer.
- If the parking brake warning light does not illuminate or blinks even though the EPB switch was pulled up, the EPB may not be applied.
- If the parking brake warning light blinks when the EPB warning light is on, press the switch, and then pull it up. Repeat this one more time. If the EPB warning does not go off, we recommend that the system be checked by an authorized HYUNDAI dealer.

Emergency braking

If there is a problem with the brake pedal while driving, emergency braking is possible by pulling up and holding the EPB switch. Braking is possible only while you are holding the EPB switch.



WARNING

Do not operate the parking brake while the vehicle is moving except in an emergency situation. It could damage the brake system and lead to a severe accident.



Information

During emergency braking, the parking brake warning light will illuminate to indicate that the system is operating.

NOTICE

If you continuously notice a noise or burning smell when the EPB is used for emergency braking, we recommend that the system be checked by an authorized HYUNDAI dealer. When the EPB (Electronic Parking Brake) does not release

If the EPB does not release normally, we recommend that you contact an authorized HYUNDAI dealer by loading the vehicle on a flatbed tow truck and have the system checked.

Parking brake warning light



Check the Parking Brake Warning Light by placing the ignition switch to the ON position (do not start the engine).

This light will be illuminated when the parking brake is applied with the ignition switch in the START or ON position.

Before driving, be sure the parking brake is released and the Brake Warning Light is OFF.

If the Parking Brake Warning Light remains on after the parking brake is released while the engine is running, there may be a malfunction in the brake system. Immediate attention is necessary.

If at all possible, cease driving the vehicle immediately. If that is not possible, use extreme caution while operating the vehicle and only continue to drive the vehicle until you can reach a safe location.

Auto Hold (if equipped)

The Auto Hold maintains the vehicle in a standstill even though the brake pedal is not depressed after the driver brings the vehicle to a complete stop by depressing the brake pedal.

To apply:



 With the driver's door, engine hood and trunk closed, depress the brake pedal and then press the AUTO HOLD switch. The white AUTO HOLD indicator will come on and the system will be in the standby position.



- When you stop the vehicle completely by depressing the brake pedal, the AUTO HOLD indicator changes from white to green.
- 3. The vehicle will remain stationary even if you release the brake pedal.
- 4. If EPB is applied, Auto Hold will be released.

To release:

If you depress the accelerator pedal with the shift lever in D (Drive) or Manual shift mode, the Auto Hold will be released automatically and the vehicle will start to move. The indicator changes from green to white.

MARNING

When the AUTO HOLD is automatically released by depressing the accelerator pedal, always take a look around your vehicle.

Slowly depress the accelerator pedal for a smooth start.

To cancel:



- 1. Depress the brake pedal.
- 2. Press the AUTO HOLD switch.

The AUTO HOLD indicator will turn off.

⚠ WARNING

To prevent, unexpected and sudden vehicle movement, ALWAYS press your foot on the brake pedal to cancel the Auto Hold before you:

- · Drive downhill.
- · Park the vehicle.

1 Information

- The Auto Hold does not operate when:
 - The gear is in P (Park) and R (Reverse)
 - The EPB is applied

- For your safety, the Auto Hold automatically switches to EPB when:
 - The driver's door is opened.
 - The engine hood is opened.
 - The vehicle stops for more than 10 minutes
 - The vehicle stands on a steep slope
 - The vehicle moves several times

In these cases, the brake warning light comes on, the AUTO HOLD indicator changes from green to white, and a warning sound and a message will appear to inform you that EPB has been automatically engaged. Before driving off again, press foot brake pedal, check the surrounding area near your vehicle and release parking brake manually with the EPB switch.

• While operating Auto Hold, you may hear mechanical noise. However, it is normal operating noise.



! WARNING

- Depress the accelerator pedal slowly when you start the vehicle.
- · For your safety, cancel the Auto Hold when you drive downhill, back up the vehicle or park the vehicle.

NOTICE

If there is a malfunction with the driver's door, engine hood or trunk open detection system, the Auto Hold may not work properly.

We recommend that you contact an authorized HYUNDAI dealer.

Warning messages



OCN7060153L

Parking brake automatically engaged When the EPB is applied from Auto Hold, a warning will sound and a message will appear.



AUTO HOLD turning Off! Press brake pedal

When the conversion from Auto Hold to EPB is not working properly a warning will sound and a message will appear.

NOTICE

When this message is displayed, the Auto Hold and EPB may not operate. For your safety, depress the brake pedal..



Press brake pedal to deactivate AUTO HOLD

If you did not apply the brake pedal when you release the Auto Hold by pressing the AUTO HOLD switch, a warning will sound and a message will appear.

Anti-lock Brake System (ABS)



WARNING

An Anti-Lock Braking System (ABS) or an Electronic Stability Control (ESC) system will not prevent accidents due to improper or dangerous driving maneuvers. Even though vehicle control is improved during emergency braking, always maintain a safe distance between you and objects ahead of you. Vehicle speeds should always be reduced during extreme road conditions. The braking distance for vehicles equipped with ABS or ESC may be longer than for those without these systems in the following road conditions.

Drive your vehicle at reduced speeds during the following conditions:

- Rough, gravel or snow-covered roads.
- On roads where the road surface is pitted or has different surface height.
- Tire chains are installed on your vehicle.

The safety features of an ABS or ESC equipped vehicle should not be tested by high speed driving or cornering. This could endanger the safety of yourself or others.

ABS is an electronic braking system that helps prevent a braking skid. ABS allows the driver to steer and brake at the same time.

Using ABS

To obtain the maximum benefit from your ABS in an emergency situation, do not attempt to modulate your brake pressure and do not try to pump your brakes. Depress your brake pedal as hard as possible.

When you apply your brakes under conditions which may lock the wheels, you may hear sounds from the brakes, or feel a corresponding sensation in the brake pedal. This is normal and it means your ABS is active.

ABS does not reduce the time or distance it takes to stop the vehicle.

Always maintain a safe distance from the vehicle in front of you.

ABS will not prevent a skid that results from sudden changes in direction, such as trying to take a corner too fast or making a sudden lane change. Always drive at a safe speed for the road and weather conditions.

ABS cannot prevent a loss of stability. Always steer moderately when braking hard. Severe or sharp steering wheel movement can still cause your vehicle to veer into oncoming traffic or off the road.

On loose or uneven road surfaces, operation of the anti-lock brake system may result in a longer stopping distance than for vehicles equipped with a conventional brake system.

A

WARNING

If the ABS warning light (((B))) is on and stays on, you may have a problem with the ABS. Your power brakes will work normally. To reduce the risk of serious injury or death, we recommend that you contact your HYUNDAI dealer as soon as possible.

NOTICE

Restart the engine. If the ABS warning light is off, then your ABS system is normal.

Otherwise, you may have a problem with your ABS system. We recommend that you contact an authorized HYUNDAI dealer as soon as possible.

i

i Information

Electronic Stability Control (ESC)



The Electronic Stability Control (ESC) system helps to stabilize the vehicle during cornering maneuvers.

ESC checks where you are steering and where the vehicle is actually going.

ESC applies braking pressure to any one of the vehicle's brakes and intervenes in the engine management system to assist the driver with keeping the vehicle on the intended path. It is not a substitute for safe driving practices. Always adjust your speed and driving to the road conditions.



Never drive too fast for the road conditions or too quickly when cornering. The ESC system will not prevent accidents.

Excessive speed in turns, abrupt maneuvers, and hydroplaning on wet surfaces can result in severe accidents.

ESC operation

ESC ON condition

When the ignition switch is in the ON position, the ESC and the ESC OFF indicator lights illuminate for approximately three seconds. After both lights go off, the ESC is enabled.

When operating



When the ESC is in operation, the ESC indicator light blinks:

- When you apply your brakes under conditions which may lock the wheels, you may hear sounds from the brakes, or feel a corresponding sensation in the brake pedal. This is normal and it means your ESC is active.
- When the ESC activates, the engine may not respond to the accelerator as it does under routine conditions.
- If the Cruise Control was in use when the ESC activates, the Cruise Control automatically disengages. The Cruise Control can be reengaged when the road conditions allow. See "Cruise Control (CC)" in chapter 7 (if equipped).

 When moving out of the mud or driving on a slippery road, the engine RPM (revolutions per minute) may not increase even if you press the accelerator pedal deeply. This is to maintain the stability and traction of the vehicle and does not indicate a problem.

ESC OFF condition



To cancel ESC operation:

State 1

Press the ESC OFF button briefly. The ESC OFF indicator light and/or message 'Traction Control disabled' will illuminate. In this state, the traction control function of ESC (engine management) is disabled, but the brake control function of ESC (braking management) still operates.

State 2

Press and hold the ESC OFF button continuously for more than 3 seconds. The ESC OFF indicator light and/or message "Traction & Stability Control disabled" illuminates and a warning chime sounds. In this state, both the traction control function of ESC (engine management) and the brake control function of ESC (braking management) are disabled.

If the ignition switch is placed in the LOCK/OFF position when ESC is off, ESC remains off. Upon restarting the vehicle, the ESC will automatically turn on again.

Indicator lights

■ ESC indicator light (blinks)



■ ESC OFF indicator light (comes on)



When the ignition switch is in the ON position, the ESC indicator light illuminates, then goes off if the ESC system is operating normally.

The ESC indicator light blinks whenever the ESC is operating.

If the ESC indicator light stays on, your vehicle may have a malfunction with the ESC system. When this warning light illuminates we recommend that the vehicle be checked by an authorized HYUNDAI dealer as soon as possible.

The ESC OFF indicator light comes on when the ESC is turned off with the button.



When the ESC is blinking, this indicates the ESC is active:

Drive slowly and NEVER attempt to accelerate. NEVER turn the ESC off while the ESC indicator light is blinking or you may lose control of the vehicle resulting in an accident.

NOTICE

Driving with wheels and tires with different sizes may cause the ESC system to malfunction. Before replacing tires, make sure all four tires and wheels are the same size. Never drive the vehicle with different sized wheels and tires installed.

ESC OFF usage

When Driving

The ESC OFF mode should only be used briefly to help free the vehicle if stuck in snow or mud, by temporarily stopping operation of the ESC, to maintain wheel torque.

To turn ESC off while driving, press the ESC OFF button while driving on a flat road surface.

NOTICE

To prevent damage to the transmission:

- Do not allow wheel(s) of one axle to spin excessively while the ESC, ABS, and parking brake warning lights are displayed. The repairs would not be covered by the vehicle warranty. Reduce engine power and do not spin the wheel(s) excessively while these lights are displayed.
- When operating the vehicle on a dynamometer, make sure the ESC is turned off (ESC OFF light illuminated).

i

Information

Turning the ESC off does not affect ABS or standard brake system operation.

Vehicle Stability Management (VSM)

The Vehicle Stability Management (VSM) is a function of the Electronic Stability Control (ESC) system. It helps ensure the vehicle stays stable when accelerating or braking suddenly on wet, slippery and rough roads where traction over the four tires can suddenly become uneven.



WARNING

Take the following precautions when using the Vehicle Stability Management (VSM):

- ALWAYS check the speed and the distance to the vehicle ahead. The VSM is not a substitute for safe driving practices.
- Never drive too fast for the road conditions. The VSM system will not prevent accidents. Excessive speed in bad weather, slippery and uneven roads can result in severe accidents.

VSM operation

VSM ON condition

VSM operates when:

- The Electronic Stability Control (ESC) is on.
- ABS is operated at a certain speed on roads with different coefficients of friction.

The VSM doesn't operate when:

The vehicle is turning.

When operating

When you apply your brakes under conditions which may activate the ESC, you may hear sounds from the brakes, or feel a corresponding sensation in the brake pedal. This is normal and it means your VSM is active.



Information

The VSM does not operate when:

- Driving on a banked road such as gradient or incline
- · Driving in reverse.
- The ESC OFF indicator light is on.
- The MDPS (Motor Driven Power Steering) warning light (○!) is on or blinks.

! WARNING

If the ESC indicator light (景) or MDPS warning light (A) stays on or blinks, your vehicle may have a malfunction with the VSM system. When the warning light illuminates we recommend that the vehicle be checked by an authorized HYUNDAI dealer as soon as possible.

NOTICE

Driving with wheels and tires with different sizes may cause the ESC system to malfunction. Before replacing tires, make sure all four tires and wheels are the same size. Never drive the vehicle with different sized tires and wheels installed.

Hill-Start Assist Control (HAC)

Hill-Start Assist Control helps prevent the vehicle from rolling backwards when starting a vehicle from a stop on a hill. The system operates the brakes automatically for approximately 2 seconds (maximum of 5 seconds when the accelerator pedal is slightly depressed during HAC operation) and releases the brake after 2 seconds or when the accelerator pedal is depressed.



WARNING

Always be ready to depress the accelerator pedal when starting off an incline. Hill-Start Assist Control activates only for approximately 2 seconds (maximum of 5 seconds when the accelerator pedal is slightly depressed during HAC operation).



Information

- Hill-Start Assist Control does not operate when the gear is shifted to P (Park) or N (Neutral).
- Hill-Start Assist Control activates even when the ESC (Electronic Stability Control) is off. However, it does not activate, when ESC does not operate normally.

Emergency Stop Signal (ESS)

Emergency Stop Signal alerts the driver behind by blinking the stop lights, while sharply and severely braking.

The system is activated when:

- The vehicle suddenly stops. (The deceleration power exceeds 7 m/ s², and the driving speed exceeds 55 km/h (34 mph).)
- · ABS is activated.

The hazard warning flasher automatically turns ON after blinking the stop lights:

- When driving speed is under 40 km/h (25 mph),
- When ABS is deactivated, and
- When the sudden braking situation is over.

The hazard warning flasher turns OFF:

 When the vehicle drives at a low speed for a certain period of time.
 The driver can manually turn OFF the hazard warning flasher by pressing the button.



Emergency Stop Signal will not activate, when the hazard warning flashers are already on.

Good braking practices



WARNING

Whenever leaving the vehicle or parking, always come to a complete stop and continue to depress the brake pedal. Move the shift button into the P (Park) position, then apply the parking brake, and place the ignition switch in the LOCK/OFF position.

Vehicles parked with the parking brake not applied or not fully engaged may roll inadvertently and may cause injury to the driver and others. ALWAYS apply the parking brake before exiting the vehicle. Wet brakes can be dangerous! The brakes may get wet if the vehicle is driven through standing water or if it is washed.

Your vehicle will not stop as quickly if the brakes are wet. Wet brakes may cause the vehicle to pull to one side.

To dry the brakes, apply the brakes lightly until the braking action returns to normal. If the braking action does not return to normal, stop as soon as it is safe to do so and we recommend that you call an authorized HYUNDAI dealer for assistance.

DO NOT drive with your foot resting on the brake pedal. Even light, but constant pedal pressure can result in the brakes overheating, brake wear, and possibly even brake failure.

If a tire goes flat while you are driving, apply the brakes gently and keep the vehicle pointed straight ahead while you slow down. When you are moving slowly enough for it to be safe to do so, pull off the road and stop in a safe location.

Keep your foot firmly on the brake pedal when the vehicle is stopped to prevent the vehicle from rolling forward.

DRIVE MODE INTEGRATED CONTROL SYSTEM (2WD) (IF EQUIPPED)

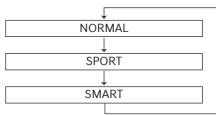
Drive mode



The drive mode may be selected according to the driver's preference or road condition.



If there is a problem with the instrument cluster, the drive mode will be in NORMAL mode and may not change to SPORT mode or SMART mode.



When NORMAL mode is selected, it is not displayed on the instrument cluster.

- NORMAL mode: NORMAL mode provides smooth driving and comfortable riding.
- SPORT mode: SPORT mode provides sporty but firm riding

The drive mode will change to NORMAL mode when the engine is restarted. However, except when it is in SMART mode. SMART mode will be maintained, as selected when the engine is restarted.

SPORT mode

SPORT mode manages SPORT the driving dynamics by automatically adjusting the steering effort, the engine and transmission control logic for enhanced driver performance.

- When SPORT mode is selected by using the DRIVE MODE button, the SPORT indicator will illuminate.
- · Whenever the engine is restarted, the drive mode remains in SPORT mode.
- · When SPORT mode is activated:
 - The engine RPM will tend to remain raised over a certain length of time even after releasing the accelerator
 - Upshifts are delayed when accelerating

Information

In SPORT mode, the fuel efficiency may decrease.

SMART mode

SMART)

SMART mode selects the proper driving mode among NORMAL and SPORT by judging the driver's driving habits (for example, Economic or Aggressive (Sportive)) from the brake pedal depression or the steering wheel operation.

- Toggle the DRIVE MODE button to select SMART mode. When SMART mode is selected, the indicator illuminates on the instrument cluster.
- SMART mode automatically controls the vehicle driving, such as gear shifting patterns and engine torque, in accordance with the driver's driving habits.
- · Whenever the engine is restarted, the drive mode remains in SMART mode.

Information

When you dynamically drive the vehicle in SMART mode by abruptly decelerating or sharply turning the driving mode changes to SPORT mode. However, it may adversely affect fuel economy.

Various driving situations, which you may encounter in SMART mode

- The driving mode automatically changes from SMART ECO mode to SMART NORMAL mode after a certain period of time, when you sharply or repetitively depress the accelerator pedal.
- The driving mode automatically changes to SMART NORMAL mode with the same driving patterns, when the vehicle starts to drive on an upward slope of a certain angle. The driving mode automatically returns to SMART ECO mode, when the vehicle enters a leveled road.
- The driving mode automatically changes to SMART SPORT, when you abruptly accelerate the vehicle or repetitively operate the steering wheel (Your driving is categorized to be sporty.). In this mode, your vehicle drives in a lower gear for abrupt accelerating/decelerating and increases the engine brake performance.
- You may still sense the engine braking performance, even when you release the accelerator pedal in SMART SPORT mode. It is because your vehicle remains in lower gear over a certain period of time for next acceleration. Thus, it is a normal driving situation, not indicating any malfunction.

 The driving mode automatically changes to SMART SPORT mode only in harsh driving situations. In most of the normal driving situations, the driving mode sets to be either in SMART ECO mode or in SMART NORMAL mode.

Limitation of SMART mode

The SMART mode may be limited in following situations. (The OFF indicator illuminates in those situations.)

- The cruise control is activated:
 The cruise control system may deactivate the SMART mode when the vehicle is controlled by the set speed of Smart Cruise Control system. (SMART mode is not deactivated just by activating the cruise control system.)
- The transmission oil temperature is either extremely low or extremely high:

The SMART mode can be active in most of the normal driving situations. However, an extremely high/ low transmission oil temperature may temporarily deactivate the SMART mode, because the transmission condition is out of normal operation condition.

SPECIAL DRIVING CONDITIONS

Hazardous driving conditions

When hazardous driving elements are encountered such as water, snow, ice, mud and sand, take the following precautions:

- Drive cautiously and maintain a longer braking distance.
- Avoid abrupt braking or steering.
- When your vehicle is stuck in snow, mud, or sand, use second gear. Accelerate slowly to avoid unnecessary wheel spin.
- Put sand, rock salt, tire chains or other non-slip materials under the wheels to provide additional traction while the vehicle becomes stuck in ice, snow, or mud.

MARNING

Downshifting with an automatic transmission/dual clutch transmission while driving on slippery surfaces can cause an accident. The sudden change in tire speed could cause the tires to skid. Be careful when downshifting on slippery surfaces.

Rocking the vehicle

If it is necessary to rock the vehicle to free it from snow, sand, or mud, first turn the steering wheel right and left to clear the area around your front wheels. Then, shift back and forth between R (Reverse) and a forward gear.

Try to avoid spinning the wheels, and do not race the engine.

To prevent transmission wear, wait until the wheels stop spinning before shifting gears. Release the accelerator pedal while shifting, and press lightly on the accelerator pedal while the transmission is in gear. Slowly spinning the wheels in forward and reverse directions causes a rocking motion that may free the vehicle.



WARNING

If the vehicle is stuck and excessive wheel spin occurs, the temperature in the tires can increase very quickly. If the tires become damaged, a tire blow out or tire explosion can occur. This condition is dangerous - you and others may be injured. Do not attempt this procedure if people or objects are anywhere near the vehicle.

If you attempt to free the vehicle, the vehicle can overheat quickly, possibly causing an engine compartment fire or other damage. Try to avoid spinning the wheels as much as possible to prevent overheating of either the tires or the engine. DO NOT allow the vehicle to spin the wheels above 56 km/h (35 mph).

Information

The ESC system (if equipped) must be turned OFF before rocking the vehicle.

NOTICE

If you are still stuck after rocking the vehicle a few times, have the vehicle pulled out by a tow vehicle to avoid engine overheating, possible damage to the transmission, and tire damage. See "Towing" in chapter 8.

Smooth cornering

Avoid braking or gear changing in corners, especially when roads are wet. Ideally, corners should always be taken under gentle acceleration.

Driving at night

Night driving presents more hazards than driving in the daylight. Here are some important tips to remember:

- Slow down and keep more distance between you and other vehicles, as it may be more difficult to see at night, especially in areas where there may not be any street lights.
- Adjust your mirrors to reduce the glare from other drivers' headlights.
- Keep your headlights clean and properly aimed. Dirty or improperly aimed headlights will make it much more difficult to see at night.
- Avoid staring directly at the headlights of oncoming vehicles. You could be temporarily blinded, and it will take several seconds for your eyes to readjust to the darkness.

Driving in the rain

Rain and wet roads can make driving dangerous. Here are a few things to consider when driving in the rain or on slick pavement:

- Slow down and allow extra following distance. A heavy rainfall makes it harder to see and increases the distance needed to stop your vehicle.
- Turn OFF your Cruise Control (if equipped).
- Replace your windshield wiper blades when they show signs of streaking or missing areas on the windshield.
- Be sure your tires have enough tread.
 If your tires do not have enough tread, making a quick stop on wet pavement can cause a skid and possibly lead to an accident. See "Tire replacement" in chapter 9.
- Turn on your headlights to make it easier for others to see you.
- Driving too fast through large puddles can affect your brakes. If you must go through puddles, try to drive through them slowly.
- If you believe your brakes may be wet, apply them lightly while driving until normal braking operation returns.

Hydroplaning

If the road is wet enough and you are going fast enough, your vehicle may have little or no contact with the road surface and actually ride on the water. The best advice is SLOW DOWN when the road is wet.

The risk of hydroplaning increases as the depth of tire tread decreases, refer to "Tire replacement" in chapter 9.

Driving in flooded areas

Avoid driving through flooded areas unless you are sure the water is no higher than the bottom of the wheel hub. Drive through any water slowly. Allow adequate stopping distance because brake performance may be reduced. After driving through water, dry the

brakes by gently applying them several

times while the vehicle is moving slowly.

Highway driving

Tires

Adjust the tire inflation pressure as specified. Under-inflation may overheat or damage the tires.

Do not install worn-out or damaged tires. which may reduce traction or fail the braking operation.



Information

Never over-inflate your tires above the maximum inflation pressure, as specified on your tires.

Fuel, engine coolant and engine oil

Driving at higher speeds on the highway consumes more fuel and is less efficient than driving at a slower, more moderate speed. Maintain a moderate speed in order to conserve fuel when driving on the highway.

Be sure to check both the engine coolant level and the engine oil before driving.

Drive belt

A loose or damaged drive belt may overheat the engine.

WINTER DRIVING

The severe weather conditions of winter quickly wear out tires and cause other problems. To minimize winter driving problems, you should take the following suggestions:

Snow or icy conditions

You need to keep sufficient distance between your vehicle and the vehicle in front of you.

Apply the brakes gently. Speeding, rapid acceleration, sudden brake applications, and sharp turns are potentially very hazardous practices. During deceleration, use engine braking to the fullest extent. Sudden brake applications on snowy or icy roads may cause the vehicle to skid.

To drive your vehicle in deep snow, it may be necessary to use snow tires or to install tire chains on your tires.

Always carry emergency equipment. Some of the items you may want to carry include tire chains, tow straps or chains, a flashlight, emergency flares, sand, a shovel, jumper cables, a window scraper, gloves, ground cloth, coveralls, a blanket, etc.

Snow tires



WARNING

Snow tires should be equivalent in size and type to the vehicle's standard tires. Otherwise, the safety and handling of your vehicle may be adversely affected.

If you mount snow tires on your vehicle, make sure to use radial tires of the same size and load range as the original tires. Mount snow tires on all four wheels to balance your vehicle's handling in all weather conditions. The traction provided by snow tires on dry roads may not be as high as your vehicle's original equipment tires. Check with the tire dealer for maximum speed recommendations.



Information

Do not install studded tires without first checking local and municipal regulations for possible restrictions against their use.

Tire chains

Since the sidewalls of radial tires are thinner than other types of tires, they may be damaged by mounting some types of tire chains on them. Therefore. the use of snow tires is recommended instead of tire chains. Do not mount tire chains on vehicles equipped with aluminum wheels: if unavoidable use a wire type chain. If tire chains must be used, use genuine HYUNDAI parts or the equivalent specified for your vehicle and install the tire chain after reviewing the instructions provided with the tire chains. Damage to your vehicle caused by improper tire chain use is not covered by your vehicle manufacturer's warranty.



WARNING

The use of tire chains may adversely affect vehicle handling:

- Drive less than 30 km/h (20 mph) or the chain manufacturer's recommended speed limit, whichever is lower.
- Drive carefully and avoid bumps, holes, sharp turns, and other road hazards, which may cause the vehicle to bounce.
- Avoid sharp turns or locked wheel braking.

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Information

- Install tire chains on the front tires.
 It should be noted that installing tire chains on the tires will provide a greater driving force, but will not prevent side skids.
- Do not install studded tires without first checking local and municipal regulations for possible restrictions against their use.

Chain Installation

When installing tire chains, follow the manufacturer's instructions and mount them as tightly possible. Drive slowly (less than 30 km/h (20 mph)) with chains installed. If you hear the chains contacting the body or chassis, stop and tighten them. If they still make contact, slow down until the noise stops. Remove the tire chains as soon as you begin driving on cleared roads.

When mounting snow chains, park the vehicle on level ground away from traffic. Turn on the vehicle Hazard Warning Flasher and place a triangular emergency warning device behind the vehicle (if available). Always place the vehicle in P (Park), apply the parking brake and turn off the engine before installing snow chains.

NOTICE

When using tire chains:

- Wrong size chains or improperly installed chains can damage your vehicle's brake lines, suspension, body and wheels.
- · Use SAE "S" class or wire chains.
- If you hear noise caused by chains contacting the body, retighten the chain to prevent contact with the vehicle body.
- To prevent body damage, retighten the chains after driving 0.5-1.0 km (0.3-0.6 mi.).
- Do not use tire chains on vehicles equipped with aluminum wheels. If unavoidable, use a wire type chain.
- Use wire chains less than 12 mm (0.47 in) wide to prevent damage to the chain's connection.

Winter Precautions

Use high quality ethylene glycol coolant

Your vehicle is delivered with high quality ethylene glycol coolant in the cooling system. It is the only type of coolant that should be used because it helps prevent corrosion in the cooling system, lubricates the water pump and prevents freezing. Be sure to replace or replenish your coolant in accordance with the maintenance schedule in chapter 9. Before winter, have your coolant tested to assure that its freezing point is sufficient for the temperatures anticipated during the winter.

Check battery and cables

Winter temperatures affect battery performance. Inspect the battery and cables, as specified in the chapter 9. The battery charging level can be checked by an authorized HYUNDAI dealer or in a service station.

Change to "winter weight" oil if necessary

In some regions during winter, it is recommended to use the "winter weight" oil with lower viscosity. For further information, refer to the chapter 2. When you are not sure about a type of winter weight oil, we recommend that you consult an authorized HYUNDAI dealer.

Check spark plugs and ignition system (for gasoline engine)

Inspect the spark plugs, as specified in the chapter 9. If necessary, replace them. Also check all ignition wirings and components for any cracks, wear-out, and damage.

To prevent locks from freezing

To prevent the locks from being frozen, spray approved de-icing fluid or glycerin into key holes. When a lock opening is already covered with ice, spray approved de-icing fluid over the ice to remove it. When an internal part of a lock freezes, try to thaw it with a heated key. Carefully use the heated key to avoid an injury.

Use approved window washer antifreeze solution in system

To prevent the window washer from being frozen, add authorized window washer anti-freeze solution, as specified on the window washer container. Window washer anti-freeze solution is available from an authorized HYUNDAI dealer, and most vehicle accessory outlets. Do not use engine coolant or other types of anti-freeze solution to prevent any damage to the vehicle paint.

Do not let your parking brake freeze

Under some conditions your parking brake can freeze in the engaged position. This is most likely to happen when there is an accumulation of snow or ice around or near the rear brakes or if the brakes are wet. When there is the risk that your parking brake may freeze, temporarily apply it with the shift button in P (Park). Also, block the rear wheels in advance, so the vehicle may not roll. Then, release the parking brake.

Do not let ice and snow accumulate underneath

Under some conditions, snow and ice can build up under the fenders and interfere with the steering. When driving in such conditions during the severe winter, you should check underneath the vehicle on a regular basis, to ensure that the front wheels and the steering components is unblocked.

Carry emergency equipment

In accordance with weather conditions, you should carry appropriate emergency equipment, while driving. Some of the items you may want to carry include tire chains, tow straps or chains, flashlight, emergency flares, sand, shovel, jumper cables, window scraper, gloves, ground cloth, coveralls, blanket, etc.

Do not place objects or materials in the engine compartment

Putting objects or materials in the engine compartment may cause an engine failure or combustion, because they may block the engine cooling. Such damage will not be covered by the manufacturer's warranty.

Drive your vehicle when water vapor condenses and accumulates inside the exhaust pipes

When the vehicle is stopped for a long time in winter while the engine is running, water vapor may condense and accumulate inside the exhaust pipes. Water in the exhaust pipes may cause noise, etc., but it is drained driving at medium to high speed.

VEHICLE WEIGHT

Two labels on your driver's door sill show how much weight your vehicle was designed to carry: the Tire and Loading Information Label and the Certification Label.

Before loading your vehicle, familiarize yourself with the following terms for determining your vehicle's weight ratings, from the vehicle's specifications and the Certification Label:

Base Curb Weight

This is the weight of the vehicle including a full tank of fuel and all standard equipment. It does not include passengers, cargo, or optional equipment.

Vehicle Curb Weight

This is the weight of your new vehicle when you picked it up from your dealer plus any aftermarket equipment.

Cargo Weight

This figure includes all weight added to the Base Curb Weight, including cargo and optional equipment.

GAW (Gross Axle Weight)

This is the total weight placed on each axle (front and rear) - including vehicle curb weight and all payload.

GAWR (Gross Axle Weight Rating)

This is the maximum allowable weight that can be carried by a single axle (front or rear). These numbers are shown on the Certification Label. The total load on each axle must never exceed its GAWR.

GVW (Gross Vehicle Weight)

This is the Base Curb Weight plus actual Cargo Weight plus passengers.

GVWR (Gross Vehicle Weight Rating)

This is the maximum allowable weight of the fully loaded vehicle (including all options, equipment, passengers and cargo). The GVWR is shown on the Certification Label located on the driver's door sill.

Overloading



WARNING

The Gross Axle Weight Rating (GAWR) and the Gross Vehicle Weight Rating (GVWR) for your vehicle are on the Certification Label attached to the driver's (or front passenger's) door. Exceeding these ratings can cause an accident or vehicle damage. You can calculate the weight of your load by weighing the items (and people) before putting them in the vehicle. Be careful not to overload your vehicle.

VEHICLE LOAD LIMIT (IF EQUIPPED)

Two labels on your driver's door sill show how much weight your vehicle was designed to carry: the Tire and Loading Information Label and the Certification Label.

Before loading your vehicle, familiarize yourself with the following terms for determining your vehicle's weight ratings, from the vehicle's specifications and the Certification Label:

Base Curb Weight

This is the weight of the vehicle including a full tank of fuel and all standard equipment. It does not include passengers, cargo, or optional equipment.

Vehicle Curb Weight

This is the weight of your new vehicle when you picked it up from your dealer plus any aftermarket equipment.

Cargo Weight

This figure includes all weight added to the Base Curb Weight, including cargo and optional equipment.

Towing Weight

We do not recommend using this vehicle for trailer towing.

GAW (Gross Axle Weight)

This is the total weight placed on each axle (front and rear) - including vehicle curb weight and all payload.

GAWR (Gross Axle Weight Rating)

This is the maximum allowable weight that can be carried by a single axle (front or rear). These numbers are shown on the Certification Label. The total load on each axle must never exceed its GAWR.

GVW (Gross Vehicle Weight)

This is the Base Curb Weight plus actual Cargo Weight plus passengers.

GVWR (Gross Vehicle Weight Rating)

This is the maximum allowable weight of the fully loaded vehicle (including all options, equipment, passengers and cargo). The GVWR is shown on the Certification Label located on the driver's door sill.

Tire Loading Information Label





The label located on the driver's door sill gives the original tire size, cold tire pressures recommended for your vehicle, the number of people that can be in your vehicle and vehicle capacity weight.

Vehicle capacity weight 385 kg (849 lbs.)

Vehicle capacity weight is the maximum combined weight of occupants and cargo. If your vehicle is equipped with a trailer, the combined weight includes the tongue load.

Seating capacity

Total: 5 persons (Front seat : 2 persons, Rear seat : 3 persons)

Seating capacity is the maximum number of occupants including a driver, your vehicle may carry. However, the seating capacity may be reduced based upon the weight of all of the occupants, and the weight of the cargo being carried or towed. Do not overload the vehicle as there is a limit to the total weight, or load limit including occupants and cargo, the vehicle can carry.

Towing capacity

We do not recommend using this vehicle for trailer towing.

Cargo capacity

The cargo capacity of your vehicle will increase or decrease depending on the weight and the number of occupants and the tongue load, if your vehicle is equipped with a trailer.

Steps for determining correct load limit

- Locate the statement "The combined weight of occupants and cargo should never exceed XXX kg or XXX lbs." on your vehicle's placard.
- 2. Determine the combined weight of the driver and passengers that will be riding in your vehicle.
- Subtract the combined weight of the driver and passengers from XXX kg or XXX lbs.
- 4. The resulting figure equals the available amount of cargo and luggage load capacity. For example, if the "XXX" amount equals 635 kg (1400 lbs.) and there will be five 68 kg (150 lb.) passengers in your vehicle, the amount of available cargo and luggage load capacity is 295 kg (650 lbs.) (635 340 (5 x68) = 295 kg or (1400 750 (5 x150) = 650 lbs.))
- Determine the combined weight of luggage and cargo being loaded on the vehicle. That weight may not safely exceed the available cargo and luggage load capacity calculated in Step 4.
- If your vehicle will be towing a trailer, load from your trailer will be transferred to your vehicle. Consult this manual to determine how this reduces the available cargo and luggage load capacity of your vehicle.



! WARNING

Do not overload the vehicle as there is a limit to the total weight, or load limit, including occupants and cargo, the vehicle can carry. Overloading can shorten the life of the vehicle. If the GVWR or the GAWR is exceeded, parts on the vehicle can be broken, and it can change the handling of your vehicle. These could cause you to lose control and result in an accident.

6-51

| Example 1 | Vehicle Capacity | ≥ | * * | + | |
|-----------|---|-------------|--|---|---|
| | Maximum Load (635 kg) (1400 lbs.) | | Passenger Weight (68 kg × 2 = 136 kg) (150 lbs. × 2 = 300 lbs.) | | Cargo Weight (499 kg) (1100 lbs.) |
| Example 2 | Vehicle Capacity | ≥ | 44 44 | + | · |
| | Maximum Load (635 kg) | | Passenger Weight (68 kg × 5 = 340 kg) (150 lbs. × 5 = 750 | | Cargo Weight (295 kg) |
| | (1400 lbs.) | | lbs.) | | (650 lbs.) |
| Example 3 | (1400 lbs.) Vehicle Capacity | <u>></u> | | + | (650 lbs.) |

Certification label

The certification label is located on the driver's door sill at the center pillar and shows the maximum allowable weight of the fully loaded vehicle. This is called the GVWR (Gross Vehicle Weight Rating). The GVWR includes the weight of the vehicle, all occupants, fuel and cargo.

This label also tells you the maximum weight that can be supported by the front and rear axles, called Gross Axle Weight Rating (GAWR).

The total weight of the vehicle, including all occupants, accessories, cargo, and trailer tongue load must not exceed the Gross Vehicle Weight Rating (GVWR) or the Gross Axle Weight Rating (GAWR). To find out the actual loads on your front and rear axles, you need to go to a weigh station and weigh your vehicle. Be sure to spread out your load equally on both sides of the centerline.



WARNING

Overloading

- Never exceed the GVWR for your vehicle, the GAWR for either the front or rear axle and vehicle capacity weight. Exceeding these ratings can affect your vehicle's handling and braking ability, and cause an accident.
- Do not overload your vehicle. Overloading your vehicle can cause heat buildup in your vehicle's tires and possible tire failure, increased stopping distances and poor vehicle handling-all of which may result in a crash.

NOTICE

Overloading your vehicle may cause damage. Repairs would not be covered by your warranty. Do not overload your vehicle.



WARNING

If you carry items inside your vehicle (for example, suitcases, tools, packages, or anything else), they are moving as fast as the vehicle. If you have to stop or turn quickly, or if there is a crash, the items will keep going and can cause an injury if they strike the driver or a passenger.

- Put items in the cargo area of your vehicle. Try to spread the weight evenly.
- Do not stack items, like suitcases, inside the vehicle above the tops of the seats.
- Do not leave an unsecured child restraint in your vehicle.
- When you carry something inside the vehicle, secure it.

TRAILER TOWING

We do not recommend using this vehicle for trailer towing. Vehicle load limit

7

7. Driver assistance system

| Driving Safety | |
|---|--------|
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| Forward Collision-Avoidance Assist (FCA) (Sensor fusion) | 7-17 |
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DRIVER ASSISTANCE SYSTEM NOTICE

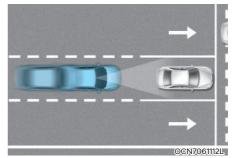
Due to the infotainment software version, the description of each function of the driver assistance system may differ from the owner's manual.

(For Mexico and Israel)

- If the navigation of HYUNDAI genuine parts is applied, the setting method of each function may differ from the owner's manual. In this case, access the web manual with the QR code in the separately supplied simple manual.
- Haptic Warning (if equipped) can be set from the Warning Methods. Haptic Warning operates during the warning of the following functions:
 - Forward Collision-Avoidance Assist (FCA): Collision Warning, Emergency Braking
 - Lane Keeping Assist (LKA): Lane Keeping Assist Warning
 - Blind-Spot Collision-Avoidance Assist (BCA): Collision Warning (while driving), Collision-avoidance assist (while parallel parking exit)
 - Smart Cruise Control (SCC): Collision Warning
 - Rear Cross-Traffic Collision-Avoidance Assist (RCCA): Collision Warning, Emergency Braking
 - Reverse Parking Collision-Avoidance Assist (PCA): Reverse Parking Collision-Avoidance Assist Warning

FORWARD COLLISION-AVOIDANCE ASSIST (FCA) (FRONT VIEW CAMERA ONLY) (IF EQUIPPED)

Basic function



Forward Collision-Avoidance Assist detects a vehicle, a powered two-wheeler, a pedestrian, or a cyclist ahead on the road and may warn you of a possible collision with a warning message on the instrument cluster and a warning sound. Also, Forward Collision-Avoidance Assist may assist with braking your vehicle to help reduce collision speed or avoid a collision.

Detecting sensor



[1]: Front view camera

Refer to the illustration above for the detailed location of the detecting sensor.



CAUTION

Take the following precautions to maintain optimal performance of the detecting sensor:

- Never disassemble the detecting sensor or sensor assembly, or cause any damage to.
- If the detecting sensors have been replaced or repaired, we recommend that you have your vehicle inspected by an authorized HYUNDAI dealer.
- Never install any accessories or stickers on the front windshield, or tint the front windshield.
- Pay extreme caution to keep the front view camera dry.
- Never place any reflective objects (for example, white paper, mirror) over the dashboard.

Forward Collision-Avoidance Assist settings

Forward Safety



OCN7073151I

With the engine on, select User Settings > Driver Assistance > Driving Safety from the settings menu in the instrument cluster or Settings > Vehicle > Driver Assistance > Driving Safety from the settings menu in the infotainment system to set whether to use each function.

If Forward Safety is selected, Forward Collision-Avoidance Assist will warn the driver with a warning message, an audible warning depending on the collision risk levels. Braking assist will be applied depending on the collision risk levels. If Forward Safety is deselected, Forward Safety will turn off. The warning light (♣) will illuminate on the cluster.



WARNING

When the engine is restarted, Forward Collision-Avoidance Assist will always turn on. However, if Forward Safety is selected after the engine is restarted, the driver should always be aware of the surroundings and drive safely.

Forward Safety Warning Timing



OCN7073152L

With the engine on, select User Settings > Driver Assistance > Driving Safety > Forward Safety Warning Timing from the settings menu in the instrument cluster or Settings > Vehicle > Driver Assistance > Driving Safety > Forward Safety Warning Timing settings menu in the infotainment system to change the initial warning activation time for Forward Collision-Avoidance Assist. The warning time can be set to either Normal or Late.

- Use Normal (or Standard) in normal driving conditions. If the Warning Timing seems sensitive, change it to Late.
- If Late is selected, Forward Collision-Avoidance Assist, warns the driver more slowly.

CAUTION

- Even though Normal (or Standard) is selected for Warning Timing, if the front vehicle suddenly stops, the warning may seem late.
- Select Late for Warning Timing when traffic is light and when driving speed is slow.

Warning Methods



The Warning Methods can be set with the vehicle on. Select User Settings > Driver Assistance > Warning Methods from the settings menu in the instrument cluster or Setup > Vehicle > Driver Assistance > Warning Methods from the settings menu in the infotainment system to change the following settings:

- Warning Volume:
 Adjusts the volume of the warning sound.
- Driving Safety Priority:
 Lowers all other audio volumes when the Driving Safety system sounds a warning.

i Information

- If you change the Warning Methods, it can be applied to each function of the driver assistance system. Please check and change it in each function.
- If the vehicle is restarted, Warning Methods will maintain the last setting.
- The setting menu may not exist based on vehicle specification.

Warning Methods (for Mexico and Israel)



OCN7H073064L

The Warning Methods can be set with the vehicle on. Select User Settings > Driver Assistance > Warning Methods from the settings menu in the instrument cluster or Setup > Vehicle > Driver Assistance > Warning Methods from the settings menu in the infotainment system to change the following settings:

- Warning Volume: Adjusts the volume of the warning sound. If you turn off the Warning Volume, for your safety, the function may warn you with a low volume.
- · Haptic Warning: Activate the steering wheel vibration warning.
- · Driving Safety Priority: Lowers all other audio volumes when the Driving Safety system sounds a warning.

Information

- · If you change the Warning Methods, it can be applied to each function of the driver assistance system. Please check and change it in each function.
- If the vehicle is restarted, Warning Methods will maintain the last setting.
- The setting menu may not exist based on vehicle specification.
- The Warning Volume and Haptic Warning cannot be turned off at the same time. When one of the warning is turned off the other is activated.

Forward Collision-Avoidance Assist operation

Basic function

The basic function for Forward Collision-Avoidance Assist is to warn and help control the vehicle depending on the collision level: 'Collision Warning', 'Emergency Braking' and 'Stopping vehicle and ending brake control'.

Collision Warning



OCN7073154L

- To warn the driver that emergency braking will be assisted, the message will appear on the cluster, an audible warning will sound.
- If a vehicle or powered-two wheeler is detected in front, the function will operate when your vehicle speed is between approximately 10-180 km/h (6-112 mph).
- If a pedestrian or cyclist is detected in front, the system will operate when your vehicle speed is between approximately 10-80 km/h (6-50 mph).

Emergency Braking



OCN7073155L

- To warn the driver that emergency braking will be assisted, the 'Emergency Braking' warning message will appear on the cluster, an audible warning will sound.
- If a vehicle or powered-two wheeler is detected in front, the function will operate when your vehicle speed is between approximately 10-60 km/h (6-37 mph).
- If a pedestrian or cyclist is detected in front, the function will operate when your vehicle speed is between approximately 10-60 km/h (6-37 mph).
- In emergency braking situation, braking is assisted with strong braking power by the function to help prevent collision with the vehicle, pedestrian or cyclist ahead.

Stopping vehicle and ending brake control



OCN7073156L

- When the vehicle is stopped due to emergency braking, the 'Drive carefully' warning message will appear on the cluster.
 - For your safety, the driver should depress the brake pedal immediately and check the surroundings.
- Brake control will end after the vehicle is stopped by emergency braking for approximately 2 seconds.



Press the hazard warning flasher to turn off the audible warning of the collision warning or emergency braking system.

A

WARNING

- Take the following precautions when using Forward Collision-Avoidance Assist:
- For your safety, change the Settings after parking the vehicle at a safe location.
- Forward Collision-Avoidance Assist does not operate in all situations and cannot avoid all collisions.
- The driver has the responsibility to control the vehicle. Do not solely depend on Forward Collision-Avoidance Assist. Rather, maintain a safe braking distance, and if necessary, depress the brake pedal to reduce driving speed or to stop the vehicle.
- Never deliberately operate Forward Collision-Avoidance Assist on people, objects, etc. It may cause serious injury or death.
- Forward Collision-Avoidance
 Assist may not operate if the driver depresses the brake pedal to avoid a collision.
- Depending on the road and driving conditions, Forward Collision-Avoidance Assist may warn the driver late or may not warn the driver.
- During Forward Collision-Avoidance Assist operation, the vehicle may stop suddenly injuring passengers and shifting loose objects. Always have the seat belt on and keep loose objects secured.

- If any other system's warning message is displayed or audible warning is generated, Forward Collision-Avoidance Assist warning message may not be displayed and audible warning may not be generated.
- You may not hear the warning sound of Forward Collision-Avoidance Assist if the surrounding is noisy.
- Forward Collision-Avoidance
 Assist may turn off or may not operate properly or may operate unnecessarily depending on the road conditions and the surroundings.
- Even if there is a problem with Forward Collision-Avoidance Assist, the vehicle's basic braking will function normally.
- During emergency braking, braking control by Forward Collision-Avoidance Assist will automatically cancel when the driver excessively depresses the accelerator pedal or sharply steers the vehicle.



! CAUTION

- Depending on the condition of the vehicle, powered-two wheeler, pedestrian and cyclist in front and the surroundings, the speed range to operate Forward Collision-Avoidance Assist may reduce. Forward Collision-Avoidance Assist may only warn the driver, or it may not operate.
- Forward Collision-Avoidance Assist will operate under certain conditions by judging the risk level based on the condition of the oncoming vehicle or powered-two wheeler, driving direction, speed and surroundings.
 Forward Collision-Avoidance Assist may be limited or disabled if the vehicle or powered-two wheeler

speed is too high or the distance to



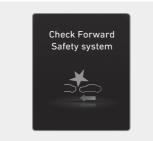
i Information

the vehicle ahead is far.

- In a situation collision is imminent, braking may be assisted by Forward Collision-Avoidance Assist when braking is insufficient by the driver.
- The images and colors in the instrument cluster may differ depending on the cluster type or theme selected from the instrument cluster.

Forward Collision-Avoidance Assist malfunction and limitations

Forward Collision-Avoidance Assist malfunction



B0314EU01

When Forward Collision-Avoidance Assist is not working properly, the 'Check Forward Safety system' warning message will appear, and the and warning lights will illuminate on the cluster. We recommend that you have the vehicle inspected by an authorized HYUNDAI dealer.

Forward Collision-Avoidance Assist disabled



OCN7070032L

When the front windshield where the front view camera is located, front radar cover, sensor is covered with foreign material, such as snow or rain, it can reduce the detecting performance and temporarily limit or disable Forward Collision-Avoidance Assist.

If this occurs the 'Forward Safety system disabled. Camera obscured' warning message, and the ⚠ and ♣ warning lights will illuminate on the cluster.

Forward Collision-Avoidance Assist will operate properly when snow, rain or foreign matter is removed.

If Forward Collision-Avoidance Assist does not operate properly after it is removed, we recommend that you have the vehicle inspected by an authorized HYUNDAI dealer.

⚠ WARNING

- Even though the warning message or warning light does not appear on the cluster, Forward Collision-Avoidance Assist may not properly operate.
- Forward Collision-Avoidance Assist may not properly operate in an area (for example, open terrain), where any objects are not detected after turning ON the engine.

Limitations of Forward Collision-Avoidance Assist

Forward Collision-Avoidance Assist may not operate properly, or Forward Collision-Avoidance Assist may operate unexpectedly under the following circumstances:

- The detecting sensor or the surroundings are contaminated or damaged
- The temperature around the front view camera is high or low due to surrounding environment
- The camera lens is contaminated due to tinted, filmed or coated windshield, damaged glass, or sticky foreign material (sticker, bug, etc.) on the glass
- Moisture is not removed or frozen on the windshield
- Washer fluid is continuously sprayed, or the wiper is on
- Driving in heavy rain or snow, or thick fog
- The field of view of the front view camera is obstructed by sun glare

- Street light or light from an oncoming traffic is reflected on the wet road surface, such as a puddle on the road
- · An object is placed on the dashboard
- · Your vehicle is being towed
- The surrounding is very bright
- The surrounding is very dark, such as in a tunnel, etc.
- The brightness changes suddenly, for example when entering or exiting a tunnel
- The brightness outside is low, and the headlights are not on or are not bright
- Driving through steam, smoke or shadow
- Only part of the vehicle, poweredtwo wheeler, pedestrian or cyclist is detected
- The vehicle in front is a bus, heavy truck, truck with an unusually shaped cargo, trailer, etc.
- The vehicle or powered-two wheeler in front has no tail lights, tail lights are located unusually, etc.
- The brightness outside is low, and the tail lamps are not on or are not bright
- The rear of the front vehicle is small or the vehicle does not look normal, such as when the vehicle is tilted, overturned, or the side of the vehicle is visble, etc.
- The front vehicle's ground clearance is low or high
- A vehicle, powered-two wheeler, pedestrian or cyclist suddenly cuts in front

- The vehicle or powered-two wheeler in front is detected late
- The vehicle or powered-two wheeler in front is suddenly blocked by an obstacle
- The vehicle or powered two-wheeler in front suddenly changes lane or suddenly reduces speed
- The vehicle or powered two-wheeler in front is bent out of shape
- The front vehicle's speed is fast or slow
- The vehicle or powered two-wheeler in front steers in the opposite direction of your vehicle to avoid a collision
- With a vehicle in front, your vehicle changes lane at low speed
- The vehicle in front is covered with snow
- You are departing or returning to the lane
- · Unstable driving
- You are on a roundabout and the vehicle in front is not detected
- · You are continuously driving in a circle
- The vehicle or powered two-wheeler in front has an unusual shape
- The vehicle or powered two-wheeler in front is driving uphill or downhill
- The pedestrian or cyclist is not fully detected, for example, if the pedestrian is leaning over or is not fully walking upright
- The pedestrian or cyclist is wearing clothing or equipment that makes it difficult to detect as a pedestrian or cyclist



The illustration above shows the image the front view camera is capable of detecting as a vehicle, powered twowheeler, pedestrian and cyclist.

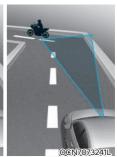
- The pedestrian or cyclist in front is moving very quickly
- The pedestrian or cyclist in front is short or is posing a low posture
- The pedestrian or cyclist in front has impaired mobility
- The pedestrian or cyclist in front is moving intersected with the driving direction
- There is a group of pedestrians, cyclists or a large crowd in front
- The pedestrian or cyclist is wearing clothing that easily blends into the background, making it difficult to detect

- The pedestrian or cyclist is difficult to distinguish from the similarly shaped structure in the surroundings
- You are driving by a pedestrian, cyclist, traffic signs, structures, etc., near the intersection
- · Driving in a parking lot
- Driving through a tollgate, construction area, unpaved road, partial paved road, uneven road, speed bumps, etc.
- Driving on an incline road, curved road, etc.
- Driving through a roadside with trees or streetlights
- The adverse road conditions cause excessive vehicle vibrations while driving
- Your vehicle height is low or high due to heavy loads, abnormal tire pressure, etc.
- Driving through a narrow road where trees or grass or overgrown
- There is interference by electromagnetic waves, such as driving in an area with strong radio waves or electrical noise

MARNING

· Driving on a curved road



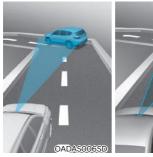






Forward Collision-Avoidance Assist may not detect other vehicles, powered two-wheeler, pedestrians or cyclists in front of you when driving on curved roads adversely affecting the performance of the sensors. This may result in no warning, braking assist when necessary.

When driving on a curve, you must maintain a safe braking distance, and if necessary, steer the vehicle and depress the brake pedal to reduce your driving speed in order to maintain a safe distance.





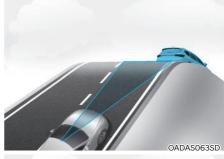




Forward Collision-Avoidance Assist may detect a vehicle, powered two-wheeler, pedestrian in the next lane or outside the lane when driving on a curved road.

If this occurs, Forward Collision-Avoidance Assist may unnecessarily warn the driver and control the brake. Always check the traffic conditions around the vehicle.

Driving on a an inclined road









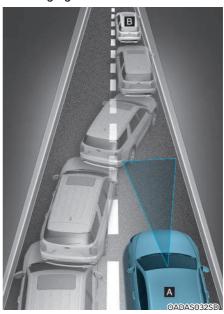
Forward Collision-Avoidance Assist may not detect a vehicle, a powered two-wheeler, a pedestrian or a cyclists in front of you while driving uphill or downhill, adversely affecting the performance of the sensors.

This may result in unnecessary warning, braking assist or no warning, braking assist when necessary.

Also, vehicle speed may rapidly decrease when a vehicle, powered two-wheeler, and pedestrian or cyclist ahead is suddenly detected.

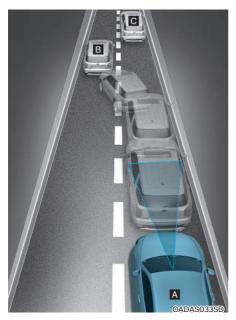
Always have your eyes on the road while driving uphill or downhill and if necessary, steer your vehicle and depress the brake pedal to reduce your driving speed in order to maintain a safe distance.

Changing lanes



[A]: Your vehicle, [B]: Lane changing vehicle

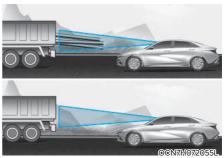
When a vehicle moves into your lane from an adjacent lane, it cannot be detected by the sensor until it is in the sensor's detection range. Forward Collision-Avoidance Assist may not immediately detect the vehicle or powered two-wheeler when the vehicle changes lanes abruptly. In this case, you must maintain a safe braking distance, and if necessary, steer your vehicle and depress the brake pedal to reduce your driving speed in order to maintain a safe distance.



[A]: Your vehicle, [B]: Lane changing vehicle, [C]: Same lane vehicle

When a vehicle or powered two-wheeler in front of you merges out of the lane, Forward Collision-Avoidance Assist may not immediately detect the vehicle that is now in front of you. In this case, you must maintain a safe braking distance, and if necessary, steer your vehicle and depress the brake pedal to reduce your driving speed in order to maintain a safe distance.

Detecting vehicle



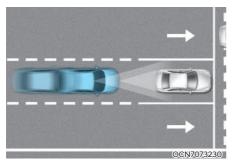
If the vehicle in front of you has cargo that extends rearward from the cab, or when the vehicle in front of you has higher ground clearance, additional special attention is required. Forward Collision-Avoidance Assist may not be able to detect the cargo extending from the vehicle. In these instances, you must maintain a safe braking distance from the rearmost object, and if necessary, steer your vehicle and depress the brake pedal to reduce your driving speed in order to maintain distance.

MARNING

- When you are towing a trailer or another vehicle, we recommend that Forward Collision-Avoidance Assist is turned off due to safety reasons.
- Forward Collision-Avoidance Assist may operate if objects that are similar in shape or characteristics to vehicles, powered two-wheelers, pedestrians are detected.
- Forward Collision-Avoidance Assist does not operate on bicycles, motorcycles, or smaller wheeled objects, such as luggage bags, shopping carts, or strollers.
- Forward Collision-Avoidance
 Assist may not operate properly if interfered by strong electromagnetic waves.
- Forward Collision-Avoidance Assist may not operate for 15 seconds after the vehicle is started, or the front view camera is initialized.

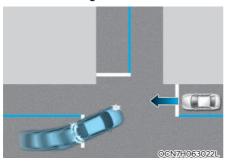
FORWARD COLLISION-AVOIDANCE ASSIST (FCA) (SENSOR FUSION) (IF EQUIPPED)

Basic function



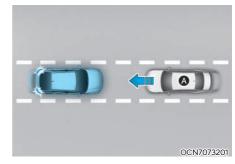
Forward Collision-Avoidance Assist detects a vehicle, a powered two-wheeler a pedestrian, or a cyclist ahead on the road and may warn you of a possible collision with a warning message on the instrument cluster and a warning sound. Also, Forward Collision-Avoidance Assist may assist with braking your vehicle to help reduce collision speed or avoid a collision.

Junction Turning function



Junction Turning function can help avoid a collision with an oncoming vehicle in an adjacent lane when turning left (lefthand drive) or right (right-hand drive) at a crossroad with the turn signal on by applying emergency braking.

Direct Oncoming function



[A]: Oncoming vehicle

Direct Oncoming function helps reduce the speed at the collision when a vehicle approaching from the opposite side is detected.

Detecting sensor





[1]: Front view camera, [2]: Front radar

Refer to the illustration above for the detailed location of the detecting sensors.

⚠ c

CAUTION

Take the following precautions to maintain optimal performance of the detecting sensor:

- Never disassemble the detecting sensor or sensor assembly, or cause any damage to.
- If the detecting sensors have been replaced or repaired, we recommend that you have your vehicle inspected by an authorized HYUNDAI dealer.
- Never install any accessories or stickers on the front windshield, or tint the front windshield.
- Exercise extreme caution to keep the front view camera dry.
- Never place any reflective objects (for example, white paper, mirror) over the dashboard.
- Do not place any objects near the front windshield or install any accessories on the front windshield. It can affect the performance of the defogging and defrosting function of the climate control system, which may prevent the Driver Assistance systems from operating.
- Do not apply license plate frame or objects, such as a bumper sticker, film or a bumper guard, near the front radar cover.

- Always keep the front radar and cover clean and free of dirt and debris.
 - Use only a soft cloth to wash the vehicle. Do not spray pressurized water directly on the sensor or sensor cover.
- If the radar or around the radar has been damaged or impacted in any way, Forward Collision-Avoidance Assist may not properly operate even though a warning message does not appear on the cluster. We recommend that the vehicle be inspected by an authorized HYUNDAI dealer.
- Use only genuine parts or the equivalent specified for your vehicle to repair or replace a damaged front radar cover. Do not apply paint to the front radar cover.

Forward Collision-Avoidance Assist settings

Forward Safety



OCN7073151I

With the engine on, select User Settings > Driver Assistance > Driving Safety from the Settings menu in the instrument cluster or Setup > Vehicle > Driver Assistance > Driving Safety from the settings menu in the infotainment system to set whether to use each function.

 If Forward safety is selected, Forward Collision-Avoidance Assist will warn the driver with a warning message, an audible warning depending on the collision risk levels. Braking assist will be applied depending on the collision risk levels. If Forward safety is deselected, Forward Safety will turn off. The warning light (**___) will illuminate on the instrument cluster.

Λ

WARNING

When the engine is restarted, Forward Collision-Avoidance Assist will always turn on. However, if Forward safety is deselected, the driver should always be aware of the surroundings and drive safely.



CAUTION

The setting for Forward Safety includes 'Basic function' and 'Junction Turning'.

Forward Safety Warning Timing



With the engine on, select User settings > Driver Assistance > Driving safety > Forward Safety Warning Timing from the settings menu in the instrument cluster or Settings > Vehicle > Driver Assistance > Driving safety > Forward Safety Warning Timing settings menu in the infotainment system to change the initial warning activation time for Forward Collision Avoidance Assist. The warning time can be set to either Normal or Late.

- Use Normal (or Standard) in normal driving conditions. If the Warning Timing seems sensitive, change it to Late.
- If Late is selected, Forward Collision Avoidance Assist, warns the driver more slowly.



CAUTION

- Even though Normal (or Standard) is selected for Warning Timing, if a detected vehicle in front suddenly stops, the warning may seem late.
- Select Late for Warning Timing when traffic is light and when driving speed is slow.

Warning Methods



OCN7073153L

The Warning Methods can be set with the vehicle on. Select User Settings > Driver Assistance > Warning Methods from the settings menu in the instrument cluster or Setup > Vehicle > Driver Assistance > Warning Methods from the settings menu in the infotainment system to change the following settings:

- Warning Volume:
 Adjusts the volume of the warning sound.
- Driving Safety Priority:
 Lowers all other audio volumes when the Driving Safety system sounds a warning.

i Information

- If you change the Warning Methods, it can be applied to each function of the driver assistance system. Please check and change it in each function.
- If the vehicle is restarted, Warning Methods will maintain the last setting.
- The setting menu may not exist based on vehicle specification.

Warning Methods (for Mexico and Israel)



OCN7H073064L

The Warning Methods can be set with the vehicle on. Select User Settings > Driver Assistance > Warning Methods from the settings menu in the instrument cluster or Setup > Vehicle > Driver Assistance > Warning Methods from the settings menu in the infotainment system to change the following settings:

- Warning Volume:
 Adjusts the volume of the warning sound. If you turn off the Warning Volume, for your safety, the function may warn you with a low volume.
- Haptic Warning: Activate the steering wheel vibration warning.
- Driving Safety Priority:
 Lowers all other audio volumes when the Driving Safety system sounds a warning.

i Information

- If you change the Warning Methods, it can be applied to each function of the driver assistance system. Please check and change it in each function.
- If the vehicle is restarted, Warning Methods will maintain the last setting.
- The setting menu may not exist based on vehicle specification.
- The Warning Volume and Haptic Warning cannot be turned off at the same time. When one of the warning is turned off the other is activated.

Forward Collision-Avoidance Assist operation

Basic function

The basic function for Forward Collision-Avoidance Assist is to warn and help control the vehicle depending on the collision level: 'Collision Warning', 'Emergency Braking' and 'Stopping vehicle and ending brake control'.

Collision Warning



OCN7073154L

- To warn the driver of a collision, the 'Collision Warning' warning to message will appear on the cluster, an audible warning will sound.
- If a vehicle or powered two-wheeler is detected in front, the function will operate when your vehicle speed is between approximately 10-200 km/h (6-125 mph).
- If a pedestrian or cyclist is detected in front, the function will operate when your vehicle speed is between approximately 10-85 km/h (6-53 mph).

Emergency Braking



OCN7073155L

To warn the driver that emergency braking will be assisted, the 'Emergency Braking' warning message will appear on the cluster, an audible warning will sound.

Emergency braking will operate under the following conditions.

• Vehicle or powered two-wheeler:

| | Driving vehicle | Stopped vehicle |
|----------------------------|--|---|
| Weak braking power | Approximately 10-200 km/h (6-125 mph) | |
| Strong braking power | Approximately 10-130 km/h (6-81 mph) | Approximately 10-75 km/h (6-47 mph) |

· Pedestrian or cyclist:

The function will operate when your vehicle speed is between approximately 10-65 km/h (6-40 mph).

Stopping vehicle and ending brake control



OCN7073156L

- When the vehicle is stopped due to emergency braking, the 'Drive carefully' warning message will appear on the cluster.
 - For your safety, the driver should depress the brake pedal immediately and check the surroundings.
- Brake control will end after the vehicle is stopped by emergency braking for approximately 2 seconds.

i Information

Press the hazard warning flasher to turn off the audible warning of the collision warning or emergency braking system.

Junction Turning function

Junction Turning function will warn and help control the vehicle depending on the collision risk level: 'Collision Warning', 'Emergency Braking' and 'Stopping vehicle and ending brake control'

Collision Warning





OCIN/0/313/L

OCN7073236L

- To warn the driver of a collision, the 'Collision Warning' warning message will appear on the cluster, an audible warning will sound.
- The function will operate when your vehicle speed is between approximately 10-30 km/h (6-19 mph) and the oncoming vehicle or powered two-wheeler speed is between approximately 30-70 km/h (19-44 mph).

Emergency Braking





OCN7073158L

OCN7073237L

- To warn the driver that emergency braking will be assisted, the 'Emergency Braking' warning message will appear on the cluster, an audible warning will sound.
- The function will operate when your vehicle speed is between approximately 10-30 km/h (6-19 mph) and the oncoming vehicle or powered two-wheeler speed is between approximately 30-70 km/h (19-44 mph).
- In emergency braking situation, braking is assisted with strong braking power by the function to help prevent collision with the oncoming vehicle.



i Information

If the driver's seat is on the left side, Junction Turning function will operate only when the driver turns left. If the driver's seat position is on right side, the function will operate only when you turn right.

Stopping vehicle and ending brake control



OCN7073156L

- When the vehicle is stopped due to emergency braking, the 'Drive carefully' warning message will appear on the cluster.
 - For your safety, the driver should depress the brake pedal immediately and check the surroundings.
- Brake control will end after the vehicle is stopped by emergency braking for approximately 2 seconds.



Press the hazard warning flasher to turn off the audible warning of the collision warning or emergency braking system.

Direct Oncoming function

Direct Oncoming function will warn and control the vehicle depending on the collision risk level: 'Collision Warning', 'Emergency Braking' and 'Stopping vehicle and ending brake control'.

Collision Warning



OCN7073154L

- To warn the driver of a collision, Forward Safety warning light (♣) blinking, the 'Collision warning!' warning message will appear on the instrument cluster, an audible warning will sound.
- The function will operate when your vehicle speed is between about 30-130 km/h (19-80 mph) and the detected oncoming vehicle speed is about above 10 km/h (6 mph) and the oncoming vehicle speed is about above 10 km/h (6 mph).

Emergency Braking



OCN7073155L

- To warn the driver that emergency braking will be assisted, Forward Safety warning light (♣) blinking, the 'Emergency braking' warning message will appear on the instrument cluster, an audible warning will sound.
- In emergency braking situation, braking is assisted with strong braking power by the function to help prevent collision with the oncoming vehicle.
- The function will operate when your vehicle speed is between about 30-130 km/h (19-80 mph) and the detected oncoming vehicle speed is about above 10 km/h (6 mph).

Stopping vehicle and ending brake control



OCN7073156L

- When the vehicle is stopped due to emergency braking, the 'Drive carefully' warning message will appear on the instrument cluster. For your safety, the driver should depress the brake pedal immediately and check the surroundings.
- Brake control will end after the vehicle is stopped by emergency braking for about 2 seconds.



CAUTION

If your vehicle or the oncoming vehicle is not driving straight, Direct Oncoming function warning and control may be late or may not operate.



Information

Press the hazard warning flasher to turn off the audible warning of the collision warning or emergency braking system.

⚠ WARNING

- For your safety, change the Settings after parking the vehicle at a safe location.
- Forward Collision-Avoidance Assist does not operate in all situations or cannot avoid all collisions.
- The driver has the responsibility to control the vehicle. Do not solely depend on Forward Collision-Avoidance Assist. Rather, maintain a safe braking distance, and if necessary, depress the brake pedal to reduce driving speed or to stop the vehicle.
- Never deliberately operate Forward Collision-Avoidance Assist on people, objects, etc. It may cause serious injury or death.
- Forward Collision-Avoidance
 Assist may not operate if the driver depresses the brake pedal to avoid a collision.
- Depending on the road and driving conditions, Forward Collision-Avoidance Assist may warn the driver late or may not warn the driver.
- During Forward Collision-Avoidance Assist operation, the vehicle may stop suddenly injuring passengers and shifting loose objects. Always have the seat belt on and keep loose objects secured.

- If any other system's warning message is displayed or audible warning is generated, Forward Collision-Avoidance Assist warning message may not be displayed and audible warning may not be generated.
- You may not hear the warning sound of Forward Collision-Avoidance Assist if the surrounding is noisy.
- Forward Collision-Avoidance
 Assist may turn off or may not operate properly or may operate unnecessarily depending on the road conditions and the surroundings.
- Even if there is a problem with Forward Collision-Avoidance Assist, the vehicle's basic braking will function normally.
- During emergency braking, braking control by Forward Collision-Avoidance Assist will automatically cancel when the driver excessively depresses the accelerator pedal or sharply steers the vehicle.

A CAUTION

- Depending on the condition of the vehicle, powered two-wheeler, pedestrian and cyclist in front and the surroundings, the speed range to operate Forward Collision-Avoidance Assist may reduce. Forward Collision-Avoidance Assist may only warn the driver, or it may not operate.
- Forward Collision-Avoidance Assist will operate under certain conditions by judging the risk level based on the condition of the oncoming vehicle, powered two-wheeler, driving direction, speed and surroundings.
- Forward Collision-Avoidance Assist may be limited or disabled if the vehicle or powered two-wheeler speed is too high or the distance to the vehicle ahead is far.

i Information

- In a situation collision is imminent, braking may be assisted by Forward Collision-Avoidance Assist when braking is insufficient by the driver.
- The images and colors in the instrument cluster may differ depending on the cluster type or theme selected from the instrument cluster.

Forward Collision-Avoidance Assist malfunction and limitations

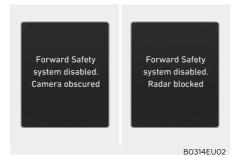
Forward Collision-Avoidance Assist malfunction



B0314EU01

When Forward Collision-Avoidance
Assist is not working properly, the 'Check
Forward Safety system' warning message
will appear, and the 🏂 and 🛆 warning
lights will illuminate on the cluster. We
recommend that you have the vehicle
inspected by an authorized HYUNDAI
dealer.

Forward Collision-Avoidance Assist disabled



When the front windshield where the front view camera is located, front radar cover, sensor is covered with foreign material, such as snow or rain, it can reduce the detecting performance and temporarily limit or disable Forward Collision-Avoidance Assist.

If this occurs the 'Forward Safety system disabled. Camera obscured' or the 'Forward Safety system disabled. Radar blocked' warning message, and the A and marning lights will illuminate on the cluster.

Forward Collision-Avoidance Assist will operate properly when snow, rain or foreign matter is removed.

If Forward Collision-Avoidance Assist does not operate properly after it is removed, we recommend that you have the vehicle inspected by an authorized HYUNDAI dealer.

! WARNING

- Even though the warning message or warning light does not appear on the cluster, Forward Collision-Avoidance Assist may not properly operate.
- Forward Collision-Avoidance Assist may not properly operate in an area (for example, open terrain), where any objects are not detected after turning ON the engine.

Limitations of Forward Collision-Avoidance Assist

Forward Collision-Avoidance Assist may not operate properly, or Forward Collision-Avoidance Assist may operate unexpectedly under the following circumstances:

- The detecting sensor or the surroundings are contaminated or damaged
- The temperature around the front view camera is high or low due to surrounding environment
- The camera lens is contaminated due to tinted, filmed or coated windshield. damaged glass, or sticky foreign material (sticker, bug, etc.) on the glass
- Moisture is not removed or frozen on the windshield
- Washer fluid is continuously sprayed, or the wiper is on
- Driving in heavy rain or snow, or thick fog
- The field of view of the front view camera is obstructed by sun glare
- Street light or light from an oncoming traffic is reflected on the wet road surface, such as a puddle on the road
- An object is placed on the dashboard

- · Your vehicle is being towed
- · The surrounding is very bright
- The surrounding is very dark, such as in a tunnel, etc.
- The brightness changes suddenly, for example when entering or exiting a tunnel
- The brightness outside is low, and the headlights are not on or are not bright
- Driving through steam, smoke or shadow
- Only part of the vehicle, powered two-wheeler, pedestrian or cyclist is detected
- The vehicle in front is a bus, heavy truck, truck with an unusually shaped cargo, trailer, etc.
- The vehicle or powered two-wheeler in front has no tail lights, tail lights are located unusually, etc.
- The brightness outside is low, and the tail lamps are not on or are not bright
- The rear of the front vehicle is small or the vehicle does not look normal, such as when the vehicle is tilted, overturned, or the side of the vehicle is visible, etc.
- The front vehicle's ground clearance is low or high
- A vehicle, powered two-wheeler, pedestrian or cyclist suddenly cuts in front
- The bumper around the front radar is impacted, damaged or the front radar is out of position
- The temperature around the front radar is high or low

- · Driving through a tunnel or iron bridge
- Driving in vast areas where there are few vehicles or structures (for example, desert, meadow, suburb, etc.)
- Driving near areas containing metal substances, such as a construction zone, railroad, etc.
- A material is near that reflects very well on the front radar, such as a guardrail, nearby vehicle, etc.
- The cyclist in front is on a bicycle made of material that does not reflect on the front radar
- The vehicle or powered two-wheeler in front is detected late
- The vehicle or powered two-wheeler in front is suddenly blocked by an obstacle
- The vehicle or powered two-wheeler in front suddenly changes lane or suddenly reduces speed
- The vehicle or powered two-wheeler in front is bent out of shape
- The front vehicle or powered twowheeler speed is fast or slow
- The vehicle in front steers in the opposite direction of your vehicle to avoid a collision
- With a vehicle in front, your vehicle changes lane at low speed
- The vehicle or powered two-wheeler in front is covered with snow
- You are departing or returning to the lane
- Unstable driving
- You are on a roundabout and the vehicle in front is not detected
- You are continuously driving in a circle
- The vehicle or powered two-wheeler in front has an unusual shape
- The vehicle or powered two-wheeler in front is driving uphill or downhill

- The pedestrian or cyclist is not fully detected, for example, if the pedestrian is leaning over or is not fully walking upright
- The pedestrian or cyclist is wearing clothing or equipment that makes it difficult to detect



- The illustration above shows the image the front view camera and front radar are capable of detecting as a vehicle, powered two-wheeler, pedestrian and cyclist.
- The pedestrian or cyclist in front is moving very quickly
- The pedestrian or cyclist in front is short or is posing a low posture
- The pedestrian or cyclist in front has impaired mobility
- The pedestrian or cyclist in front is moving intersected with the driving direction
- There is a group of pedestrians, cyclists or a large crowd in front
- The pedestrian or cyclist is wearing clothing that easily blends into the background, making it difficult to detect
- The pedestrian or cyclist is difficult to distinguish from the similarly shaped structure in the surroundings

- You are driving by a pedestrian, cyclist, traffic signs, structures, etc. near the intersection
- · Driving in a parking lot
- Driving through a tollgate, construction area, unpaved road, partial paved road, uneven road, speed bumps, etc.
- Driving on an incline road, curved road, etc.
- Driving through a roadside with trees or streetlights
- The adverse road conditions cause excessive vehicle vibrations while driving
- Your vehicle height is low or high due to heavy loads, abnormal tire pressure, etc.
- Driving through a narrow road where trees or grass or overgrown
- There is interference by electromagnetic waves, such as driving in an area with strong radio waves or electrical noise

MARNING

· Driving on a curved road





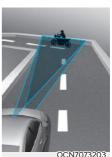




Forward Collision-Avoidance Assist may not detect other vehicles, powered two-wheelers, pedestrians or cyclists in front of you when driving on curved roads adversely affecting the performance of the sensors. This may result in no warning, braking assist when necessary.

When driving on a curve, you must maintain a safe braking distance, and if necessary, steer the vehicle and depress the brake pedal to reduce your driving speed in order to maintain a safe distance.





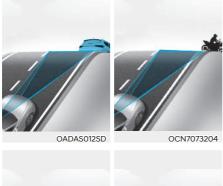


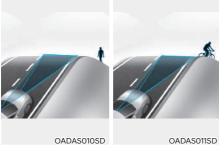


Forward Collision-Avoidance Assist may detect a vehicle, powered two-wheeler, pedestrian or cyclist in the next lane or outside the lane when driving on a curved road.

If this occurs, Forward Collision-Avoidance Assist may unnecessarily warn the driver and control the brake. Always check the traffic conditions around the vehicle.

· Driving on an inclined road





Forward Collision-Avoidance Assist may not detect other vehicles, powered two-wheelers, pedestrians or cyclists in front of you while driving uphill or downhill adversely affecting the performance of the sensors.

This may result in unnecessary warning, braking assist or no warning, braking assist when necessary.

Also, vehicle speed may rapidly decrease when a vehicle, powered two-wheeler, pedestrian or cyclist ahead is suddenly detected.

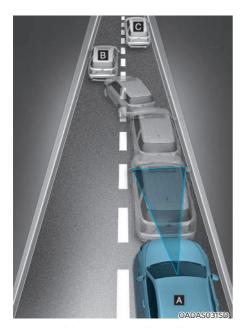
Always have your eyes on the road while driving uphill or downhill and if necessary, steer your vehicle and depress the brake pedal to reduce your driving speed in order to maintain a safe distance.

Changing lanes



[A]: Your vehicle, [B]: Lane changing vehicle

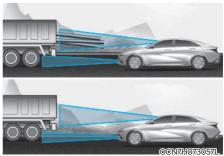
When a vehicle moves into your lane from an adjacent lane, it cannot be detected by the sensor until it is in the sensor's detection range. Forward Collision-Avoidance Assist may not immediately detect the vehicle when the vehicle changes lanes abruptly. In this case, you must maintain a safe braking distance, and if necessary, steer your vehicle and depress the brake pedal to reduce your driving speed in order to maintain a safe distance.



[A]: Your vehicle, [B]: Lane changing vehicle, [C]: Same lane vehicle

When a vehicle in front of you merges out of the lane, Forward Collision-Avoidance Assist may not immediately detect the vehicle that is now in front of you. In this case, you must maintain a safe braking distance, and if necessary, steer your vehicle and depress the brake pedal to reduce your driving speed in order to maintain a safe distance.

Detecting vehicle



If the vehicle in front of you has cargo that extends rearward from the cab, or when the vehicle in front of you has higher ground clearance, additional special attention is required. Forward Collision-Avoidance Assist may not be able to detect the cargo extending from the vehicle. In these instances, you must maintain a safe braking distance from the rearmost object, and if necessary, steer your vehicle and depress the brake pedal to reduce your driving speed in order to maintain distance.

MARNING

- When you are towing a trailer or another vehicle, we recommend that Forward Collision-Avoidance Assist is turned off due to safety reasons.
- Forward Collision-Avoidance Assist may operate if objects that are similar in shape or characteristics to vehicles, powered two-wheeler, pedestrians and cyclists are detected.
- Forward Collision-Avoidance Assist does not operate on bicycles, motorcycles, or smaller wheeled objects, such as luggage bags, shopping carts, or strollers.
- Forward Collision-Avoidance
 Assist may not operate properly if interfered by strong electromagnetic waves.
- Forward Collision-Avoidance Assist may not operate for 15 seconds after the vehicle is started, or the front view camera is initialized.

LANE KEEPING ASSIST (LKA) (IF EQUIPPED)

While driving over a certain speed, Lane Keeping Assist detects lane markings (or road edges) and may warn you if your vehicle leaves the lane without using the turn signal and may assist with steering to prevent your vehicle departing from its travel lane.

Detecting sensor



[1]: Front view camera

The front view camera is used as a detecting sensor to detect lane markings (or road edges).

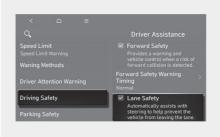
Refer to the illustration above for the detailed location of the detecting sensor.



CAUTION

For more details on the precautions of the front view camera, refer to "Forward Collision-Avoidance Assist (FCA)" section in chapter 7.

Lane Keeping Assist settings Lane Safety



OCN7073159L

With the engine on, select User Settings > Driver Assistance > Driving Safety > Lane Safety from the settings menu in the instrument cluster or Settings > Vehicle > Driver Assistance > Driving Safety > Lane Safety from the settings menu in the infotainment system to set whether to use each function.

If Lane Safety is selected, Lane Keeping Assist will automatically assist the driver's steering when lane departure is detected to help prevent the vehicle from moving out of its lane.

If Lane Safety is deselected, Lane keeping Assist will turn off and the yellow indicator light will turn on the cluster.

If Lane Safety is deselected, Lane keeping Assist will turn off and the indicator light will turn off the cluster. (for Mexico and Israel)



WARNING

- Lane Keeping Assist does not control the steering wheel when the vehicle is driven in the middle of the lane.
- The driver should always be aware of the surroundings. If Lane Safety is deselected, Lane Keeping assist cannot assist you.

Warning Methods



OCN7073153L

The Warning Methods can be set with the vehicle on. Select User Settings > Driver Assistance > Warning Methods from the settings menu in the instrument cluster or Setup > Vehicle > Driver Assistance > Warning Methods from the settings menu in the infotainment system to change the following settings:

- Warning Volume:
 Adjusts the volume of the warning sound.
- Driving Safety Priority:
 Lowers all other audio volumes when the Driving Safety system sounds a warning.

i Information

- If you change the Warning Methods, it can be applied to each function of the driver assistance system. Please check and change it in each function.
- If the vehicle is restarted, Warning Methods will maintain the last setting.
- The setting menu may not exist based on vehicle specification.

Warning Methods (for Mexico and Israel)



OCN7H073064L

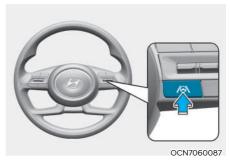
The Warning Methods can be set with the vehicle on. Select User Settings > Driver Assistance > Warning Methods from the settings menu in the instrument cluster or Setup > Vehicle > Driver Assistance > Warning Methods from the settings menu in the infotainment system to change the following settings:

- Warning Volume:
 Adjusts the volume of the warning sound. If you turn off the Warning Volume, for your safety, the function may warn you with a low volume..
- Haptic Warning: Activate the steering wheel vibration warning.
- Lane Safety Audible Warning Off: Turns off the Lane Safety Audible Warning, even when both warning volume and haptic warning are on.
- Driving Safety Priority:
 Lowers all other audio volumes when the Driving Safety system sounds a warning.

Information

- If you change the Warning Methods, it can be applied to each function of the driver assistance system. Please check and change it in each function.
- If the vehicle is restarted, Warning Methods will maintain the last setting.
- The setting menu may not exist based on vehicle specification.
- The Warning Volume and Haptic Warning cannot be turned off at the same time. When one of the warning is turned off the other is activated.
- The Lane Safety Audible Warning Off can be set when both the Warning Volume and the Haptic Warning are on.

Lane Keeping Assist operation Turning Lane Keeping Assist On/Off



- For General, Europe
 Whenever the vehicle is turned on,
 Lane Keeping Assist always turn
 on. The grey (/) indicator light
 illuminates on the cluster. When Lane
 Keeping Assist is on, press and hold
 the Lane Driving Assist (/@\) button to
 turn off the function.
- Except General, Europe
 With the vehicle on, press and hold
 the Lane Driving Assist (/⊕\) button
 located on the steering wheel to
 turn on and off. When Lane Keeping
 Assist is on, the gray and green (/
 indicator is on.

i Information

- For General, Europe
 When the Lane Driving Assist button
 is pressed and held, the Lane Safety
 setting turns off.
- Except General, Europe
 If the engine is restarted, Lane Keeping
 Assist will maintain the last setting.

When Lane Keeping Assist is ready to operate, the gray (() indicator light illuminates on the cluster.

When Lane Keeping Assist is enabled, the green (/ indicator light illuminates on the cluster.

Warning and control

Lane Keeping Assist will warn and help control the vehicle with Lane Departure Warning and Lane Keeping Assist.



Lane Departure Warning

- To warn the driver that the vehicle is departing from the projected lane in front, the green indicator light will blink on the cluster, the lane line will blink on the cluster depending on which direction the vehicle is veering, and an audible warning will sound.
- Lane Keeping Assist will operate when your vehicle speed is between approximately 60-200 km/h (40-120 mph).

Lane Keeping Assist

- To warn the driver that the vehicle is departing from the projected lane in front, the green indicator light will blink on the cluster, and the steering wheel will make adjustments to keep vehicle inside the lane.
- Lane Keeping Assist will operate when your vehicle speed is between approximately 60-200 km/h (40-120 mph).

Hands-off warning



OCN7070035L

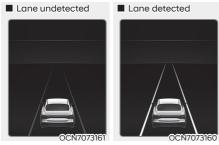
If the driver takes their hands off the steering wheel for several seconds, the 'Place hands on the steering wheel' (or 'Keep hands on the steering wheel') warning message will appear on the cluster, and an audible warning will sound in stages.

WARNING

- The steering wheel may not be assisted if the steering wheel is held very tight or the steering wheel is steered over a certain degree.
- Lane Keeping Assist does not operate at all times. It is the responsibility of the driver to safely steer the vehicle and to maintain the vehicle in its lane.
- The hands-off warning message may appear late depending on road conditions. Always have your hands on the steering wheel while driving.
- If the steering wheel is held very lightly, the hands-off warning message may appear because Lane Keeping Assist may not recognize that the driver has their hands on the steering wheel.
- If you attach objects to the steering wheel, the hands-off warning may not work properly.

i Information

- For more details on setting the functions in the infotainment system, refer to "Vehicle Settings" section in chapter 4.
- When lane markings (or road edges) are detected, the lane lines on the cluster will change from grey to white and the green / indicator light will illuminate.



- Even though the steering is assisted by Lane Keeping Assist, the driver may control the steering wheel.
- The steering wheel may feel heavier or lighter when the steering wheel is assisted by Lane Keeping Assist than when it is not.
- The images and colors in the instrument cluster may differ depending on the cluster type or theme selected from the instrument cluster.

Lane Keeping Assist malfunction and limitations

Lane Keeping Assist malfunction



B0317EU02

When Lane Keeping Assist is not working properly, the 'Check Lane Keeping Assist (LKA) system' (or 'Check LKA (Lane Keeping Assist) system') warning message will appear, and the master (^\(\)\) warning light and the yellow / indicator light will illuminate on the cluster. If this occurs, we recommend that you have the vehicle inspected by an authorized HYUNDAI dealer.

Lane Keeping Assist disabled



When the front windshield where the front view camera is located, sensor is covered with foreign material, such as snow or rain, it can reduce the detecting performance and temporarily limit or disable Lane Keeping Assist.If this occurs, the 'Lane Safety system disabled. Camera obscured' and the 'Lane Safety system disabled. Radar blocked' warning message and the (Λ) and (Λ) warning light appears on the instrument cluster. Lane Keeping Assist operates properly when snow, rain or foreign matter is removed. If Lane Keeping Assist does not operate properly after it is removed, we recommend that you have the vehicle inspected by an authorized HYUNDAI dealer.

⚠ WARNING

- Even though the warning message or warning light does not appear on the instrument cluster, Lane Keeping Assist may not properly operate.
- If the vehicle is turned off and restarted while the camera is blocked or malfunctioned, the condition is maintained. Therefore, Lane Keeping Assist may not operate properly.

MARNING

Take the following precautions when using Lane Keeping Assist:

- The driver has the responsibility to safely drive and control the vehicle.
 Do not solely rely on Lane Keeping Assist and drive dangerously.
- The operation of Lane Keeping Assist can be cancelled or not work properly depending on road conditions and surroundings. Always be cautious while driving.
- Refer to "Limitations of Lane Keeping Assist" if the lane is not detected properly.
- When you are towing a trailer or another vehicle, we recommend that Lane Keeping Assist is turned off due to safety reasons.
- If the vehicle is driven at high speed, the steering wheel will not be controlled. The driver must always follow the speed limit when using Lane Keeping Assist.

- If any other system's warning message is displayed or audible warning is generated, Lane Keeping Assist warning message may not be displayed and audible warning may not be generated.
- You may not hear the warning sound of Lane Keeping Assist if the surrounding is noisy.
- If you attach objects to the steering wheel, steering may not be assisted properly.
- Lane Keeping Assist may not operate for 15 seconds after the vehicle is started, or the front view camera is initialized.
- Lane Keeping Assist will not operate when:
 - The turn signal or hazard warning flasher is turned on
 - The vehicle is not driven in the center of the lane when Lane Keeping Assist is turned on or right after changing a lane
 - ESC (Electronic Stability Control) or VSM (Vehicle Stability Management) is activated
 - The vehicle is driven on a sharp curve
 - Vehicle speed is below 55 km/h (35 mph) or above 210 km/h (130 mph)
 - The vehicle makes sudden lane changes
 - The vehicle brakes suddenly

Limitations of Lane Keeping Assist

Lane Keeping Assist may not operate properly or may operate unexpectedly under the following circumstances:

- The lane is contaminated or difficult to distinguish because,
 - The lane markings (or road edge) is covered with rain, snow, dirt, oil, etc.
 - The color of the lane marking (or road edge) is not distinguishable from the road
 - There are markings (or road edges) on the road near the lane or the markings (or road edges) on the road looks similar to the lane markings (or road edge)
 - The lane marking (or road edge) is indistinct or damaged
 - The shadow is on the lane marking (or road edge) by a median strip, trees, guardrail, noise barriers, etc.
- There are more than two lane markings (or road edges) on the road
- The number of lanes change or the lanes merge
- The lane markings (or road edges) are complicated or a structure substitutes for the lines, such as a construction area
- There are road markings, such as zigzag lanes, crosswalk markings and road signs

- The lane suddenly disappears, such as at the intersection
- The lane (or road width) is very wide or narrow
- There is a road edge without a lane
- There is a boundary structure in the roadway, such as a tollgate, sidewalk, curb, etc.
- The distance to the front vehicle is extremely short or the vehicle in front is covering the lane marking (or road edge)

i Information

For more details on the limitations of the front view camera, refer to "Forward Collision-Avoidance Assist (FCA)" section in chapter 7.

BLIND-SPOT COLLISION-AVOIDANCE ASSIST (BCA) (IF EQUIPPED)

Blind-Spot Collision-Avoidance Assist detects approaching vehicles in the driver's blind spot areas and warn you of a possible collision with a warning light and a warning sound.

If there is a collision risk when exiting a parallel space, Blind-Spot Collision-Avoidance Assist may assist with braking your vehicle to help avoid a collision.



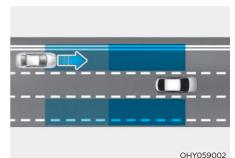
OHY059001 Blind-Spot Collision-Avoidance Assist

helps detect and inform the driver that a vehicle is in the blind spot.



CAUTION

The detecting range may vary depending on the speed of your vehicle. However, even if there is a vehicle in the blind spot, Blind-Spot Collision-Avoidance Assist may not warn you when you pass by at high speeds.

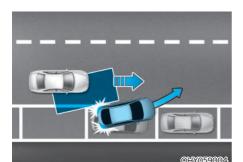


Blind-Spot Collision-Avoidance Assist helps detect and inform the driver that a vehicle is approaching at high speed from the blind spot area.



CAUTION

Warning timing may vary depending on the speed of the vehicle approaching at high speed.



When you are driving forward out of a parking space, if Blind-Spot Collision-Avoidance Assist judges that there is a collision risk with an approaching vehicle in the blind spot, Blind-Spot Collision-Avoidance Assist will help avoid collision by applying the brake.

Detecting sensor



[1]:Rear corner radar



CAUTION

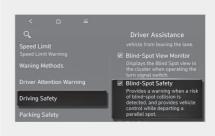
Take the following precautions to maintain optimal performance of the detecting sensor:

- Never disassemble the rear corner radar or radar assembly, or cause any damage to.
- If there is impact on the rear corner radar or near the radar, even though the warning message does not appear on the cluster, Blind-Spot Collision-Avoidance Assist may not operate properly. We recommend that you have the vehicle inspected by an authorized HYUNDAI dealer.
- If the rear corner radars have been replaced or repaired, we recommend that the vehicle be inspected by an authorized HYUNDAI dealer.
- · Use only genuine parts or the equivalent specified for your vehicle to repair the rear bumper where the rear corner radar is located.

- Do not apply license plate frame or objects, such as a bumper sticker, film or a bumper guard near the rear corner radar.
- Blind-Spot Collision-Avoidance
 Assist may not work properly if the
 bumper has been replaced, or the
 surroundings of the rear corner radar
 has been damaged or paint has been
 applied.
- If a trailer, carrier, etc., is installed, it may adversely affect the performance of the rear corner radar or Blind-Spot Collision-Avoidance Assist may not operate.

Blind-Spot Collision-Avoidance Assist settings

Blind-Spot Safety



OCN7073163L

With the engine on, select User settings > Driver Assistance > Driving Safety > Blind-Spot Safety from the settings menu in the instrument cluster or Settings > Vehicle > Driver Assistance > Driving Safety > Blind-Spot Safety from the settings menu in the infotainment system to set whether to use each function.

 If Blind-Spot Safety is selected, Blind-Spot Collision-Avoidance Assist will warn the driver with a warning message, an audible warning depending on the collision risk levels. Braking assist will be applied for parking exit depending on the collision risk levels.



B0320EU02

When the engine is restarted with Blind-Spot Collision-Avoidance Assist off, the 'Blind-Spot Safety System is Off' message will appear on the instrument cluster. If you select Blind-spot safety, warning light on the outside rearview mirror will blink for three seconds. In addition, if the vehicle is turned on, when Blind-Spot Safety is selected, the warning light on the outside rearview mirror will blink for three seconds.



WARNING

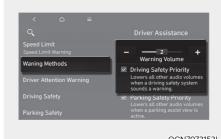
The driver should always be aware of the surroundings and drive safely. If Blind-spot safety is deselected, Blind-**Spot Collision-Avoidance Assist cannot** assist you.



Information

If the engine is restarted, Blind-Spot Collision-Avoidance Assist will maintain the last setting.

Warning Methods



OCN7073153L

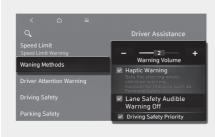
The Warning Methods can be set with the vehicle on. Select User Settings > Driver Assistance > Warning Methods from the settings menu in the instrument cluster or Setup > Vehicle > Driver Assistance > Warning Methods from the settings menu in the infotainment system to change the following settings:

- · Warning Volume: Adjusts the volume of the warning sound.
- Driving Safety Priority: Lowers all other audio volumes when the Driving Safety system sounds a warning.

Information

- · If you change the Warning Methods, it can be applied to each function of the driver assistance system. Please check and change it in each function.
- If the vehicle is restarted, Warning Methods will maintain the last setting.
- The setting menu may not exist based on vehicle specification.

Warning Methods (for Mexico and Israel)



OCN7H0730641

The Warning Methods can be set with the vehicle on. Select User Settings > Driver Assistance > Warning Methods from the settings menu in the instrument cluster or Setup > Vehicle > Driver Assistance > Warning Methods from the settings menu in the infotainment system to change the following settings:

- Warning Volume:
 Adjusts the volume of the warning sound. If you turn off the Warning Volume, for your safety, the function may warn you with a low volume.
- Haptic Warning: Activate the steering wheel vibration warning.
- Driving Safety Priority:
 Lowers all other audio volumes when the Driving Safety system sounds a warning.

i Information

- If you change the Warning Methods, it can be applied to each function of the driver assistance system. Please check and change it in each function.
- If the vehicle is restarted, Warning Methods will maintain the last setting.
- The setting menu may not exist based on vehicle specification.
- The Warning Volume and Haptic Warning cannot be turned off at the same time. When one of the warning is turned off the other is activated.

Blind-Spot Collision-Avoidance Assist operation

Collision Warning (while driving)



The warning light on the side view mirror appears when the vehicle on both lanes are detected from the rear.

A vehicle is detected under the following conditions:

- Your vehicle speed is above 20 km/h (12 mph)
- The speed of the vehicle in your blind spot area is above 10 km/h (6 mph)

In the vehicle detection state, collision warning may operate when the turn signal is turned on in the direction of a detected vehicle in the blind spot area.

- To warn you of a potential collision, the warning light on the side view mirror may blink, an audible warning may sound.
- When the turn signal is turned off or you move away from the lane, the collision warning may cancel, and the function may return to vehicle detection state.

Collision warning may warn you under the following conditions:

- Your vehicle speed is above 40 km/h (25 mph)
- The speed of the vehicle in your blind spot area is above 10 km/h (6 mph)

MARNING

- The detecting range of the rear corner radar is determined by a standard road width, therefore, on a narrow road, Blind-Spot Collision-Avoidance Assist may detect other vehicles two lanes over and warn you. In contrast, on a wide road, Blind-Spot Collision-Avoidance Assist may not be able to detect a vehicle driving in the next lane and may not warn you.
- When the hazard warning flasher is on, the collision warning by the turn signal will not operate.

i Information

If the driver's seat is on the left side, the collision warning may occur when you turn left. Maintain a proper distance with the vehicles in the left lane. If the driver's seat is on the right side, the collision warning may occur when you turn right. Maintain a proper distance with the vehicles in the right lane.

The images and colors in the instrument cluster may differ depending on the cluster type or theme selected from the settings menu.

Collision-avoidance assist (while parallel parking exit)



- To warn the driver of a collision, the warning light on the outside rearview mirror will blink and a warning message will appear on the instrument cluster. At the same time, an audible warning will sound, warning light on the head-up display (if equipped) will blink.
- Emergency braking will be assisted to help prevent collision with the vehicle in the blind spot area.
- Blind-Spot Collision-Avoidance Assist will operate when your vehicle speed is below 3 km/h (2 mph) and the speed of the vehicle in the blind spot area is above 5 km/h (3 mph).



OCN7073156L

- When the vehicle is stopped due to emergency braking, the 'Drive carefully' warning message will appear on the cluster.
- For your safety, the driver should depress the brake pedal immediately and check the surroundings.
- Brake control will end after the vehicle is stopped by emergency braking for about 2 seconds.

MARNING

Take the following precautions when using Blind-Spot Collision-Avoidance Assist:

- For your safety, change the Settings after parking the vehicle at a safe location.
- If any other system's warning message is displayed or audible warning is generated, Blind-Spot Collision-Avoidance Assist's warning message may not be displayed and audible warning may not be generated.
- You may not hear the warning sound of Blind-Spot Collision-Avoidance Assist if the surrounding is noisy.
- Blind-Spot Collision-Avoidance
 Assist may not operate if the driver applies the brake pedal to avoid collision.
- When Blind-Spot Collision-Avoidance Assist is operating, braking control by Blind-Spot Collision-Avoidance Assist will automatically cancel when the driver excessively depresses the accelerator pedal or sharply steers the vehicle.
- During Blind-Spot Collision-Avoidance Assist operation, the vehicle may stop suddenly injuring passengers and shifting loose objects. Always have the seat belt on and keep loose objects secured.
- Even if there is a problem with Blind-Spot Collision-Avoidance Assist, the vehicle's basic braking will function normally.
- Blind-Spot Collision-Avoidance Assist does not operate in all situations or cannot avoid all collisions.

- Blind-Spot Collision-Avoidance
 Assist may warn the driver late or may not warn the driver depending on the road and driving conditions.
- Driver should maintain control of the vehicle at all times. Do not depend on Blind-Spot Collision-Avoidance Assist. Maintain a safe braking distance, and if necessary, depress the brake pedal to reduce driving speed or to stop the vehicle.
- Never operate Blind-Spot Collision-Avoidance Assist on people, animal, objects, etc. It may cause serious injury or death.

A

WARNING

The brake control may not operate properly depending on the status of ESC (Electronic Stability Control).

There will only be a warning when:

- The ESC (Electronic Stability Control) warning light is on
- ESC (Electronic Stability Control) is engaged in a different function

Blind-Spot Collision-Avoidance Assist malfunction and limitations

Blind-Spot Collision-Avoidance Assist malfunction



B0322EU01

When Blind-Spot Collision-Avoidance Assist is not working properly, the 'Check Blind-Spot Safety system' warning message will appear on the instrument cluster for several seconds, and the master (⚠) warning light will appear on the instrument cluster. If this occurs, we recommend that your vehicle be inspected by an authorized HYUNDAI dealer.



When the outside rearview mirror warning light is not working properly, the 'Check side view mirror warning light' (or 'Check outside mirror warning icon') warning message will appear on the instrument cluster for several seconds, and the master (\(\underline{\Lambda}\)) warning light will illuminate on the instrument cluster. If this occurs, we recommend that you have the vehicle inspected by an authorized HYUNDAI dealer.

Blind-Spot Collision-Avoidance Assist disabled



B0322EU03

When the rear bumper around the rear corner radar or sensor is covered with foreign material, such as snow or rain, or installing a trailer or carrier, it can reduce the detecting performance and temporarily limit or disable Blind-Spot Collision-Avoidance Assist.

If this occurs, the 'Blind-Spot Safety function disabled. Radar blocked' warning message will appear on the cluster.

Blind-Spot Collision-Avoidance Assist will operate properly when such foreign material or trailer, etc., is removed, and then the engine is restarted.

If Blind-Spot Collision-Avoidance Assist does not operate properly after it is removed, we recommend that you have the vehicle inspected by an authorized HYUNDAI dealer.

A

WARNING

- Even though the warning message does not appear on the cluster, Blind-Spot Collision-Avoidance Assist may not properly operate.
- Blind-Spot Collision-Avoidance
 Assist may not properly operate in
 an area (for example, open terrain)
 where any objects are not detected
 right after the engine is turned on, or
 when the detecting sensor is blocked
 with foreign material right after the
 engine is turned on.



CAUTION

Turn off Blind-Spot Collision-Avoidance Assist to install or remove a trailer, carrier, or another attachment. Turn on Blind-Spot Collision-Avoidance Assist when finished.

Limitations of the Blind-Spot Collision-Avoidance Assist

Blind-Spot Collision-Avoidance Assist may not operate properly, or it may operate unexpectedly under the following circumstances:

- There is inclement weather, such as heavy snow, heavy rain, etc.
- The rear corner radar is covered with snow, rain, dirt, etc.
- The temperature around the rear corner radar is high or low
- Driving on a highway (or motorway) ramp
- The road pavement (or the peripheral ground) abnormally contains metallic components (for example, possibly due to subway construction)
- There is a fixed object near the vehicle, such as sound barriers, guardrails, central dividers, entry barriers, street lamps, signs, tunnels, walls, etc. (including double structures)
- Driving in vast areas where there are few vehicles or structures (for example, desert, meadow, suburb, etc.)
- Driving through a narrow road where trees or grass are overgrown
- Driving on a wet road surface, such as a puddle on the road
- The other vehicle drives very close behind your vehicle, or the other vehicle passes by your vehicle in close proximity

- The speed of the other vehicle is very fast that it passes by your vehicle in a short time
- Your vehicle passes by the other vehicle
- · Your vehicle changes lane
- Your vehicle has started at the same time as the vehicle next to you and has accelerated
- The vehicle in the next lane moves two lanes away from you, or when the vehicle two lanes away moves to the next lane from you
- A trailer or carrier is installed around the rear corner radar
- The bumper around the rear corner radar is covered with objects, such as a bumper sticker, bumper guard, bike rack, etc.
- The bumper around the rear corner radar is impacted, damaged or the radar is out of position
- Your vehicle height is low or high due to heavy loads, abnormal tire pressure, etc.

Blind-Spot Collision-Avoidance Assist may not operate properly, or it may operate unexpectedly when the following objects are detected:

- · A motorcycle or bicycle is detected
- A vehicle such as a flat trailer is detected
- A big vehicle such as a bus or truck is detected
- A moving obstacle such as a pedestrian, animal, shopping cart or a baby stroller is detected
- A vehicle with low height such as a sports car is detected

Braking control may not work, driver's attention is required in the following circumstances:

- The vehicle severely vibrates while driving over a bumpy road, uneven road or concrete patch
- Driving on a slippery surface due to snow, water puddle, ice, etc.
- The tire pressure is low or a tire is damaged
- The brake is reworked
- The vehicle makes abrupt lane changes

MARNING

· Driving on a curved road



Blind-Spot Collision-Avoidance Assist may not operate properly when driving on a curved road. Blind-Spot Collision-Avoidance Assist may not detect the vehicle in the next lane.

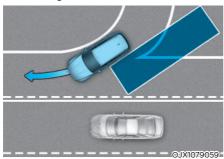
Always pay attention to road and driving conditions while driving.



Blind-Spot Collision-Avoidance Assist may not operate properly when driving on a curved road. Blind-Spot Collision-Avoidance Assist may recognize a vehicle in the same lane.

Always pay attention to road and driving conditions while driving.

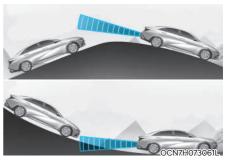
 Driving where the road is merging/ dividing



Blind-Spot Collision-Avoidance Assist may not operate properly when driving where the road merges or divides. Blind-Spot Collision-Avoidance Assist may not detect the vehicle in the next lane.

Always pay attention to road and driving conditions while driving.

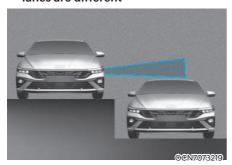
Driving on an inclined road



Blind-Spot Collision-Avoidance
Assist may not operate properly
when driving on a slope. Blind-Spot
Collision-Avoidance Assist may not
detect the vehicle in the next lane or
may incorrectly detect the ground or
structure.

Always pay attention to road and driving conditions while driving.

Driving where the heights of the lanes are different



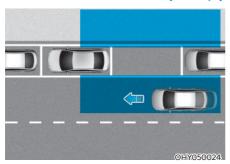
Blind-Spot Collision-Avoidance Assist may not operate properly when driving where the heights of the lanes are different. Blind-Spot Collision-Avoidance Assist may not detect the vehicle on a road with different lane heights (underpass joining section, grade separated intersections, etc.).

Always pay attention to road and driving conditions while driving.

! WARNING

- When you are towing a trailer or another vehicle, make sure that you turn off Blind-Spot Collision-Avoidance Assist.
- **Blind-Spot Collision-Avoidance** Assist may not operate properly if interfered by strong electromagnetic waves.
- **Blind-Spot Collision-Avoidance** Assist may not operate for 3 seconds after the vehicle is started, or the rear corner radars are initialized.

SAFE EXIT WARNING (SEW) (IF EQUIPPED)



While your vehicle is stopped, and if Safe Exit Warning detects a vehicle approaching the rear corner of your vehicle and a passenger opens a door, Safe Exit Warning may warn you with a warning message and a warning sound to help avoid a collision.



CAUTION

Warning timing may vary depending on the speed of the approaching vehicle.

Detecting sensor



[A]: Rear corner radar

Refer to the illustration above for the detailed location of the detecting sensors.

NOTICE

For more details on the precautions of the rear corner radars, refer to "Blind-Spot Collision-Avoidance Assist (BCA)" section in chapter 7.

Safe Exit Warning settings

Exit Safety



OCN7073164L

With the engine on, select User settings > Driver Assistance > Driving Safety > Exit Safety from the settings menu in the instrument cluster or Settings > Vehicle > Driver Assistance > Driving Safety > Exit Safety from the Settings menu in the infotainment system to turn on Safe Exit Warning and deselect to turn off the function.



WARNING

The driver should always be aware of unexpected and sudden situations from occurring. If Exit Safety is deselected, Safe Exit Warning cannot assist you.



Information

If the engine is restarted, Safe Exit Warning will maintain the last setting.

Warning Methods



OCN7073153L

The Warning Methods can be set with the vehicle on. Select User Settings > Driver Assistance > Warning Methods from the settings menu in the instrument cluster or Setup > Vehicle > Driver Assistance > Warning Methods from the settings menu in the infotainment system to change the following settings:

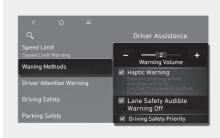
- Warning Volume:
 Adjusts the volume of the warning sound.
- Driving Safety Priority:
 Lowers all other audio volumes when the Driving Safety system sounds a warning.

i

i Information

- If you change the Warning Methods, it can be applied to each function of the driver assistance system. Please check and change it in each function.
- If the vehicle is restarted, Warning Methods will maintain the last setting.
- The setting menu may not exist based on vehicle specification.

Warning Methods (for Mexico and Israel)



OCN7H073064L

The Warning Methods can be set with the vehicle on. Select User Settings > Driver Assistance > Warning Methods from the settings menu in the instrument cluster or Setup > Vehicle > Driver Assistance > Warning Methods from the settings menu in the infotainment system to change the following settings:

- Warning Volume:
 Adjusts the volume of the warning sound. If you turn off the Warning Volume, for your safety, the function may warn you with a low volume.
- Driving Safety Priority:
 Lowers all other audio volumes when the Driving Safety system sounds a warning.

i Information

- If you change the Warning Methods, it can be applied to each function of the driver assistance system. Please check and change it in each function.
- If the vehicle is restarted, Warning Methods will maintain the last setting.
- The setting menu may not exist based on vehicle specification.

Safe Exit Assist operation

Safe Exit Warning

Collision warning when exiting vehicle





OCN7073166L

- When an approaching vehicle from the rear is detected at the moment a door is opened, the 'Watch for traffic' warning message will appear on the cluster, and an audible warning will sound.
- Safe Exit Warning will warn the driver when your vehicle speed is below 3 km/h (2 mph), and the speed of the approaching vehicle from the rear is above 6 km/h (4 mph).

MARNING

Take the following precautions when using Safe Exit Warning:

- For your safety, change the Settings after parking the vehicle at a safe location.
- If any other function's warning message is displayed or audible warning is generated, Safe Exit Warning warning message may not be displayed and audible warning may not be generated.
- You may not hear the warning sound of Safe Exit Warning if the surrounding is noisy.
- Safe Exit Warning does not operate in all situations and cannot prevent all collisions.
- Safe Exit Warning may warn the driver late or may not warn the driver depending on the road and driving conditions. Always check vehicle surroundings.
- The driver and passengers are responsible for accidents that occur while exiting the vehicle. Always check the surroundings before you exit the vehicle.
- Never deliberately operate Safe Exit Warning. Doing so may lead to serious injury or death.

i Information

- After the engine is turned off, Safe Exit Warning operates approximately for 10 minutes, but turns off immediately if the doors are locked.
- The images and colors in the instrument cluster may differ depending on the cluster type or theme selected from the settings menu.

Safe Exit Warning malfunction and limitations

Safe Exit Warning malfunction



BU333EI IU1

When Safe Exit Warning is not working properly, the 'Check Blind-Spot Safety system' warning message will appear on the instrument cluster for several seconds, and the master (A) warning light will appear on the instrument cluster. If this occurs, werecommend that your vehicle be inspected by an authorized HYUNDAI dealer.

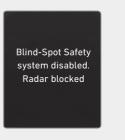




B0322EA02

When the outside rearview mirror warning light is not working properly, the 'Check side view mirror warning light' (or 'Check outside mirror warning icon') warning message will appear on the instrument cluster for several seconds, and the master (\(\underline{\Lambda} \)) warning light will illuminate on the instrument cluster. If this occurs, we recommend that you have the vehicle inspected by an authorized HYUNDAI dealer.

Safe Exit Assist disabled



B0322EU03

When the rear bumper around the rear corner radar or sensor is covered with foreign material, such as snow or rain, or installing a trailer or carrier, it can reduce the detecting performance and temporarily limit or disable Blind-Spot Collision-Avoidance Assist.

If this occurs, the 'Blind-Spot Safety function disabled. Radar blocked' warning message will appear on the cluster.

Safe Exit Warning will operate properly when such foreign material or trailer, etc., is removed, and then the engine is restarted.

If Safe Exit Warning does not operate properly after it is removed, we recommend that you have the vehicle inspected by an authorized HYUNDAI dealer.

MARNING

- Even though the warning message does not appear on the cluster, Safe Exit Warning may not properly operate.
- Safe Exit Warning may not properly operate in an area (for example, open terrain) where any objects are not detected right after the engine is turned on, or when the detecting sensor is blocked with foreign material right after the engine is turned on.



Turn off Safe Exit Warning to install or remove a trailer, carrier, or another attachment. Turn on Safe Exit Warning when finished.

Limitations of Safe Exit Warning

Safe Exit Warning may not operate properly, or Safe Exit Warning may operate unexpectedly under the following circumstances:

- Getting off the vehicle where trees or grass are overgrown
- Getting off the vehicle where the road is wet
- The approaching vehicle is very fast or very slow



For more information on the limitations of the rear corner radar, refer to the "Blind-Spot Collision-Avoidance Assist (BCA)" section in this chapter.



WARNING

- Safe Exit Warning may not operate properly if interfered by strong electromagnetic waves.
- Safe Exit Warning may not operate for 3 seconds after the vehicle is started, or rear corner radars are initialized.
- If the vehicle is turned off and restarted while the rear corner radar is blocked or malfunctioned, the condition is maintained. Therefore, Safe Exit Warning may not operate properly.

MANUAL SPEED LIMIT ASSIST (MSLA)



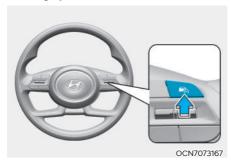
OTM070111L

- (1) Manual Speed Limit Assist enabled indicator
- (2) Set speed

You can set the speed limit when you do not want to drive over a specific speed.

If you drive over the preset speed limit, Manual Speed Limit Assist will operate (set speed limit will blink and chime will sound) until the vehicle speed returns within the speed limit.





Press and hold Driving Assist
(会) button at the desired speed. The
Manual Speed Limit Assist enabled
(ら LIMIT) indicator will illuminate on
the cluster.



OCN7060143



OCN7060144

2. Push the + switch up or - switch down, and release it at the desired speed.

Push the + switch up or - switch down and hold it. The speed will increase or decrease to the nearest multiple of ten (multiple of five in km/h) at first, and then increase or decrease by 10 km/h (5 mph).



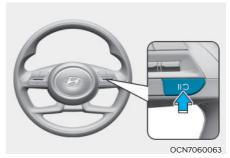
OTM070203L

3. The set speed limit will be displayed on the cluster.

If you would like to drive over the preset speed limit, depress the accelerator pedal beyond the pressure point to activate the kickdown function.

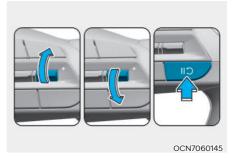
The set speed limit will blink and chime will sound until you return the vehicle speed within the speed limit.

Temporarily pausing Manual Speed Limit Assist



Push the (II) switch to temporarily pause the set speed limit. The set speed limit will turn off but the Manual Speed Limit Assist enabled (© LIMIT) indicator will stay on.

Resuming Manual Speed Limit Assist

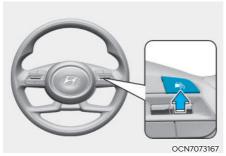


To resume Manual Speed Limit Assist after the function was paused, push the +, -, switch.

If you push the + switch up or - switch down, vehicle speed will be set to the current speed on the cluster.

If you press the (**II**) switch, vehicle speed will resume to the preset speed.

Turning off Manual Speed Limit **Assist**



Press the Driving Assist () button to turn Manual Speed Limit Assist off. The Manual Speed Limit Assist enabled (Imit) indicator will go off.

Always press the Driving Assist () button to turn Manual Speed Limit Assist off when not in use.



! WARNING

Take the following precautions when using Manual Speed Limit Assist:

- · Always set the vehicle speed to the speed limit in your area.
- **Keep Manual Speed Limit Assist off** when the function is not in use, to avoid inadvertently setting a speed. Check that the Manual Speed Limit Assist enabled ((S) IMIT) indicator is off.
- **Manual Speed Limit Assist does** not substitute for proper and safe driving. It is the responsibility of the driver to always drive safely and be aware of unexpected and sudden situations. Pay attention to the road conditions at all times.

DRIVER ATTENTION WARNING (DAW) (IF EQUIPPED)

Driver Attention Warning

Driver Attention Warning monitors your driving pattern while driving. When the driver's attention level is below a certain level, Driver Attention Warning recommends a break to help with safe driving.

Leading vehicle departure alert function

Leading Vehicle Departure Alert function will inform the driver when a detected vehicle in front departs.

Detecting sensor



[1]: Front view camera

The front view camera is used as a detecting sensor to detect driving patterns and front vehicle departure while vehicle is being driven.

Refer to the illustration above for the detailed location of the detecting sensor.



CAUTION

Always keep the front view camera in good condition to maintain optimal performance of Driver Attention Warning.

For more details on the precautions of the front view camera, refer to "Forward Collision-Avoidance Assist (FCA)" section in chapter 7.

Driver Attention Warning settings

Leading Vehicle Departure Alert

With the engine on, select or deselect User Settings > Driver Assistance > Driver Attention Warning from the settings menu in the instrument cluster or Settings > Vehicle > Driver Assistance > Driver Attention Warning from the settings menu in the infotainment system to set whether to use the function.



If Leading vehicle departure alert is enabled, the function informs the driver when a detected vehicle in front departs from a stop.

Driver Attention Warning operation

Driver Attention Warning

The basic function of Driver Attention Warning is to inform the driver the 'Attention Level' and to warn the driver 'Consider taking a break'.

Taking a break



OCN7070049L

- The 'Consider taking a break' message and Driver Attention Warning light (
) will appear on the cluster and an audible warning will sound to suggest that the driver take a break, when the driver's attention level is below 1.
- Driver Attention Warning will not suggest a break when the total driving time is shorter than 4 minutes or 4 minutes has not passed after the last break was suggested.
- A break is suggested when your vehicle speed is between approximately 0-200 km/h (0-120 mph).



WARNING

For your safety, only change the Settings after parking the vehicle at a safe location.



! CAUTION

- Driver Attention Warning may suggest a break depending on the driver's driving pattern or habits, even if the driver doesn't feel fatigue.
- Driver Attention Warning is a supplemental system and may not be able to determine whether the driver is inattentive.
- A driver who feels fatigued should take a break at a safe location, even though there is no break suggestion by Driver Attention Warning.

Leading vehicle departure alert function



OCN7073174L

When the front vehicle departs from a stop, Leading Vehicle Departure Alert will inform the driver by displaying the 'Leading vehicle is driving away' (or 'Leading vehicle is driving on') message on the cluster and an audible warning will sound.



WARNING

- If any other system's warning message is displayed or audible warning is generated, Leading Vehicle Departure Alert's warning message may not be displayed and audible warning may not be generated.
- The driver has the responsibility to safely drive and control the vehicle.



CAUTION

- Leading Vehicle Departure Alert is a supplemental function and may not alert the driver whenever the front vehicle departs from a stop.
- Always check the front of the vehicle and road conditions before departure.



Information

The images and colors in the instrument cluster may differ depending on the cluster type or theme selected from the settings menu.

Driver Attention Warning alfunction and limitations

Driver Attention Warning malfunction



B0337EU01

When Driver Attention Warning is not working properly, the 'Check Inattentive Driving Warning system' warning message will appear on the cluster for several seconds, and the master (△) warning light will illuminate on the instrument cluster. If this occurs, we recommend that you have the vehicle inspected by an authorized HYUNDAI dealer.

Driver Attention Warning disabled



B0337EU02

When the front windshield where the front view camera is located is covered with foreign material, such as snow or rain, it can reduce the detecting performance and temporarily limit or disable Driver Attention Warning. If this occurs, the 'Inattentive Driving Warning disabled. Camera obscured' warning message will appear on the instrument cluster. Driver Attention Warning will operate properly when snow, rain or foreign material is removed.

If Driver Attention Warning does not operate properly after it is removed, we recommend that you have the vehicle inspected by an authorized HYUNDAI dealer.

⚠ WARNING

- Driver Attention Warning may not properly operate in an area (for example, open terrain) where any objects are not detected right after turning ON the engine.
- If the engine is turned off and restarted while the camera is blocked or malfunctioned, the condition is maintained. Therefore, Driver Attention Warning may not operate properly.

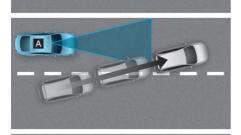
Limitations of Driver Attention Warning

Driver Attention Warning may not work properly in the following situations:

- · The vehicle is driven violently
- The vehicle intentionally crosses over lanes frequently
- The vehicle is controlled by Driver Assistance system, such as Lane Keeping Assist

Leading vehicle departure alert feature

· When the vehicle cuts in



OADAS021SD

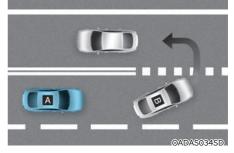


OADAS034SD

[A]: Your vehicle, [B]: Front vehicle

If a vehicle cuts in front of your vehicle, Leading Departure Alert may not operate properly.

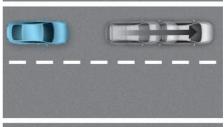
· When the vehicle ahead sharply steers



[A]: Your vehicle, [B]: Front vehicle

If the vehicle in front makes a sharp turn, such as to turn left or right or make a Uturn, etc., Leading Vehicle Departure Alert may not operate properly.

When the vehicle ahead abruptly departures



OVEVGOOVEE

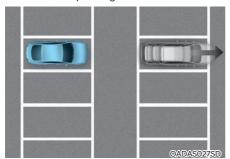
If the vehicle in front abruptly departures, Leading Vehicle Departure Alert may not operate properly.

 When a pedestrian or bicycle is between you and the vehicle ahead

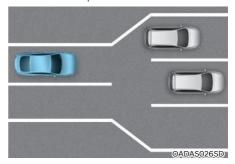


If there is a pedestrian(s) or bicycle(s) in between you and the vehicle in front, Leading Vehicle Departure Alert may not operate properly.

· When in a parking lot



If a vehicle parked in front drives away from you, Leading Vehicle Departure Alert may alert you that the parked vehicle is driving away. When driving at a tollgate or intersection, etc.



If you pass a tollgate or intersection with lots of vehicles or you drive where lanes are merged or divided frequently, Leading Vehicle Departure Alert may not operate properly.



WARNING

Driver Attention Warning may not operate for 15 seconds after the vehicle is started, or the front view camera is initialized.



CAUTION

For more details on the precautions of the front view camera, refer to "Forward Collision-Avoidance Assist (FCA)" section in chapter 7.

BLIND-SPOT VIEW MONITOR (BVM) (IF EQUIPPED)





[A]: Left side, [B]: Right side

Blind-Spot View Monitor uses the wideside view cameras to display the rear blind spot areas of your vehicle on the instrument cluster when the turn signal is turned on to help with safe lane changes.

Detecting sensor



[1], [2]: Wide-side view camera (camera located at bottom of the mirror)

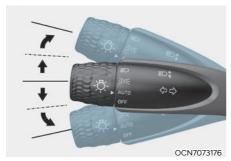
Refer to the illustration above for the detailed location of the detecting sensors.

Blind-Spot View Monitor settings Setting features

Blind-Spot View

With the engine on, select Settings > Vehicle > Driver Assistance > Driving Safety > Blind-Spot View Monitor from the settings menu in the infotainment system to turn on Blind-Spot View Monitor and deselect to turn off the function.

Blind-Spot View Monitor Operation



Blind-Spot View Monitor will turn on and off when the turn signal is turned on and off.

Operating conditions

When the left or right side turn signal turns on, the image in that direction is displayed on the instrument cluster.

Off conditions

- When the turn signal turns off, the image on the instrument cluster will turn off.
- When the hazard warning flasher is on, Blind-Spot View Monitor will turn off, regardless of the turn signal status.
- When other important warning is displayed on the instrument cluster, Blind-Spot View Monitor may turn off.

Blind-Spot View Monitor malfunction

When Blind-Spot View Monitor is not working properly, or the cluster display flickers, or the camera image does not display properly, we recommend that you have the vehicle inspected by an authorized HYUNDAI dealer.

<u>∧</u> w

WARNING

- The image shown on the cluster may differ from the actual distance of the object. Make sure to directly check the vehicle's surroundings for safety.
- Always keep the camera lens clean.
 If the lens is covered with foreign
 material, it may adversely affect
 camera performance and BlindSpot View Monitor may not operate
 properly.

CRUISE CONTROL (CC) (IF EQUIPPED)



OCN7073226

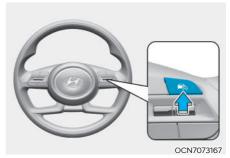
- (1) Cruise indicator
- (2) Set speed

Cruise Control will allow you to drive at speeds above 30 km/h (20 mph) without depressing the accelerator pedal.

Cruise Control operation

Setting set speed

 Accelerate to the desired speed, which must be more than 30 km/h (20 mph).

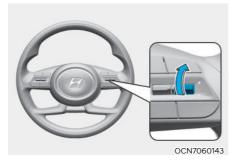


- 2. Press the Driving Assist () button at the desired speed. The set speed and Cruise (CRUISE) indicator will illuminate on the cluster.
- Release the accelerator pedal.
 Vehicle speed will maintain the set speed even when the accelerator pedal is not depressed.

i Information

- The vehicle may slightly slow down or speed up while driving uphill or downhill.
- The Driving Assist button symbol may vary depending on your vehicle option.

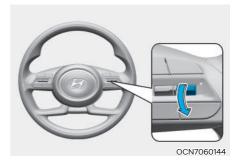
Increasing set speed



- Push the + switch up and release it immediately. The set speed will increase by 1 km/h (1 mph) each time the switch is operated in this manner.
- Push the + switch up and hold it while monitoring the set speed on the cluster. The set speed will increase to the nearest multiple of ten (multiple of five in mph) at first, and then increase by 10 km/h (5 mph) each time the switch is operated in this manner.

Release the switch when the desired speed is shown and the vehicle will accelerate to that speed.

Decreasing set speed



- Push the switch down and release it immediately. The set speed will decrease by 1 km/h (1 mph) each time the switch is operated in this manner.
- Push the switch down and hold it while monitoring the set speed on the cluster. The set speed will decrease to the nearest multiple of ten (multiple of five in mph) at first, and then decrease by 10 km/h (5 mph) each time the switch is operated in this manner.
 - Release the switch at the speed you want to maintain.

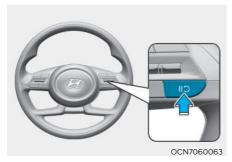
Accelerating temporarily

If you want to speed up temporarily when Cruise Control is on, depress the accelerator pedal.

To return to the set speed, take your foot off the accelerator pedal.

If you push the + switch up or - switch down at increased speed, the set speed will be set to the current increased speed.

Temporarily pausing Cruise Control



Cruise Control will be paused when:

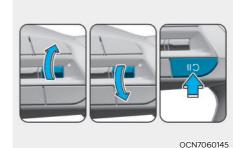
- · Depressing the brake pedal.
- Pushing the II > switch.
- Shifting the gear to N (Neutral).
- Decreasing vehicle speed to less than approximately 30 km/h (20 mph).
- ESC (Electronic Stability Control) is operating.

The set speed will turn off but the Cruise (**GCRUISE) indicator will stay on.

i Information

If Cruise Control pauses during a situation that is not mentioned, we recommend that your vehicle be inspected by an authorized HYUNDAI dealer.

Resuming Cruise Control



Operate the +, - or || 3 switch.

If you push the + switch up or - switch down, vehicle speed will be set to the current speed on the cluster.

If you push the **II 3** switch, vehicle speed will resume to the preset speed.

The vehicle speed must be above 30 km/h (20 mph) for Cruise Control to resume.



WARNING

Check the driving condition before using the II'S switch. Driving speed may sharply increase or decrease when you press the II'S switch.

Turning off Cruise Control



Press the Driving Assist () button to turn Cruise Control off. The Cruise (CRUISE) indicator will go off.

Always press the Driving Assist () button to turn Cruise Control off when not in use.

i Information

If your vehicle is equipped with Manual Speed Limit Assist, press and hold the Driving Assist button to turn off Cruise Control. However, Manual Speed Limit Assist will turn on.

MARNING

Take the following precautions when using Cruise Control:

- Always set the vehicle speed under the speed limit in your country.
- Keep Cruise Control off when the function is not in use, to avoid inadvertently setting a speed. Check that the Cruise (COCRUISE) indicator is off.
- Cruise Control does not substitute for proper and safe driving. It is the responsibility of the driver to always drive safely and should always be aware of unexpected and sudden situations from occurring.
- Always drive cautiously to prevent unexpected and sudden situations from occurring. Pay attention to the road conditions at all times.
- Do not use Cruise Control when it may be unsafe to keep the vehicle at a constant speed:
 - When driving in heavy traffic, or when traffic conditions make it difficult to drive at a constant speed
 - When driving on rainy, icy, or snow-covered roads
 - When driving on hilly or windy roads
 - When driving in windy areas
 - When driving with limited view (possibly due to bad weather, such as fog, snow, rain and sandstorm)
- Do not use Cruise Control when towing a trailer.

SMART CRUISE CONTROL (SCC) (IF EQUIPPED)

Smart Cruise Control detects a vehicle ahead and helps maintain the distance from the vehicle ahead and the set speed.

Overtaking Acceleration Assist

When Smart Cruise Control judges you are attempting to overtake a vehicle in front, Smart Cruise Control help with accelerating.

! CAUTION

Always keep the front view camera and front radar in good condition to maintain optimal performance of Smart Cruise Control.

For more details on the precautions of the front view camera and front radar, refer to "Forward Collision-Avoidance Assist (FCA)" section in chapter 7.

Detecting senor





[1]: Front view camera, [2]: Front radar

The front view camera and front radar are used as a detecting sensor to detect front vehicles.

Refer to the illustration above for the detailed location of the detecting sensor.

Smart Cruise Control settings Smart Cruise Control



OCN7073177L

With the engine on, select User settings > Driver Assistance > Smart Cruise Control from the settings menu on the instrument cluster or Settings > Vehicle > Driver Assistance > Driving Convenience > Smart Cruise Control in the infotainment system to change Distance, Acceleration, Reaction Speed manually.

Warning Methods



OCN7073153L

The Warning Methods can be set with the vehicle on. Select User Settings > Driver Assistance > Warning Methods from the settings menu in the instrument cluster or Setup > Vehicle > Driver Assistance > Warning Methods from the settings menu in the infotainment system to change the following settings:

- Warning Volume:
 Adjusts the volume of the warning sound.
- Driving Safety Priority:
 Lowers all other audio volumes when the Driving Safety system sounds a warning.

i Information

- If you change the Warning Methods, it can be applied to each function of the driver assistance system. Please check and change it in each function.
- If the vehicle is restarted, Warning Methods will maintain the last setting.
- The setting menu may not exist based on vehicle specification.

Warning Methods (for Mexico and Israel)



OCN7H073064L

The Warning Methods can be set with the vehicle on. Select User Settings > Driver Assistance > Warning Methods from the settings menu in the instrument cluster or Setup > Vehicle > Driver Assistance > Warning Methods from the settings menu in the infotainment system to change the following settings:

- Warning Volume: Adjusts the volume of the warning sound. If you turn off the Warning Volume, for your safety, the function may warn you with a low volume.
- Haptic Warning: Activate the steering wheel vibration warning.
- Driving Safety Priority: Lowers all other audio volumes when the Driving Safety system sounds a warning.

i Information

- If you change the Warning Methods, it can be applied to each function of the driver assistance system. Please check and change it in each function.
- If the vehicle is restarted, Warning Methods will maintain the last setting.
- The setting menu may not exist based on vehicle specification.

Smart Cruise Control operation Operating conditions

Basic function

Smart Cruise Control operates when the following conditions are satisfied.

- The gear is in D (Drive)
- Your vehicle speed is within the operating speed range
 - 10-160 km/h (5-112 mph): when there is no vehicle in front
 - 0-160 km/h (0-112 mph): when there is a vehicle in front
- ESC (Electronic Stability Control) or ABS (Anti-Lock Braking System) is on

Smart Cruise Control does not operate in the following conditions.

- · The driver's door is opened
- Engine RPM is high
- · Parking brake is applied
- ESC (Electronic Stability Control) or ABS (Anti-Lock Braking System) is controlling the vehicle
- Forward Collision-Avoidance Assist brake control is operating

i Information

When stopped behind another vehicle, the driver can turn on Smart Cruise Control while the brake pedal is depressed.

Operating conditions for Acceleration Assist

Overtaking Acceleration Assist operates when the turn signal indicator is turned on to the left (left-hand drive) or turned on to the right (right-hand drive) while Smart Cruise Control is operating, and the following conditions are satisfied:

- Your vehicle speed is above 60 km/h (40 mph)
- A vehicle is detected in front of your vehicle

Overtaking Acceleration Assist does not operate in the following conditions.

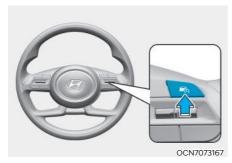
- · The hazard warning flasher is on
- Vehicle speed is reduced to maintain distance with the vehicle in front

A

WARNING

- When the turn signal indicator is turned on to the left (left-hand drive) or turned on to the right (righthand drive) while there is a vehicle ahead, the vehicle may accelerate temporarily. Pay attention to the road conditions at all times.
- Regardless of the driving direction in your country, Overtaking Acceleration Assist will operate when the conditions are satisfied. When using the function in countries with different driving direction, always check the road conditions at all times.

Turning on Smart Cruise Control

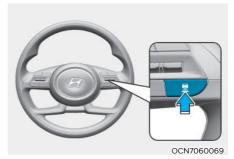


- Press the Driving Assist () button to turn on Smart Cruise Control. The speed will be set to the current speed on the cluster.
- If there is no vehicle in front of you, the set speed will be maintained, but if there is a vehicle in front of you, the speed may decrease to maintain the distance to the vehicle ahead. If the vehicle ahead accelerates, your vehicle will travel at a steady cruising speed after accelerating to the set speed.

i Information

- If your vehicle speed is between 0-30 km/h (0-20 mph) when you press the Driving Assist () button, the Smart Cruise Control speed will be set to 30 km/h (20 mph).
- If the driver shifts into a lower gear, the driving speed may not reach the set speed.

Setting vehicle distance



Each time the button is pressed, the headway changes as follows:

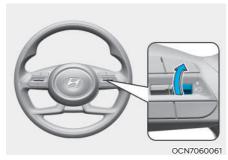


- Distance 4: about 52.5 m (172 ft.)
- Distance 3: about 40 m (130 ft.)
- Distance 2: about 32.5 m (106 ft.)
- Distance 1: about 25 m (82 ft.)

i Information

The distance is set to the last set distance when the vehicle is restarted, or when Smart Cruise Control was temporarily canceled.

Increasing set speed



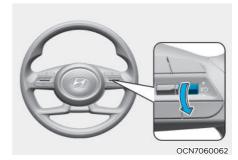
- Push the + switch up and release it immediately. The set speed will increase by 1 km/h (1 mph) each time the switch is operated in this manner.
- Push the + switch up and hold it while monitoring the set speed on the cluster. The set speed will increase by 10 km/h (5 mph) each time the switch is operated in this manner. Release the switch when the desired speed is shown, and the vehicle will accelerate to that speed. You can set the speed to 160 km/h (99 mph).



! WARNING

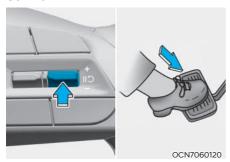
Check the driving condition before using the + switch. Driving speed may sharply increase when you push up and hold the + switch.

Decreasing set speed



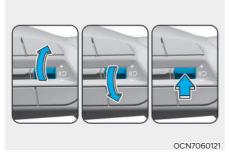
- Push the switch down and release it immediately. The set speed will decrease by 1 km/h (1 mph) each time the switch is operated in this manner.
- · Push the switch down and hold it while monitoring the set speed on the cluster. The set speed will decrease by 10 km/h (5 mph) each time the switch is operated in this manner. Release the switch at the speed you want to maintain. You can decrease the set speed to 30 km/h (20 mph).

Temporarily cancelling Smart Cruise Control



Press the **||)** switch or depress the brake pedal to temporarily cancel Smart Cruise Control.

Resuming Smart Cruise Control



To resume Smart Cruise Control after the function was canceled, push the +, - or IID switch.

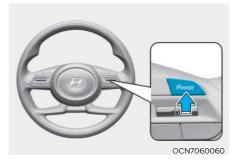
If you push the + switch up or - switch down, vehicle speed will be set to the current speed on the cluster.

If you push the **II** switch, vehicle speed will resume to the preset speed.

MARNING

Check the driving condition before using the [15] switch. Driving speed may sharply increase or decrease when you press the [15] switch.

Turning off Smart Cruise Control



To turn Smart Cruise Control off, press the Driving Assist (🚗) button.

i

Information

If your vehicle is equipped with Manual Speed Limit Assist, press and hold the Driving Assist ((a) button to turn off Smart Cruise Control. However Manual Speed Limit Assist will turn on.



CAUTION

Do not use the switches and buttons at the same time. Smart Cruise Control may not operate properly.

Display and Control

You can see the status of the Smart Cruise Control operation in the Driving Assist view on the cluster. Refer to "Cluster Display" section in chapter 4.

Smart Cruise Control will be displayed as below depending on the status of the function.





OCN7073207





OCN7073208

- · When operating
- (1) Whether there is a vehicle ahead and the selected distance level
- (2) Set speed
- (3) Whether there is a vehicle ahead and the target vehicle distance
- When temporarily cancelled
- (1) Your vehicle (grey)
- (2) Previous set speed (grey)

i Information

- The distance of the front vehicle on the cluster is displayed according to the actual distance between your vehicle and the vehicle ahead.
- The target distance may vary according to the vehicle speed and the set distance level. If the vehicle speed is low, even though the vehicle distance have changed, the change of the target vehicle distance may be small.
- The images and colors in the instrument cluster may differ depending on the cluster type or theme selected from the settings menu.

Accelerating temporarily



If you want to speed up temporarily without altering the set speed while Smart Cruise Control is operating, depress the accelerator pedal. While the accelerator pedal is depressed, the set speed, distance level and target distance will blink on the cluster.

However, if the accelerator pedal is depressed insufficiently, the vehicle may decelerate.



WARNING

Be careful when accelerating temporarily, because the speed and distance is not controlled automatically even if there is a vehicle in front of you.

Temporarily cancelling Smart Cruise Control



B0348FU04

Smart Cruise Control will be temporarily cancelled automatically when:

- The vehicle speed is above 170 km/h (106 mph)
- The vehicle is stopped for a certain period of time
- The accelerator pedal is continuously depressed for a certain period of time
- The conditions for the Smart Cruise Control to operate is not satisfied

If Smart Cruise Control is temporarily cancelled automatically, the 'Smart Cruise Control' deactivated (or 'SCC (Smart Cruise Control) Cancelled') warning message will appear on the cluster, and an audible warning will sound to warn the driver.

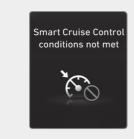
i Information

If Smart Cruise Control is temporarily cancelled while the vehicle is at a standstill with the function activated, EPB (Electronic Parking Brake) maybe applied.

MARNING

When Smart Cruise Control is temporarily cancelled, distance with the front vehicle will not be maintained. Always have your eyes on the road while driving, and if necessary, depress the brake pedal to reduce your driving speed in order to maintain a safe distance.

Smart Cruise Control conditions not satisfied



B0348EU05

If the Driving Assist button, + switch, - switch or switch is operated when Smart Cruise Control operating conditions are not satisfied, the Smart Cruise Control conditions not met' (or 'SCC (Smart Cruise Control) conditions not met' will appear on the cluster, and an audible warning will sound.

In traffic situation



OCN7070054L

In traffic, your vehicle will stop if the vehicle ahead of you stops. Also, if the vehicle ahead of you starts moving, your vehicle will start as well. In addition, after the vehicle has stopped and a certain time have passed, the 'Use switch or pedal to accelerate' message will appear on the instrument cluster. Depress the accelerator pedal or operate the + switch, - switch or II 'D' switch to start driving.

Warning road conditions ahead



OCN7073178L

In the following situation, the 'Watch for surrounding vehicles' warning message will appear on the cluster, and an audible warning will sound to warn the driver of road conditions ahead.

 The vehicle in front disappears when Smart Cruise Control is maintaining the distance with the vehicle ahead while driving below a certain speed.

MARNING

Always pay attention to vehicles or objects that may suddenly appear in front of you, and if necessary, depress the brake pedal to reduce your driving speed in order to maintain a safe distance.

Collision Warning



OCN7073154L

While Smart Cruise Control is operating, when the collision risk with the vehicle ahead is high, the 'Collision Warning' warning message will appear on the instrument cluster, and an audible warning will sound to warn the driver. Always have your eyes on the road while driving, and if necessary, depress the brake pedal to reduce your driving speed in order to maintain a safe distance.



WARNING

In the following situations, Smart Cruise Control may not warn the driver of a collision.

- The distance from the front vehicle is near, or the vehicle speed of the front vehicle is faster or similar with your vehicle
- The speed of the front vehicle is very slow or is at a standstil
- The accelerator pedal is depressed right after Smart Cruise Control is turned on

⚠ WARNING

Take the following precautions when using Smart Cruise Control:

- Smart Cruise Control does not substitute for proper and safe driving. It is the responsibility of the driver to always check the speed and distance to the vehicle ahead.
- Smart Cruise Control may not recognize unexpected and sudden situations or complex driving situations, so always pay attention to driving conditions and control your vehicle speed.
- Keep Smart Cruise Control off when the function is not in use to avoid inadvertently setting a speed.
- Do not open the door or leave the vehicle when Smart Cruise Control is operating, even if the vehicle is stopped.
- Always be aware of the selected speed and headway distance.
- Keep a safe distance according to road conditions and vehicle speed. If the headway distance is too close during high-speed driving, a serious collision may result.
- When maintaining distance with the vehicle ahead, if the front vehicle disappears, Smart Cruise Control may suddenly accelerate to the set speed. Always be aware of unexpected and sudden situations from occurring.
- Vehicle speed may decrease on an upward slope and increase on a downward slope.

- Always be aware of situations such as when a vehicle cuts in suddenly.
- When you are towing a trailer or another vehicle, turn off Smart Cruise Control for safety reasons.
- Turn off Smart Cruise Control when your vehicle is being towed.
- Smart Cruise Control may not operate properly if interfered by strong electromagnetic waves.
- Smart Cruise Control may not detect an obstacle in front and lead to a collision. Always look ahead cautiously to prevent unexpected and sudden situations from occurring.
- Vehicles moving in front of you with a frequent lane change may cause a delay in Smart Cruise Control reaction or may cause Smart Cruise Control to react to a vehicle actually in an adjacent lane. Always drive cautiously to prevent unexpected and sudden situations from occurring.
- Always be aware of the surroundings and drive safely, even though a warning message does not appear or an audible warning does not sound.
- If any other system's warning message appears or warning sound is generated, Smart Cruise Control warning message may not be displayed and warning sound may not be generated.
- You may not hear the warning sound of Forward Collision-Avoidance Assist if the surrounding is noisy.
- The vehicle manufacturer is not responsible for any traffic violation or accidents caused by the driver.
- Always set the vehicle speed under the speed limit in your area.

i Information

- Smart Cruise Control may not operate for few seconds after the vehicle is started or the front view camera or front radar is initialized.
- You may hear a sound when the brake is controlled by Smart Cruise Control.

Smart Cruise Control malfunction and limitations Smart Cruise Control malfunction



OCN7070056L

When Smart Cruise Control is not working properly, the 'Check Smart Cruise Control system' (or 'Check SCC (Smart Cruise Control) system') warning message will appear, and the \(\triangle \) warning light will illuminate on the cluster. We recommend that you have the vehicle inspected by an authorized HYUNDAI dealer.

Smart Cruise Control disabled



B0349FU02

When the front radar cover or sensor is covered with snow, rain, or foreign material, it can reduce the detecting performance and temporarily limit or disable Smart Cruise Control.

If this occurs the 'Smart Cruise Control disabled. Radar blocked' (or 'SCC (Smart Cruise Control) disabled. Radar blocked' warning message will appear for a certain period of time on the cluster.

Smart Cruise Control will operate properly when snow, rain or foreign matter is removed.



WARNING

Even though the warning message does not appear on the cluster, Smart Cruise Control may not properly operate.



CAUTION

Smart Cruise Control may not properly operate in an area (for example, open terrain), where there is nothing to detect after turning ON the vehicle.

Limitations of the Smart Cruise

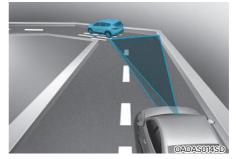
Smart Cruise Control may not operate properly, or it may operate unexpectedly under the following circumstances:

- The detecting sensor or the surroundings are contaminated or damaged
- Washer fluid is continuously sprayed, or the wiper is on
- The camera lens is contaminated due to tinted, filmed or coated windshield, damaged glass, or sticky of foreign material (sticker, bug, etc.) on the glass
- Moisture is not removed or frozen on the windshield
- The field of view of the front view camera is obstructed by sun glare
- Street light or light from an oncoming vehicle is reflected on the wet road surface, such as a puddle on the road
- The temperature around the front view camera is high or low
- An object is placed on the dashboard
- The surrounding is very bright
- The surrounding is very dark, such as in a tunnel, etc.
- The brightness changes suddenly, for example when entering or exiting a tunnel
- The brightness outside is low, and the headlights are not on or are not bright
- Driving in heavy rain or snow, or thick fog
- Driving through steam, smoke or shadow

- Only part of the vehicle is detected
- The vehicle in front has no tail lights, tail lights are located unusually, etc.
- The brightness outside is low, and the tail lamps are not on or are not bright
- The rear of the front vehicle is small or does not look normal (for example, tilted, overturned, etc.)
- The front vehicle's ground clearance is low or high
- · A vehicle suddenly cuts in front
- · Your vehicle is being towed
- · Driving through a tunnel or iron bridge
- Driving near areas containing metal substances, such as a construction zone, railroad, etc.
- A material is near that reflects very well on the front radar, such as a guardrail, nearby vehicle, etc.
- The bumper around the front radar is impacted, damaged or the front radar is out of position
- The temperature around the front radar is high or low
- Driving in vast areas where there are few vehicles or structures (for example, desert, meadow, suburb, etc.)
- The vehicle in front is made of material that does not reflect on the front radar
- Driving near a highway (or motorway) interchange or tollgate
- Driving on a slippery surface due to snow, water puddle, ice, etc.

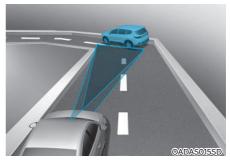
- · Driving on a curved road
- · The vehicle in front is detected late
- The vehicle in front is suddenly blocked by a obstacle
- The vehicle in front suddenly changes lane or suddenly reduces speed
- The vehicle in front is bent out of shape
- The front vehicle's speed is fast or slow
- With a vehicle in front, your vehicle changes lane at low speed
- The vehicle in front is covered with snow
- · Unstable driving
- You are on a roundabout and the vehicle in front is not detected
- You are continuously driving in a circle
- · Driving in a parking lot
- Driving through a construction area, unpaved road, partial paved road, uneven road, speed bumps, etc.
- Driving on an incline road, curved road, etc.
- Driving through a roadside with trees or streetlights
- The adverse road conditions cause excessive vehicle vibrations while driving
- Your vehicle height is low or high due to heavy loads, abnormal tire pressure, etc.
- Driving through a narrow road where trees or grass are overgrown
- There is interference by electromagnetic waves, such as driving in an area with strong radio waves or electrical noise

Driving on a curved road



On curves, Smart Cruise Control may not detect a vehicle in the same lane, and may accelerate to the set speed. Also, vehicle speed may rapidly decrease when the vehicle ahead is detected suddenly.

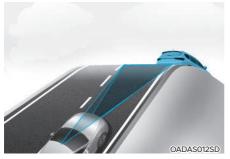
Select the appropriate set speed on curves and apply the brake pedal or accelerator pedal according to the road and driving conditions ahead.



Your vehicle speed can be reduced due to a vehicle in the adjacent lane.

Apply the accelerator pedal and select the appropriate set speed. Check to be sure that the road conditions permit safe operation of the Smart Cruise Control.

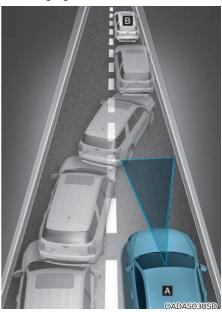
· Driving on an inclined road



During uphill or downhill driving, the Smart Cruise Control may not detect a moving vehicle in your lane, and cause your vehicle to accelerate to the set speed. Also, vehicle speed will rapidly decrease when the vehicle ahead is detected suddenly.

Select the appropriate set speed on inclines and apply the brake pedal or accelerator pedal according to the road and driving conditions ahead.

Changing lanes

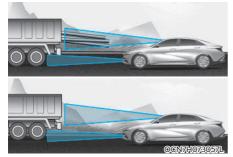


[A]: Your vehicle, [B]: Lane changing vehicle

When a vehicle moves into your lane from an adjacent lane, it cannot be detected by the sensor until it is in the sensor's detection range. Smart Cruise Control may not immediately detect the vehicle when the vehicle changes lanes abruptly. In this case, you must maintain a safe braking distance, and if necessary, depress the brake pedal to reduce your driving speed in order to maintain a safe distance.

Situations when detecting are limited





In the following cases, some vehicles in your lane cannot be detected by the sensor:

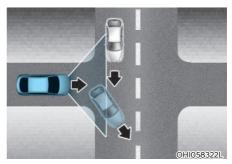
- Vehicles offset to one side
- Slow-moving vehicles or suddendecelerating vehicles
- Oncoming vehicles
- Stopped vehicles
- Vehicles with small rear profile, such as trailers
- Narrow vehicles, such as motorcycles or bicycles
- Special vehicles
- Animals and pedestrians

Adjust your vehicle speed by depressing the brake pedal according to the road and driving conditions ahead.

In the following cases, the vehicle in front cannot be detected by the sensor:

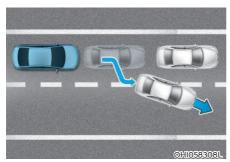
- Vehicles with higher ground clearance or vehicles carrying loads that stick out of the back of the vehicle
- Vehicles that has the front lifted due to heavy loads
- You are steering your vehicle
- Driving on narrow or sharply curved roads

Adjust your vehicle speed by depressing the brake pedal according to the road and driving conditions ahead.

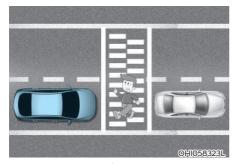


 When a vehicle ahead disappears at an intersection, your vehicle may accelerate.

Always pay attention to road and driving conditions while driving.



 When a vehicle in front of you merges out of the lane, Smart Cruise Control may not immediately detect the new vehicle that is now in front of you.
 Always pay attention to road and driving conditions while driving.



 Always look out for pedestrians when your vehicle is maintaining a distance with the vehicle ahead.

LANE FOLLOWING ASSIST (LFA) (IF EQUIPPED)

Lane Following Assist detects lane markings and/or a vehicle ahead on the road, and center your vehicle in the lane.

Detecting sensor



[1]: Front view camera

The front view camera is used as a detecting sensor to detect lane markings and front vehicles.

Refer to the illustration above for the detailed location of the detecting sensor.



For more details on the precautions of the front view camera, refer to "Forward Collision-Avoidance Assist (FCA)" section in chapter 7.

Lane Following Assist settings Warning Methods



OCN7073153L

The Warning Methods can be set with the vehicle on. Select User Settings > Driver Assistance > Warning Methods from the settings menu in the instrument cluster or Setup > Vehicle > Driver Assistance > Warning Methods from the settings menu in the infotainment system to change the following settings:

- Warning Volume: Adjusts the volume of the warning sound.
- Driving Safety Priority: Lowers all other audio volumes when the Driving Safety system sounds a warning.

i Information

- If you change the Warning Methods, it can be applied to each function of the driver assistance system. Please check and change it in each function.
- If the vehicle is restarted, Warning Methods will maintain the last setting.
- The setting menu may not exist based on vehicle specification.

Warning Methods (for Mexico and Israel)



OCN7H073064L

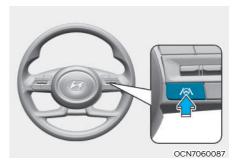
The Warning Methods can be set with the vehicle on. Select User Settings > Driver Assistance > Warning Methods from the settings menu in the instrument cluster or Setup > Vehicle > Driver Assistance > Warning Methods from the settings menu in the infotainment system to change the following settings:

- Warning Volume:
 Adjusts the volume of the warning sound. If you turn off the Warning Volume, for your safety, the function may warn you with a low volume.
- Driving Safety Priority:
 Lowers all other audio volumes when the Driving Safety system sounds a warning.

Information

- If you change the Warning Methods, it can be applied to each function of the driver assistance system. Please check and change it in each function.
- If the vehicle is restarted, Warning Methods will maintain the last setting.
- The setting menu may not exist based on vehicle specification.

Lane Following Assist operation Turning Lane Following Assist On/ Off



With the engine on, shortly press the Lane Driving Assist button located on the steering wheel to turn on Lane Following Assist. The grey or green ((A)) indicator light will illuminate on the cluster.

Press the button again to turn off the function.

Lane Following Assist



If the vehicle ahead and/or both lane markings are detected and your vehicle speed is below 200 km/h (120 mph), the green (ⓐ) indicator light illuminates on the cluster, and Lane Following Assist helps center the vehicle in the lane by assisting the steering wheel.



When the steering wheel is not assisted, the white (ⓐ) indicator light blinks and changes to grey.

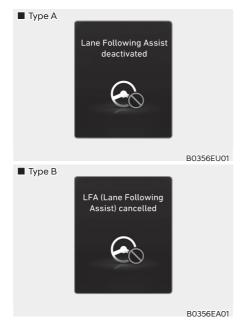
Hands-off warning



OCN7070035L

If the driver takes their hands off the steering wheel for several seconds, the 'Place hands on the steering wheel' (or 'Keep hands on the steering wheel') warning message will appear and an audible warning will sound in stages.

First stage: Warning message
Second stage: Warning message (red
steering wheel) and
audible warning



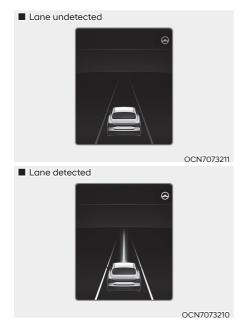
If the driver still does not have their hands on the steering wheel after the hands-off warning, the 'Lane Following Assist deactivated' (or 'LFA (Lane Following Assist) cancelled') warning message will appear and Lane Following Assist will be automatically cancelled.

MARNING

- Lane Following Assist does not operate at all times. It is the responsibility of the driver to safely steer the vehicle and to maintain the vehicle in its lane.
- The hands-off warning message may appear late depending on road conditions. Always have your hands on the steering wheel while driving.
- If the steering wheel is held very lightly the hands-off warning message may appear because Lane Following Assist may not recognize that the driver has their hands on the steering wheel.
- If you attach objects to the steering wheel, the hands-off warning may not work properly.

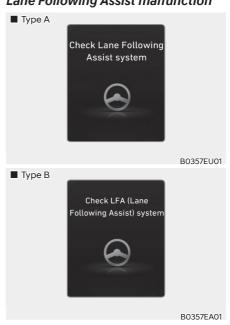
i Information

- For more details, refer to "Cluster display control" section in chapter 4.
- When both lane markings are detected, the lane lines on the cluster will change from grey to white.



- The images and colors in the cluster may differ depending on the cluster type or theme selected from the settings menu.
- If lane markings are not detected, steering wheel control by Lane Following Assist can be limited depending on whether a vehicle is in front or the driving conditions of the vehicle.
- Even though the steering is assisted by Lane Following Assist, the driver may control the steering wheel.
- The steering wheel may feel heavier or lighter when the steering wheel is assisted by Lane Following Assist than when it is not.

Lane Following Assist malfunction and limitations Lane Following Assist malfunction



When Lane Following Assist is not working properly, the 'Check Lane Following Assist (LFA) system' (or 'Check LFA (Lane Following Assist) system') warning message will appear on the instrument cluster for several seconds, and the master (A) warning light illuminates on the instrument cluster. If this occur, we recommend that you have the vehicle inspected by an authorized HYUNDAI dealer.



For more details on Lane Following Assist precautions, refer to "Lane Keeping Assist (LKA)" section in chapter 7.

Limitations of Lane Following Assist

For more details on function limitations, refer to "Lane Keeping Assist (LKA)" section in chapter 7.

REAR VIEW MONITOR (RVM) (IF EQUIPPED)

Rear View Monitor displays the area behind your vehicle to help with safe parking or driving.

i Information

If the display audio or the navigation of HYUNDAI genuine parts is applied, the description of the rear view monitor may differ from the owner's manual.

In this case, check the setup and operation method of the rear view monitor by accessing the web manual with the QR code in the separately supplied simple manual.

Detecting sensor



[A]: Wide-rear view camera

Refer to the illustration above for the detailed location of the detecting sensor.

Rear View Monitor settings Warning Methods



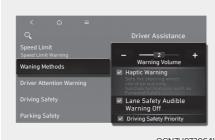
The Warning Methods can be set with the vehicle on. Select Setup > Vehicle > Driver Assistance > Warning Methods from the settings menu in the infotainment system to change the following settings:

 Parking Safety Priority: Lowers all other audio volumes when Rear View Monitor is active.

i Information

- If you change the Warning Methods, it can be applied to each function of the driver assistance system. Please check and change it in each function.
- If the vehicle is restarted, Warning Methods will maintain the last setting.
- The setting menu may not exist based on vehicle specification.

Warning Methods (for Mexico and Israel)



OCN7H073064L

The Warning Methods can be set with the vehicle on. Select Setup > Vehicle > Driver Assistance > Warning Methods from the settings menu in the infotainment system to change the following settings:

Parking Safety Priority: Lowers all other audio volumes when Rear View Monitor is active.

Information

- If you change the Warning Methods, it can be applied to each function of the driver assistance system. Please check and change it in each function.
- If the vehicle is restarted, Warning Methods will maintain the last setting.
- The setting menu may not exist based on vehicle specification.

Camera settings



OCN7073186L

You can change Rear View Monitor 'Display Contents' by touching the setup icon (🚳) on the screen while Rear View Monitor is operating, or selecting Driver Assistance > Parking Safety > Camera Settings from the Settings menu while the engine is on.

Extended Rear View Monitor

Keeps displaying the rear view when shifting from R (Reverse) to N (Neutral) or D (Drive). When exceeding a certain speed, the rear view stops displaying.

Rear View Parking Guide Lines

If 'Rear View Parking Lines (Rear view reference lines)' is selected, the rear view parking guide lines and rear top view guide lines will be displayed at the left side of the infotainment system screen.

i Information

- The horizontal guideline of the Rear View Parking Guidance shows the distance of 0.5 m (1.6 ft.), 1 m (3.3 ft.) and 2.3 m (7.6 ft.) from the vehicle.
- The horizontal guideline of the Rear Top View Parking Guidance shows the distance of 0.5 m (1.6 ft.) and 1.5 m (4.9 ft.) from the vehicle.

Rear View Monitor operation Parking/View button



Press the Parking/View button (1) while the gear is in P (Park) to turn on Rear View Monitor.

Rear view



Operating conditions

- Shift the gear to R (Reverse), the rear view will appear on the screen.
- Press the Parking/View button (1)
 while the gear is in P (Park), the rear
 view will appear on the screen.
- Touch the ((a)), the rear view will appear on the screen the infotainment system button (2) is pressed.

Off conditions

- The rear view cannot be turned off when the gear is in R (Reverse).
- Press the Parking/View button (1)
 again while the gear is in P (Park) with
 the rear view on the screen, the rear
 view will turn off.
- Shift the gear from R (Reverse) to P (Park), the rear view will turn off.

i Information

When the gear is in P (Park), the rear view does not turn off.

Rear top view



When you touch the (1) icon, the top view is displayed on the screen and shows the distance from the vehicle in the back of your vehicle while parking.

Extended Rear View Monitor

Extended Rear View Monitor function maintains showing the rear view when the gear is R (Reverse), N (Neutral) or D (Drive).

Operating conditions

The gear is in P (Park), N (Neutral) or D (Drive), and vehicle speed is 10 km/h (6 mph) or less.

Off conditions

- When vehicle speed is above 10 km/h (6 mph), the rear view will turn off.
- Shift the gear to P (Park), the rear view will turn off.
- Press the Parking/View button (1), the rear view will turn off.

Rear View while driving (except Mexico and Israel)



The driver is able to check the rear view on the screen while driving, it is to assist with backing up.

Operating conditions

Press the Parking/View button (1) while the gear is in D (Drive) or N (Neutral), the driving rear view will appear on the screen.

Off conditions

- Press the Parking/View button (1) again, the driving rear view will turn off.
- Press one of the infotainment system button (2), the driving rear view will turn off.
- Shift the gear to P (Park), the driving rear view will turn off.

When operating

If the gear is shifted to R (Reverse), while Driving rear view is displayed on the screen, the screen will change to rear view.

Rear View Monitor malfunction and limitations

Rear View Monitor malfunction

When Rear View Monitor is not working properly, or the screen flickers, or the camera image does not display properly, we recommend that you have the vehicle inspected by an authorized HYUNDAI dealer.

Limitations of Rear View Monitor

When the vehicle is stopped for a long time in winter or when the vehicle is parked in an indoor parking lot, the exhaust fumes may temporarily blur the image.



WARNING

- The rear view camera does not cover the complete area behind the vehicle. The driver should always check the rear area directly through the inside and outside rearview mirror before parking or backing up.
- The image shown on the screen may differ from the actual distance of the object. Make sure to directly check the vehicle's surroundings for safety.
- Always keep the rear view camera lens clean. If the lens is covered with foreign material, it may adversely affect camera performance and Rear View Monitor may not operate properly. However, do not use chemical solvents such as strong detergents containing high alkaline or volatile organic solvents (gasoline, acetone etc.). This may damage the camera lens.

SURROUND VIEW MONITOR (SVM) (IF EQUIPPED)

Surround View Monitor can assist in parking by allowing the driver to see around the vehicle.

Detecting sensor





- [1]: Wide-side view camera (Below the outside rearview mirror)
- [2]: Wide-side view camera (Below the outside rearview mirror)
- [3]: Wide-front view camera
- [4]: Wide-rear view camera

Refer to the illustration above for the detailed location of the detecting sensor.

Surround View Monitor settings *Warning Methods*



OCN7073184L

The Warning Methods can be set with the vehicle on. Select Setup > Vehicle > Driver Assistance > Warning Methods from the settings menu in the infotainment system to change the following settings:

 Parking Safety Priority: Lowers all other audio volumes when Surround View Monitor is active

i Information

- If you change the Warning Methods, it can be applied to each function of the driver assistance system. Please check and change it in each function.
- If the vehicle is restarted, Warning Methods will maintain the last setting.
- The setting menu may not exist based on vehicle specification.

Warning Methods (for Mexico and Israel)



OCN7H073064L

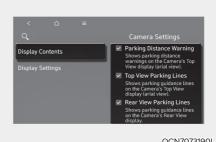
The Warning Methods can be set with the vehicle on. Select Setup > Vehicle > Driver Assistance > Warning Methods from the settings menu in the infotainment system to change the following settings:

Parking Safety Priority: Lowers all other audio volumes when Rear View Monitor is active.

Information

- If you change the Warning Methods, it can be applied to each function of the driver assistance system. Please check and change it in each function.
- If the vehicle is restarted, Warning Methods will maintain the last setting.
- The setting menu may not exist based on vehicle specification.

Camera settings



- OCN7073190L
- You can change Surround View Monitor 'Display Contents' or 'Display Settings' by touching the setup icon (on the screen while Surround View Monitor is operating, or selecting Driver Assistance > Parking Safety > Camera Settings from the Settings menu while the engine is on.
- In the Display Contents, you can change settings for 'Top View Parking Lines (Top view reference lines)', 'Rear View Parking Lines (Rear view reference lines)' and 'Parking Distance Warning'.

Parking distance warning

When the Parking Distance Warning is selected, parking distance warning appears on the right side of the Surround View Monitor screen.

Top View Parking Guidance

When the 'Top View Parking Lines (Top view reference lines)' is selected, parking guidance is displayed on the right side of the Surround View Monitor screen.



The horizontal guideline of the Rear Top View Parking Guidance shows the distance of 0.5 m (1.6 ft.) and 2 m (6.6 ft) from the vehicle.

Rear View Parking Guidance

When the 'Rear View Parking Lines (Rear view reference lines)' is selected, parking quidance is displayed in the rear view.

i Information

The horizontal guideline shows the distance of 0.5 m (1.6 ft.), 1 m (3.3 ft.) and 2.3 m (7.6 ft.).

Surround View Monitor Auto On

With the engine on, select Driver Assistance > Parking Safety > Surround View Monitor Auto On from the Settings menu to use the function.

i Information

For more information on Surround view monitor auto On, refer to Surround view monitor operation in this chapter.

Surround View Monitor operation

Parking/View button



Press the Parking/View button (1) to turn on Surround View Monitor.

Press the button again to turn off the function.

Front view



The front view appears on the screen when the gear is in N (Neutral) or D (Drive) to assist in parking.

You may select top view, front view, and side view using the change view button (2).

Operating conditions

- The gear is in N (Neutral) or D (Drive), and vehicle speed is 10 km/h (6 mph) or less.
- The Parking/View button (1) is pressed, while the gear is in N (Neutral) or D (Drive), and vehicle speed is 10 km/h (6 mph) or less.
- Surround View Monitor Auto On function is operated.
 - When Driver Assistance > Parking Safety > Surround View Monitor Auto On is selected from the Settings menu, the front view while parking appears.

i Information

When the front view is activated, the latest used view mode is displayed.

Off conditions

- The gear is shifted from N (Neutral) or D (Drive) to P (Park) or R (Reverse).
- The Parking/View button (1) or the Infotainment system button (3) is Pressed.
- Vehicle speed is above 10 km/h (6 mph).

i Information

Surround View Monitor may turn off when vehicle speed is above 10 km/h (6 mph). However, Surround View Monitor may not turn on again although vehicle speed drops below 10 km/h (6 mph).

Rear view

The rear view appears on the screen to assist in parking.

You may select top view, rear view, and side view using the change view button (2).

Operating conditions

- The gear is shifted to R (Reverse)
- The rear view is selected by pressing the change view button (2) after pressing the Parking/View button (1), while the gear is in P (Park), N (Neutral) or D (Drive), and vehicle speed is 10 km/h (6 mph) or less.

Off conditions

- The gear is shifted from R (Reverse) to P (Park).
- The Parking/View button (1) is pressed, while the gear is in P (Park).

i Information

When the gear is in R (Reverse), the rear view does not turn off even if the infotainment system button (3) is Pressed.

Rear View while driving (except Mexico and Israel)

The driver is able to check the rear view on the screen while driving, it is to assist with backing up.

Operating conditions

 The rear view is selected by pressing the change view button (2) after pressing the Parking/View button (1), while the gear is in N (Neutral) or D (Drive), and vehicle speed is above 10 km/h (6 mph).

You may select rear view or 3D view using the change view button (2).

Off conditions

- The gear is shifted to P (Park).
- The Parking/View button (1) or the Infotainment system button (3) is Pressed.

i Information

- When the Rear View while driving is activated, the latest used view mode is displayed.
- The Rear View Parking Lines does not operate on the rear view while driving.
- The rear view while driving does not turn off even when the vehicle speed is lower than 10 km/h (6 mph) once it is on.
- When the rear view while driving is on, the rear top view and rear side view are deactivated in all speed.

3D view

The 3D view shows the image around the vehicle from various angles.

You can change angles by tapping the screen. Press the 3D View button again to return to the initial angle.

Operating conditions

When the 3D view is selected by pressing the change view button (2):

- The gear is in P (Park), N (Neutral) or D (Drive) when vehicle speed is below 10 km/h (6 mph).
- The Surround View Monitor is turned on when the gear is in R (Reverse).

Off conditions

When the gear is in P (Park), N (Neutral) or D (Drive):

- The gear is shifted to P (Park) from N (Neutral) or D (Drive).
- The Parking/View button (1) or the Infotainment system button (3) is Pressed.
- Vehicle speed is above 10 km/h (6 mph).

When the gear is in R (Reverse):

The gear is shifted to P (Park)

i Information

3D view does not display guidelines.

Surround View Monitor malfunction and limitations

Surround View Monitor malfunction

When Surround View Monitor is not working properly, or the screen flickers, or the camera image does not display properly, we recommend that you have the vehicle inspected by an authorized HYUNDAI dealer.

Limitations of Surround View Monitor

- When the vehicle is stopped for a long time in winter or when the vehicle is parked in an indoor parking lot, the exhaust fumes may temporarily blur the image.
- The screen may be displayed abnormally, and an icon will appear at the top left side of the screen under the following circumstances:
 - The trunk is opened
 - The driver or front passenger door is opened
 - The outside rearview mirror is folded

À۱

WARNING

- ALWAYS look around your vehicle to make sure there are no objects or obstacles before moving the vehicle. What you see on the screen may differ from the actual vehicle's location.
- The image shown on the screen may differ from the actual distance of the object. Make sure to directly check the vehicle's surroundings for safety.
- Surround View Monitor is designed to be used on a flat surface.
 Therefore, if used on roads with different heights such as curbs and speed bumps, the image in the screen my not look correct.
- Always keep the camera lens clean.
 If the lens is covered with foreign material,
 it may adversely affect camera performance and Surround View Monitor may not operate properly.
 However, do not use chemical solvents such as strong detergents containing high alkaline or volatile organic solvents (gasoline, acetone, etc.). This may damage the camera lens.

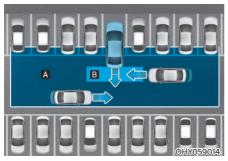


Information

Surround View Monitor uses the cameras installed on the vehicle to show images around the vehicle through the infotainment system screen. The image shown on the screen may look unnatural depending on the surroundings.

REAR CROSS-TRAFFIC COLLISION-AVOIDANCE ASSIST (RCCA) (IF EQUIPPED)

Rear Cross-Traffic Collision-Avoidance Assist detects vehicles approaching from the rear left or right while your vehicle is reversing and warns you of a possible collision with a warning message and a warning sound. Also, Rear Cross-Traffic Collision-Avoidance Assist may assist with braking your vehicle to help avoid a collision.



- [A]: Rear Cross-Traffic Collision Warning operating range.
- [B]: Rear Cross-Traffic Collision-Avoidance Assist operating range



The time of warning may vary depending on the speed of the approaching vehicle.

Detecting sensor



[1]: Rear corner radar

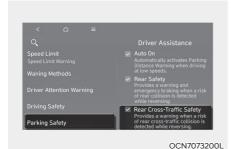
Refer to the illustration above for the detailed location of the detecting sensors.



For more details on the precautions of the rear corner radar, refer to "Blind-Spot Collision-Avoidance Assist (BCA)" section in chapter 7.

Rear Cross-Traffic Collision-**Avoidance Assist settings**

Rear Cross-Traffic Safety



With the engine on, select User settings > Driver Assistance > Parking Safety > Rear Cross-Traffic Safety from the settings menu in the instrument cluster or Settings > Vehicle > Parking Safety > Rear Cross-Traffic Safety from the settings menu in the infotainment system to turn on Rear Cross-Traffic Collision-Avoidance Assist and deselect to turn off the function.

WARNING

When the engine is restarted, Rear Cross-Traffic Collision-Avoidance Assist will always turn on. However, if 'Off' is selected after the engine is restarted. the driver should always be aware of the surroundings and drive safely.

Warning Methods



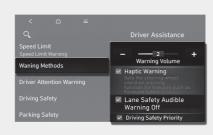
The Warning Methods can be set with the vehicle on. Select User Settings > Driver Assistance > Warning Methods from the settings menu in the instrument cluster or Setup > Vehicle > Driver Assistance > Warning Methods from the settings menu in the infotainment system to change the following settings:

Warning Volume: Adjusts the volume of the warning sound.

Information

- If you change the Warning Methods, it can be applied to each function of the driver assistance system. Please check and change it in each function.
- If the vehicle is restarted, Warning Methods will maintain the last setting.
- The setting menu may not exist based on vehicle specification

Warning Methods (for Mexico and Israel)



OCN7H073064L

The Warning Methods can be set with the vehicle on. Select User Settings > Driver Assistance > Warning Methods from the settings menu in the instrument cluster or Setup > Vehicle > Driver Assistance > Warning Methods from the settings menu in the infotainment system to change the following settings:

- Warning Volume: Adjusts the volume of the warning sound. If you turn off the Warning Volume, for your safety, the function may warn you with a low volume.
- Haptic Warning: Activate the steering wheel vibration warning.

i Information

- If you change the Warning Methods, it can be applied to each function of the driver assistance system. Please check and change it in each function.
- If the vehicle is restarted, Warning Methods will maintain the last setting.
- The setting menu may not exist based on vehicle specification.
- The Warning Volume and Haptic Warning cannot be turned off at the same time. When one of the warning is turned off the other is activated.

Rear Cross-Traffic Collision-Avoidance Assist operation

Rear Cross-Traffic Collision-Avoidance Assist will warn and control the vehicle depending on collision level: 'Collision Warning', 'Emergency Braking' and 'Stopping vehicle and ending brake control'.

Collision Warning







- To warn the driver of an approaching vehicle from the rear left/right side of your vehicle, the warning light on the outside rearview mirror will blink and a warning will appear on the cluster. At the same time, an audible warning will sound. If the Rear View Monitor is operating, a warning will also appear on the infotainment system screen.
- Rear Cross-Traffic Collision-Avoidance Assist will operate when all the following conditions are satisfied:
 - The gear is shifted to R (Reverse)
 - Vehicle speed is below 8 km/h (5 mph)
 - The approaching vehicle is within approximately 25 m (82 ft.) from the left and right side of your vehicle
 - The speed of the vehicle approaching from the left and right is above 5 km/h (3 mph)

i Information

- If the operating conditions are satisfied, there will be a warning whenever the vehicle approaches from the left or right side even though your vehicle speed is 0 km/h (0 mph).
- The images and colors in the cluster may differ depending on the cluster type or theme selected from the cluster.

Emergency Braking







- To warn the driver of an approaching
 To warn the driver of an approaching
 vehicle from the rear left/right side
 of your vehicle, the warning light on
 the outside rearview mirror will blink
 and a warning message will appear
 on the cluster. At the same time, an
 audible warning will sound. If the Rear
 View Monitor is operating, a warning
 will also appear on the infotainment
 system screen.
- Rear Cross-Traffic Collision-Avoidance Assist will operate when all the following conditions are satisfied:
 - The gear is shifted to R (Reverse)
 - Vehicle speed is below 8 km/h (5 mph)
 - The approaching vehicle is within approximately 1.5 m (5 ft.) from the left and right side of your vehicle
 - The speed of the vehicle approaching from the left and right is above 5 km/h (3 mph)
- Emergency braking will be assisted to help prevent collision with approaching vehicles from the left and right.

! WARNING

Brake control will end when:

- The approaching vehicle is out of the detecting range
- The approaching vehicle passes behind your vehicle
- The approaching vehicle does not drive toward your vehicle
- The approaching vehicle speed slows down
- The driver depresses the brake pedal with sufficient power

Stopping vehicle and ending brake control



- When the vehicle is stopped due to emergency braking, the 'Drive carefully' warning message will appear on the cluster.
- For your safety, the driver should depress the brake pedal immediately and check the surroundings.
- Brake control will end after the vehicle is stopped by emergency braking for approximately 2 seconds.
- During emergency braking, braking control by Rear Cross-Traffic Collision-Avoidance Assist will automatically cancel when the driver excessively depresses the brake pedal.

MARNING

Take the following precautions when using Rear Cross-Traffic Collision-Avoidance Assist:

- For your safety, change the Settings after parking the vehicle at a safe location.
- If any other system's warning message is displayed or audible warning is generated, Rear Cross-Traffic Collision-Avoidance Assist's warning message may not be displayed and audible warning may not be generated.
- You may not hear the warning sound of Rear Cross-Traffic Collision-Avoidance Assist if the surrounding is noisy.
- Rear Cross-Traffic Collision-Avoidance Assist may not operate if the driver applies the brake pedal to avoid collision.
- During Rear Cross-Traffic Collision-Avoidance Assist operation, the vehicle may stop suddenly injuring passengers and shifting loose objects. Always have the seat belt on and keep loose objects secured.
- Even if there is a problem with Rear Cross-Traffic Collision-Avoidance Assist, the vehicle's basic braking will function normally.

- When Rear Cross-Traffic Collision-Avoidance Assist is operating, braking control by the system will automatically cancel when the driver excessively depresses the accelerator pedal.
- Rear Cross-Traffic Collision-Avoidance Assist does not operate in all situations or cannot avoid all collisions.
- During emergency braking, braking control by Rear Cross-Traffic Collision-Avoidance Assist will automatically cancel when the driver excessively depresses the accelerator pedal.
- The driver has the responsibility to control the vehicle. Do not solely depend on Rear Cross-Traffic Collision-Avoidance Assist. Rather, maintain a safe braking distance, and if necessary, depress the brake pedal to reduce driving speed or to stop the vehicle.
- Never deliberately operate Rear Cross-Traffic Collision-Avoidance Assist on people, animal, objects, etc. It may cause serious injury or death.



! CAUTION

The brake control may not operate properly depending on the status of ESC (Electronic Stability Control).

There will only be a warning when:

- The ESC (Electronic Stability Control) warning light is on
- **ESC (Electronic Stability Control) is** engaged in a different function



Information

If the braking is assisted by Rear Cross-Traffic Collision-Avoidance Assist, the driver must immediately depress the brake pedal and check vehicle surroundings.

- Brake control will end when the driver depresses the brake pedal with sufficient power.
- After shifting the gear to R (Reverse), braking control will operate once for left and right vehicle approach.

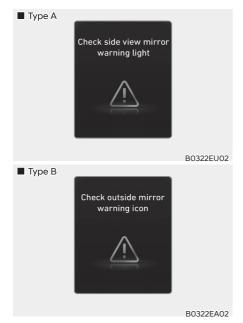
Rear Cross-Traffic Collision-Avoidance Assist malfunction and limitations

Rear Cross-Traffic Collision-Avoidance Assist malfunction



B0373EU01

When Rear Cross-Traffic Collision-Avoidance Assist is not working properly, the 'Check Rear Cross-Traffic Safety system' warning message will appear on the instrument cluster for several seconds, and the master <u>(</u>) warning light will illuminate on the instrument cluster. If this occur, we recommend that the vehicle be inspected by an authorized HYUNDAI dealer.



When the outside rearview mirror warning light is not working properly, the 'Check outside mirror warning icon' warning message will appear on the instrument cluster for several seconds, and the master \(\frac{\lambda}{\text{ warning light will}} \) illuminate on the instrument cluster. If this occurs, we recommend that you have the vehicle inspected by an authorized HYUNDAI dealer.

Rear Cross-Traffic Collision-Avoidance Assist disabled



B0373EU02

When the rear bumper around the rearside radar or sensor is covered with foreign material, such as snow or rain, or installing a trailer or carrier, it can reduce the detecting performance and temporarily limit or disable Rear Cross-Traffic Collision-Avoidance Assist.

If this occurs, the 'Rear Cross-Traffic Safety function disabled. Radar blocked' warning message will appear on the cluster.

Rear Cross-Traffic Collision-Avoidance Assist will operate properly when such foreign material or trailer, etc., is removed.

If Rear Cross-Traffic Collision-Avoidance Assist does not operate properly after it is removed, we recommend that you have the vehicle inspected by an authorized HYUNDAI dealer.

! WARNING

- Even though the warning message does not appear on the cluster. Rear **Cross-Traffic Collision-Avoidance** Assist may not operate properly.
- Rear Cross-Traffic Collision-Avoidance Assist may not operate properly in an area (for example: open terrain), where any objects are not detected after turning ON the engine.



CAUTION

Turn off Rear Cross-Traffic Collision-Avoidance Assist to install or remove a trailer, carrier, or another attachment. Turn on Rear Cross-Traffic Collision-Avoidance Assist when finished.

Limitations of the Rear Cross-Traffic Collision-Avoidance Assist

Rear Cross-Traffic Collision-Avoidance Assist may not operate properly, or it may operate unexpectedly under the following circumstances:

- Departing from where trees or grass are overgrown
- Departing from where roads are wet
- Speed of the approaching vehicle is fast or slow

Braking control may not work, driver's attention is required in the following circumstances:

- · The vehicle severely vibrates while driving over a bumpy road, uneven road or concrete patch
- Driving on a slippery surface due to snow, water puddle, ice, etc.
- The tire pressure is low or a tire is damaged
- · The brake is reworked
- Remote Smart Parking Assist is operating (if equipped)



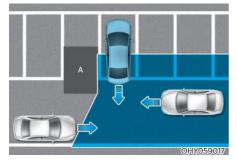
CAUTION

For more details on the limitations of the rear corner radar, refer to "Blind-Spot Collision-Avoidance Assist (BCA)" section in chapter 7.



WARNING

· Driving near a vehicle or structure

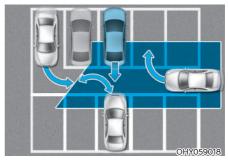


[A]: Structure

Rear Cross-Traffic Collision-Avoidance Assist may be limited when driving near a vehicle or structure, and may not detect the vehicle approaching from the left or right. If this occurs, the function may not warn the driver or control the brakes when necessary.

Always check your surroundings while backing up.

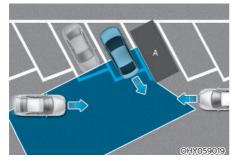
 When the vehicle is in a complex parking environment



Rear Cross-Traffic Collision-Avoidance Assist may detect vehicles which are parking or pulling out near your vehicle (for example: a vehicle leaving beside your vehicle, a vehicle parking or pulling out in the rear area, a vehicle approaching your vehicle making a turn, etc.). If this occurs, the function may unnecessarily warn the driver and control the brake.

Always check your surroundings while backing up.

When the vehicle is parked diagonally

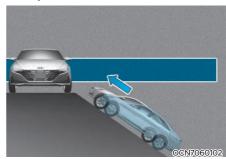


[A]: Vehicle

Rear Cross-Traffic Collision-Avoidance Assist may be limited when backing up diagonally, and may not detect the vehicle approaching from the left or right. If this occurs, the function may not warn the driver or control the brakes when necessary.

Always check your surroundings while backing up.

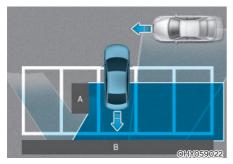
 When the vehicle is on or near a slope



Rear Cross-Traffic Collision-Avoidance Assist may be limited when the vehicle is on a uphill or downhill slope, or near it, and may not detect the vehicle approaching from the left or right. If this occurs, the function may not warn the driver or control the brakes when necessary.

Always check your surroundings while backing up.

 Pulling into the parking space where there is a structure

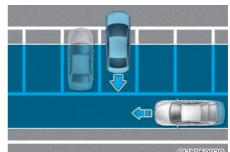


[A]: Structure, [B]: Wall

Rear Cross-Traffic Collision-Avoidance Assist may detect vehicles passing by in front of you when parking backwards into a parking space with a wall or structure in the rear or side area. If this occurs, the function may unnecessarily warn the driver and control the brake.

Always check your surroundings while backing up.

When the vehicle is parked rearward



Rear Cross-Traffic Collision-Avoidance Assist may detect vehicles passing by behind you when parking backwards into a parking space. If this occurs, the function may unnecessarily warn the driver and control the brake.

Always check your surroundings while backing up.

⚠ WARNING

- When you are towing a trailer or another vehicle, we recommend that Rear Cross-Traffic Collision-Avoidance Assist is turned off due to safety reasons.
- Rear Cross-Traffic Collision-Avoidance Assist may not operate properly if interfered by strong electromagnetic waves.
- Rear Cross-Traffic Collision-Avoidance Assist may not operate for 15 seconds after the vehicle is started, or the rear corner radars are initialized.

FORWARD/REVERSE PARKING DISTANCE WARNING (PDW) (IF EQUIPPED)

Forward/Reverse Parking Distance Warning (PDW) (if equipped) Forward/Reverse Parking Distance Warning uses the front and rear ultrasonic sensors to detect and warns you if a person, animal, or object is within a certain distance when your vehicle is stopped or driving at low speed.

Detecting sensor





- [1]: Front ultrasonic sensors
- [2]: Rear ultrasonic sensors

Refer to the illustration above for the detailed location of the detecting sensors.

Forward/Reverse Parking Distance Warning settings Warning Methods



OCN7073199L

The Warning Methods can be set with the vehicle on. Select User Settings > Driver Assistance > Warning Methods from the settings menu in the instrument cluster or Setup > Vehicle > Driver Assistance > Warning Methods from the settings menu in the infotainment system to change the following settings:

• Warning Volume: Adjusts the volume of the warning sound.

i Information

- If you change the Warning Methods, it can be applied to each function of the driver assistance system. Please check and change it in each function.
- If the vehicle is restarted, Warning Methods will maintain the last setting.
- The setting menu may not exist based on vehicle specification.

Warning Methods (for Mexico and Israel)



OCN7H073064L

The Warning Methods can be set with the vehicle on. Select User Settings > Driver Assistance > Warning Methods from the settings menu in the instrument cluster or Setup > Vehicle > Driver Assistance > Warning Methods from the settings menu in the infotainment system to change the following settings:

 Warning Volume: Adjusts the volume of the warning sound. If you turn off the Warning Volume, for your safety, the function may warn you with a low volume.

i Information

- If you change the Warning Methods, it can be applied to each function of the driver assistance system. Please check and change it in each function.
- If the vehicle is restarted, Warning Methods will maintain the last setting.
- The setting menu may not exist based on vehicle specification.

Forward/Reverse Parking Distance Warning operation Parking Safety button



Press the Parking Safety (P) button to turn on Forward/Reverse Parking Distance Warning. Press the button again to turn off the function.

 When the gear is shift to R (Reverse), Parking Distance Warning automatically turns on (Parking Safety button indicator on).

Forward Parking Distance Warning

Forward Parking Distance Warning operates when one of the condition is satisfied.

- The gear is shifted from R (Reverse) to D (Drive) with Reverse Parking Distance Warning on.
- The gear is in D (Drive) and the Parking Safety button indicator light is on.
- 'Parking Distance Warning Auto On' is selected from the Settings menu and the gear is in D (Drive).

i Information

- Forward Parking Distance Warning operates only when the vehicle's forward speed is below 10 km/h (6 mph).
- When the gear is shifted to R (Reverse), Forward Parking Distance Warning does not warn about objects detected near the front inside area, and only warns about objects detected near the front outside area within 60 cm (24 in.).
- Forward Parking Distance Warning is deactivated if the vehicle speed reaches above 30 km/h (18 mph). It will not reactivate although the vehicle speed drops below 10 km/h (6 mph). (Only when Parking Warning Auto On is not selected)

| Distance from object | Warning indicator | Warning sound |
|-----------------------------|----------------------|-----------------------------|
| 60-100 cm (24-40 in.) | Ĩ | Buzzer beeps intermittently |
| 30-60 cm (24-40 in.) | Î | Beeps more frequently |
| within 30 cm (12 in.) | Î | Beeps continuously |

- The corresponding indicator illuminates whenever each ultrasonic sensor detects a person or object in its sensing range. Also an audible warning sounds.
- When more than two objects are detected at the same time, the closest one is warned with an audible warning.
- The shape of the indicator in the illustration may differ from the actual vehicle.

Reverse Parking Distance Warning

Reverse Parking Distance Warning operates under the following conditions.

• The gear is shifted to R (Reverse).

i Information

Reverse Parking Distance Warning operates when the vehicle's reverse speed is below 10 km/h (6 mph).

| Distance from object | Warning indicator | Warning sound |
|-----------------------------|----------------------|-----------------------------|
| 60-120 cm (24-48 in.) | | Buzzer beeps intermittently |
| 30-60 cm (12-24 in.) | | Beeps more frequently |
| within 30 cm (12 in.) | | Beeps continuously |

- The corresponding indicator illuminates whenever each ultrasonic sensor detects a person or object in its sensing range. Also an audible warning sounds.
- When more than two objects are detected at the same time, the closest one is warned with an audible warning.
- The shape of the indicator in the illustration may differ from the actual vehicle.

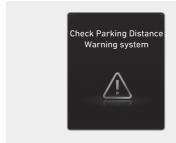
Forward/Reverse Parking Distance Warning malfunction and precautions

Forward/Reverse Parking Distance Warning malfunction

After starting the vehicle, a beep may sound when the gear is shifted to R (Reverse) to indicate Parking Distance Warning is operating properly.

However, if one or more of the following occurs, first check whether the ultrasonic senior is damaged or whether Forward/Reverse Parking Distance Warning is in a non-operating condition. If it still does not work properly, we recommend that you have the vehicle inspected by an authorized HYUNDAI dealer.

- The audible warning does not sound.
- The buzzer sounds intermittently.
- The 'Parking sensor error or blockage' warning message appears on the cluster.



B0377EU01

Parking Distance Warning disabled



B0377EU03

If this occurs the 'Driver assistance system limited. Ultrasonic sensor blocked' warning message appears on the instrument cluster. Parking Distance Warning operates properly when snow, rain or foreign material is removed.

If Parking Distance Warning does not operate properly after obstruction (snow, rain, or foreign material) is removed (including trailer, carrier, etc., from the rear bumper), we recommend that your vehicle be inspected by an authorized HYUNDAI dealer.

Forward/Reverse Parking Distance Warning precautions

- Parking Distance Warning may not operate properly when:
 - Moisture is frozen to the sensor
 - Sensor is covered with substance, such as snow or water (Forward/ Reverse Parking Distance Warning operates properly when such substance is removed.)
 - The weather is extremely hot or cold
 - The sensor or sensor assembly is disassembled
 - The surface of the sensor is pressed hard or hit with a hard object
 - The surface of the sensor is scratched with a sharp object
 - The sensors or its surrounding area is directly sprayed with high pressure washer
- Parking Distance Warning may malfunction when:
 - Heavy rain or water spray is present
 - Water flows on the surface of the sensor
 - Affected by another vehicle's sensors
 - The sensor is covered with snow or ice
 - Driving on uneven road, gravel roads or bushes
 - Objects that generates ultrasonic waves are near the sensor
 - License plate is installed in a different spot from the original location
 - The vehicle bumper height or ultrasonic sensor installation has been modified
 - Attaching equipment or accessories next to the ultrasonic sensors

- The following objects may not be detected:
 - Sharp or slim objects, such as ropes, chains or small poles.
 - Narrow objects, such as corners of a square column
 - Objects, which tend to absorb sensor frequency, such as clothes, spongy material or snow.
 - Objects smaller than 100 cm (40 in.) in length and narrower than 14 cm (6 in.) in diameter.
 - Pedestrians, animals or objects that are very close to the ultrasonic sensors

MARNING

- Parking Distance Warning is a supplemental function. The operation of Parking Distance Warning can be affected by several factors (including environmental conditions). It is the responsibility of the driver to always check the front and rear views before and while parking.
- Your new vehicle warranty does not cover any accidents or damage to the vehicle due to the malfunction of Parking Distance Warning.
- Pay close attention when driving near objects, pedestrians, and especially children. Some objects may not be detected by the ultrasonic sensors, due to the objects distance, size or material, all of which can limit the effectiveness of the sensor.
- Parking Distance Warning does not warn you in the order of detection. It varies depending on the speed of the vehicle or the shape of a person, animal, or object.
- If the Parking Distance Warning does not operate properly, we recommend that your vehicle be inspected by an authorized HYUNDAI dealer.

REVERSE PARKING COLLISION-AVOIDANCE ASSIST (PCA) (IF EQUIPPED)

Reverse Parking Collision-Avoidance Assist detects pedestrians or objects behind the vehicle and may warn you or assist you with braking to help avoid a collision while your vehicle is reversing.

Detecting sensor





[1]: Wide-rear view camera [2]: Rear ultrasonic sensors

Refer to the illustration above for the detailed location of the detecting sensors.

Reverse Parking Collision-Avoidance Assist settings Warning Methods



OCN7073199L

The Warning Methods can be set with the vehicle on. Select User Settings > Driver Assistance > Warning Methods from the settings menu in the instrument cluster or Setup > Vehicle > Driver Assistance > Warning Methods from the settings menu in the infotainment system to change the following settings:

• Warning Volume: Adjusts the volume of the warning sound.

i Information

- If you change the Warning Methods, it can be applied to each function of the driver assistance system. Please check and change it in each function.
- If the vehicle is restarted, Warning Methods will maintain the last setting.
- The setting menu may not exist based on vehicle specification.

Warning Methods (for Mexico and Israel)



OCN7H073064L

The Warning Methods can be set with the vehicle on. Select User Settings > Driver Assistance > Warning Methods from the settings menu in the instrument cluster or Setup > Vehicle > Driver Assistance > Warning Methods from the settings menu in the infotainment system to change the following settings:

- Warning Volume: Adjusts the volume of the warning sound. If you turn off the Warning Volume, for your safety, the function may warn you with a low volume.
- Haptic Warning: Activate the steering wheel vibration warning.

i Information

- If you change the Warning Methods, it can be applied to each function of the driver assistance system. Please check and change it in each function.
- If the vehicle is restarted, Warning Methods will maintain the last setting.
- The setting menu may not exist based on vehicle specification.
- The Warning Volume and Haptic Warning cannot be turned off at the same time. When one of the warning is turned off the other is activated.

Parking Safety

With the engine on, select or deselect Driver Assistance > Parking Safety from the Settings menu to set whether to use each function.

 If 'Rear Safety' is selected, Parking Collision-Avoidance Assist will warn the driver and assist with braking when a collision with a pedestrian or an object is imminent from behind.

Reverse Parking Collision-Avoidance Assist operation

Turning Parking Collision Avoidance Assist On/Off



Press and hold the Parking Safety (P_M) button more than 2 seconds, to turn the Parking Collision-Avoidance Assist on or off.

Operating conditions

If Reverse Parking Collision-Avoidance Assist detects a risk of collision behind the vehicle with a pedestrian or an object, Reverse Parking Collision-Avoidance Assist warns the driver with an audible warning and warning message on the cluster. If Surround View Monitor is operating, a warning appears on the infotainment screen.

If collision is imminent, Reverse Parking Collision-Avoidance Assist assists you with braking.

Select 'Rear Safety' from the 'Parking Safety' menu of the infotainment system. Parking Collision-Avoidance Assist is enabled when the following conditions are satisfied:

- The trunk and door are closed The Electronic Parking Brake (EPB) is
- A trailer is not connected
- The gear is shifted to R (Reverse)
- Vehicle speed is below 10 km/h (6) mph) (detecting pedestrians)
- Vehicle speed is below 3 km/h (1.8) mph) (detecting objects)
- Parking Collision-Avoidance Assist components such as the rear view camera and the rear ultrasonic sensors are in normal conditions

When Reverse Parking Collision-Avoidance Assist activates, a line appears behind the vehicle image in the instrument cluster.



OCN7073197

Information

Reverse Parking Collision-Avoidance Assist operates only once after shifting the gear to R (Reverse). To reactivate Parking Collision-Avoidance Assist, shift the gear from another gear to R (Reverse).

Off conditions

If collision is imminent, Reverse Parking Collision-Avoidance Assist will assist you with braking. Braking assist is released after 5 minutes. Immediately depress the brake pedal and check vehicle surroundings. Braking assist is also released in the following conditions when:

- The gear is shifted to P (Park) or D (Drive)
- The brake pedal is depressed with sufficient power

Information

When Parking Collision-Avoidance Assist is activated while reversing, braking control will be released after 5 minutes and the parking brake will be engaged.

Reverse Parking Collision-Avoidance Assist malfunction and limitations

Reverse Parking Collision-Avoidance Assist malfunction



B0381EU01

When Reverse Parking Collision-Avoidance Assist or other related functions are not working properly, the 'Check Parking Collision-Avoidance Assist system' warning message will appear on the instrument cluster, and Reverse Parking Collision-Avoidance Assist will turn off automatically. We recommend that you have the vehicle inspected by an authorized HYUNDAI dealer.

Reverse Parking Collision-Avoidance Assist disabled



B0381EU02

Parking Collision-Avoidance Assist syst. Iimited. Ultrasonic sensor blocked

B0381EU03

The 'Parking Collision-Avoidance Assist system limited. Camera obscured' or 'Parking Collision-Avoidance Assist syst. limited. Ultrasonic sensor blocked' warning message will appear on the cluster if the following situations occur:

- The rear view camera or rear ultrasonic sensor(s) is covered with foreign material, such as snow or rain, etc
- There is inclement weather, such as heavy snow, heavy rain, etc.

If this occurs, Reverse Parking Collision-Avoidance Assist may turn off or may not operate properly. Check whether the rear view camera and rear ultrasonic sensors are clean.

Limitations of Reverse Parking Collision-Avoidance Assist

Reverse Parking Collision-Avoidance Assist may not assist braking or warn the driver even if there are pedestrians or objects under the following circumstances:

- · Problems with vehicle
 - Any non-factory equipment or accessory is installed
 - Your vehicle is unstable due to an accident or other causes
 - Bumper height or rear ultrasonic sensor installation has been modified
 - Wide-rear view camera(s) or ultrasonic sensor(s) is damaged
 - Wide-rear view camera(s) or the ultrasonic sensor(s) is stained with foreign material, such as snow, dirt, etc.
 - Wide-rear view camera(s) is obscured by a light source or by inclement weather, such as heavy rain, fog, snow, etc.

- · Problems with the surroundings
 - The surrounding is very bright or very dark
 - Outside temperature is very high or very low
 - The wind is either strong (above 20 km/h (12 mph)) or blowing perpendicular to the rear bumper
 - Objects generating excessive noise, such as vehicle horns, loud motorcycle vehicles or truck air brakes, are near your vehicle
 - An ultrasonic sensor with similar frequency is near your vehicle
 - The road is slippery or inclined
 - The image of the pedestrian in the front view camera is indistinguishable from the background
- · Problems with pedestrian or object
 - The pedestrians are difficult to detect
 - There is ground height difference between the vehicle and the pedestrian
 - The pedestrian is near the rear edge of the vehicle
 - The pedestrian is not standing upright
 - The pedestrian is either very short or very tall to detect
 - The pedestrian or cyclist is wearing clothing that easily blends into the background, making it difficult to detect
 - The pedestrian is wearing clothing that does not reflect ultrasonic waves well
 - Size, thickness, height, or shape of the object does not reflect ultrasonic waves well (for example, low object, narrow object, circular pillar, small pillar, corners of a square pillar, bush, curbs, carts, edge of a wall, etc.)

- The pedestrian or the object is moving
- The pedestrian or the object is very close to the rear of the vehicle
- There is a large object such as a wall is behind the pedestrian or the object
- The object is not located at the front or rear center of your vehicle
- The object is not parallel to the rear bumper
- The sensors cannot detect the pedestrians and objects
- Problems with driving condition
 - The driver drives the vehicle immediately after shifting to R (Reverse) or D (Drive)
 - The driver accelerates or circles the vehicle

⚠ WARNING

Take the following precautions when using Reverse Parking Collision-Avoidance Assist:

- Always exercise extreme caution while driving. The driver is responsible for braking and safe driving.
- Always pay attention to road and traffic conditions while driving, whether or not there is a warning.
- Always look around your vehicle to make sure there are no pedestrians or objects before moving the vehicle.
- The performance of Reverse Parking Collision-Avoidance Assist may vary under certain conditions. If vehicle speed is above 4 km/h (2 mph), Reverse Parking Collision-Avoidance Assist will provide collision avoidance assist only when pedestrians are detected. Always look around and pay attention when driving your vehicle.
- Reverse Parking Collision-Avoidance
 Assist may operate differently under
 certain conditions. If the vehicle
 moves forward and backward
 repeatedly, Reverse Parking
 Collision-Avoidance Assist may fail to
 assist braking or to warn the driver.
 Always pay attention when driving
 your vehicle.
- Some objects may not be detected by the rear ultrasonic sensors due to the objects distance, size or material, all of which can limit the effectiveness of the sensor.
- Reverse Parking Collision-Avoidance Assist may not operate properly or may operate unnecessarily depending on the road conditions and the surroundings.
- Do not solely rely on Parking Collision-Avoidance Assist. Doing so may lead to vehicle damage or injuries.

! CAUTION

- Noise may be heard when sudden braking occurs to avoid a collision.
- If any other warning sound such as the seat belt warning chime is already generated, Parking Collision-Avoidance Assist warning may not
- **Parking Collision-Avoidance Assist** may not work properly if the bumper has been damaged, replaced or repaired.
- Parking Collision-Avoidance Assist may not operate properly if interfered by strong electromagnetic waves.
- Playing the vehicle audio system at high volume may prevent passengers from hearing Parking Collision-Avoidance Assist warning sounds.
- **Turn off Parking Collision-Avoidance** Assist when towing a trailer. If towing and moving in reverse, **Parking Collision-Avoidance Assist** will activate as it detects the trailer.
- The brake control may not operate properly depending on the status of ESC (Electronic Stability Control).

There will only be a warning when:

- The ESC (Electronic Stability Control) warning light is on
- ESC (Electronic Stability Control) is engaged in a different function



! CAUTION

Take the following precautions to maintain optimal performance of the detecting sensors:

- Always keep the wide-rear view cameras and ultrasonic sensors clean.
- Do not use any cleanser containing acid or alkaline detergents when cleaning the camera lens. Use only a mild soap or neutral detergent, and rinse thoroughly with water.
- Do not spray the wide-rear view cameras or the rear ultrasonic sensors or their surrounding area directly with a high pressure washer. It may cause the wide angle cameras or the ultrasonic sensors to malfunction.
- Do not apply objects, such as a bumper sticker or a bumper guard, near the wide angle cameras or ultrasonic sensors or apply paint to the bumper. Doing so may adversely affect the performance of Parking Collision-Avoidance Assist.
- Never disassemble or apply impact on the wide angle cameras or the ultrasonic sensors components.
- Do not apply unnecessary force on the wide-rear view cameras or the ultrasonic sensors. Reverse Parking Collision-Avoidance Assist may not operate properly if the wide angle cameras or the ultrasonic sensor(s) is forcibly moved out of proper alignment. We recommend that you have the vehicle inspected by an authorized HYUNDAI dealer.

i Information

Reverse Parking Collision-Avoidance Assist can detect a pedestrian or an object when:

- A pedestrian is standing behind the vehicle
- A large obstacle, such as a vehicle, is parked in the rear center of your vehicle

DECLARATION OF CONFORMITY

The radio frequency components complies:

Front radar(if equipped)

■ For Israel

Ministry of Communication permit number: 51-71611

OANATEL233

■ For Europe and other Europe territories



Model: MRR-30

Hereby MRR-30 has been so constructed that it can be operated in at least one Member State without infringing applicable requirements of use of radio spectrum. (RED article 10.2)

Hereby, Mando Corp declares that the radio equipment type MRR-30 is in compliance with Directive 2014/53/EU.

The full text of the EU declaration of conformity is available at the following internet address:

https://www.mando.com/rnd/rnd04.jsp

OANATEL234

■ For Taiwan



CCAI19LP0500T9

(1) (1) 經型式認證合格之低功率射頻電機, 非經許可,公司、商號或使用者均不 得擅自變更頻率、加大功率或變更原設計之 特性及功能。

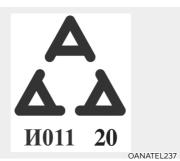
(2) 低功率射頻電機之使用不得影響飛航安全及 干擾合法通信;經發現有干擾 現象時,應立即停用, 並改善至無干擾時方得繼續使用。

前項合法通信,指依電信法規定作業之無線電通 信。

低功率射頻電機須忍受合法通信或工業、科學及醫療用電波輻射性電機設 備之干擾。

OANATEL143

■ For Serbia



■ For Morocco

Numéro d'agrément :MR 22027 ANRT 2019 Date d'agrément : 2020-01-09

OANATEL238

■ For Ukraine



UA RF: 3MAND3MR

26. Manufacturers should ensure that radio equipment is accompanied by instructions and safety information in accordance with the law on the use of languages.

Instructions should include the information necessary to use the radio equipment according to its purpose. Such information contains, in the presence of a description of the components and accessories, including software that allows the radio equipment to work for its intended purpose, such instructions and safety instructions, as well as any labeling, must be clear, understandable and legible.

An instruction for radio equipment intended to emit radio waves must additionally conta band (band) of radio frequencies, in which (in which) the radio equipment operates;

the maximum radiation power in the band (s) of radio frequencies, in which (in which) radio equipment is operating.

OANATEL239

■ For Moldova



■ For Oman

OMAN - TRA TRA/TA-R/8804/19 D182437

OANATEL240

■ For Untied Arab Emirates



DEALER No.: DA58500/16 REGISTERED No: ER77591/19 Model: MRR-30

OANATEL242

■ For Ghana

NCA Approved: SRO-1M-7E4-X19

OANATEL243

■ For Brazil



■ For Mexico

IFETEL: RCPMAMR20-0338

"La operación de este equipo está sujeta a las siguientes dos condiciones: (1) es posible que este equipo o dispositivo no cause interferencia perjudicial y (2) este equipo o dispositivo debe aceptar cualquier interferencia, incluyendo la que pueda causar su operación no deseada." and RCPMAMR20-0338

OANATEL244

OANATEL241

■ For Argentina



■ For Philippines



■ For Malaysia



■ For Paraguay



■ For Singapore



■ For Uzbekistan



■ For Russia



■ For Benin

Numero d'agrement: 070/ARCEP/SE/DAR/DJPC/2020 Date d'agrement: 18 MARS 2020:

OANATEL252

■ For Jordan

Model: MRR-30

OANATEL251

■ For Thailand



OANATEL254

Rear corner radar(if equipped)

■ For Taiwan

電信法第 48 條,低功率電波輻射性 電機管理辦法

第十二條

經型式認證合格之低功率射頻電機, 非經許可,公司、商號或使用者均不 得擅自變更頻率、加大功率或變更原 設計之特性及功能。

第十四條

低功率射頻電機之使用不得影響飛航 安全及干擾合法通信;經發現有干擾 現象時,應立即停用,並改善至無干 擾時方得繼續使用。

前項合法通信,指依電信法規定作業 之無線電通信。低功率射頻電機須忍 受合法通信或工業、科學及醫療用電 波輻射性電機設備之干擾。

OANATEL069

■ Thailand



เครื่องวิทยุคมนาคมนี้ ได้รับยกเว้น ไม่ต้องได้รับ ใบอนุญาตให้มี ใช้ซึ่งเครื่องวิทยุคมนาคม หรือตั้งสถานีวิทยุคมนาคมตามประกาศ กสทช. เรื่อง เครื่องวิทยุคมนาคม และสถานีวิทยุ คมนาคมที่ได้รับยกเว้นไม่ต้องได้รับใบอนุญาต วิทยุคมนาคม ตามพระราชบัญญัติวิทยุ คมนาคม พ.ศ. 2498



กลักษ์. โกรคมนาคม กำกับดูแลเพื่อประชาชน Call Center 1200 (โกรฟรี)

OANATEL11

■ For Indonesia



■ For Malaysia



■ For Singapore

Complies with IMDA Standards DA105282

OANATEL068

Europe

Trade mark or Trade name : Hyundai Mobis 203, Teheran-ro, Gangnam-gu, Seoul, 06141, Republic of Korea

Frequency : 76-77 GHz Max EIRP(Peak) :

Normal Resolution 28.17 dBm High Resolution : 29.18 dBm

The antenna(s) must be installed such that a minimum separation distance of at least 20 cm is maintained between the radiator (antenna) and all persons at all times. This device must not be co-located or operating in conjunction with any other antenna or transmitter.

Hereby, Hyundai Mobis Co.,Ltd declares that the radio equipment type MAR120 is in compliance with Directive 2014/53/EU.

The full text of the EU declaration of conformity is available at the following internet address: http://www.mo-bis.co.kr/upload/CE/MOBIS_MAR120_Radar_odf

■ For Ukraine



UARF: 3MOBSR120

Hyundai Mobis Co., ТОВ Гангнам-гу 203, Тегеран-ро Сеул 06141 Республіка Корея UNIT ASSY-RR CORNER RADAR MAR120 Частотний діапазон: 76 – 77

ГГц Потужність передаці: 28.17 дБм (макс.) EIRP, 29.18 дБм (макс.) EIRP

справжнім Hyundai Mobis
Со., ТОВ заявляе, що т и п
радіо обладнання MAR120
відповідає Технічном у
регламенту
радіо обладнання:
повний текст декларації
про відповідність
доступний на вебсайті
за такою адресою:

http://www.mobis.co.kr/upload/CE/M OBIS_MAR120_Radar.pdf

OANATEL071

■ Moldova



■ Jordan

Hyundai Mobis Co.,Ltd UNIT ASSY-RR CORNER RADAR MAR120

OANATEL080

Untied Arab Emirates



■ Ghana

NCA Approved: SRO-1M-7E4-X46

OANATEL072

■ Serbia and Montenegro



OANATEL083

Zambia



OANATEL075

■ Nigeria

Connection and use of this communications equipment is permitted by the Nigerian Communications Commission

OANATEL076

■ Morocco

AGREE PAR L'ANRT MAROC Numéro d'agrément : MR 22267 ANRT 2020 Date d'agrément : 06/03/2020

OANATEL077

■ Republic of South Africa



OANATEL081

■ Russia



Oman

Oman - TRA

D192564

TRA/TA-R/9146/20

OANATEL082

■ Israel



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HAZARD WARNING FLASHER



The hazard warning flasher serves as a warning to other drivers to exercise extreme caution when approaching, overtaking, or passing your vehicle.

It should be used whenever emergency repairs are being made or when the vehicle is stopped near the edge of a roadway.

To turn the hazard warning flasher on or off, press the hazard warning flasher button with the ignition switch in any position. The button is located in the center fascia panel. All turn signal lights will flash simultaneously.

- The hazard warning flasher operates whether your vehicle is running or not.
- The turn signals do not work when the hazard flasher is on.

IN CASE OF AN EMERGENCY WHILE DRIVING

If the engine stalls while driving

- Reduce your speed gradually, keeping a straight line. Move cautiously off the road to a safe place.
- Turn on your hazard warning flasher.
- Try to start the engine again. If your vehicle will not start, we recommend that you contact an authorized HYUNDAI dealer.

If the engine stalls at a crossroad or crossing

If the engine stalls at a crossroad or crossing, if safe to do so, move the shift button to the N (Neutral) position and then push the vehicle to a safe location.

If you have a flat tire while driving

If a tire goes flat while you are driving:

- Take your foot off the accelerator pedal and let the vehicle slow down while driving straight ahead. Do not apply the brakes immediately or attempt to pull off the road as this may cause loss of vehicle control resulting in an accident. When the vehicle has slowed to such a speed that it is safe to do so, brake carefully and pull off the road. Drive off the road as far as possible and park on firm, level ground. If you are on a divided highway, do not park in the median area between the two traffic lanes.
- When the vehicle is stopped, press the hazard warning flasher button, move the shift button to P (Park), apply the parking brake, and place the ignition switch in the LOCK/ OFF position.
- Have all passengers get out of the vehicle. Be sure they all get out on the side of the vehicle that is away from traffic.
- When changing a flat tire, follow the instructions provided later in this chapter.

IF THE ENGINE WILL NOT START

If the engine doesn't turn over or turns over slowly

- Be sure the shift lever is in N (Neutral) or P (Park) if it is automatic transmission/dual clutch transmission vehicle. The engine starts only when the shift lever is in N (Neutral) or P (Park).
- Check the battery connections to be sure they are clean and tight.
- Turn on the interior light. If the light dims or goes out when you operate the starter, the battery is drained.

Do not push or pull the vehicle to start it. This could cause damage to your vehicle. See instructions for "Jump Starting" provided in this chapter.



CAUTION

Push or pull starting the vehicle may cause the catalytic converter to overload which can lead to damage to the emission control system.

If the engine turns over normally but doesn't start

• Check the fuel level and add fuel if necessary.

If the engine still does not start, we recommend that you call an authorized HYUNDAI dealer for assistance.

IF THE 12 V BATTERY IS DISCHARGED

Before jump starting

This vehicle does not have a regular 12 V battery that needs periodic replacement. It is lithium ion type integrated into the HEV high voltage battery. The vehicle has a 12 V battery protection system that cuts 12 V battery from vehicle draw to prevent full discharge.

Using the 12 V battery reset switch



- 1. Press the 12 V Battery Reset switch to reconnect the 12 V battery.
- 2. Start the vehicle within 15 seconds of pressing the 12 V Battery Reset switch.
- 3. After starting the vehicle (☐ indicator on), operate the vehicle safely outdoors in ready mode stopped and/or drive it for 30 minutes total to charge the 12 V battery fully.

If you do not start the vehicle immediately after pressing the 12 V Battery Reset switch, the power of 12 V battery is automatically disconnected after few seconds to save the 12 V battery from additional discharge. If the 12 V battery is disconnected prior to starting the vehicle, press the 12 V Battery Reset switch again and then immediately start the vehicle as explained.

Repeated use of the 12 V Battery Reset switch without a sufficient engine ON cycle (30 Min+) may cause over discharge of the 12 V battery, which will prevent the vehicle from starting. If the 12 V battery is over discharged to a point that the reset does not work, try to jump-start the vehicle.

i Information

After starting the vehicle (indicator on), the 12 V battery is being charged whether the engine is running or not. Although there is no engine sound, it is unnecessary to depress the accelerator pedal.

The following items may need to be reset after the battery has been discharged or the battery has been disconnected.

See chapter 4 and 5 for:

- Power Windows
- · Trip Computer
- · Climate Control System
- Clock
- Audio System
- Sunroof

NOTICE

External power source using 12 V battery

The use of external power accessories may reduce performance and function of the vehicle. Especially, the use of dash cameras may shut off the power of the vehicle prior to the dash camera's automatic shut-down.

If the power of the vehicle is shut off, start the vehicle as explained. (refer to "Using the 12 V Battery Reset Switch")

Jump starting

In the event vehicle still does not have a functional 12 V battery (check if interior lights will not turn on) then you can try a jump start to the engine compartment jumper terminals using a 12 V booster pack or jumper cables from another vehicle's 12 V battery according to the following instructions.



CAUTION

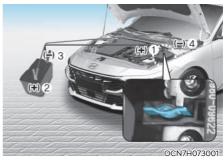
Jump starting can be dangerous if done incorrectly. Follow the jump starting procedure in this section to avoid serious injury or damage to your vehicle. If in doubt about how to properly jump start your vehicle, we strongly recommend that you have a service technician or towing service do it for you.

- Position the vehicles close enough that the jumper cables will reach, but do not allow the vehicles to touch.
 Avoid fans or any moving parts in the engine compartment at all times, even when the vehicles are turned off.
- Turn off all electrical devices such as radios, lights, air conditioning, etc. Put the vehicles in P (Park) and set the parking brake. Turn both vehicles OFF.



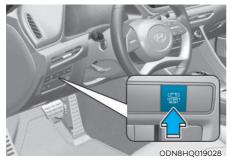
CAUTION

Before jump starting, make sure to correctly identify the positive (+) and negative (-) terminals to avoid reverse polarity connections.



- 3. Connect the jumper cables in the exact sequence shown in the illustration. First connect one jumper cable to the red, charging terminal inside the engine compartment fuse panel (1).
- 4. Connect the other end of the jumper cable to the red, positive (+) battery/ jumper terminal of the assisting vehicle (2).
- Connect the second jumper cable to the black, negative (-) battery/chassis ground of the assisting vehicle (3).
- 6. Connect the other end of the second jumper cable to the black, negative (-) chassis ground of your vehicle (4).

 Do not allow the jumper cables to contact anything except the correct battery or jumper terminals or the correct ground. Do not lean over the battery when making connections.



- 7. Press the 12 V Battery Reset switch.
- Start the engine of the assisting vehicle and let it run for a few minutes.
- Start your vehicle as soon as possible. After starting the vehicle (
 indicator on), operate the vehicle safely outdoors in ready mode stopped and/or drive it for 30 minutes total to charge the 12 V battery fully.

If your vehicle will not start after a few attempts, it probably requires servicing. In this event please seek qualified assistance. If the cause of your battery discharging is not apparent, we recommend that you have your vehicle checked by an authorized HYUNDAI dealer.

WARNING

Do not connect the jumper cable to the negative (-) jumper terminal of the discharged battery. A spark could cause the battery to explode and lead to a personal injury or vehicle damage. Disconnect the jumper cables in the exact reverse order you connected them:

- Disconnect the jumper cable from the black, negative (-) chassis ground of your vehicle (4).
- Disconnect the other end of the jumper cable from the black, negative (-) battery/chassis ground of the assisting vehicle (3).
- Disconnect the second jumper cable from the red, positive (+) battery/ jumper terminal of the assisting vehicle (2).
- Disconnect the other end of the jumper cable from the red, charging terminal inside the engine compartment fuse panel (1).

i Information

The voltage range of the charger should be 13.3-14 V and its current range should be less than 60A. (13.8 V is recommended).



- The use of an improper charger with a voltage and current range higher than specified may cause overheating and damage to the 12 V battery.
- The use of an incorrect charger will lead to a power shut-off to save the 12 V battery. Stop using the incorrect charger once the power of the vehicle is shut off.





An inappropriately disposed battery can be harmful to the environment and human health. Dispose of the battery according to your local law(s) or regulations.

NOTICE

To prevent damage to your vehicle:

- Only use a 12 V power supply (battery or jumper system) to jump start your vehicle.
- Do not attempt to jump start your vehicle by push-starting.

A CAUTION

Do not jump start another vehicle with your hybrid vehicle. Jump starting another vehicle will damage the hybrid vehicle's 12 V battery (lithium ion type).

WARNING

While jump starting your vehicle, avoid the positive (+) and negative (-) cables to come in contact. A spark could cause personal injury.

IF THE ENGINE OVERHEATS

If your temperature gauge indicates overheating, you experience a loss of power, or hear loud pinging or knocking, the engine may be overheating. If this happens, you should:

- 1. Pull off the road and stop as soon as it is safe to do so.
- Put the vehicle in P (Park), and set the parking brake. If the air conditioning is ON, turn it OFF.
- 3. If engine coolant is running out under the vehicle or steam is coming out from the hood, stop the engine. Do not open the hood until the coolant has stopped running or the steaming has stopped. If there is no visible loss of engine coolant and no steam, leave the engine running and check to be sure the engine cooling fan is operating. If the fan is not running, turn the engine off.

⚠ WARNING



While the engine is running, keep hands, clothing and tools away from the moving parts such as the cooling fan and drive belt to prevent serious iniury.

- 4. Check to see if the water pump drive belt is missing.
 - (1) If it is not missing, check to see that it is tight.
 - (2) If the drive belt seems to be satisfactory, check for coolant leaking from the radiator, hoses or under the vehicle. (If the air conditioning had been in use, it is normal for cold water to be draining from it when you stop.)
- If the water pump drive belt is broken or engine coolant is leaking out, stop the engine immediately and we recommend that you call an authorized HYUNDAI dealer for assistance.

MARNING



NEVER remove the radiator cap or the drain plug while the engine and radiator are hot. Hot coolant and steam may blow out under pressure, causing serious injury.

Turn the engine off and wait until the engine cools down. Use extreme care when removing the radiator cap. Wrap a thick towel around it, and turn it counterclockwise slowly to the first stop. Step back while the pressure is released from the cooling system. When you are sure all the pressure has been released, press down on the cap, using a thick towel, and continue turning counterclockwise to remove it.

- If you cannot find the cause of the overheating, wait until the engine temperature has returned to normal. Then, if coolant has been lost, carefully add coolant to the reservoir to bring the fluid level in the reservoir up to the halfway mark.
- Proceed with caution, keeping alert for further signs of overheating. If overheating happens again, we recommend that you call an authorized HYUNDAI dealer for assistance.

NOTICE

- Serious loss of coolant indicates a leak in the cooling system and we recommend the system be checked by an authorized HYUNDAI dealer.
- When the engine overheats from low engine coolant, suddenly adding engine coolant may cause cracks in the engine. To prevent damage, add engine coolant slowly in small quantities.

TIRE PRESSURE MONITORING SYSTEM (TPMS)





OCN7H083017L

- (1) Low Tire Pressure Telltale/TPMS
 Malfunction Indicator
- (2) Low Tire Pressure Position Telltale and Tire Pressure Telltale (Shown on the cluster display)

Check tire pressure (if equipped)



OCN7040026L

 You can check the tire pressure in the Assist mode on the cluster.

Refer to the "Cluster display (Type A)" in chapter 4.

- Tire pressure is displayed after a few minutes of driving after initial engine start up.
- If tire pressure is not displayed when the vehicle is stopped, "Drive to display" message will appear. After driving, check the tire pressure.
- The displayed tire pressure values may differ from those measured with a tire pressure gauge.
- You can change the tire pressure unit in the User Settings Mode on the cluster.
 - psi, kpa, bar (Refer to the "User Settings Mode" section in chapter 4).

Tire pressure monitoring system



WARNING

Over-inflation or under-inflation can reduce tire life, adversely affect vehicle handling, and lead to sudden tire failure that may cause loss of vehicle control resulting in an accident.

Each tire, including the spare (if provided), should be checked monthly when cold and inflated to the inflation pressure recommended by the vehicle manufacturer on the vehicle placard or tire inflation pressure label. (If your vehicle has tires of a different size than the size indicated on the vehicle placard or tire inflation pressure label, you should determine the proper tire inflation pressure for those tires.)

As an added safety feature, your vehicle has been equipped with a tire pressure monitoring system (TPMS) that illuminates a low tire pressure telltale when one or more of your tires is significantly under-inflated. Accordingly, when the low tire pressure telltale illuminates, you should stop and check your tires as soon as possible, and inflate them to the proper pressure. Driving on a significantly underinflated tire causes the tire to overheat and can lead to tire failure.

Under-inflation also reduces fuel efficiency and tire tread life, and may affect the vehicle's handling and stopping ability.

Please note that the TPMS is not a substitute for proper tire maintenance, and it is the driver's responsibility to maintain correct tire pressure, even if under-inflation has not reached the level to trigger illumination of the TPMS low tire pressure telltale.

Your vehicle has also been equipped with a TPMS malfunction indicator to indicate when the system is not operating properly. The TPMS malfunction indicator is combined with the low tire pressure telltale. When the system detects a malfunction, the telltale will flash for approximately one minute and then remain continuously illuminated. This sequence will continue upon subsequent vehicle start-ups as long as the malfunction exists.

When the malfunction indicator is illuminated, the system may not be able to detect or signal low tire pressure as intended. TPMS malfunctions may occur for a variety of reasons, including the installation of replacement or alternate tires or wheels on the vehicle that prevent the TPMS from functioning properly.

Always check the TPMS malfunction telltale after replacing one or more tires or wheels on your vehicle to ensure that the replacement or alternate tires and wheels allow the TPMS to continue to function properly.

NOTICE

If any of the below happens, we recommend that you have the system checked by an authorized HYUNDAI dealer.

- The Low Tire Pressure Telltale/ TPMS
 Malfunction Indicator does not
 illuminate for 3 seconds when the
 ignition switch is placed to the ON
 position or engine is running.
- 2. The TPMS Malfunction Indicator remains illuminated after blinking for approximately 1 minute.
- 3. The Low Tire Pressure Position Telltale remains illuminated.



Low tire pressure telltale

Low tire pressure position and tire pressure telltale



OCN7040026L

When the tire pressure monitoring system warning indicators are illuminated and a warning message displayed on the cluster display, one or more of your tires is significantly under-inflated. The Low Tire Pressure Position Telltale will indicate which tire is significantly underinflated by illuminating the corresponding position light.

If either telltale illuminates, immediately reduce your speed, avoid hard cornering and anticipate increased stopping distances. You should stop and check your tires as soon as possible. Inflate the tires to the proper pressure as indicated on the vehicle's placard or tire inflation pressure label located on the driver's side center pillar outer panel.

If you cannot reach a service station or if the tire cannot hold the newly added air, replace the low pressure tire with the spare tire.

The Low Tire Pressure Telltale will remain on and the TPMS Malfunction Indicator may blink for one minute and then remain illuminated (when the vehicle is driven approximately 10 minutes at speed above 25 km/h (15.5 mph)) until you have the low pressure tire repaired and replaced on the vehicle.



The spare tire is not equipped with a tire pressure sensor.



CAUTION

In winter or cold weather, the Low Tire Pressure Telltale may be illuminated if the tire pressure was adjusted to the recommended tire inflation pressure in warm weather. It does not mean your TPMS is malfunctioning because the decreased temperature leads to a proportional lowering of tire pressure.

When you drive your vehicle from a warm area to a cold area or from a cold area to a warm area, or the outside temperature is greatly higher or lower, you should check the tire inflation pressure and adjust the tires to the recommended tire inflation pressure.



WARNING

Low pressure damage

Significantly low tire pressure makes the vehicle unstable and can contribute to loss of vehicle control and increased braking distances.

Continued driving on low pressure tires can cause the tires to overheat and fail.



The TPMS Malfunction Indicator will illuminate after it blinks for approximately one minute when there is a problem with the Tire Pressure Monitoring System.

We recommend that you have the system checked by an authorized HYUNDAI dealer as soon as possible.

NOTICE

If there is a malfunction with the TPMS, the Low Tire Pressure Position Telltale will not be displayed even though the vehicle has an under-inflated tire.

NOTICE

The TPMS Malfunction Indicator may illuminate after blinking for one minute if the vehicle is near electric power supply cables or radio transmitters such as police stations, government and public offices, broadcasting stations, military installations, airports, transmitting towers, etc.

Additionally, the TPMS Malfunction Indicator may illuminate if snow chains are used or electronic devices such as computers, chargers, remote starters, navigation, etc. This may interfere with normal operation of the TPMS.

Changing a tire with TPMS

If you have a flat tire, the Low Tire Pressure and Position telltales will come on. We recommend that the flat tire be repaired by an authorized HYUNDAI dealer as soon as possible or replace the flat tire with the spare tire.

NOTICE

It is recommended that you do not use a puncture-repairing agent not approved by HYUNDAI dealer or the equivalent specified for your vehicle to repair and/or inflate a low pressure tire. Tire sealant not approved by HYUNDAI dealer or the equivalent specified for your vehicle may damage the tire pressure sensor.

The spare tire (if equipped) does not come with a tire pressure monitoring sensor. When the low pressure tire or the flat tire is replaced with the spare tire, the Low Tire Pressure Telltale will remain on. Also, the TPMS Malfunction Indicator will illuminate after blinking for one minute if the vehicle is driven at speed above 25 km/h (15.5 mph) for approximately 10 minutes.

Once the original tire equipped with a tire pressure monitoring sensor is reinflated to the recommended pressure and reinstalled on the vehicle, the Low Tire Pressure Telltale and TPMS Malfunction Indicator will go off within a few minutes of driving.

If the indicators do not extinguish after a few minutes, we recommend that you visit an authorized HYUNDAI dealer. Each wheel is equipped with a tire pressure sensor mounted inside the tire behind the valve stem (except for the spare tire). You must use TPMS specific wheels. It is recommended that you always have your tires serviced by an authorized HYUNDAI dealer.

You may not be able to identify a tire with low pressure by simply looking at it. Always use a good quality tire pressure gauge to measure. Please note that a tire that is hot (from being driven) will have a higher pressure measurement than a tire that is cold.

A cold tire means the vehicle has been sitting for 3 hours and driven for less than 1.6 km (1 mi.) in that 3 hour period.

Allow the tire to cool before measuring the inflation pressure. Always be sure the tire is cold before inflating to the recommended pressure.



WARNING

- The TPMS cannot alert you to severe and sudden tire damage caused by external factors such as nails or road debris.
- If you feel any vehicle instability, immediately take your foot off the accelerator, apply the brakes gradually with light force, and slowly move to a safe position off the road.



WARNING

Tampering with, modifying, or disabling the Tire Pressure Monitoring System (TPMS) components may interfere with the system's ability to warn the driver of low tire pressure conditions and/or TPMS malfunctions. Tampering with, modifying, or disabling the Tire Pressure Monitoring System (TPMS) components may void the warranty for that portion of the vehicle.



WARNING

For Europe

- Do not modify the vehicle; it may interfere with the TPMS function.
- The wheels on the market do not have a TPMS sensor.
- For your safety, we recommend that you use parts for replacement from an authorized HYUNDAI dealer.
- If you use the wheels on the market, use a TPMS sensor approved by a HYUNDAI dealer or the equivalent approved for your vehicle. If your vehicle is not equipped with a TPMS sensor or TPMS does not work properly, you may fail the periodic vehicle inspection conducted in your country.
- All vehicles sold in the EUROPE market during below period must be equipped with TPMS.
 - New model vehicle: Nov. 1, 2012 ~
 - Current model vehicle: Nov.
 1, 2014~ (Based on vehicle registrations)

IF YOU HAVE A FLAT TIRE (WITH SPARE TIRE)



⚠ WARNING

Changing a tire can be dangerous. Follow the instructions in this section when changing a tire to reduce the risk of serious injury or death.



CAUTION

Be careful as you use the jack handle to stay clear of the flat end. The flat end has sharp edges that could cause cuts.

Jack and tools



- 1. Jack handle
- 2. Jack
- 3. Wheel lug wrench

The jack, jack handle, and wheel lug nut wrench are stored in the luggage compartment under the luggage box cover.



The jack is provided for emergency tire changing only.

Turn the winged hold down bolt counterclockwise to remove the spare

Store the spare tire in the same compartment by turning the winged hold down bolt clockwise.

To prevent the spare tire and tools from "rattling", store them in their proper location.



If it is hard to loosen the tire holddown wing bolt by hand, you can loosen it easily using the jack handle.

- 1. Put the jack handle (1) inside of the tire hold-down wing bolt.
- Turn the tire hold-down wing bolt counterclockwise with the jack handle.

Changing tires



WARNING

A vehicle can slip or roll off of a jack causing serious injury or death to you or those nearby. Take the following safety precautions:

- Do not get under a vehicle that is supported by a jack.
- NEVER attempt to change a tire in the lane of traffic. ALWAYS move the vehicle completely off the road on level, firm ground away from traffic before trying to change a tire. If you cannot find a level, firm place off the road, call a towing service for assistance.
- Be sure to use the jack provided with the vehicle.
- ALWAYS place the jack on the designated jacking positions on the vehicle and NEVER on the bumpers or any other part of the vehicle for jacking support.
- Do not start or run the engine while the vehicle is on the jack.
- Do not allow anyone to remain in the vehicle while it is on the jack.
- Keep children away from the road and the vehicle.

Follow these steps to change your vehicle's tire:

- 1. Park on a level, firm surface.
- 2. Shift the shift button into P (Park).
- Press the hazard warning flasher button.
- Remove the wheel lug nut wrench, jack, jack handle, and spare tire from the vehicle.

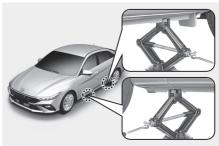


[A]: Block

5. Block both the front and rear of the tire diagonally opposite of the tire you are changing.



6. Loosen the wheel lug nuts counterclockwise one turn each in the order shown above, but do not remove any lug nuts until the tire has been raised off of the ground.



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7. Place the jack at the designated jacking position under the frame closest to the tire you are changing. The jacking positions are plates welded to the frame with two notches. Never jack any other position or part of the vehicle. Doing so may damage the side seal molding or other parts of the vehicle.



- 8. Insert the jack handle into the jack and turn it clockwise, raising the vehicle until the tire clears the ground.
- vehicle until the tire clears the ground. Make sure the vehicle is stable on the jack.
- Loosen the lug nuts with the wheel lug nut wrench and remove them with your fingers. Remove the wheel from the studs and lay it flat on the ground out of the way. Remove any dirt or debris from the studs, mounting surfaces, and wheel.
- 10. Install the spare tire onto the studs of the hub.
- 11. Tighten the lug nuts with your fingers onto the studs with the smaller end of the lug nuts closest to the wheel.
- Lower the vehicle to the ground by turning the jack handle counterclockwise.



13. Use the wheel lug nut wrench to tighten the lug nuts in the order shown. Double-check each lug nut until they are tight. After changing tires, we recommend that an authorized HYUNDAI dealer tighten the lug nuts to their proper torque as soon as possible. The wheel lug nut should be tightened to 11-13 kgf.m (79-94 lbf.ft).

If you have a tire gauge, check the tire pressure (see "Tires and Wheels" in chapter 2 for tire pressure instructions.). If the pressure is lower or higher than recommended, drive slowly to the nearest service station and adjust it to the recommended pressure. Always reinstall the valve cap after checking or adjusting tire pressure. If the cap is not replaced, air may leak from the tire. If you lose a valve cap, buy another and install it as soon as possible. After changing tires, secure the flat tire and return the jack and tools to their proper storage locations.

NOTICE

- Check the tire pressure as soon as possible after installing a spare tire. Adjust it to the recommended pressure.
- Check and tighten the wheel lug nuts after driving over 50 km (30 mi.) if tires are replaced. Re-check the tire wheel lug nuts after driving over 1,000 km (620 mi.).



CAUTION

Your vehicle has metric threads on the studs and lug nuts. Make certain during tire changing that the same nuts that were removed are reinstalled. If you have to replace your lug nuts make sure they have metric threads to avoid damaging the studs and ensure the wheel is properly secured to the hub. We recommend that you consult an authorized HYUNDAI dealer for assistance.

If any of the equipment such as the jack, lug nuts, studs, or other equipment is damaged or in poor condition, do not attempt to change the tire and call for assistance.

Use of compact spare tires (if equipped)

Compact spare tires are designed for emergency use only. Drive carefully on the compact spare tire and always follow the safety precautions.



WARNING

To prevent compact spare tire failure and loss of control possibly resulting in an accident:

- Use the compact spare tire only in an emergency.
- NEVER operate your vehicle over 80 km/h (50 mph).
- Do not exceed the vehicle's maximum load rating or the load carrying capacity shown on the sidewall of the compact spare tire.
- Do not use the compact spare tire continuously. Repair or replace the original tire as soon as possible to avoid failure of the compact spare tire.

When driving with the compact spare tire mounted to your vehicle:

- Check the tire pressure after installing the compact spare tire. The compact spare tire should be inflated to 420 kPa (60 psi).
- Do not take this vehicle through an automatic car wash while the compact spare tire is installed.
- Do not use the compact spare tire on any other vehicle because this tire has been designed especially for your vehicle.
- The compact spare tire's tread life is shorter than a regular tire. Inspect your compact spare tire regularly and replace worn compact spare tires with the same size and design, mounted on the same wheel.
- Do not use more than one compact spare tire at a time.
- Do not tow a trailer while the compact spare tire is installed.

NOTICE

When the original tire and wheel are repaired and reinstalled on the vehicle, the lug nut torque must be set correctly. The correct lug nut tightening torque is 11-13 kgf.m (79-94 lbf.ft).

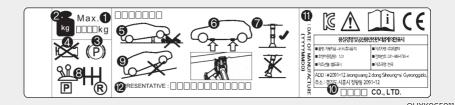


CAUTION

To prevent damaging the compact spare tire and your vehicle:

- Drive slowly enough for the road conditions to avoid all hazards, such as a potholes or debris.
- Avoid driving over obstacles. The compact spare tire diameter is smaller than the diameter of a conventional tire and reduces the ground clearance approximately 25 mm (1 in.).
- Do not use tire chains on the compact spare tire. Because of the smaller size, a tire chain will not fit properly.
- Do not use the compact spare tire on any other wheels, nor should standard tires, snow tires, wheel covers or trim rings be used with the compact spare wheel.
- Do not suddenly accelerate or decelerate (0-40 km/h (0-25 mph)) in any driving mode. It may cause leakage of transfer oil.

Jack label



OHYK065011

The actual Jack label in the vehicle may differ from the illustration.

For more detailed specifications, refer to the label attached to the jack.

- 1. Model Name
- 2. Maximum allowable load
- 3. When using the jack, set your parking brake.
- 4. When using the jack, stop the engine.
- 5. Do not get under a vehicle that is supported by a jack.
- 6. The designated locations under the frame
- 7. When supporting the vehicle, the base plate of jack must be vertical under the lifting point.
- 8. Shift into Reverse gear on vehicles with manual transmission or move the shift lever to the P position on vehicles with automatic transmission/dual clutch transmission.
- 9. The jack should be used on firm level ground.
- 10. Jack manufacture
- 11. Production date
- 12. Representative company and address

EC declaration of conformity for jack



EC Declaration of Conformity according to EC Machinery Directive 2006/42/EC

We, SAMKI IND. CO., LTD.

22, Hyojuk3-Gil, Buk-Gu, Ulsan, Korea

declare under our sole responsibility that the product

Product : Jack Assembly

Type Designation(s): Jack Assembly-600kg, Jack Assembly-700kg

Jack Assembly-800kg, Jack Assembly-1000kg Jack Assembly-1200kg, Jack Assembly-1500kg

Serial No. : N/A Year of Manufacture : 2013

to which this declaration relates is in conformity with the following standard(s) or other normative

document(s):

EN ISO12100 Safety of machinery - General principles for design - Risk assessment

(2010) and risk reduction

EN ISO12100-2/A1 Safety of machinery - Basic concepts, general principles for design, Part

(2009) 2 : Technical principles

EN 1494/A1 Mobile or movable jacks and associated lifting equipment

(2008)

following the provisions of Directive(s);

2006/42/EC Directive on the approximation of the laws of Member States relating to

machinery (OJ L157 Jun, 9, 2006)

Ulsan , Korea / Jul .25 .2013 Hyun Duck, Cho President

(Place and date of issue)(name and signature or equivalent making of authorized person)

*T.C.F Compiling Person: Safenet Limited (European Notified body: 1674)

Denford Garage, Denford, Kettering Northants, NN14 4EQ, England

JACKDOC14S

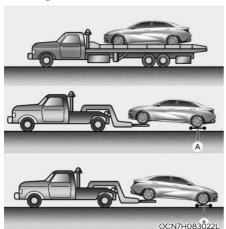
UK declaration of conformity for jack



OCN7083094L

TOWING

Towing service



[A]: Dollies

If emergency towing is necessary, we recommend having it done by an authorized HYUNDAI dealer or a commercial tow-truck service.

Proper lifting and towing procedures are necessary to prevent damage to the vehicle. The use of wheel dollies or flatbed is recommended.

It is acceptable to tow the vehicle with the rear wheels on the ground (without dollies) and the front wheels off the ground.

If any of the loaded wheels or suspension components are damaged or the vehicle is being towed with the front wheels on the ground, use a towing dolly under the front wheels.

When being towed by a commercial tow truck and wheel dollies are not used, the front of the vehicle should always be lifted, not the rear.

A CAUTION



Do not tow the vehicle with the front wheels on the ground as this may cause damage to the vehicle.



Do not tow with sling-type equipment. Use wheel lift or flatbed equipment.



When towing your vehicle in an emergency without wheel dollies:

- 1. Place the ignition switch in the ACC position.
- 2. Place the shift lever in N (Neutral).
- 3. Release the parking brake.



CAUTION

Failure to place the shift lever in N (Neutral) may cause internal damage to the transmission.

Removable towing hook



1. Open the trunk, and remove the towing hook from the tool case.





- 2. Remove the hole cover by pressing the lower part of the cover on the bumper.
- Install the towing hook by turning it clockwise into the hole until it is fully secured.
- 4. Remove the towing hook and install the cover after use.

Emergency towing





If towing is necessary, we recommend you have it done by an authorized HYUNDAI dealer or a commercial tow truck service.

If towing service is not available in an emergency, your vehicle may be temporarily towed using a cable or chain secured to the emergency towing hook at the front (or rear) of the vehicle.

Use extreme caution when towing the vehicle with a cable or chain. A driver must be in the vehicle to steer it and operate the brakes.

Towing in this manner may be done only on hard-surfaced roads for a short distance and at low speeds. Also, the wheels, axles, power train, steering and brakes must all be in good condition.

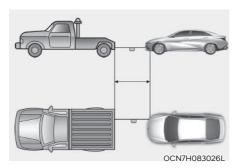


CAUTION

The driver must be in the vehicle for steering and braking operations when the vehicle is being towed. Passengers other than the driver must not be in the vehicle.

Always follow these emergency towing precautions:

- Place the ignition switch in the ACC position so the steering wheel is not locked.
- · Place the shift lever in N (Neutral).
- Release the parking brake.
- Depress the brake pedal with more force than normal since you will have reduced braking performance.
- More steering effort will be required because the power steering system will be disabled.
- Use a vehicle heavier than your own to tow your vehicle.
- The drivers of both vehicles should communicate with each other frequently.
- Before emergency towing, check that the hook is not broken or damaged.
- Fasten the towing cable or chain securely to the hook.
- Do not jerk the hook. Apply steady and even force.



- Use a towing cable or chain less than 5 m (16 ft.) long. Attach a white or red cloth (about 30 cm (12 in.) wide) in the middle of the cable or chain for easy visibility.
- Drive carefully so the towing cable or chain remains tight during towing.
- Before towing, check the dual clutch transmission for fluid leaks under your vehicle. If the dual clutch transmission fluid is leaking, flatbed equipment or a towing dolly must be used.

NOTICE

Accelerate or decelerate the vehicle in a slow and gradual manner while maintaining tension on the tow rope or chain to start or drive the vehicle, otherwise tow hooks and the vehicle may be damaged.

NOTICE

To avoid damage to your vehicle and vehicle components when towing:

- Always pull straight ahead when using the towing hooks. Do not pull from the side or at a vertical angle.
- Do not use the towing hooks to pull a vehicle out of mud, sand or other conditions from which the vehicle cannot be driven out under its own power.
- Limit the vehicle speed to 15 km/h (10 mph) and drive less than 1.5 km (1 mi.) when towing to avoid serious damage to the for dual clutch transmission.
- The dual clutch transmission vehicle can be towed to a normal vehicle only without oil leakage. Check for oil leaks. Towing the vehicle with oil leakage may damage the transmission.

EMERGENCY COMMODITY (IF EQUIPPED)

Your vehicle is equipped with emergency commodities to help you respond to emergency situation.

Fire extinguisher

If there is small fire and you know how to use the fire extinguisher, follow these steps carefully.

- Pull out the safety pin at the top of the extinguisher that keeps the handle from being accidentally pressed.
- 2. Aim the nozzle towards the base of the fire
- Stand approximately 2.5 m (8 ft) away from the fire and squeeze the handle to discharge the extinguisher. If you release the handle, the discharge will stop.
- Sweep the nozzle back and forth at the base of the fire. After the fire appears to be out, watch carefully since it may re-ignite.

First aid kit

Supplies for use in giving first aid such as scissors, bandage and adhesive tape, etc., are provided.

Triangle reflector

Place the triangle reflector on the road to warn oncoming vehicles during emergencies, such as when the vehicle is parked by the roadside due to problems.

Tire pressure gauge (if equipped)

Tires normally lose some air in daytoday use, and you may have to add a air periodically and usually it is not a sign of a leaking tire, but of normal wear. Always check tire pressure when the tires are cold because tire pressure increases with temperature.

To check the tire pressure, take the following steps:

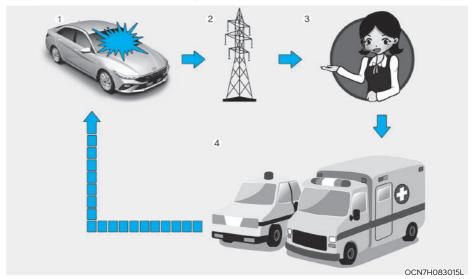
- 1. Unscrew the inflation valve cap that is located on the rim of the tire.
- Press and hold the gauge against the tire valve. Some air will leak as you begin and more will leak if you don't press the gauge in firmly.
- 3. A firm non-leaking push will activate the gauge.
- 4. Read the tire pressure on the gauge to see whether the tire pressure is low or high.
- 5. Adjust the tire pressure to the specified pressure. Refer to "Tires and Wheels" in chapter 2.
- 6. Reinstall the inflation valve cap.

PAN-EUROPEAN ECALL SYSTEM (FOR EUROPE, IF EQUIPPED)

The vehicle is equipped with a device* connected with the Pan-European eCall system for making emergency call to response teams. The Pan-European eCall system is an automatic emergency call service made in event of a traffic accident or other** accidents on the roads of Europe. (only in countries with regulation on this system)

The system allows contacting with an officer of the single duty dispatch service in case of accidents on the roads of Europe. (only in countries with regulation on this system)

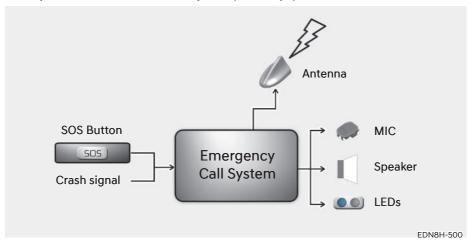
The Pan-European eCall system given conditions, stated in the Owner's Manual as well as Warranty and Service book transmits data to the Public Safety Answering Point (PSAP) including such information as vehicle location, vehicle type, vIN (vehicle identification number of the vehicle).



- 1. Road accident
- 2. Wireless network
- 3. Public Safety Answering Point (PSAP)
- 4. Rescue
- * Pan-European eCall device in the Owner's Manual means equipment, installed in the vehicle, which provides connection with the Pan-European eCall system.
- ** "Other accidents" mean any accidents on the roads of Europe (only in countries with regulation on this system) resulted in injured people and/or necessity of provision of assistance. In case of registration of any accident, it is necessary to stop a vehicle, press button SOS (location of the button is specified on the illustration in the chapter "Pan-European eCall (if equipped)") of the Owner's Manual. When making a call, the system gathers information about the vehicle (from which a call was made), after which connects the car with an officer of the Public Safety Answering Point (PSAP) to tell about the reason of the emergency call.

Once the data which is stored in the Pan-European eCall system is delivered to the rescue center to assist the driver and passengers with proper rescue operations, the data will be deleted after rescue operation is completed.

Description of the ecall in-vehicle system (for europe)



Overview of the 112-based eCall in-vehicle system, its operation and functionalities: refer to this section. The 112-based eCall service is a public service of general interest and is accessible free of charge.

The 112-based eCall in-vehicle system is activated by default. It is activated automatically by means of invehicle sensors in the event of a severe accident.

It will also be triggered automatically when the vehicle is equipped with a TPS system which does not function in the event of a severe accident.

The 112-based eCall in-vehicle system can also be triggered manually, if needed. Instructions for manual activation of the system: refer to this section.

In the event of a critical system failure that would disable the 112-based eCall in-vehicle system, the following warning will be given to the occupants of the vehicle: refer to this section.

Information on data processing (for europe)

Any processing of personal data through the 112-based eCall in-vehicle system shall comply with the personal data protection rules provided for in Directives 95/46/EC (1) and 2002/58/EC (2) of the European Parliament and of the Council, and in particular, shall be based on the necessity to protect the vital interests of the individuals in accordance with Article 7(d) of Directive 95/46/EC (3).

Processing of such data is strictly limited to the purpose of handling the emergency eCall to the single European emergency number 112.

Types of data and its recipients

The 112-based eCall in-vehicle system may collect and process only the following data:

- · vehicle Identification Number
- vehicle type (passenger vehicle or light commercial vehicle)
- vehicle propulsion storage type (gasoline/diesel/CNG/LPG/electric/ hydrogen)
- vehicle recent locations and direction of travel
- Log file of the automatic activation of the system and its timestamp
- Any additional data (if applicable): Not applicable

Recipients of data processed by the 112-based eCall in-vehicle system are the relevant public safety answering points designated by the respective public authorities of the country on which territory they are located, to first receive and handle eCalls to the single European emergency number 112. Additional information (if available): Not applicable

(1) Directive 95/46/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 24 October 1995 on the protection of individuals with regard to the processing of personal data and on the free movement of such data (OJ L 281, 23.11.1995, p. 31).

- (2) Directive 2002/58/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 12 July 2002 concerning the processing of personal data and the protection of privacy in the electronic communications sector (Directive on privacy and electronic communications) (OJ L 201, 31.7.2002, p. 37).
- (3) Directive 95/46/EC is repealed by Regulation (EU) 2016/679 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 27 April 2016 on the protection of natural persons with regard to the processing of personal data and on the free movement of such data (General Data Protection Regulation) (OJ L 119, 4.5.2016, p. 1). The Regulation applies from 25 May 2018.

Arrangements for data processing

The 112-based eCall in-vehicle system is designed in such a way as to ensure that the data contained in the system memory is not available outside the system before an eCall is triggered. Additional remarks (if any): Not applicable

The 112-based eCall in-vehicle system is designed in such a way as to ensure that it is not traceable and not subject to any constant tracking in its normal operation status. Additional remarks (if any): Not applicable

The 112-based eCall in-vehicle system is designed in such a way as to ensure that data in the system internal memory is automatically and continuously removed.

The vehicle location data is constantly overwritten in the internal memory of the system so as always to keep maximum of the last three up-to-date locations of the vehicle necessary for the normal functioning of the system.

The log of activity data in the 112-based eCall in-vehicle system is kept for no longer than necessary for attaining the purpose of handling the emergency eCall and in any case not beyond 13 hours from the moment an emergency eCall was initiated. Additional remarks (if any): Not applicable

Modalities for exercising data subject's rights

The data subject (the vehicle's owner) has a right of access to data and as appropriate to request the rectification, erasure or blocking of data, concerning him or her, the processing of which does not comply with the provisions of Directive 95/46/EC. Any third parties to whom the data have been disclosed have to be notified of such rectification, erasure or blocking carried out in compliance with this Directive, unless it proves impossible or involves a disproportionate effort.

The data subject has a right to complain to the competent data protection authority if he or she considers that his or her rights have been infringed as a result of the processing of his or her personal data.

Contact service responsible for handling access requests (if any): Not applicable

Pan-European eCall System (for europe)



Elements of the Pan-European eCall system, installed in passenger compartment:

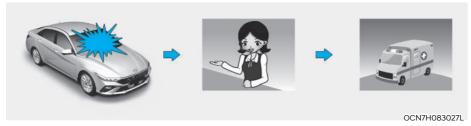
- (1) SOS button
- (2) LED

SOS button: the driver/passenger makes an emergency call to the single duty dispatch service by pressing the button.

LED: The red and green LED illuminates for 3 seconds when the ignition switch is in the ON position. After that they will switch off at normal operation of the system.

If there are some problems in the system, the LED remains in red.

Automatic accident reporting (For Europe)



- (1) System operation in the event of a traffic accident
- (2) Connection with the Public Safety Answering Point (PSAP)
- (3) Emergency services

The Pan-European eCall device automatically makes an emergency call to the Public Safety Answering Point (PSAP) for proper rescuing operations in event of vehicle accident.

For proper emergency services and support the Pan-European eCall system automatically transmits the accident data to the Public Safety Answering Point (PSAP) when a traffic accident is detected.

In this case, the emergency call cannot be hung up by pressing the SOS button and the Pan-European eCall system remains connected until the emergency service officer, receiving the call, disconnects the emergency call.

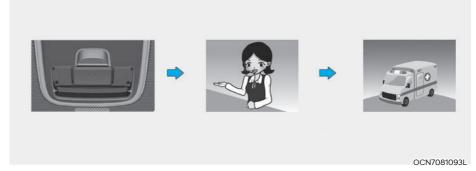
In minor traffic accidents the Pan-European eCall system may not execute an emergency call. However, an emergency call may be made manually by pressing the SOS button.



CAUTION

Operation of the system is impossible in case of absence of mobile transmission and GPS and Galileo signals.

Manual accident reporting (For Europe)



The driver or passenger manually can make an emergency call in the Public Safety Answering Point (PSAP), by pressing SOS button to call the necessary emergency services.

A call to the emergency services through the Pan-European eCall system can be cancelled by pressing the SOS button again only before the call connection.

After activation of emergency call in the manual mode (for proper emergency services and support), the Pan-European eCall system automatically transmits the road accident data / or data on other accident to the officer of the Public Safety Answering Point (PSAP) (during emergency call) by pressing the SOS button.

If the driver or passenger accidentally presses the SOS button, it can be canceled by pressing the button again in 3 seconds. It can't be canceled after that.

In case of road accident or other accident for activation of emergency call in manual mode it is necessary:

- Stop the vehicle in accordance with traffic rules to ensure safety to yourself and other participants of road traffic;
- Press the SOS button, when pressing the button SOS registration of the device in the wireless telephonic communication networks is carried out, minimum data set about vehicle and its location is collected in accordance with of the technical requirements of the device. After that connection with the officer of the Pan-European eCall system is made for clearing up reasons (conditions) of the emergency call.
- 3. After clearing up reasons of the emergency call, the officer of the Public Safety Answering Point (PSAP) sends emergency services and completes the emergency call.

If the emergency call is not carried out in accordance with the procedure, mentioned above, the emergency call will be considered as erroneous.

MARNING

Emergency power supply of the Pan-European eCall system from the battery

- The Pan-European eCall system battery supplies power during 1 hour in case main power source of the vehicle is cut off due to the collision during the emergency situations.
- The Pan-European eCall system battery should be replaced every 3 years. For more information refer to the Maintenance Schedule in chapter 9.

LED illumination in red (system malfunction)

If red LED illuminates in normal driving conditions, this can indicate malfunction of the Pan-European eCall system. We recommend that you check the Pan-European eCall system at an authorized HYUNDAI dealer immediately.

Otherwise correct operation of the Pan-European eCall system device, installed in your vehicle is not guaranteed. Owner of the vehicle incurs liability for consequences, occurred as a result of nonobservance of conditions, mentioned above. **Arbitrary Removal or Modification**

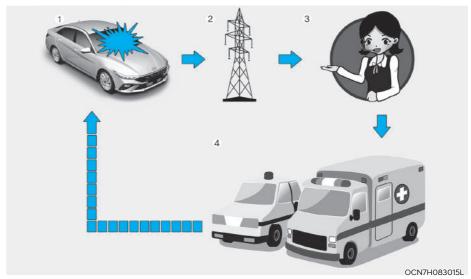
The Pan-European eCall system calls emergency services for assistance. Thus, any arbitrary removal or changes to the Pan-European eCall system settings may affect your driving safety. Also, it may even make an erroneous emergency call to the Public Safety Answering Point (PSAP). Thereby, we kindly ask you not to make any changes by yourself or by the third parties in the settings of the equipment of the Pan-European eCall system, installed in your vehicle.

UAE ECALL SYSTEM (FOR UAE, IF EQUIPPED)

The vehicle is equipped with a device* connected with the UAE eCall system for making emergency call to response teams. The UAE eCall system is an automatic emergency call service made in event of a traffic accident or other** accidents on the roads. (only in countries with regulation on this system)

The system allows contacting with an officer of the single duty dispatch service in case of accidents on the roads. (only in countries with regulation on this system)

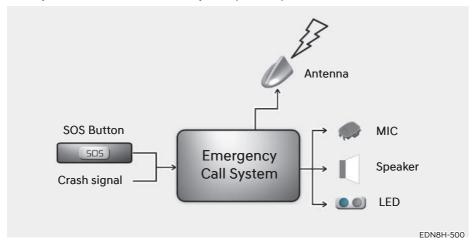
The UAE eCall system given conditions, stated in the Owner's Manual as well as Warranty and Service book transmits data to the Public Safety Answering Point (PSAP) including such information as vehicle location, vehicle type, VIN (vehicle identification number of the vehicle).



- 1. Road accident
- 2. Wireless network
- 3. Public Safety Answering Point (PSAP)
- 4. Rescue
- * UAE eCall device in the Owner's Manual means equipment, installed in the vehicle, which provides connection with the UAE eCall system.
- ** "Other accidents" mean any accidents on the roads UAE (only in countries with regulation on this system) resulted in injured people and/or necessity of provision of assistance. In case of registration of any accident, it is necessary to stop a vehicle, press button SOS (location of the button is specified on the illustration in the chapter "UAE eCall (if equipped)") of the Owner's Manual. When making a call, the system gathers information about the vehicle (from which a call was made), after which connects the car with an officer of the Public Safety Answering Point (PSAP) to tell about the reason of the emergency call.

Once the data which is stored in the UAE eCall system is delivered to the rescue center to assist the driver and passengers with proper rescue operations, the data will be deleted after rescue operation is completed.

Description of the ecall in-vehicle system (For UAE)



Overview of the 999-based eCall in-vehicle system, its operation and functionalities: refer to this section. The 999-based eCall service is a public service of general interest and is accessible free of charge.

The 999-based eCall in-vehicle system is activated by default. It is activated automatically by means of invehicle sensors in the event of a severe accident.

It will also be triggered automatically when the vehicle is equipped with a TPS system which does not function in the event of a severe accident.

The 999-based eCall in-vehicle system can also be triggered manually, if needed. Instructions for manual activation of the system: refer to this section.

In the event of a critical system failure that would disable the 999-based eCall in-vehicle system, the following warning will be given to the occupants of the vehicle: refer to this section.

Information on data processing

Any processing of personal data through the 999-based eCall in-vehicle system shall comply with the personal data protection rules provided for in Directives 95/46/EC (1) and 2002/58/EC (2) of the European Parliament and of the Council, and in particular, shall be based on the necessity to protect the vital interests of the individuals in accordance with Article 7(d) of Directive 95/46/EC (3).

Processing of such data is strictly limited to the purpose of handling the emergency eCall to the single UAE emergency number 999.

Types of data and its recipients

The 999-based eCall in-vehicle system may collect and process only the following data:

- vehicle Identification Number
- vehicle type (passenger vehicle or light commercial vehicle)
- vehicle propulsion storage type (gasoline/diesel/CNG/LPG/electric/ hydrogen)
- vehicle recent locations and direction of travel
- Log file of the automatic activation of the system and its timestamp
- Any additional data (if applicable): Not applicable

Recipients of data processed by the 999-based eCall in-vehicle system are the relevant public safety answering points designated by the respective public authorities of the country on which territory they are located, to first receive and handle eCalls to the single UAE emergency number 999. Additional information (if available): Not applicable

(1) Directive 95/46/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 24 October 1995 on the protection of individuals with regard to the processing of personal data and on the free movement of such data (OJ L 281, 23.11.1995, p. 31).

- (2) Directive 2002/58/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 12 July 2002 concerning the processing of personal data and the protection of privacy in the electronic communications sector (Directive on privacy and electronic communications) (OJ L 201, 31.7.2002, p. 37).
- (3) Directive 95/46/EC is repealed by Regulation (EU) 2016/679 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 27 April 2016 on the protection of natural persons with regard to the processing of personal data and on the free movement of such data (General Data Protection Regulation) (OJ L 119, 4.5.2016, p. 1). The Regulation applies from 25 May 2018.

Arrangements for data processing

The 999-based eCall in-vehicle system is designed in such a way as to ensure that the data contained in the system memory is not available outside the system before an eCall is triggered. Additional remarks (if any): Not applicable

The 999-based eCall in-vehicle system is designed in such a way as to ensure that it is not traceable and not subject to any constant tracking in its normal operation status. Additional remarks (if any): Not applicable

The 999-based eCall in-vehicle system is designed in such a way as to ensure that data in the system internal memory is automatically and continuously removed.

The vehicle location data is constantly overwritten in the internal memory of the system so as always to keep maximum of the last three up-to-date locations of the vehicle necessary for the normal functioning of the system.

The log of activity data in the 999-based eCall in-vehicle system is kept for no longer than necessary for attaining the purpose of handling the emergency eCall and in any case not beyond 13 hours from the moment an emergency eCall was initiated. Additional remarks (if any): Not applicable

Modalities for exercising data subject's rights

The data subject (the vehicle's owner) has a right of access to data and as appropriate to request the rectification, erasure or blocking of data, concerning him or her, the processing of which does not comply with the provisions of Directive 95/46/EC. Any third parties to whom the data have been disclosed have to be notified of such rectification, erasure or blocking carried out in compliance with this Directive, unless it proves impossible or involves a disproportionate effort.

The data subject has a right to complain to the competent data protection authority if he or she considers that his or her rights have been infringed as a result of the processing of his or her personal data.

Contact service responsible for handling access requests (if any): Not applicable

UAE ECALL System (For UAE)



Elements of the UAE eCall system, installed in passenger compartment:

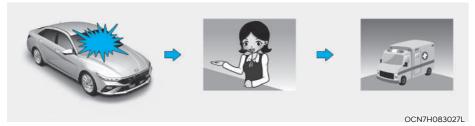
- (1) SOS button
- (2) LED

SOS button: the driver/passenger makes an emergency call to the single duty dispatch service by pressing the button.

LED: The red and green LED illuminates for 3 seconds when the ignition switch is in the ON position. After that they will switch off at normal operation of the system.

If there are some problems in the system, the LFD remains in red.

Automatic accident reporting (For UAE)



- (1) System operation in the event of a traffic accident
- (2) Connection with the Public Safety Answering Point (PSAP)
- (3) Emergency services

The UAE eCall device automatically makes an emergency call to the Public Safety Answering Point (PSAP) for proper rescuing operations in event of vehicle accident.

For proper emergency services and support the UAE eCall system automatically transmits the accident data to the Public Safety Answering Point (PSAP) when a traffic accident is detected.

In this case, the emergency call cannot be hung up by pressing the SOS button and the UAE eCall system remains connected until the emergency service officer, receiving the call, disconnects the emergency call.

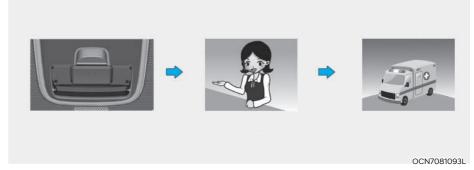
In minor traffic accidents the UAE eCall system may not execute an emergency call. However, an emergency call may be made manually by pressing the SOS button.



CAUTION

Operation of the system is impossible in case of absence of mobile transmission and GPS and Galileo signals.

Manual accident reporting (For UAE)



The driver or passenger manually can make an emergency call in the Public Safety Answering Point (PSAP), by pressing SOS button to call the necessary emergency services.

A call to the emergency services through the UAE eCall system can be cancelled by pressing the SOS button again only before the call connection.

After activation of emergency call in the manual mode (for proper emergency services and support), the UAE eCall system automatically transmits the road accident data / or data on other accident to the officer of the Public Safety Answering Point (PSAP) (during emergency call) by pressing the SOS button.

If the driver or passenger accidentally presses the SOS button, it can be canceled by pressing the button again in 3 seconds. It can't be canceled after that.

In case of road accident or other accident for activation of emergency call in manual mode it is necessary:

- Stop the vehicle in accordance with traffic rules to ensure safety to yourself and other participants of road traffic;
- 2. Press the SOS button, when pressing the button SOS registration of the device in the wireless telephonic communication networks is carried out, minimum data set about vehicle and its location is collected in accordance with of the technical requirements of the device. After that connection with the officer of the UAE eCall system is made for clearing up reasons (conditions) of the emergency call.
- 3. After clearing up reasons of the emergency call, the officer of the Public Safety Answering Point (PSAP) sends emergency services and completes the emergency call.

If the emergency call is not carried out in accordance with the procedure, mentioned above, the emergency call will be considered as erroneous.

MARNING

Emergency power supply of the UAE eCall system from the battery

- The UAE eCall system battery supplies power during 1 hour in case main power source of the vehicle is cut off due to the collision during the emergency situations.
- The UAE eCall system battery should be replaced every 4 years. For more information refer to the Maintenance Schedule in chapter 9.

LED illumination in red (system malfunction)

If red LED illuminates in normal driving conditions, this can indicate malfunction of the UAE eCall system. We recommend that you check the UAE eCall system at an authorized HYUNDAI dealer immediately.

Otherwise correct operation of the UAE eCall system device, installed in your vehicle is not guaranteed. Owner of the vehicle incurs liability for consequences, occurred as a result of nonobservance of conditions, mentioned above.

Arbitrary Removal or Modification

The UAE eCall system calls emergency services for assistance. Thus, any arbitrary removal or changes to the UAE eCall system settings may affect your driving safety. Also, it may even make an erroneous emergency call to the Public Safety Answering Point (PSAP). Thereby, we kindly ask you not to make any changes by yourself or by the third parties in the settings of the equipment of the UAE eCall system, installed in your vehicle.

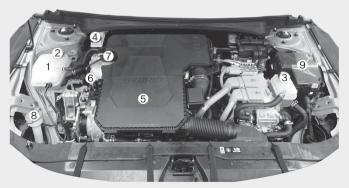
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ENGINE COMPARTMENT

- Gasoline 1.6 GDi HEV
 - · Left-hand drive



· Right-hand drive



The actual engine compartment in the vehicle may differ from the illustration.

OCN7H093001/OCN7H093001R

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MAINTENANCE SERVICES

You should exercise the utmost care to prevent damage to your vehicle and injury to yourself whenever performing any maintenance or inspection procedures.

We recommend you have your vehicle maintained and repaired by an authorized HYUNDAI dealer. An authorized HYUNDAI dealer meets HYUNDAI's high service quality standards and receives technical support from HYUNDAI in order to provide you with a high level of service satisfaction.

Owner's responsibility

Maintenance service and record retention are the owner's responsibility.

You should retain documents that show proper maintenance has been performed on your vehicle in accordance with the scheduled maintenance service charts shown on the following pages. You need this information to establish your compliance with the servicing and maintenance requirements of your vehicle warranties.

Detailed warranty information is provided in your Service Passport.

Repairs and adjustments required as a result of improper maintenance or a lack of required maintenance are not covered.

Owner maintenance precautions

Inadequate, incomplete or insufficient servicing may result in operational problems with your vehicle that could lead to vehicle damage, an accident, or personal injury. This chapter provides instructions only for the maintenance items that are easy to perform.

Your vehicle should not be modified in any way. Such modifications may adversely affect the performance, safety or durability of your vehicle and may, in addition, violate conditions of the limited warranties covering the vehicle.

NOTICE

Improper owner maintenance during the warranty period may affect warranty coverage. For details, read the separate Service Passport provided with the vehicle. If you're unsure about any servicing or maintenance procedure, we recommend that the system be serviced by an authorized HYUNDAI dealer.

OWNER MAINTENANCE



WARNING

Performing maintenance work on a vehicle can be dangerous. If you lack sufficient knowledge and experience or the proper tools and equipment to do the work, we recommend that the system be serviced by an authorized HYUNDAI dealer. ALWAYS follow these precautions for performing maintenance work:

- Park your vehicle on level ground, move the shift button into the P (Park) position, apply the parking brake, place the ignition switch in the LOCK/OFF position.
- Block the tires (front and back) to prevent the vehicle from moving.
- Remove loose clothing or jewelry that can become entangled in moving parts.
- If you must run the engine during maintenance, do so in a outdoor area or in an area with plenty of ventilation.
- Keep flames, sparks, or smoking materials away from the battery and fuel-related parts.

The following lists are vehicle checks and inspections we recommend to be checked by an authorized HYUNDAI dealer at the frequencies indicated to help ensure safe, dependable operation of your vehicle.

Any adverse conditions should be brought to the attention of your dealer as soon as possible.

These Owner Maintenance vehicle checks are generally not covered by warranties and you may be charged for labor, parts and lubricants used.

Owner maintenance schedule

When you stop for fuel:

- Check the coolant level in the engine coolant reservoir.
- Check the windshield washer fluid level
- Check for low or under-inflated tires.
- Check the radiator and condenser.
 Check if the front of the radiator and condenser are clean and not blocked with leaves, dirt or insects, etc.

If any of the above parts are extremely dirty or you are not sure of their condition, we recommend that you contact an authorized HYUDNAI dealer.



! WARNING

Be careful when checking your coolant level if the motor compartment is hot. This may result in coolant being blown out of the opening and cause serious burns and other injuries.

While operating your vehicle:

- Note any changes in the sound of the exhaust or any smell of exhaust fumes in the vehicle
- Check for vibrations in the steering wheel. Notice if there is any increased steering effort or looseness in the steering wheel, or change in its straight-ahead position.
- Notice if your vehicle constantly turns slightly or "pulls" to one side when traveling on smooth, level road.
- When stopping, listen and check for unusual sounds, pulling to one side, increased brake pedal travel or "hardto-push" brake pedal.
- If any slipping or changes in the operation of your transmission occurs, check the transmission fluid level.
- Check the dual clutch transmission P (Park) function.
- · Check the parking brake.
- Check for fluid leaks under your vehicle (water dripping from the air conditioning system during or after use is normal).

At least monthly:

- Check coolant level in the engine coolant reservoir.
- Check the operation of all exterior lights, including the stoplights, turn signals and hazard warning flashers.
- Check the inflation pressures of all tires including the spare for tires that are worn, show uneven wear, or are damaged.
- · Check for loose wheel lug nuts.

At least twice a year: (for example, every Spring and Autumn)

- Check radiator, heater and air conditioning hoses for leaks or damage.
- Check windshield washer spray and wiper operation. Clean wiper blades with a clean cloth dampened with washer fluid.
- · Check headlight alignment.
- Check muffler, exhaust pipes, shields and clamps.
- Check the seat belts for wear and function.

At least once a year:

- · Clean body and door drain holes.
- Lubricate door hinges and hood hinges.
- Lubricate door and hood locks and latches
- Lubricate door rubber weather strips.
- · Lubricate door checker
- · Check the air conditioning system.
- Inspect and lubricate dual clutch transmission linkage and controls.
- Check the brake fluid level

SCHEDULED MAINTENANCE SERVICES

Follow Normal Maintenance Schedule if the vehicle is usually operated where none of the following conditions apply.

If any of the following conditions apply, you must follow the Maintenance Under Severe Usage Conditions.

- Repeated driving short distance of less than 8 km (5 mi.) in normal temperature or less than 16 km (10 mi.) in freezing temperature
- Extensive engine idling or low speed driving for long distances
- Driving on rough, dusty, muddy, unpaved, graveled or salt-spread roads
- Driving in areas using salt or other corrosive materials or in very cold weather
- · Driving in heavy dust conditions
- · Driving in heavy traffic area
- · Driving on uphill, downhill, or mountain roads repeatedly
- · Using for towing or camping, and driving with loads on the roof
- Driving as a patrol car, taxi, other commercial use of vehicle towing
- Frequently driving under high speed or rapid acceleration/deceleration
- Frequently driving in stop-and-go conditions
- Engine oil usage which is not recommended (Mineral type, Semi-synthetic, Lower grade, etc.)

If your vehicle is operated under the above conditions, you should inspect, replace or refill more frequently than the following Normal Maintenance Schedule. After the periods or distance shown in the chart, continue to follow the prescribed maintenance intervals.

i Information

- As it is normal for engine oil to be consumed during driving, the engine oil level should be checked on regular basis.
- The engine oil change interval for normal operating conditions is based on the use of the recommended engine specification. If the recommended engine oil specification is not used, then replace the engine oil according to the maintenance schedule under severe operating conditions.

Normal Maintenance Schedule (For General)

| MAINTENANCE | | er of mon | iths or dri | ving dista | ance, whi | Number of months or driving distance, whichever comes first | mes first | | |
|--|---|-----------|-------------------|--------------|-----------------------|---|---------------------------|------------------|-----|
| INTERVALS | Months | 12 | 24 | 36 | 48 | 09 | 72 | 84 | 96 |
| | Mi.×1,000 | 10 | 20 | 30 | 40 | 20 | 09 | 70 | 80 |
| ITEM | kilometers x 1,000 | 15 | 30 | 45 | 09 | 75 | 06 | 105 | 120 |
| HSG (Hybrid Starter & Generator) belt *1 | tor) belt *1 | | Inspe and repl | act every 1. | 5,000 km 105,000 k | Inspect every 15,000 km (10,000 mi.) or 12 months, and replace every 105,000 km (70,000 mi.) or 48 months | .) or 12 mo mi.) or 48 | onths, months | |
| Engine oil and engine oil | For Middle East *5, Central & South America | | Repl | ace every | 10,000 km | Replace every 10,000 km (6,500 mi.) or 12 months | .) or 12 mc | onths | |
| filter *2 *3 | Except Middle East *5, Central & South America | ~ | ~ | ~ | ~ | ~ | ~ | ~ | ~ |
| | For Middle East *5, Central & South America | | Ad | d every 10 | ,000 km (| Add every 10,000 km (6,500 mi.) or 12 months | or 12 mont | ths | |
| ruel additives 🛨 | Except Middle East *5, Central & South America | ~ | ~ | ~ | ~ | ~ | ~ | ~ | ~ |
| | For Middle East *5 | ~ | ~ | ~ | ~ | ~ | ~ | 2 | ~ |
| Air cleaner iiiter | Except Middle Fast *5 | _ | _ | ~ | _ | _ | ~ | _ | _ |

0.0000

I: Inspect and if necessary, adjust, correct, clean or replace.

11. Inspect HSG belt for evidence of cuts, crocks, excessive wear or oil saturation and replace if necessary. If drive belt noise occurred, readjust drive belt tension before replace.

*2: Check the engine oil level and leak every 500 km (350 mi.) or before starting a long trip.

*4: If good quality gasolines meet Europe Fuel standards (EN228) or equivalents including fuel additives is not available, one bottle *3: Never add any additives to the engine oil. Engine oil additives can change the properties of engine oil and may cause serious engine failure.

of additive is recommended. Additives are available from your authorized HYUNDAI dealer along with information on how to use them. Do not mix other additives.

*5: Middle East includes Libya, Algeria, Morocco, Tunisia, Sudan, Egypt and Iran.

| MAINTENANCE | | er of mor | ths or dr | Number of months or driving distance, whichever comes first | ance, whi | chever co | pmes first | | |
|-----------------------------------|--------------------|-----------|-------------------------|---|---------------------------|-------------------------|--|---------------------|-----|
| INTERVALS Months | Months | 12 | 24 | 36 | 48 | 09 | 72 | 84 | 96 |
| | Mi.×1,000 | 10 | 20 | 30 | 40 | 20 | 09 | 70 | 80 |
| ITEM | kilometers x 1,000 | 15 | 30 | 45 | 09 | 75 | 06 | 105 | 120 |
| Spark plugs *6 | | | | Replace e | very 150,0 | 00 km (10 | Replace every 150,000 km (100,000 mi.) | | |
| Vapor hose and fuel filler cap | | | | | _ | | | | _ |
| Fuel tank air filter | | | _ | | ~ | | _ | | ~ |
| Vacuum hose | | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ |
| Fuel lines, hoses and connections | ons | | | | _ | | | | _ |
| Cooling system | | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ |
| Intercooler, in/out hose | | | At first after that, | ; inspect a inspect ev | t 15,000 ki ery 30,000 | m (10,000 3 km (20,0 | At first, inspect at 15,000 km (10,000 mi.) or 6 months, after that, inspect every 30,000 km (20,000 mi.) or 24 months | nonths, 24 month | s |

R : Replace

I: Inspect and if necessary, adjust, correct, clean or replace.

*6: For your convenience, it can be replaced prior to it's interval when you do maintenance of other items.

hard starting problem etc, we recommend replacing the fuel filter immediately regardless of maintenance schedule and schedule depends on fuel quality. If there are some important matters like fuel flow restriction, surging, loss of power, * The fuel filter is considered to be maintenance free but periodic inspection is recommended for this maintenance consulting with an authorized HYUNDAI dealer for details.

| INTERVALS Months | | er of mor | iths or dri | ving dista | ance, whi | Number of months or driving distance, whichever comes first | mes first | | |
|---|------------------------------------|-----------|---|--------------------------|-------------------------|---|----------------------|------------------------|------|
| / | Months | 12 | 24 | 36 | 48 | 9 | 72 | 84 | 96 |
| JOINVILLE | Mi.×1,000 | 10 | 20 | 30 | 40 | 20 | 09 | 70 | 80 |
| MAIN LENANCE ITEM | kilometers x 1,000 | 15 | 30 | 45 | 09 | 75 | 06 | 105 | 120 |
| Engine coolant / Inverter coolant *7 | lant *7 | At | At first, replace 195,000 km (120,000 mi.) or 120 months after that, replace every 30,000 km (25,000 mi.) or 24 months *8 | ce 195,000 e every 30 |) km (120, ,000 km (| , replace 195,000 km (120,000 mi.) or 120 months aftereplace every 30,000 km (25,000 mi.) or 24 months *8 | 720 mont or 24 mo | hs after th nths *8 | ıat, |
| All electrical systems | | _ | _ | - | ı | _ | - | 1 | I |
| Dual clutch transmission fluid *9 | 6* D | | | No C | heck, No | No check, No service required | uired | | |
| Engine clutch actuator fluid | | | Repla | ce every 4 | 0,000 km | Replace every 40,000 km (26,000 mi.) or 24 months | ii.) or 24 m | onths | |
| Engine clutch actuator hose and line | and line | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ |
| Pan-European eCall system battery (if equipped) /UAE eCall system battery (if equipped) | pattery (if equipped) equipped) | | | | Replace ev | Replace every 4 years | S | | |
| Brake lines, hoses and connections | ctions | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | 1 | - |
| Brake pedal | | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ |
| Brake fluid | | _ | _ | Ж | _ | _ | W. | 1 | ı |
| Brake discs and pads | | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | 1 | ı |

R : Replace

I: Inspect and if necessary, adjust, correct, clean or replace.

77: When adding coolant, use only deionized water or soft water for your vehicle and never mix hard water in the coolant filled at the factory.

*8: For your convenience, it can be replaced prior to it's interval when you do maintenance of other items.

*9: Dual Clutch Transmission (DCT) fluid should be changed anytime it has been submerged in water.

| MAINTENANCE | | er of mon | Number of months or driving distance, whichever comes first | ving dista | ince, whi | chever co | mes first | | |
|---------------------------------------|--------------------|-----------|---|------------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----|-----|
| INTERVALS Months | Months | 12 | 24 | 36 | 48 | 09 | 72 | 84 | 96 |
| | Mi.×1,000 | 10 | 20 | 30 | 40 | 20 | 09 | 70 | 80 |
| MAIN ENANCE ITEM | kilometers x 1,000 | 15 | 30 | 45 | 9 | 75 | 06 | 105 | 120 |
| Parking brake | | | _ | | _ | | _ | | _ |
| Steering gear rack, linkage and boots | d boots | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ |
| Driveshaft and boots | | | _ | | _ | | _ | | _ |
| Tire (pressure & tread wear) | | ı | - | 1 | - | ı | - | 1 | ı |
| Front suspension ball joints | | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ |
| Bolt and nuts on chassis and body | lody | _ | _ | _ | _ | ı | _ | ı | ı |
| Air conditioner refrigerant | | _ | _ | _ | _ | - | _ | - | ı |
| Air conditioner compressor | | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ |
| Cabin air filter | | ~ | Я | Я | W. | Я | Я | R | Я |
| Exhaust system | | | _ | | _ | | _ | | _ |

Exnaust system
R : Replace
I : Inspect and if necessary, adjust, correct, clean or replace.

Maintenance under severe usage conditions- Pakistan

The following items must be serviced more frequently on cars mainly used under severe and low mileage driving conditions. Refer to the chart below for the appropriate maintenance intervals.

R: Replace

I: Inspect and if necessary, adjust, correct, clean or replace.

| Maintenance item | Maintenance operation | Maintenance Intervals | Driving condition |
|--------------------------------------|-----------------------|--|---|
| Engine oil and engine oil filter | R | Replace every 5,000 km or 3 months | A, B, C, D, E, F, G, H, I, J, K,L |
| Air cleaner filter | I/R | Inspect at every 10,000 km & Replaced every 20,000 km | C, E |
| Spark plugs | I/R | Replaced at every 100,000 km Inspect at every 20,000 km | A, B, C, D, E, F, G, H, I, K |
| HSG | R | Every 30,000 km or 12 months | |
| (Hybrid Starter & Generator) belt | I | Every 10,000 km or 6 months | C, D, E, K |
| Fuel Additives | R | Add Every 10,000 km | A, B, C, D, E, F, G, H, I, K,L |
| Dual clutch transmission fluid | R | Every 100,000 km | A, B, C, D, E, F, G, H, I, k |
| Engine coolant | R | At first Replaced at 200,000 km or 10 years after that replace every 40,000 km | A, B, C, D, E, F, G, H, I, K |
| Engine clutch actuator fluid | R | Replace every 40,000km or 24 months | A, B, C, D, E, F, G, H, I, K |
| Vapor Hose and fuel filler cap | I | Inspect at every 60,000km | A, B, C, D, E, F, G, H, I, K |
| Bolt and nuts on chassis | I | Inspect at every 5,000km | A, B, C, D, E, F, G, H, I, K |
| Fuel Filter | R | Replace every 60,000km | A, B, C, D, E, F, G, H, I, K |
| Engine & Hybrid Cooling System | I | Inspect at every 10,000km | A, B, C, D, E, F, G, H, I |
| Battery 12V | I | Inspect at every 5,000km | A, B, C, D, E, F, G, H, I, K |
| Climate Control air filter | I/R | Inspect every 10,000 km | C,E |

| Maintenance item | Maintenance operation | Maintenance Intervals | Driving condition |
|---|-----------------------|---|---------------------------------|
| Air Conditioner Compressor/Refrigerant | I | Inspect every 10,000 km | A, B, C, D, E, F, G, H, I, K |
| Driveshaft and boots | I | Inspect at every 10,000km | C, D, E, F, G, H, I, J |
| Exhaust System | I | Inspect at every 10,000km | A, B, C, D, E, F, G, H, I |
| Fuel Lines, Hoses & Connections | I | Inspect at every 10,000km | A, B, C, D, E, F, G, H, I, J |
| Vacuum & Crank Case Ventilation Hoses | I | Inspect at every 10,000km | C, D, E, F, G |
| Brake Fluid | I/R | Inspect every 5,000 km & Replaced at 40,000 km | C, D, E, F, G, H |
| Brake Lines, Hoses & Connections | I | Inspect at every 10,000km | C, D, E, F, G, H, I, J |
| Disc Brake, Pads, Calipers & Rotors | I | Inspect at every 10,000km | C, D, E, F, G |
| Steering Gear Rack, Linkage and Boots | I | Inspect at every 5,000km | C, D, E, F, G |
| Front suspension ball joints | I | Inspect at every 10,000km | C, D, E, F, G |
| Parking brake | _ | Inspect at every 5,000km | C, D, G, H |
| Tire (Pressure & Tread Wear) | I | Inspect at every 5,000km | A, B, C, D, E, F, G, H, I, k |
| Tire Rotation | Ī | Inspect at every 10,000km | A, B, C, D, E, F, G, H, I, k |

Severe driving conditions

- A. Repeatedly driving short distance of less than 8 km in normal temperature or less than 16 km in freezing temperature
- B. Extensive engine idling or low speed driving for long distances
- C. Driving on rough, dusty, muddy, unpaved, graveled or salt spread roads
- D. Driving in areas using salt or other corrosive materials or in very cold weather
- E. Driving in heavy dust conditions
- F. Driving in heavy traffic area
- G. Driving on uphill, downhill, or mountain roads repeatedly
- H. Towing a trailer, or using a camper or roof rack
- I. Driving as a patrol car, taxi, other commercial use or vehicle towing
- J. Frequently1 driving under high speed or rapid acceleration/deceleration
- K. Frequently driving in stop-and-go conditions
- L. If good quality gasolines meet Europe Fuel standards (EN228) or equivalents including fuel additives is not available, one bottle of additive is recommended. Additives are available from your authorized HYUNDAI dealer along with information on how to use them. Do not mix other additives

Normal maintenance schedule (For Mexico)

| MAINTENANCE | | Numbe | er of mo | Number of months or driving distance, whichever comes first | Iriving d | istance, | whiche | ver come | s first | | |
|--|-----------------------|--------|----------|---|------------------------|---|------------------------|-------------------------|--------------------|-----------|--------|
| INTERVALS Months | Months | 9 | 12 | 18 | 24 | 30 | 36 | 42 | 48 | 54 | 9 |
| MAINTENANCE ITEM | kilometers x 1,000 | 10 | 20 | 30 | 40 | 20 | 09 | 70 | 80 | 06 | 100 |
| HSG (Hybrid Starter & Generator) belt *1 | or) belt *1 | Inspec | ct every | Inspect every 10,000 km or 12 months, and replace every 100,000 km or 48 months | n or 12 m | onths, an | d replace | every 10 | 0,000 kr | n or 48 n | nonths |
| Engine oil and engine oil filter *2 *3 | 2 *3 | ~ | ~ | ~ | ~ | ~ | ~ | ~ | ~ | ~ | ~ |
| Fuel additives *4 | | | | | Add eve | Add every 10,000 km or 6 months |) km or 6 | months | | | |
| Air cleaner filter | | _ | _ | ч | _ | _ | ~ | _ | _ | 2 | _ |
| Spark plugs *5 | | | | | Rep | Replace every 160,000 km | y 160,000 | 0 km | | | |
| Vapor hose and fuel filler cap | | | - | | - | | ı | | - | | 1 |
| Fuel tank air filter | | | _ | | - | | - | | - | | _ |
| Fuel lines, hoses and connections | ons | | _ | | _ | | _ | | _ | | _ |
| Intercooler, in/out hose | | | afte | At first, inspect at 10,000 km (6,500 mi.) or 6 months, after that, inspect every 30,000 km (19,500 mi.) or 24 months | nspect at spect eve | At first, inspect at 10,000 km (6,500 mi.) or 6 months, r that, inspect every 30,000 km (19,500 mi.) or 24 moı | .m (6,50C 0 km (19, |) mi.) or 6 500 mi.) | months or 24 mo | , nths | |

R: Replac

I: Inspect and if necessary, adjust, correct, clean or replace

11 Inspect HSG belt for evidence of cuts, crocks, excessive wear or oil saturation and replace if necessary. If drive belt noise occurred, readjust drive belt tension before replace.

²: Check the engine oil level and leak every 500 km (350 miles) or before starting a long trip.

4: If good quality gasolines meet Europe Fuel standards (EN228) or equivalents including fuel additives is not available, one bottle 33: Never add any additives to the engine oil. Engine oil additives can change the properties of engine oil and may cause serious of additive is recommended. Additives are available from your authorized HYUNDAI dealer along with information on how to

*5: For your convenience, it can be replaced prior to it's interval when you do maintenance of other items.

use them. Do not mix other additives.

hard starting problem etc, we recommend replacing the fuel filter immediately regardless of maintenance schedule and schedule depends on fuel quality. If there are some important matters like fuel flow restriction, surging, loss of power, * The fuel filter is considered to be maintenance free but periodic inspection is recommended for this maintenance consulting with an authorized HYUNDAI dealer for details.

| MAINTENANCE | | Numbe | r of mo | nths or d | Iriving d | istance, | whichev | Number of months or driving distance, whichever comes first | s first | | |
|--------------------------------------|-----------------------|--------|------------|-----------|-----------|-------------------------------|--------------------------------|---|-----------|--------|-------|
| INTERVALS Months | Months | 9 | 12 | 18 | 24 | 30 | 36 | 42 | 48 | 54 | 09 |
| MAINTENANCE TEM | kilometers x 1,000 | 10 | 20 | 30 | 40 | 20 | 09 | 70 | 80 | 06 | 100 |
| Cooling system | | _ | _ | _ | - | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ |
| Engine coolant / Inverter coolant *6 | ıt *6 | At fir | st, replac | se 200,00 | 00 km or | 120 mont 24 mo | months after t 24 months *7 | At first, replace 200,000 km or 120 months after that, replace every 40,000 km or 24 months *7 | ace every | 40,000 | km or |
| All electrical systems | | _ | ı | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ |
| Dual clutch transmission fluid *8 | | | | | No ch | No check, No service required | ervice re | quired | | | |
| Engine clutch actuator fluid | | | | Ä | eplace ev | ery 40,0 | 00 km or | Replace every 40,000 km or 24 months | hs | | |
| Engine clutch actuator hose and line | d line | - | ı | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ |
| Brake lines, hoses and connections | ons | 1 | 1 | 1 | - | _ | _ | - | - | _ | ı |
| Brake pedal | | | ı | | _ | | _ | | _ | | 1 |
| Brake fluid | | _ | I | _ | Ж | _ | _ | _ | Ж | _ | _ |
| Brake discs and pads | | - | ı | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ |
| Parking brake | | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ |

R: Replace

I: Inspect and if necessary, adjust, correct, clean or replace *6: When adding coolant, use only deionized water or soft water for your vehicle and never mix hard water in the coolant filled at the factory.

77: For your convenience, it can be replaced prior to it's interval when you do maintenance of other items.

*8: Dual Clutch Transmission (DCT) fluid should be changed anytime it has been submerged in water.

| MAINTENANCE | | Numbe | r of mon | ths or di | iving di | stance, v | whichev | Number of months or driving distance, whichever comes first | s first | | |
|---------------------------------------|-----------------------|-------|----------|-----------|----------|-----------|---------|---|---------|----|-----|
| INTERVALS Months | nths | 9 | 12 | 18 | 24 | 30 | 36 | 42 | 48 | 54 | 09 |
| MAINTENANCE Kilomo | kilometers x 1,000 | 10 | 20 | 30 | 40 | 20 | 09 | 70 | 80 | 06 | 100 |
| Steering gear rack, linkage and boots | ots | _ | - | _ | _ | - | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ |
| Driveshaft and boots | | | - | | | | _ | | | | - |
| Tire (pressure & tread wear) | | _ | _ | _ | - | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ |
| Front suspension ball joints | | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ |
| Bolt and nuts on chassis and body | | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ |
| Air conditioner refrigerant | | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ |
| Air conditioner compressor | | - | _ | | | _ | _ | _ | - | _ | - |
| Cabin air filter | | R | R | R | R | R | Я | R | R | R | Я |
| Exhaust system | | | _ | | | | _ | | | | - |
| R · Renlace | | | | | | | | | | | |

R : Replace I : Inspect and if necessary, adjust, correct, clean or replace

Maintenance Under Severe Usage and Low Mileage Conditions (For Mexico)

| Maintenance item | Maintenance operation | Maintenance Intervals | Driving condition |
|---|-----------------------|---|---------------------------------------|
| Engine oil and engine oil filter | R | Replace every 5,000 km or 3 months | A, B, C, D, E, F, G, H, I, J, K, L |
| Air cleaner filter | R | Replace more frequently depending on the condition | C, E |
| Spark plugs | R | Replace more frequently depending on the condition | A, B, F, G, H, I, K |
| HSG (Hybrid Starter & | R | Every 50,000 km or 24 months | C, D, E, K |
| Generator) belt | I | Every 5,000 km or 6 months | C, D, E, K |
| Dual clutch transmission fluid | R | Every 120,000 km | C, D, F, G, H, I, J |
| Steering gear rack, linkage and boots | I | Inspect more frequently depending on the condition C, D, E, F, G | |
| Front suspension ball joints | I | Inspect more frequently depending on the condition C, D, E, F, G | |
| Disc brakes and pads, calipers and rotors | I | Inspect more frequently depending on the condition C, D, E, G, H | |
| Parking brake | I | Inspect more frequently depending on the condition C, D, G, H | |
| Driveshaft and boots | I | Inspect more frequently C, D, E, F, G, depending on the condition H, I, J | |
| Cabin air filter | R | Replace more frequently depending on the condition | C, E, G |

- A. Repeatedly driving short distance of less than 8 km (5 miles) in normal temperature or less than 16 km (10 miles) in freezing temperature
- B. Extensive engine idling or low speed driving for long distances
- C. Driving on rough, dusty, muddy, unpayed, grayeled or salt-spread roads
- D. Driving in areas using salt or other corrosive materials or in very cold weather
- E. Driving in heavy dust conditions
- F. Driving in heavy traffic area
- G. Driving on uphill, downhill, or mountain roads repeatedly
- H. Using for towing or camping, and driving with loads on the roof
- I. Driving as a patrol car, taxi, other commercial use of vehicle towing
- J. Frequently driving under high speed or rapid acceleration/deceleration
- K. Frequently driving in stop-and-go conditions
- L. Engine oil usage which is not recommended (Mineral type, Semi-synthetic, Lower grade spec, etc.)

EXPLANATION OF SCHEDULED MAINTENANCE ITEMS

Engine oil and filter

The engine oil and filter should be changed at the intervals specified in the maintenance schedule. If the vehicle is being driven in severe conditions, more frequent oil and filter changes are required.

Drive belts

Inspect all drive belts for evidence of cuts, cracks, excessive wear or oil saturation and replace if necessary. Drive belts should be checked periodically for proper tension and adjusted as necessary.



CAUTION

When you are inspecting the belt, place the ignition switch to the LOCK/OFF or ACC position.

Fuel filter (except Europe)

A clogged filter can limit the speed at which the vehicle may be driven, damage the emission system and cause multiple issues such as hard starting.

If an excessive amount of foreign matter accumulates in the fuel tank, the filter may require replacement more frequently.

After installing a new filter, run the engine for several minutes, and check for leaks at the connections. We recommend that the fuel filter be replaced by an authorized HYUNDAI dealer.

Fuel filter (For Europe)

This gasoline powered vehicle is equipped with a lifetime fuel filter that is integrated with the fuel tank. Regular maintenance or replacement is not needed; however, the quality of fuel used may impact the frequency of maintenance needed. If there are any fuel related problems like fuel flow restriction, surging, loss of power, hard starting problem Etc., fuel filter inspection or replacement may be needed. We recommend the fuel filter be inspected or replaced by an authorized HYUNDAI dealer.

HSG (Hybrid Starter & Generator) Belt

The HSG belt should be changed at the intervals specified in the maintenance schedule

Fuel lines, fuel hoses and connections

Check the fuel lines, fuel hoses and connections for leakage and damage. We recommend that the fuel lines, fuel hoses and connections be replaced by an authorized HYUNDAI dealer.

Vapor hose and fuel filler cap

The vapor hose and fuel filler cap should be inspected at those intervals specified in the maintenance schedule. Make sure that a new vapor hose or fuel filler cap is correctly replaced.

Air cleaner filter

We recommend that the air cleaner filter be replaced by an authorized HYUNDAI dealer.

Spark plugs

Make sure to install new spark plugs of the correct heat range.

When assembling parts, be sure to wipe out foreign substances inside and outside of the boot bottom of the ignition coil and the insulator of the spark plug with a soft cloth to prevent contamination of the spark plug insulator.



WARNING

Do not disconnect and inspect spark plugs when the engine is hot. You may burn yourself.

Valve clearance

Inspect excessive valve noise and/or engine vibration and adjust if necessary. We recommend that the system be serviced by an authorized HYUNDAI dealer.

Cooling system

Check the cooling system parts, such as radiator, coolant reservoir, hoses and connections for leakage and damage. Replace any damaged parts.

Engine coolant /Inverter coolant

The coolant should be changed at the intervals specified in the maintenance schedule.

Dual clutch transmission fluid (if equipped)

Intelligent variable transmission fluid should not be checked under normal usage conditions.

We recommend that the Intelligent variable transmission fluid is changed by an authorized HYUNDAI dealer according to the maintenance schedule.

Brake hoses and lines

Visually check for proper installation, chafing, cracks, deterioration and any leakage. Replace any deteriorated or damaged parts immediately.

Brake fluid

Check the brake fluid level in the brake fluid reservoir. The level should be between "MIN" and "MAX" marks on the side of the reservoir. Use only hydraulic brake fluid conforming to DOT 4 specification.

Parking brake

Inspect the parking brake system.

Brake discs, pads, calipers and rotors

Check the pads, the disc, and the rotor for any excessive wear-out. Inspect calipers for any fluid leakage.

For more information on checking the pads or lining wear limit, refer to the HYUNDAL web site.

(http://service.hyundai-motor.com)

Suspension mounting bolts

Check the suspension connections for looseness or damage. Retighten to the specified torque.

Steering gear box, linkage & boots/lower arm ball joint

With the vehicle stopped and engine off, check for excessive free-play in the steering wheel.

Check the linkage for bends or damage. Check the dust boots and ball joints for deterioration, cracks, or damage. Replace any damaged parts.

Drive shafts and boots

Check the drive shafts, boots and clamps for cracks, deterioration, or damage. Replace any damaged parts and, if necessary, repack the grease.

Air conditioning refrigerant/compressor

Check the air conditioning lines and connections for leakage and damage.

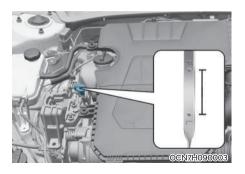
FNGINF OIL

Checking the engine oil level

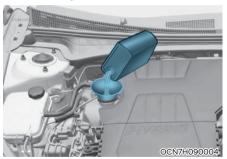
Engine oil is used for lubricating, cooling, and operating various hydraulic components in the engine. Engine oil consumption while driving is normal, and it is necessary to check and refill the engine oil regularly. Also, check and refill the oil level within the recommended maintenance schedule to prevent deterioration of oil performance.

Check the engine oil following the below procedure.

- 1. Follow all of the oil manufacturer's precautions.
- 2. Be sure the vehicle is on the level ground in P (Park) with the parking brake set and the wheels blocked
- 3. Turn the engine on and warn the engine up until the coolant temperature reaches a constant normal temperature.
- 4. Turn the engine off, and remove the oil filler cap and pull the dipstick out. Wait for 15 minutes for the oil to return to the oil pan.
- 5. Wipe the dipstick clean, and re-insert it fully.



- 6. Pull the dipstick out again and check the level. The level should be between F (Full) and L (Low).
- 7. If the oil level is below L, add enough oil to bring the level to F.



Use a funnel to help prevent oil from being spilled on engine components.

Use only the specified engine oil. (Refer to "Recommended lubricants and capacities" in chapter 2.)

NOTICE

To prevent damage to your engine:

- Do not spill engine oil when adding or changing engine oil. Wipe off spilled oil immediately.
- The engine oil consumption may increase while you break in a new vehicle and it will be stabilized after driving 6,000 km (4,000 mi.).
- The engine oil consumption can be affected by driving habits, climate conditions, traffic conditions, oil quality, etc. Therefore, it is recommended that you inspect the engine oil level regularly and refill it if necessary.

Checking the engine oil and filter



- We recommend that the engine oil and filter be replaced by an authorized HYUNDAI dealer.
- If the maintenance schedule to replace engine oil is exceeded, the engine oil performance may deteriorate, and the engine condition may be affected. Therefore, replace the engine oil according to the maintenance schedule.
- To keep the engine in optimal condition, use the recommended engine oil and filter. If the recommended engine oil and filter are not used, replace it according to the maintenance schedule under severe usage conditions.
- The purpose of the maintenance schedule for engine oil replacement is to prevent oil deterioration and it is irrelevant to oil consumption. Check and refill engine oil regularly.



When the oil pressure is low due to insufficient engine oil, the Engine Oil Pressure () warning light will illuminate. In addition, the enhanced engine protection system, which limits the engine's power is activated and the Malfunction Indicator Light () will illuminate when the vehicle is driven in this state continuously. When oil pressure is restored, the Engine Oil Pressure warning light will turn off and the engine power will no longer be limited.



CAUTION

The engine oil is very hot immediately after the vehicle has been driven and can cause burns during replacement. Replace the engine oil after the engine oil has cooled down.



WARNING

Used engine oil may cause irritation or cancer of the skin if left in contact with the skin for prolonged periods of time. Used engine oil contains chemicals that have caused cancer in laboratory animals. Always protect your skin by washing your hands thoroughly with soap and warm water as soon as possible after handling used oil.

NOTICE

Never add any additives to the engine oil. Engine oil additives can change the properties of engine oil and may cause serious engine failure.

ENGINE COOLANT

The high-pressure cooling system has a reservoir filled with year-round antifreeze coolant. The reservoir is filled at the factory.

Check the antifreeze protection and coolant concentration level at least once a year, at the beginning of the winter season, and before traveling to a colder climate

NOTICE

- When the engine overheats from low engine coolant, suddenly adding engine coolant may cause cracks in the engine. To prevent damage, add engine coolant slowly in small quantities.
- Do not drive with no engine coolant.
 It may cause water pump failure and engine seizure, etc.

Checking the coolant level





Check the condition and connections of all cooling system hoses and heater hoses. Replace any swollen or deteriorated hoses.

The coolant level should be filled between the MAX and the MIN marks on the side of the coolant reservoir when the engine is cool. If the coolant level is low, add the selected anti-freeze according to the proper coolant mix ratio to bring the level to the MAX mark, but do not overfill. If frequent additions are required, see an authorized HYUNDAI dealer for a cooling system inspection.

⚠ WARNING





- Check if the radiator cap label is straight In front.
- Make sure that the tiny protrusions inside the radiator cap should be securely interlocked.





Removing radiator cap/ Engine coolant reservoir cap

- Never attempt to remove the radiator cap/engine coolant reservoir cap while the engine is operating or hot.
 - Doing so might lead to cooling system and engine damage and could result in serious personal injury from escaping hot coolant or steam.
- Turn the engine off and wait until it cools down. Use extreme care when removing the radiator cap/ engine coolant reservoir cap. Wrap a thick towel around it, and turn it counterclockwise slowly to the first stop. Step back while the pressure is released from the cooling system.
 - When you are sure all the pressure has been released, press down on the cap, using a thick towel, and continue turning counterclockwise to remove it.
- Even if the engine is not operating, do not remove the radiator cap/ engine coolant reservoir cap or the drain plug while the engine and radiator are hot. Hot coolant and steam may still blow out under pressure, causing serious injury.

i Information

The engine coolant and/or inverter coolant level is influenced by the hybrid system temperature. Before checking or refilling the engine coolant and/or inverter coolant, turn the hybrid vehicle off.

MARNING



The electric motor for the cooling fan may continue to operate or start up when the engine is not running and can cause serious injury. Keep hands, clothing and tools away from the rotating fan blades of the cooling fan.

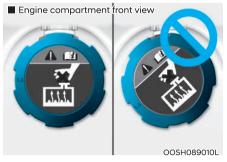
Keep hands, clothing and tools away from the rotating fan blades of the cooling fan.

Always turn off the vehicle unless the vehicle has to be inspected with the engine on. Be cautious as the cooling fan may operate until you disconnect the battery connector.

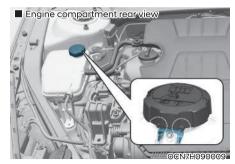


WARNING

Make sure the coolant cap is properly closed after refilling coolant. Otherwise the engine could be overheated while driving.



 Check if the radiator cap label is straight in front.



Make sure that the tiny protrusions inside the radiator cap are securely interlocked.

Recommended engine coolant

- When adding coolant, use only distilled (deionized) water for your vehicle and never mix hard water in the coolant filled at the factory. An incorrect coolant mixture can result in serious malfunction or engine damage
- The engine in your vehicle has aluminum engine parts and must be protected by an phosphate based ethylene-glycol coolant to prevent corrosion and freezing.
- DO NOT USF alcohol or methanol coolant or mix them with the specified coolant
- Do not use a solution that contains more than 60% antifreeze or less than 35% antifreeze, which would reduce the effectiveness of the solution
- The engine in your vehicle has aluminum engine parts and must be protected by an ethylene-glycol with phosphate based coolant to prevent corrosion and freezing.

For mixture percentage, refer to the following table.

| Ambient | Mixture Percentage (volume) | |
|---------------|--------------------------------|-------|
| Temperature | Antifreeze | Water |
| -15°C (5°F) | 35 | 65 |
| -25°C (-13°F) | 40 | 60 |
| -35°C (-31°F) | 50 | 50 |
| -45°C (-49°F) | 60 | 40 |



Information

If in doubt about the mix ratio, a 50% water and 50% antifreeze mix is the easiest to mix together as it will be the same quantity of each. It is suitable to use for most temperature ranges of -35°C (-31°F) and higher.

Changing the engine coolant

We recommend that the coolant be replaced by an authorized HYUNDAL dealer



WARNING

Do not use engine coolant or antifreeze in the washer fluid reservoir.

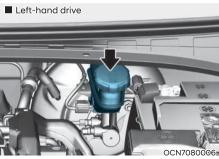
Engine coolant can severely obscure visibility when sprayed on the windshield and may cause loss of vehicle control or damage to paint and body trim.

NOTICE

To prevent damage to engine parts, put a thick towel around the engine coolant cap and/or inverter coolant cap before refilling the coolant to prevent the coolant from overflowing into engine parts, such as the alternator.

BRAKE FLUID

Checking the brake fluid level



Right-hand drive



Check the fluid level in the reservoir periodically. The fluid level should be between MAX and MIN marks on the side of the reservoir

Before removing the reservoir cap and adding brake fluid, clean the area around the reservoir cap thoroughly to prevent brake fluid contamination.

If the level is low, add fluid to the MAX level. The level will fall with accumulated mileage. This is a normal condition associated with the wear of the brake linings.

If the fluid level is excessively low, we recommend that the system be checked by an authorized HYUNDAI dealer.

i Information

Use only the specified brake fluid. Refer to "Recommended lubricants and capacities" in chapter 2.

i Information

Before removing the brake filler cap, read the warning on the cap.

i Information

Clean the filler cap before removing. Use only DOT4 brake fluid from a sealed container.

MARNING

Do not let brake fluid enter into your eyes. If brake fluid gets in your eyes, flush your eyes with clean water for at least 15 minutes and get immediate medical attention.

NOTICE

- Do not allow brake fluid to contact the vehicle's body paint, as it will result in paint damage.
- NEVER use brake fluid which has been exposed to open air for an extended time, as its quality cannot be guaranteed.
- Don't put in the wrong type of fluid.
 A few drops of mineralbased oil, such as engine oil in your brake system can damage system parts.
- To maintain the best braking performance and ABS/ESC performance, we recommend that you use genuine brake fluid that conform to specifications.

(Standard: SAE J1704 DOT-4 LV, ISO4925 CLASS-6 and FMVSS 116 DOT-4)

WASHER FLUID

Checking the washer fluid level



Check the fluid level in the washer fluid reservoir and add fluid if necessary.

Plain water may be used if washer fluid is not available.

However, use washer solvent with antifreeze characteristics in cold climates to prevent freezing.



To prevent serious injury or death, take the following safety precautions when using washer fluid:

- Do not use engine coolant or antifreeze in the washer fluid reservoir. Engine coolant can severely obscure visibility when sprayed on the windshield and may cause loss of vehicle control resulting in an accident or damage to paint and body trim.
- Do not allow sparks or flames to contact the washer fluid or the washer fluid reservoir. Washer fluid may contain alcohol and can be flammable.
- Do not drink washer fluid and avoid contact with skin. Washer fluid is poisonous to humans and animals.
- Keep washer fluid away from children and animals.

HYBRID STARTER & GENERATOR (HSG) BELT

Checking the Hybrid Starter & Generator (HSG) belt

We recommend that you have the Hybrid Starter & Generator (HSG) belt inspected or replaced according to the Maintenance Schedule in this chapter by an authorized HYLINDAL dealer.



CAUTION

When the HSG belt is worn out or damaged, replace the belt.

Otherwise, it may cause engine overheating or battery discharge.



WARNING

Turn the vehicle off while you inspect the engine or Hybrid Starter & Generator (HSG) belt. Otherwise it may result in serious injury.

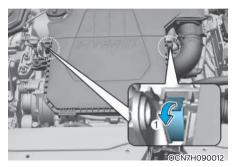
Keep hands, clothing etc. away from the Hybrid Starter & Generator (HSG) belt.

AIR CLEANER

Filter replacement

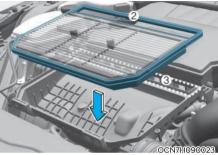


The air cleaner filter can be cleaned for inspection using compressed air. Do not attempt to wash or to rinse it, as water will damage the filter. If soiled, the air cleaner filter must be replaced.



1. Loosen the air cleaner cover attaching clip (1) and open the cover.



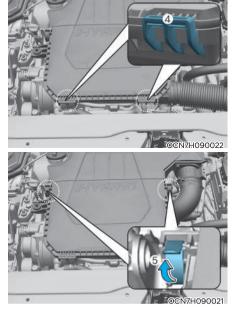


2. Replace the air cleaner filter.

Firmly insert the rubber packing (2) of the filter into the rectangular frame (3).

CAUTION

If foreign matter enters the rectangular frame, it may flow into the engine, so be careful not to introduce foreign matter into the frame.



- 3. Insert the air cleaner cover in the hinge (4) and engage the clip (5) after closing the cover.
- 4. Check that the cover is firmly installed

i Information

If the vehicle is operated in extremely dusty or sandy areas, replace the element more often than the usual recommended intervals (refer to "Maintenance Under Severe Usage Conditions" in this chapter).

NOTICE

- Do not drive with the air cleaner filter removed. This will result in excessive engine wear.
- When removing the air cleaner filter, be careful that dust or dirt does not enter the air intake, or damage may result.
- Use HYUNDAI genuine parts or the equivalent specified for your vehicle.
 Use of parts without the matching quality could damage the air flow sensor

CABIN AIR FILTER

Filter inspection

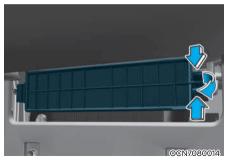
The cabin air filter should be replaced according to the Maintenance Schedule. If the vehicle is operated in severely airpolluted cities or on dusty rough roads for a long period, it should be inspected more frequently and replaced earlier. When you replace the cabin air filter, replace it performing the following procedure, and be careful to avoid damaging other components.

Replace the filter according to the Maintenance Schedule

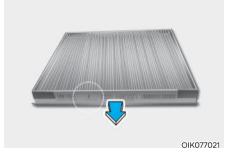
Filter replacement



 Push in both sides of the glove box as shown. This will ensure that the glove box stopper pins will get released from its holding location allowing the glove box to hang.



Remove the cabin air filter case while pressing the lock on the right side of the cover.



- 3. Replace the cabin air filter.
- 4. Reassemble in the reverse order of disassembly.

NOTICE

Install a new cabin air filter in the correct direction with the arrow symbol (↓) facing downwards, otherwise, it may be noisy and the effectiveness of the filter may be reduced.

WIPER BLADES

Blade inspection

Contamination of either the windshield or the wiper blades with foreign matter can reduce the effectiveness of the windshield wipers.

Common sources of contamination are insects, tree sap, and hot wax treatments used by some commercial car washes. If the blades are not wiping properly, clean both the window and the blades with a good cleaner or mild detergent, and rinse thoroughly with clean water.

NOTICE

To prevent damage to the wiper blades, arms or other components, do not:

- Use gasoline, kerosene, paint thinner, or other solvents on or near them.
- Attempt to move the wipers manually.
- Use non-specified wiper blades.

i Information

Commercial hot waxes applied by automatic car washes have been known to make the windshield difficult to clean.

Blade replacement

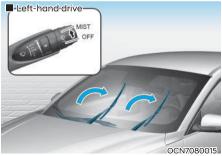
When the wipers no longer clean adequately, the blades may be worn or cracked, and require replacement.



CAUTION

Do not allow the wiper arm to fall against the windshield, since it may chip or crack the windshield.

Front windshield wiper service positions

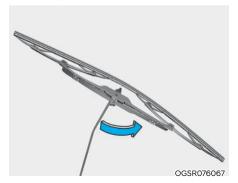




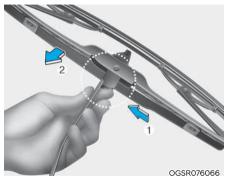
This vehicle has a "hidden" wiper design which means that the wipers cannot be lifted when they are in their bottom resting position.

- Within 20 seconds of turning off the engine, lift and hold the wiper lever up to the MIST position for about 2 seconds until the wipers move to the top wipe position.
- 2. At this time you can lift the wipers off the windshield.
- 3. Gently put the wipers back down onto the windshield.
- 4. Turn the wipers to any ON position to return the wipers to the bottom resting position.

Blade replacement



1. Raise the wiper arm.



Lift up the wiper blade clip. Then pull down the blade assembly and remove it.



- 3. Install the new blade assembly.
- 4. Return the wiper arm on the windshield.

TIRES AND WHEELS



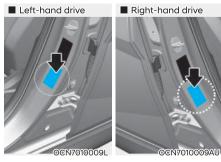
WARNING

Tire failure may cause loss of vehicle control resulting in an accident. To reduce risk of SERIOUS INJURY or DEATH, take the following precautions:

- Inspect your tires monthly for proper inflation as well as wear and damage.
- The recommended cold tire pressure for your vehicle can be found in this manual and on the tire label located on the driver's side center pillar.
 Always use a tire pressure gauge to measure tire pressure. Tires with too much or too little pressure wear unevenly causing poor handling.
- Check the pressure of the spare every time you check the pressure of the other tires on your vehicle.
- Replace tires that are worn, show uneven wear, or are damaged.
 Worn tires can cause loss of braking effectiveness, steering control, or traction.
- ALWAYS replace tires with the same size as each tire that was originally supplied with this vehicle. Using tires and wheels other than the recommended sizes could cause unusual handling characteristics, poor vehicle control, or negatively affect your vehicle's Anti-Lock Brake System (ABS) resulting in a serious accident.

Tire care

For proper maintenance, safety, and maximum fuel economy, you must always maintain recommended tire inflation pressures and stay within the load limits and weight distribution recommended for your vehicle.



All specifications (sizes and pressures) can be found on a label attached to the driver's side center pillar.

Recommended cold tire inflation pressures

All tire pressures (including the spare) should be checked when the tires are cold. "Cold tires" means the vehicle has not been driven for at least three hours or driven less than 1.6 km (one mile).

Warm tires normally exceed recommended cold tire pressures by 28 to 41 kPa (4 to 6 psi). Do not release air from warm tires to adjust the pressure or the tires will be under-inflated. For recommended inflation pressure, refer to "Tire and Wheels" in chapter 2.



WARNING

Recommended pressures must be maintained for the best ride, vehicle handling, and minimum tire wear.

Over-inflation or under-inflation can reduce tire life, adversely affect vehicle handling, and lead to sudden tire failure that could result in loss of vehicle control resulting in an accident.

Severe under-inflation can lead to severe heat build-up, causing blowouts, tread separation and other tire failures that can result in the loss of vehicle control resulting in an accident. This risk is much higher on hot days and when driving for long periods at high speeds.



CAUTION

- Underinflation also results in excessive wear, poor handling and reduced fuel economy. Wheel deformation also is possible. Keep your tire pressures at the proper levels. If a tire frequently needs refilling, we recommend that the system be checked by an authorized HYLINDAL dealer.
- Overinflation produces a harsh ride, excessive wear at the center of the tire tread, and a greater possibility of damage from road hazards.

Check tire inflation pressure

Check your tires, including the spare tire, once a month or more

How to check

Use a good quality tire pressure gauge to check tire pressure. You can not tell if your tires are properly inflated simply by looking at them. Radial tires may look properly inflated when they are underinflated.

Remove the valve cap from the tire valve stem. Press the tire gauge firmly onto the valve to get a pressure measurement. If the cold tire inflation pressure matches the recommended pressure on the tire and loading information label, no further adjustment is necessary. If the pressure is low, add air until you reach the recommended pressure. Make sure to put the valve caps back on the valve stems. Without the valve cap, dirt or moisture could get into the valve core and cause air leakage. If a valve cap is missing, install a new one as soon as possible.

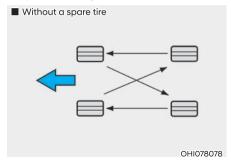
If you overfill the tire, release air by pushing on the metal stem in the center of the tire valve. Recheck the tire pressure with the tire gauge. Be sure to put the valve caps back on the valve stems. Without the valve cap, dirt or moisture could get into the valve core and cause air leakage. If a valve cap is missing, install a new one as soon as possible.

Tire rotation

To equalize tread wear, HYUNDAI recommends that the tires be rotated every 12,000 km (7,500 mi.) or sooner if irregular wear develops.

During rotation, check the tires for correct balance.

When rotating tires, check for uneven wear and damage. Abnormal wear is usually caused by incorrect tire pressure, improper wheel alignment, out-of-balance wheels, severe braking or severe cornering. Look for bumps or bulges in the tread or side of the tire. Replace the tire if you find any of these conditions. Replace the tire if fabric or cord is visible. After rotation, be sure to bring the front and rear tire pressures to specification and check lug nut tightness (proper torque is 11-13 kgf·m [79-94 lbf·ft]).



Disc brake pads should be inspected for wear whenever tires are rotated.

i Information

The outside and inside of the unsymmetrical tire is distinguishable. When installing an unsymmetrical tire, be sure to install the side marked "outside" face the outside. If the side marked "inside" is installed on the outside, it will have a negative effect on vehicle performance.

A

WARNING

- Do not use the compact spare tire for tire rotation.
- Do not mix bias ply and radial ply tires under any circumstances.
 This may cause unusual handling characteristics that may cause loss of vehicle control resulting in an accident.

Wheel alignment and tire balance

The wheels on your vehicle were aligned and balanced carefully at the factory to give you the longest tire life and best overall performance.

In most cases, you will not need to have your wheels aligned again. However, if you notice unusual tire wear or your vehicle pulling one way or the other, the alignment may need to be reset.

If you notice your vehicle vibrating when driving on a smooth road, your wheels may need to be rebalanced.

NOTICE

Incorrect wheel weights can damage your vehicle's aluminum wheels. Use only approved wheel weights.

Tire replacement



If the tire is worn evenly, a tread wear indicator will appear as a solid band across the tread. This shows there is less than 1.6 mm (1/16 in.) of tread left on the tire. Replace the tire when this happens.

Do not wait for the band to appear across the entire tread before replacing the tire.



WARNING

To reduce the risk of DEATH or SERIOUS INJURY:

- Replace tires that are worn, show uneven wear, or are damaged.
 Worn tires can cause loss of braking effectiveness, steering control, and traction.
- Always replace tires with the same size as each tire that was originally supplied with this vehicle. Using tires and wheels other than the recommended sizes could cause unusual handling characteristics, poor vehicle control, or negatively affect your vehicle's Anti-Lock Brake System (ABS) resulting in a serious accident.
- When replacing tires (or wheels), it is recommended to replace the two front or two rear tires (or wheels) as a pair. Replacing just one tire can seriously affect your vehicle's handling.
- Tires degrade over time, even when they are not being used. Regardless of the remaining tread, HYUNDAI recommends that tires be replaced after six (6) years of normal service.
- Heat caused by hot climates or frequent high loading conditions can accelerate the aging process. Failure to follow this warning may cause sudden tire failure, which could lead to a loss of vehicle control resulting in an accident.

Compact spare tire replacement (if equipped)

A compact spare tire has a shorter tread life than a regular size tire. Replace it when you can see the tread wear indicator bars on the tire. The replacement compact spare tire should be the same size and design tire as the one provided with your new vehicle and should be mounted on the same compact spare tire wheel. The compact spare tire is not designed to be mounted on a regular size wheel, and the compact spare tire wheel is not designed for mounting a regular size tire.



WARNING

The original tire should be repaired or replaced as soon as possible to avoid failure of the spare and loss of vehicle control resulting in an accident. The compact spare tire is for emergency use only. Do not operate your vehicle over 80 km/h (50 mph) when using the compact spare tire.

Wheel replacement

When replacing the metal wheels for any reason, make sure the new wheels are equivalent to the original factory units in diameter, rim width and offset.

Tire traction

Tire traction can be reduced if you drive on worn tires, tires that are improperly inflated or on slippery road surfaces. Tires should be replaced when tread wear indicators appear. To reduce the possibility of losing control, slow down whenever there is rain, snow or ice on the road

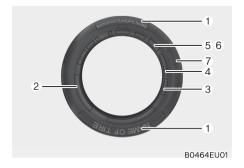
Tire maintenance

In addition to proper inflation, correct wheel alignment helps to decrease tire wear. If you find a tire is worn unevenly, have your dealer check the wheel alignment.

When you have new tires installed, make sure they are balanced. This will increase vehicle ride comfort and tire life. Additionally, a tire should always be rebalanced if it is removed from the wheel.

Tire sidewall labeling

This information identifies and describes the fundamental characteristics of the tire and also provides the tire identification number (TIN) for safety standard certification. The TIN can be used to identify the tire in case of a recall



1. Manufacturer or brand name

Manufacturer or brand name is shown

2. Tire size designation

A tire's sidewall is marked with a tire size designation. You will need this information when selecting replacement tires for your car. The following explains what the letters and numbers in the tire size designation mean.

Example tire size designation:

(These numbers are provided as an example only; your tire size designator could vary depending on your vehicle.)

205/65R16 91H

- 205 Tire width in millimeters
- 65 Aspect ratio. The tire's section height as a percentage of its width.
- R Tire construction code (Radial).
- 16 Rim diameter in inches.
- 91 Load Index, a numerical code associated with the maximum load the tire can carry.
- H Speed Rating Symbol. See the speed rating chart in this section for additional information.

Wheel size designation

Wheels are also marked with important information that you need if you ever have to replace one. The following explains what the letters and numbers in the wheel size designation mean.

Example wheel size designation:

6.5J X 16

- 6.5 Rim width in inches.
- J Rim contour designation.
- 16 Rim diameter in inches.

Tire speed ratings

The chart below lists many of the different speed ratings currently being used for passenger vehicle tires. The speed rating is part of the tire size designation on the sidewall of the tire. This symbol corresponds to that tire's designed maximum safe operating speed.

| Speed Rating Symbol | Maximum Speed |
|------------------------|--------------------|
| S | 180 km/h (112 mph) |
| Т | 190 km/h (118 mph) |
| Н | 210 km/h (130 mph) |
| V | 240 km/h (149 mph) |
| W | 270 km/h (168 mph) |
| Υ | 300 km/h (186 mph) |

3. Checking tire life (TIN : Tire Identification Number)

Any tires that are over six years old, based on the manufacturing date, (including the spare tire) should be replaced by new ones. You can find the manufacturing date on the tire sidewall (possibly on the inside of the wheel), displaying the DOT Code. The DOT Code is a series of numbers on a tire consisting of numbers and English letters. The manufacturing date is designated by the last four digits (characters) of the DOT code.

DOT: XXXX XXXX OOOO

The front part of the DOT shows a plant code number, tire size and tread pattern and the last four numbers indicate week and year manufactured.

For example:

DOT XXXX XXXX 1523 represents that the tire was produced in the 15th week of 2023

4. Tire ply composition and material

The number of layers or plies of rubber-coated fabric in the tire. Tire manufacturers also must indicate the materials in the tire, which include steel, nylon, polyester, and others. The letter "R" means radial ply construction; the letter "D" means diagonal or bias ply construction; and the letter "B" means belted-bias ply construction.

5. Maximum permissible inflation pressure

This number is the greatest amount of air pressure that should be put in the tire. Do not exceed the maximum permissible inflation pressure. Refer to the Tire and Loading Information label for recommended inflation pressure.

6. Maximum load rating

This number indicates the maximum load in kilograms and pounds that can be carried by the tire. When replacing the tires on the vehicle, always use a tire that has the same load rating as the factory installed tire.

7. Uniform tire quality grading

Quality grades can be found where applicable on the tire sidewall between tread shoulder and maximum section width.

For example: TREADWEAR 200 TRACTION AA TEMPERATURE A

Tread wear

The tread wear grade is a comparative rating based on the wear rate of the tire when tested under controlled conditions on a specified government test course. For example, a tire graded 150 would wear one-and-a-half times (1½) as well on the government course as a tire graded 100.

The relative performance of tires depends upon the actual conditions of their use, however, and may depart significantly from the norm due to variations in driving habits, service practices and differences in road characteristics and climate.

These grades are molded on the sidewalls of passenger vehicle tires. The tires available as standard or optional equipment on your vehicle may vary with respect to grade.

Traction - AA, A, B & C

The traction grades, from highest to lowest, are AA, A, B and C. Those grades represent the tire's ability to stop on wet pavement as measured under controlled conditions on specified government test surfaces of asphalt and concrete. A tire marked C may have poor traction performance.



WARNING

The traction grade assigned to this tire is based on straight-ahead braking traction tests, and does not include acceleration, cornering, hydroplaning, or peak traction characteristics.

Temperature - A, B & C

The temperature grades are A (the highest), B and C representing the tire's resistance to the generation of heat and its ability to dissipate heat when tested under controlled conditions on a specified indoor laboratory test wheel. Sustained high temperature can cause the material of the tire to degenerate and reduce tire life, and excessive temperature can lead to sudden tire failure. Grades B and A represent higher levels of performance on the laboratory test wheel than the minimum required by law.



WARNING

The temperature grade for this tire is established for a tire that is properly inflated and not overloaded. Excessive speed, under-inflation, over-inflation, or excessive loading, either separately or in combination, can cause heat build-up and possible sudden tire failure. This may cause loss of vehicle control resulting in an accident.

Low aspect ratio tires

Low aspect ratio tires, the aspect ratio is lower than 50, are provided for sporty looks.

Because low aspect ratio tires are optimized for handling and braking, their sidewall is a little stiffer than a standard tire. Also low aspect ratio tires tend to be wider and consequently have a greater contact patch with the road surface. In some instances they may generate more road noise compared with standard tires.

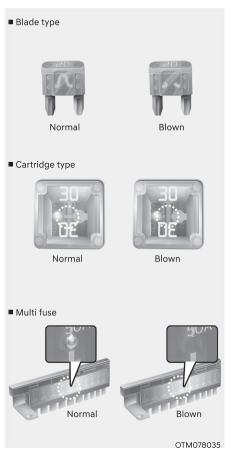


CAUTION

Because the sidewall of a low aspect ratio tire is shorter than a standard tire, the rim of the wheel and the tire itself is more easily susceptible to damage. Use caution when driving and follow the guidelines below to help minimize damage to the wheel and tire:

- When driving on a rough road or driving off a road, be careful not to damage the tires and wheels. After driving, inspect the tires and wheels.
- When passing over a pothole, speed bump, manhole, or curb stone, drive the vehicle slowly so as not to damage the tires and wheels.
- If the tire is subjected to a severe impact, we recommend you have the tire and wheel inspected by an authorized HYUNDAI dealer.
- Inspect the tire condition and pressure every 3,000 km (1,800 mi.) to prevent tire damage.
- It is not easy to recognize tire damage with your own eyes. But if there is the slightest hint of tire damage, have the tire checked or replaced because the tire damage may cause air leakage from the tire.
- If the tire is damaged by driving on a rough road, off road, pothole, manhole, or curb stone, it will not be covered by the warranty.

FUSES



A vehicle's electrical system is protected from electrical overload damage by fuses.

This vehicle has 2 (or 3) fuse panels, one located in the driver's side panel bolster, the other in the engine compartment.

If any of your vehicle's lights, accessories, or controls do not work, check the appropriate circuit fuse. If a fuse has blown, the element inside the fuse will be melted or broken.

If the electrical system does not work, first check the driver's side fuse panel. Before replacing a blown fuse, turn the engine and all switches off, and then disconnect the battery connector. Always replace a blown fuse with one of the same rating.

If the replacement fuse blows, this indicates an electrical problem. Avoid using the system involved and we recommend that you immediately consult an authorized HYUNDAI dealer.

i Information

Three kinds of fuses are used: blade type for lower amperage rating, cartridge type, and multi fuse for higher amperage ratings.

🚹 w

WARNING

NEVER replace a fuse with anything but another fuse of the same rating.

- A higher capacity fuse could cause damage and possibly cause a fire.
- Do not install a wire or aluminum foil instead of the proper fuse even as a temporary repair. It may cause extensive wiring damage and possibly a fire.

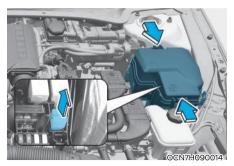
NOTICE

Do not use a screwdriver or any other metal object to remove fuses because it may cause a short circuit and damage the system.

Instrument panel fuse replacement



- 1. Turn the vehicle off.
- 2. Turn all other switches OFF.
- 3. Open the fuse panel cover.
- 4. Refer to the label on the inside of the fuse panel cover to locate the suspected fuse location.



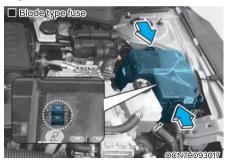
- 5. Pull the suspected fuse straight out. Use the removal tool provided in the engine compartment fuses panel.
- Check the removed fuse; replace it if it is blown. Spare fuses are provided in the instrument panel fuse panels (or in the engine compartment fuse panel).

7. Push in a new fuse of the same rating, and make sure it fits tightly in the clips. If it fits loosely, we recommend that you consult an authorized HYUNDAI dealer.

In an emergency, if you do not have a spare fuse, use a fuse of the same rating from a circuit you may not need for operating the vehicle, such as the cigarette lighter fuse.

If the headlights or other electrical components do not work and the fuses are undamaged, check the fuse panel in the engine compartment. If a fuse is blown, it must be replaced with the same rating.

Engine compartment panel fuse replacement





- 1. Turn the vehicle off.
- 2. Turn all other switches off.
- 3. Remove the fuse panel cover by pressing the tab and pulling up.
- 4. Check the removed fuse; replace it if it is blown. To remove or insert the fuse, use the removal tool in the engine compartment fuse panel.
- 5. Push in a new fuse of the same rating, and make sure it fits tightly in the clips. If it fits loosely, we recommend that you consult an authorized HYUNDAI dealer.

NOTICE

After checking the fuse panel in the engine compartment, securely install the fuse panel cover. You may hear a clicking sound if the cover is securely latched. If it is not securely latched, electrical failure may occur from water contact.

Multi fuse (Main fuse)



If the multi fuse is blown, it must be removed as follows:

- 1. Turn the vehicle off.
- 2. Disconnect the battery connector.
- 3. Remove the fuse panel cover by pressing the tab and pulling it up.
- 4. Remove the nuts shown in the illustration above.
- 5. Replace the fuse with a new one of the same rating.
- 6. Reinstall in the reverse order of

If the multi fuse is blown, we recommend that you consult an authorized HYUNDAI dealer.

Fuse/relay panel description

Driver's side fuse panel



Inside the fuse/relay box covers, you can find the fuse/relay label describing fuse/relay names and ratings.

i Information

Not all fuse panel descriptions in this manual may be applicable to your vehicle. It is accurate at the time of printing. When you inspect the fuse box on your vehicle, refer to the fuse box label.

■ Type A HYBRID MODEL ONLY A/C MODULE MODULE MEMORY E-CALL BATTERY CLUSTER IBU A/C MULTI & SPARE O LDC MODULE SWITCH 0 IBU MODULES SPARE IAU 8 MODULE USB IG1 CHARGER USE THE DESIGNATED FUSE ONLY USE SOLO LOS FUSIBLES ESPECIFICADOS. используйте только предназначенные предохранители. استخدم النور ثو النياس المناسب المناسب المناسبة 使用指定的保险丝 P/NO: 91990-AA540

OCN7093028L

| * НҮВГ | RID M | ODE | L | ONLY | | 1 MEMORY | 10A | 2 AIR BAG | 10A | ² A/C | 10A | 4 MODULE | 10A | 7 MODULE | 7.5A | START | 7.5A |
|---------------|---------------------|------------|-----|------------------|-----|-----------------|----------|----------------------------|-----|------------------|-----|--------------|------|------------------|------|-------------|------|
| | | | | | | E-CALL | 10A | * BATTERY MANAGEMENT | 10A | | Г | CLUSTER | 7.5A | ² IBU | 7.5A | A/C | 7.5A |
| TRUNK OPEN | | | 20A | P/WINDOW LH | 25A | MULTI MEDIA | 15A | 1 SPARE | 10A | LDC | 10A | FCA | 10A | MDPS | 7.5A | 6 MODULE | 7.5A |
| /HEATER < | SAFI P/WIN DR | ETY DOW | 25A | P/WINDOW RH | 25A | BRAKE SWITCH | 10A | ¹IBU | 15A | 2 MODULE | 10A | 1 AIR BAG | 15A | 5 MODULE | 10A | 2 SPARE | 10A |
| SAFETY < | | | 25A | HEATED MIRROR | 10A | DOOR LOCK | 20A | IAU | 10A | | Γ | 3 MODULE | 7.5A | A/BAG IND | 7.5A | WASHER | 15A |
| | r P/SI | | 30A | WIPER | 10A | 1 MODULE | \vdash | SUN ROOF | 20A | USB CHARGER | 15A | IG1 | 25A | | Γ | 3A/C | 10A |
| | | | | | | | | ` | | • | | • | | ` | | | _ |
| JSE TH | | | | | | | | | S | Р | / | NO: 9 | 7 1 | 990- | - /- | AA52 | 0 |

Driver's side fuse panel

| Fuse Name | Symbol | Fuse Rating | Circuit Protected | | | | |
|----------------|--------------------------|----------------|--|--|--|--|--|
| MEMORY1 | 1 MEM⊕RY | 10A | Outside Mirror Folding/Unfolding Relay, Driver/ Passenger Power Outside Mirror, Instrument Cluster, A /C Controller, A/C Control Module, ADAS_PRK_SVM | | | | |
| A/C2 | ² A/C | 10A | A/C Control Module, Blower Motor | | | | |
| MODULE4 | 4 MODULE | 10A | Lane Keeping Assist Unit (LINE), Crash Pad Switch IBU, Front Console Switch, ADAS_PRK_SVM, VESS | | | | |
| MODULE7 | 7 MODULE | 7.5A | Rear Seat Warmer Control Module | | | | |
| START | TART () | | Burglar Alarm Relay, Transaxle Range Switch, Hybrid power control unit | | | | |
| E-CALL | E-CALL | 10A | MTS E-Call Module | | | | |
| BMS | BMS | 10A | BMS Control Module | | | | |
| CLUSTER | CLUSTER 7 | | Instrument Cluster | | | | |
| IBU2 | ² IBU | 7.5A | IBU | | | | |
| A/C1 | A/C1 ¹ A/C 7. | | E/R Junction Block(RLY.13), A/C Control Module, A/C Controller , Electronic compressor | | | | |
| TRUNK | S | 10A | Trunk Lid Latch | | | | |
| S/HEATER FRT | FRT | 20A | Front Air Ventilation Seat Control Module, Front Seat Warmer Control Module | | | | |
| P/WINDOW LH | | 25A | Power Window Main Switch, Passenger Power Window Switch | | | | |
| MULTIMEDIA | MULTI MEDIA | 15A | Audio, A/V & Navigation Head Unit | | | | |

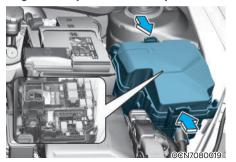
Driver's side fuse panel

| Fuse Name | Symbol | Fuse Rating | Circuit Protected |
|-----------------------------|-----------------|----------------|--|
| FCA | * | 10A | Forward Collision Avoidance Assist Unit |
| MDPS1 | \oplus | 7.5A | MDPS Unit |
| MODULE6 | 6 MODULE | 7.5A | IBU |
| S/HEATER RR | RR W | 20A | Rear Seat Warmer Control Module |
| SAFETY P/ WINDOW DRV | SAFETY | 25A | Driver Safety Power Window Module |
| P/WINDOW RH | RH & | 25A | Power Window Main Switch, Passenger Power Window Switch |
| BRAKE SWITCH | BRAKE SWITCH | 10A | Stop Light Switch, IBU |
| IBU1 | ¹ IBU | 15A | IBU, SPORT MODE SW |
| MODULE2 | 2 MODULE | 10A | E/R Junction Block(RLY.2), MTS E-Call Module, Power Outside Mirror Switch, AMP, IBU, Audio, A/V & Navigation Head Unit, ADAS_PRK_SVM,BMS |
| AIR BAG1 | 1 | 15A | SRS Control Module |
| MODULE5 | MODULE5 MODULE | | A/T Shift Lever Indicator, Front Wirelesscharger, Crash Pad Switch, Electro Chromic Mirror, A/C Controller, A/C Control Module, Audio, A/V & Navigation Head Unit, Data Link Connector, MTS E-Call Modul e, AMP, Rear Seat Warmer Control Module, Driver IMS Module, Front Air Ventilation Seat Control Module, Front Seat Warmer Control Module, Head Light Leveling Device (HLLD) LH/RH |
| SAFETY P/ WINDOW PASS | SAFETY PASS | 25A | Passenger Safety Power Window Module |
| AMP | AMP | 25A | AMP |
| HEATED MIRROR | 4 | 10A | Mirror Heated, A/C Control Module, A/C Controller |

Driver's side fuse panel

| Fuse Name | Symbol | Fuse Rating | Circuit Protected | | | | |
|-------------|-------------------|----------------|---|--|--|--|--|
| DOOR LOCK | | 20A | Door Lock/Unlock Actuator | | | | |
| MODULE3 | 3 MODULE | 7.5A | Sport Mode Switch, Stop Light Switch | | | | |
| AIR BAG IND | IND | 7.5A | Instrument Cluster, ETCS (Passenger air bag indicator) | | | | |
| WASHER | \oplus | 15A | Multifunction Switch , ETCS (Passenger air bag indicator) | | | | |
| P/SEAT PASS | PASS | 30A | Passenger Power Seat | | | | |
| P/SEAT DRV | DRV 🚅 | 30A | Driver Power Seat | | | | |
| WIPER | D | 10A | PCM/ECM, IBU | | | | |
| MODULE1 | MODULE1 MODULE | | Driver/Passenger Smart Key Outside Handle, Data Link Connector, Hazard Switch, Key Solenoid, IMS Control Module, VESS | | | | |
| SUNROOF | \Leftrightarrow | 20A | Sunroof Motor | | | | |
| USB CHARGER | USB CHARGER | 15A | Front USB Charger, Console USB Charger | | | | |
| IG1 | IG1 | 25A | PCB Block (Fuse - F10/F12/F14/F16) | | | | |

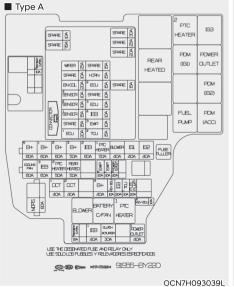
Engine compartment fuse panel

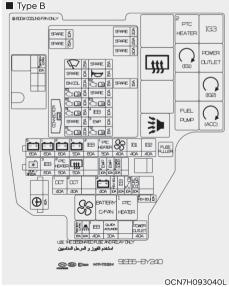


Inside the fuse/relay box covers, you can find the fuse/relay label describing fuse/relay names and ratings.

i Information

Not all fuse panel descriptions in this manual may be applicable to your vehicle. It is accurate at the time of printing. When you inspect the fuse box on your vehicle, refer to the fuse box label.





Engine compartment fuse panel

| Туре | Fuse Name | Symbol | Fuse Rating | Circuit Protected |
|----------------|----------------|--------------|----------------|---|
| MIDI FUSE-3 | MDPS1 | • | 80A | MDPS Unit |
| MIDI FUSE-2 | COOLING FAN | ² 🔀 | 60A 80A | [G4FP] Cooling Fan Controller |
| | B+5 | 5 — + | 60A | PCB Block (Engine Control Relay, Fuse - F1, F3, F4, F6) |
| | B+1 | 1 = + | 60A | ICU Junction Block (IPS2/IPS3/IPS5/ IPS6/IPS7/IPS14) |
| | B+2 | 2 — + | 60A | ICU Junction Block (IPS1/IPS4/IPS8/ IPS9/IPS10/IPS13) |
| MIDI FUSE-1 | B+3 | 3 = + | 50A | ICU Junction Block (Fuse - F13, F14, F22, F23, F31, F32,F40, F41, Long Term Load Latch Relay) |
| 10321 | IEB2 | 2 EB | 60A | Integrated Dynamic Brake |
| | BLOWER | SS | 40A | BLOWER Motor, Multipurpose Check Connector |
| | IG1 | IG1 | 40A | E/R Junction Block (RLY.4/6), Ignition Switch |
| | IG2 | IG2 | 40A | E/R Junction Block (RLY.3/5), Ignition Switch |

Engine compartment fuse panel

| Туре | Fuse Name | Symbol | Fuse Rating | Circuit Protected |
|------|------------------|------------------------------|----------------|--|
| | POWER OUTLET2 | ² POWER OUTLET | 20A | Front Power Outlet |
| | DCT1 | DCT | 40A | [G4FP] TCM |
| | DCT2 | ² DCT | 40A | [G4FP] TCM |
| | REAR HEATED | # | 40A | Rear Glass Heated |
| | B+4 | 4 = + | 40A | ICU Junction Block (Fuse - F2, F8, F25, F26, F34, F43,F44, Power Window Relay) |
| FUSE | TCU1 | T1 (1) | 10A | [DCT] TCM |
| | FUEL PUMP | FUEL PUMP | 20A | FUEL PUMP Motor |
| | B/ALARM HORN | * | 10A | B/ALARM HORN |
| | IEB1 | ¹ EB | 40A | Integrated Dynamic Brake, Multipurpose Check Connector |
| | CLUTCH ACTR | QLUTOH ACTUATOR | 30A | Clutch actuator, Multipurpose Check Connector |
| | POWER OUTLET1 | POWER OUTLET | 40A | E/R Junction Block (RLY.2) |

Engine compartment fuse panel (PCB block)

| Fuse Name | Symbol | Fuse Rating | Circuit Protected | | | | | |
|------------------|--------------------|----------------|---|--|--|--|--|--|
| WIPER | D | 25A | Wiper Relay | | | | | |
| HORN | | 15A | Horn Relay | | | | | |
| IGN COIL | IGN COIL | 20A | [G4FM/G4NA/G4FP] Ignition Coil #1-#4 [G4FG] Ignition Coil #1-#4, Condenser | | | | | |
| ECU3 | | 15A | PCM/ECM, Hybrid Power Control Unit | | | | | |
| SENSOR3 | ss 🖺 | 10A | E/R Junction Block (RLY.8) | | | | | |
| SENSOR2 (HEV) | s₂ ←) (| 10A | Mass Air Flow, Oil Control Valve (intake/exhaust), Purge Control Solenoid Valve, Evaporative Leak Check Module, Cooling fan | | | | | |
| SENSOR1 | sı 🖺 | 15A | Oxygen Sensor (UP/DOWN) | | | | | |
| IEB4 | ⁴ ⊞ | 10A | Integrated Dynamic Brake, Multipurpose Check Connector | | | | | |
| ECU1 | E1 (| 20A | PCM/ECM | | | | | |
| TCU2 | T2 | 15A | [G4FP] TCM | | | | | |

LIGHT BULBS

We recommend that you consult an authorized HYUNDAI dealer to replace most vehicle light bulbs. It is difficult to replace vehicle light bulbs because other parts of the vehicle must be removed before you can get to the bulb. This is especially true for removing the headlight assembly to get to the bulb(s).

Removing/installing the headlight assembly can result in damage to the vehicle.



! WARNING

Prior to working on the light, firmly apply the parking brake, ensure that the ignition switch is in the LOCK/OFF position and turn off the lights to avoid sudden movement of the vehicle and burning your fingers or receiving an electric shock

NOTICE

Be sure to replace the burned-out bulb with one of the same wattage rating. Otherwise, it may cause damage to the fuse or electric wiring system.



Information

The headlight and tail light lenses could appear frosty if the vehicle is washed after driving or the vehicle is driven at night in wet weather. This condition is caused by temperature difference between the light inside and outside and, it does not indicate a problem with your vehicle. When moisture condenses in the light, it will be removed after driving with the headlight on. The removable level may differ depending on light size, light position and environmental condition. However, if moisture is not removed, we recommend that your vehicle is inspected by an authorized HYUNDAI dealer.



i Information - Headlight desiccant (if equipped)

This vehicle is equipped with desiccant to reduce fogging inside the headlight due to moisture.

The desiccant is consumable and its performance may change based on the used period or environment.

If fogging inside the headlight due to moisture continues for a long time, we recommend that you consult an authorized HYUNDAI dealer.



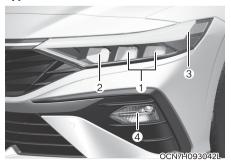
Information

Traffic Change (For Europe)

The low beam light distribution is asymmetric. If you go abroad to a country with opposite traffic direction, this asymmetric part will dazzle oncoming car driver. To prevent dazzle, ECE regulation demand several technical solutions (for example, automatic change system, adhesive sheet, down aiming). These headlights are designed not to dazzle opposite drivers. So, you need not change your headlights in a country with opposite traffic direction.

Headlight, position light, turn signal light and daytime running light bulb replacement

Type A



- (1) Headlight (Low)
- (2) Headlight (High)
- (3) Position light/Daytime running light (DRL)
- (4) Turn signal light

Headlight (LED type)

If the light (LED) does not operate, we recommend that the system be checked by an authorized HYUNDAI dealer.

The LED lights cannot be replaced as a single unit because it is an integrated unit. The LED lights has to be replaced with the unit.

A skilled technician should check or repair the LED light, for it may damage related parts of the vehicle.

i Information

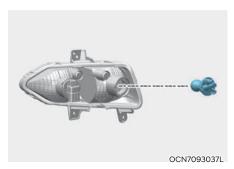
The headlight aiming should be adjusted after an accident or after the headlight assembly is reinstalled.

Position light/Daytime running light (DRL) (LED type)

If the light (LED) does not operate, we recommend that the system be checked by an authorized HYUNDAI dealer.

The LED lights cannot be replaced as a single unit because it is an integrated unit. The LED lights has to be replaced with the unit

A skilled technician should check or repair the LED light, for it may damage related parts of the vehicle.



Turn signal light (Bulb type)

- 1. Open the hood.
- 2. Disconnect the battery connector.
- Remove the socket from the assembly by turning the socketcounterclockwise until the tabs on the socket align with the slots onthe assembly.
- Remove the bulb from the socket by pressing it in and rotating itcounterclockwise until the tabs on the bulb align with the slots in the socket. Pull the bulb out of the socket.
- Insert a new bulb by inserting it into the socket and rotating it until it locks into place.
- 6. Install the socket in the assembly by aligning the tabs on the socket with the slots in the assembly.
- 7. Push the socket into the assembly and turn the socket clockwise.

Type B



- (1) Headlight (Low)
- (2) Headlight (High)
- (3) Daytime running light (DRL)/Position light/Turn signal light

Headlight/Position light/Daytime running light (DRL)/Turn signal light (LED type) If the light (LED) does not operate, we recommend that the system be checked by an authorized HYUNDAI dealer.

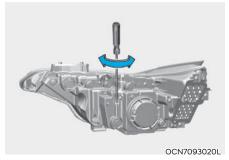
The LED lights cannot be replaced as a single unit because it is an integrated unit. The LED lights has to be replaced with the unit.

A skilled technician should check or repair the LED light, for it may damage related parts of the vehicle.

Lights

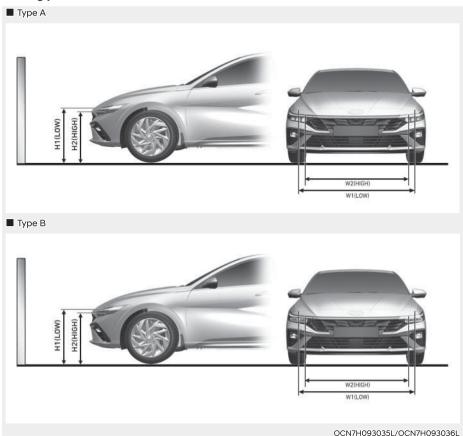
If the LED light does not operate, we recommend that you have the vehicle checked by an authorized HYUNDAI dealer.

Headlight aiming (For Europe)



- Inflate the tires to the specified pressure and remove any loads from the vehicle except the driver, spare tire, and tools.
- 2. The vehicle should be placed on a flat floor.
- 3. Draw vertical lines (Vertical lines passing through respective head light centers) and a horizontal line (Horizontal line passing through center of head lights) on the screen.
- With the headlight and battery in normal condition, aim the headlights so the brightest portion falls on the horizontal and vertical lines.
- To aim the low beam and high beam left or right, turn the driver clockwise or counterclockwise.
 - To aim the low beam and high beam up or down, turn the driver clockwise or counterclockwise.

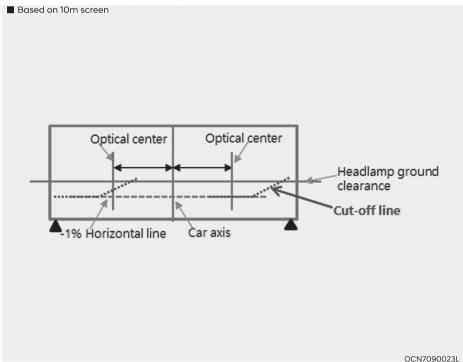
Aiming point



- H1: Height between the head light bulb center and ground (Low beam)
- H2: Height between the head light bulb center and ground (High beam)
- W1: Distance between the two head light bulbs centers (Low beam)
- W2: Distance between the two head light bulbs centers (High beam)

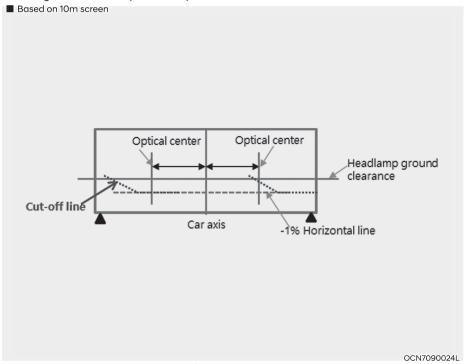
| Vehicle condition | | Light type | HI | H2 | W1 | W2 |
|-------------------|----------|------------|------------|------------|--------------|--------------|
| Without driver | | Туре А | 592 (23.3) | 580 (22.8) | 1,491 (58.7) | 1,257 (49.5) |
| | mm (in.) | Туре В | 601 (23.7) | 594 (23.4) | 1,557 (61.3) | 1,313 (51.7) |
| With driver | | Туре А | 583 (23.0) | 571 (22.5) | 1,491 (58.7) | 1,257 (49.5) |
| | mm (in.) | Туре В | 592 (23.3) | 585 (23.0) | 1,557 (61.3) | 1,313 (51.7) |

Headlight low beam (LHD side)



- 1. Draw a horizontal line at -1% (0.57°) from the headlight ground clearance.
- 2. Turn on the low beam to check the up-down/left-right aiming position.
- 3. Up-down Aiming: Match the cut-off line to the -1% (0.57°) line on the screen.
- 4. Left-Right Aiming: Match the left-right aiming point to the vertical line of optical center on the screen.

Head light low beam (RHD side)



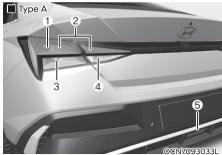
- 1. Draw a horizontal line at -1%(0.57 $^{\circ}$) from the headlight ground clearance.
- 2. Turn on the low beam to check the up-down/left-right aiming position.
- 3. Up-down Aiming: Match the cut-off line to the -1%(0.57°) line on the screen.
- 4. Left-Right Aiming: Match the left-right aiming point to the vertical line of optical center on the screen.

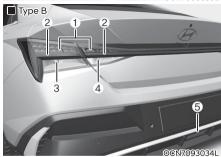
Side repeater light replacement



If the LED light (1) does not operate, we recommend that you have the vehicle checked by an authorized HYUNDAI dealer.

Rear combination light bulb replacement





- (1) Stop light (LED or bulb)
- (2) Tail light (LED or bulb)
- (3) Turn signal light
- (4) Back-up light
- (5) Fog light

Tail/Stop light/Turn signal light (Outer light) (Bulb type)

1. Open the trunk lid.



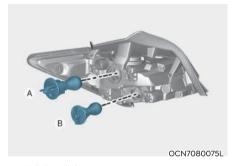
2. Remove the service cover by pulling out the service cover.



3. Loosen the assembly retaining nuts.



4. Remove the rear combination light assembly from the body of the vehicle



[A] : Tail/Stop light, [B] : Turn signal light

- 5. Remove the socket from the assembly by turning the socket counterclockwise until the tabs on the socket align with the slots on the assembly.
- Remove the bulb from the socket by pressing it in and rotating it counterclockwise until the tabs on the bulb align with the slots in the socket.
 Pull the bulb out of the socket.

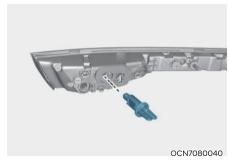
- Insert a new bulb by inserting it into the socket and rotating it until it locks into place.
- 8. Install the socket in the assembly by aligning the tabs on the socket with the slots in the assembly. Push the socket into the assembly and turn the socket clockwise.

Tail light (Inner light) (Bulb type)

1. Open the trunk.



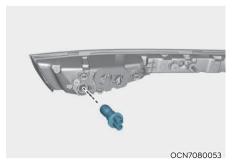
2. Loosen the retaining screw of the trunk lid cover and then remove the cover.



- Remove the socket from the assembly by turning the socket counterclockwise until the tabs on the socket align with the slots on the assembly.
- 4. Remove the bulb by pulling it out.
- 5. Insert a new bulb by inserting it into the socket.
- 6. Reinstall the trunk lid cover by pushing in the screw.

Back up light (Inner light) (Bulb type)

- Disconnect the connector and then remove the nuts by turning the nuts counter clockwise.
- 2. Take the light assembly out.



- 3. Remove the socket from the assembly by turning the socket counterclockwise until the tabs on the socket align with the slots on the assembly.
- 4. Remove the bulb by pulling it out.
- 5. Insert a new bulb by inserting it into the socket.
- 6. Install the light assembly to the trunk.
- 7. Reinstall the trunk lid cover by pushing in the screw.

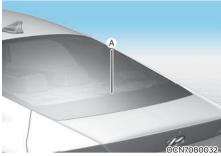
Stop light and tail light (LED type)

If the LED light does not operate, we recommend that you have the vehicle checked by an authorized HYUNDAI dealer.

Fog light (if equipped)

If the light does not operate, we recommend that the vehicle be checked by an authorized HYUNDAI dealer.

High mounted stop light replacement





[A]: High mounted stop light

- 1. Open the trunk.
- 2. Remove the socket by turning it counterclockwise until the tabs on the socket align with the slots.

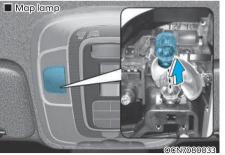
- 3. Remove the bulb from the socket by pressing it in and rotating it counterclockwise until the tabs on the bulb align with the slots in the socket. Pull the bulb out of the socket.
- 4. Insert a new bulb by inserting it into the socket and rotating it until it locks into place.
- 5. Install the socket in the assembly by aligning the tabs on the socket with the slots in the assembly.
 - Push the socket into the assembly and turn the socket clockwise.

License plate light bulb replacement

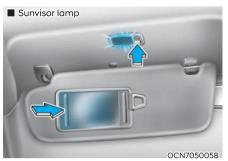


- Using a flat-blade screwdriver gently pry the lens cover from the light housing.
- 2. Remove the bulb by pulling it straight out.
- 3. Install a new bulb.
- 4. Reinstall in the reverse order.

Interior light bulb replacement Map lamp/Room lamp/Sunvisor lamp/Trunk room lamp (bulb type)









- 1. Using a flat-blade screwdriver, gently pry the lens from the interior light housing.
- 2. Remove the bulb by pulling it straight out.

! WARNING

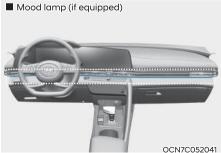
Prior to working on the Interior Lights, ensure that the OFF button is depressed to avoid burning your fingers or receiving an electric shock.

- 3. Install a new bulb in the socket.
- 4. Alian the lens tabs with the interior light housing notches and snap the lens into place.

NOTICE

Use care not to dirty or damage lens, lens tab, and plastic housings.

Mood lamp/Map lamp/Room lamp (LED type)







If the LED light does not operate, we recommend that the system be inspected by an authorized HYUNDAI dealer.

The LED lights cannot be replaced as a single unit because it is an integrated unit. The LED lights has to be replaced with the unit. A skilled technician should check or repair the LED light, for it may damage related parts of the vehicle.

APPEARANCE CARE

Exterior care

NOTICE

If you park your vehicle near a stainless steel sign or glass facade building, the vehicle's exterior plastic parts such as a bumper, spoiler, garnish, light or outside rearview mirror might be damaged due to sunlight reflected from the sign or building. To prevent damage of the exterior plastic parts, you should avoid parking in areas where light may be reflected or use a car cover. (The exterior plastic parts applied to your vehicle may vary.)

Exterior general caution

It is very important to follow the label directions when using any chemical cleaner or polish. Read all warning and caution statements that appear on the label.

Finish maintenance

Washing

To help protect your vehicle's finish from rust and deterioration, wash it thoroughly and frequently at least once a month with lukewarm or cold water.

If you use your vehicle for off-road driving, you should wash it after each off-road trip. Pay special attention to the removal of any accumulation of salt, dirt, mud, and other foreign materials. Make sure the drain holes in the lower edges of the doors and rocker panels are kept clear and clean.

Insects, tar, tree sap, bird droppings, industrial pollution and similar deposits can damage your vehicle's finish if not removed immediately.

Even prompt washing with plain water may not completely remove all these deposits.

A mild soap, safe for use on painted surfaces, may be used.

After washing, rinse the vehicle thoroughly with lukewarm or cold water. Do not allow soap to dry on the finish.

NOTICE

- Do not use strong soap, chemical detergents or hot water, and do not wash the vehicle in direct sunlight or when the body of the vehicle is warm.
- Be careful when washing the side windows of your vehicle.
 - Especially, with high-pressure water, water may leak through the windows and wet the interior.
- To prevent damage to the plastic parts and lights, do not clean with chemical solvents or strong detergents.



WARNING

Wet brakes

After washing the vehicle, test the brakes while driving slowly to see if they have been affected by water. If braking performance is impaired, dry the brakes by applying them lightly while maintaining a slow forward speed.

High-pressure washing

- When using high-pressure washers, make sure to maintain sufficient distance from the vehicle
 - Insufficient clearance or excessive pressure can lead to component damage or water penetration.
- Do not spray the camera, sensors or its surrounding area directly with a high pressure washer. Shock applied from high pressure water may cause the device to not operate normally.
- Do not bring the nozzle tip close to boots (rubber or plastic covers) or connectors as they may be damaged if they come into contact with high pressure water.

NOTICE



- Water washing in the engine compartment including high pressure water washing may cause the failure of electrical circuits located in the engine compartment.
- Never allow water or other liquids to come in contact with electrical/ electronic components inside the vehicle as this may damage them.

NOTICE

Matte paint finish vehicle (if equipped)
Automatic car wash which uses rotating brushes should not be used as this can damage the surface of your vehicle. A steam cleaner which washes the vehicle surface at high temperature may result the oil to adhere and leave stains that is difficult to remove

Use a soft cloth (for example, microfiber towel or sponge) when washing your vehicle and dry with a microfiber towel. When you hand wash your vehicle, you should not use a cleaner that finishes with wax. If the vehicle surface is too dirty (sand, dirt, dust, contaminant, etc.), clean the surface with water before washing the car.

Waxing

Wax the vehicle when water will no longer bead on the paint.

Always wash and dry the vehicle before waxing. Use a good quality liquid or paste wax, and follow the manufacturer's instructions. Wax all metal trim to protect it and to maintain its luster. Removing oil, tar, and similar materials with a spot remover will usually strip the wax from the finish. Be sure to re-wax these areas even if the rest of the vehicle does not yet need waxing.

NOTICE

- Wiping dust or dirt off the body with a dry cloth will scratch the finish.
- Do not use steel wool, abrasive cleaners, or strong detergents containing highly alkaline or caustic agents on chrome-plated or anodized aluminum parts. This may result in damage to the protective coating and cause discoloration or paint deterioration.

NOTICE

Matte paint finish vehicle (if equipped)
Do not use any polish protector such as a detergent, an abrasive and a polish. In case wax is applied, remove the wax immediately using a silicon remover and if any tar or tar contaminant is on the surface use a tar remover to clean. However, be careful not to apply too much pressure on the painted area.

Finish damage repair

Deep scratches or stone chips in the painted surface must be repaired promptly. Exposed metal will quickly rust and may develop into a major repair expense.

NOTICE

If your vehicle is damaged and requires any metal repair or replacement, be sure the body shop applies anticorrosion materials to the parts repaired or replaced.

NOTICE

Matte paint finish vehicle (if equipped) In case of matte paint finish vehicles, it is impossible to modify only the damaged area and repair of the whole part is necessary. If the vehicle is damaged and painting is required, we recommend that you have your vehicle maintained and repaired by an authorized HYUNDAI dealer. Take extreme care, as it is difficult to restore the quality after the repair.

Bright-metal maintenance

- To remove road tar and insects, use a tar remover, not a scraper or other sharp object.
- To protect the surfaces of brightmetal parts from corrosion, apply a coating of wax or chrome preservative and rub to a high luster.
- During winter weather or in coastal areas, cover the bright metal parts with a heavier coating of wax or preservative. If necessary, coat the parts with non-corrosive petroleum jelly or other protective compound.

Underbody maintenance

Corrosive materials used for ice and snow removal and dust control may collect on the underbody. If these materials are not removed, accelerated rusting can occur on underbody parts such as the fuel lines, frame, floor pan and exhaust system, even though they have been treated with rust protection.

Thoroughly flush the vehicle underbody and wheel openings with lukewarm or cold water once a month, after off-road driving and at the end of each winter. Pay special attention to these areas because it is difficult to see all the mud and dirt. It will do more harm than good to wet down the road grime without removing it. The lower edges of doors, rocker panels, and frame members have drain holes that should not be allowed to clog with dirt; trapped water in these areas can cause rusting.



WARNING

After washing the vehicle, test the brakes while driving slowly to see if they have been affected by water. If braking performance is impaired, dry the brakes by applying them lightly while maintaining a slow forward speed.

Aluminum wheel maintenance

The aluminum wheels are coated with a clear protective finish.

NOTICE

- Do not use any abrasive cleaner, polishing compound, solvent, or wire brushes on aluminum wheels.
- Clean the wheel when it has cooled.
- Use only a mild soap or neutral detergent, and rinse thoroughly with water. Also, be sure to clean the wheels after driving on salted roads.
- Do not wash the wheels with highspeed car wash brushes.
- Do not use any cleanser containing acid or alkaline detergents.

Corrosion protection

Protecting your vehicle from corrosion By using the most advanced design

By using the most advanced design and construction practices to combat corrosion, we produces vehicles of the highest quality. However, this is only part of the job. To achieve the long-term corrosion resistance your vehicle can deliver, the owner's cooperation and assistance is also required.

Common causes of corrosion

The most common causes of corrosion on your vehicle are:

- Road salt, dirt and moisture that is allowed to accumulate underneath the vehicle.
- Removal of paint or protective coatings; by stones, gravel, abrasion or minor scrapes and dents which leave unprotected metal exposed to corrosion.

High-corrosion areas

If you live in an area where your vehicle is regularly exposed to corrosive materials, corrosion protection is particularly important. Some of the common causes of accelerated corrosion are road salts, dust control chemicals, ocean air and industrial pollution.

Moisture breeds corrosion

Moisture creates the conditions in which corrosion is most likely to occur. For example, corrosion is accelerated by high humidity, particularly when temperatures are just above freezing. In such conditions, the corrosive material is kept in contact with the vehicle surfaces by moisture that is slow to evaporate.

Mud is particularly corrosive because it is slow to dry and holds moisture in contact with the vehicle. Although the mud appears to be dry, it can still retain moisture and promote corrosion.

High temperatures can also accelerate corrosion of parts that are not properly ventilated so the moisture can be dispersed. For all these reasons, it is particularly important to keep your vehicle clean and free of mud or accumulations of other materials. This applies not only to the visible surfaces but particularly to the underside of the vehicle

To help prevent corrosion

You can help prevent corrosion from getting started by observing the following:

Keep your vehicle clean

The best way to prevent corrosion is to keep your vehicle clean and free of corrosive materials. Attention to the underside of the vehicle is particularly important.

- If you live in a high-corrosion area —
 where road salts are used, near the
 ocean, areas with industrial pollution,
 acid rain, etc.—, you should take extra
 care to prevent corrosion. In winter,
 hose off the underside of your vehicle
 at least once a month and be sure to
 clean the underside thoroughly when
 winter is over.
- When cleaning underneath the vehicle, give particular attention to the components under the fenders and other areas that are hidden from view. Do a thorough job; just dampening the accumulated mud rather than washing it away will accelerate corrosion rather than prevent it. Water under high pressure and steam are particularly effective in removing accumulated mud and corrosive materials.
- When cleaning lower door panels, rocker panels and frame members, be sure that drain holes are kept open so that moisture can escape and not be trapped inside to accelerate corrosion.

Keep your garage dry

Don't park your vehicle in a damp, poorly ventilated garage. This creates a favorable environment for corrosion. This is particularly true if you wash your vehicle in the garage or drive it into the garage when it is still wet or covered with snow, ice or mud. Even a heated garage can contribute to corrosion unless it is well ventilated so moisture is dispersed.

Keep paint and trim in good condition

Scratches or chips in the finish should be covered with "touch-up" paint as soon as possible to reduce the possibility of corrosion. If bare metal is showing through, the attention of a qualified body and paint shop is recommended.

Bird droppings: Bird droppings are highly corrosive and may damage painted surfaces in just a few hours. Always remove bird droppings as soon as possible.

Don't neglect the interior

Moisture can collect under the floor mats and carpeting to cause corrosion. Check under the mats periodically to be sure the carpeting is dry. Use particular care if you carry fertilizers, cleaning materials or chemicals in the vehicle.

These should be carried only in proper containers and any spills or leaks should be cleaned up, flushed with clean water and thoroughly dried.

Interior care

Interior general precautions

Prevent chemicals such as perfume, cosmetic oil, sun cream, hand cleaner and air freshener from contacting the interior parts because they may cause damage or discoloration. If they do contact the interior parts, wipe them off immediately.

See the instructions that follow for the proper way to clean vehicle interior surfaces.

NOTICE

Never allow water or other liquids to come in contact with electrical/ electronic components inside the vehicle as this may damage them.

NOTICE

When cleaning leather products (steering wheel, seats etc.), use neutral detergents or low alcohol content solutions. If you use high alcohol content solutions or acid/ alkaline detergents, the color of the leather may fade or the surface may get stripped off.

Cleaning the upholstery and interior trim

Vehicle interior surfaces (if equipped)
Remove dust and loose dirt from interior surfaces with a whisk broom or a vacuum cleaner

If necessary, clean interior surfaces with a mixture of warm water and mild nondetergent cleaner (test all cleaners on a concealed area before use).

Fabric (if equipped)

Remove dust and loose dirt from fabric with a whisk broom or vacuum cleaner. Clean with a mild soap solution recommended for upholstery or carpets. Remove fresh spots immediately with a fabric spot cleaner. If fresh spots do not receive immediate attention, the fabric can be stained and its color can be affected. Also, its fire-resistant properties can be reduced if the material is not properly maintained.

NOTICE

Using anything but recommended cleaners and procedures may affect the fabric's appearance and fire-resistant properties.

Leather (if equipped)

- Features of Seat Leather
 - Leather is made from the outer skin of an animal, which goes through a special process to be available for use. Since it is a natural product, each part differs in thickness or density.

Wrinkles may appear as a natural result of stretching and shrinking depending on the temperature and humidity.

- The seat is made of stretchable fabric to improve comfort.
- The parts contacting the body are curved and the side supporting area is high which provides driving comfort and stability.
- Wrinkles may appear naturally from usage. It is not a fault of the products.

NOTICE

- Wrinkles or abrasions which appear naturally from usage are not covered by warranty.
- Belts with metallic accessories, zippers or keys inside the back pocket may damage the seat fabric.
- Make sure not to wet the seat. It may change the nature of natural leather.
- Jeans or clothes which could bleach may contaminate the surface of the seat covering fabric.

- · Caring for the leather seats
 - Vacuum the seat periodically to remove dust and sand on the seat. It will prevent abrasion or damage of the leather and maintain its quality.
 - Wipe the natural leather seat cover often with dry or soft cloth.
 - Use of proper leather protector may prevent abrasion of the cover and helps maintain the color. Be sure to read the instructions and consult a specialist when using leather coating or protective agent.
 - Light colored (beige, cream beige) leather is easily contaminated and the stain is noticeable. Clean the seats frequently.
 - Avoid wiping with wet cloth. It may cause the surface to crack.
- · Cleaning the leather seats
 - Remove all contaminations instantly. Refer to instructions below for removal of each contaminant.
 - Cosmetic products (sunscreen, foundation, etc.)
 - Apply cleansing cream on a cloth and wipe the contaminated spot. Wipe off the cream with a wet cloth and remove water with a dry cloth.
 - Beverages (coffee, soft drink, etc.)
 Apply a small amount of neutral detergent and wipe until contaminations do not smear.
 - Oil

Remove oil instantly with absorbable cloth and wipe with stain remover used only for natural leather.

Chewing gum
 Harden the gum with ice and remove gradually.

Cleaning the lap/shoulder belt webbing

Clean the belt webbing with any mild soap solution recommended for cleaning upholstery or carpet. Follow the instructions provided with the soap. Do not bleach or re-dye the webbing because this may weaken it.

Cleaning the interior window glass

If the interior glass surfaces of the vehicle become fogged (that is, covered with an oily, greasy or waxy film), they should be cleaned with glass cleaner. Follow the directions on the glass cleaner container.

NOTICE

Do not scrape or scratch the inside of the rear window. This may result in damage to the rear window defroster grid.

EMISSION CONTROL SYSTEM

The emission control system of your vehicle is covered by a written limited warranty. Please see the warranty information contained in the Service Passport in your vehicle.

Your vehicle is equipped with an emission control system to meet all emission regulations.

There are three emission control systems which are as follows.

- (1) Crankcase emission control system
- (2) Evaporative emission control system
- (3) Exhaust emission control system

In order to ensure the proper function of the emission control systems, it is recommended that you have your car inspected and maintained by an authorized HYUNDAI dealer in accordance with the maintenance schedule in this manual.

NOTICE

For the Inspection and Maintenance Test (with Electronic Stability Control (ESC) system)

- To prevent the vehicle from misfiring during dynamometer testing, turn the Electronic Stability Control (ESC) system off by pressing the ESC switch.
- After dynamometer testing is completed, turn the ESC system back on by pressing the ESC switch again.

1. Crankcase emission control system

The positive crankcase ventilation system is employed to prevent air pollution caused by blow-by gases being emitted from the crankcase. This system supplies fresh filtered air to the crankcase through the air intake hose. Inside the crankcase, the fresh air mixes with blow-by gases, which then pass through the PCV valve into the induction system.

2. Evaporative emission control system

The Evaporative Emission Control System is designed to prevent fuel vapors from escaping into the atmosphere.

Canister

Fuel vapors generated inside the fuel tank are absorbed and stored in the onboard canister. When the engine is running, the fuel vapors absorbed in the canister are drawn into the surge tank through the purge control solenoid valve.

Purge Control Solenoid Valve (PCSV)

The purge control solenoid valve is controlled by the Engine Control Module (ECM); when the engine coolant temperature is low during idling, the PCSV closes so that evaporated fuel is not taken into the engine. After the engine warms-up during ordinary driving, the PCSV opens to introduce evaporated fuel to the engine.

3. Exhaust emission control system

The Exhaust Emission Control System is a highly effective system which controls exhaust emissions while maintaining good vehicle performance.

Engine exhaust gas precautions (carbon monoxide)

 Carbon monoxide can be present with other exhaust fumes. Therefore, if you smell exhaust fumes of any kind inside your vehicle, have it inspected and repaired immediately. If you ever suspect exhaust fumes are coming into your vehicle, drive it only with all the windows fully open. Have your vehicle checked and repaired immediately.



WARNING

Engine exhaust gases contain carbon monoxide (CO). Though colorless and odorless, it is dangerous and could be lethal if inhaled. Follow the instructions following to avoid CO poisoning.

- Do not operate the engine in confined or closed areas (such as garages) any more than what is necessary to move the vehicle in or out of the area.
- When the vehicle is stopped in an open area for more than a short time with the engine running, adjust the ventilation system (as needed) to draw outside air into the vehicle.
- Never sit in a parked or stopped vehicle for any extended time with the engine running.
- When the engine stalls or fails to start, excessive attempts to restart the engine may cause damage to the emission control system.

Operating precautions for catalytic converters (if equipped)



WARNING

The exhaust system and catalytic system are very hot while the engine is running or immediately after the engine is turned off. To avoid SERIOUS INJURY or DEATH:

- Do not park, idle, or drive the vehicle over or near flammable objects, such as grass, vegetation, paper, leaves, etc. A hot exhaust system can ignite flammable items under your vehicle.
- Keep away from the exhaust system and catalytic converter or you may get burned.

Also, Do not remove the heat sink around the exhaust system, do not seal the bottom of the vehicle, and do not coat the vehicle for corrosion control. It may present a fire risk under certain conditions.

Your vehicle is equipped with a catalytic converter emission control device.

Therefore, the following precautions must be observed:

- Use only UNLEADED FUEL for gasoline engines.
- Do not operate the vehicle when there are signs of engine malfunction, such as misfire or a noticeable loss of performance.
- Do not misuse or abuse the engine.
 Examples of misuse are coasting with the engine off and descending steep grades in gear with the engine off.
- Do not operate the engine at high idle speed for extended periods (5 minutes or more).
- Do not modify or tamper with any part of the engine or emission control system. We recommend that all inspections and adjustments are made by an authorized HYUNDAI dealer.
- Avoid driving with a very low fuel level. If you run out of gasoline, it could cause the engine to misfire and result in excessive loading of the catalytic converter.

Failure to observe these precautions could result in damage to the catalytic converter and to your vehicle.

Additionally, such actions could void your warranties.

Gasoline Particulate Filter (GPF) (if equipped)

Gasoline Particulate Filter (GPF) system removes the soot in the exhaust gas.

The GPF system automatically burns (or oxidizes) the accumulated soot in accordance with driving situations. unlike a disposable air filter.

In other words, the accumulated soot is automatically purged out by the engine control system and by the high exhaustgas temperature at normal/ high driving speeds.

However, when the vehicle is continually driven at repeated short distances or driven at low speed for a long time. the accumulated soot may not be automatically removed because of low exhaust gas temperature. In this case. the accumulated soot may reach a certain amount regardless of the soot oxidization process, then the GPF light (ᠵ≣ニঽ) will illuminate.

The Gasoline Particulate Filter (GPF) light stops illuminating, when the driving speed exceeds 80 km/h (50 mph) with engine RPM 1.500-4.000 and the gear in the 3rd position or above for approximately 30 minutes.

When the GPF light starts to blink or the warning message "Check exhaust system" pops up even though the vehicle was driven as mentioned above we recommend that you have the GPF system checked by an authorized HYUNDAI dealer

With GPF light blinking for an extended period of time, it may damage the GPF system and lower the fuel economy.



! CAUTION

We recommend you to use only the regulated gasoline fuels, when your vehicle is equipped with the GPF system.

When you use other gasoline fuels which contain unspecified additives. they may damage the GPF system and cause exhaust emission problems.

Appendix

| Шофиране през зимата (български) | 10-2 |
|--|-------|
| Шофиране по сняг и лед | |
| Система за обезопасяване на деца (CRS) (български) | 10-5 |
| Vetrarakstur (ÍSLENSKUR) | 10-7 |
| Snjór eða hálka | |
| Barnaöryggisbúnaður (CRS) (ÍSLENSKA) | 10-10 |

ШОФИРАНЕ ПРЕЗ ЗИМАТА (BULGARIAN)

Суровите климатични условия през зимата могат бързо да износят гумите и да причинят други проблеми. За да сведете до минимум проблемите при шофиране в зимни условия, следвайте следните указания:

Шофиране по сняг и лед

Трябва да спазвате достатъчна дистанция между Вашия автомобил и автомобила пред Вас.

Натискайте спирачката внимателно. Шофирането с висока скорост, рязкото ускорение, внезапните задействания на спирачката и острите завои са практики за шофиране, при които може да възникне опасна ситуация. Когато забавяте скоростта, при спирането използвайте възможно повече двигателя. Внезапните задействания на спирачката върху заснежени и хлъзгави пътища може да доведе до поднасяне на автомобила.

За шофиране на Вашия автомобил в дълбок сняг може да е нужно да използвате гуми за движение по сняг или да поставите вериги за гуми върху Вашите гуми.

Винаги носете със себе си оборудване за аварийни ситуации. Освен всичко друго, по време на пътуването може да имате нужда от вериги за гуми, сапани или вериги за теглене, фенерче, сигнални ракети, пясък, лопата, кабели за подаване на ток, стъргалка за лед, ръкавици, брезент, гащеризон, одеяло и др.

Зимни гуми



ПРЕДУПРЕЖДЕНИЕ

Размерът и видът на зимните гуми трябва да съответстват на размера и вида на стандартните гуми на автомобила. Неспазването на това може да повлияе неблагоприятно на управлението и безопасността на Вашия автомобил.

Ако монтирате зимни гуми на автомобила си, уверете се, че използвате радиални гуми със същия размер и товарен индекс като тези на оригиналните гуми. За балансирано управление на автомобила при всякакви метеорологични условия монтирайте зимни гуми и на четирите колела. Сцеплението, осигурено от зимните гуми по сухи пътища, може да не е толкова високо, колкото е при оригиналните гуми на автомобила Ви. Попитайте търговския представител за гумите за максималната препоръчителна скорост.



Информация

Не монтирайте гуми с шипове, преди да сте проверили местните и общинските разпоредби за възможни ограничения в тяхната употреба.

Вериги за гуми



OCN7H063019L

Тъй като страничните стени на радиалните гуми са по-тънки в сравнение с другите типове гуми, те могат да се повредят, ако върху тях се монтират определени видове вериги за сняг. Поради това се препоръчва използване на зимни гуми, вместо вериги за гуми. Не поставяйте вериги за гуми на автомобили с алуминиеви джанти; ако се налага, използвайте телени вериги. Ако се налага да бъдат използвани вериги, използвайте оригинални части от HYUNDAI или съответстващите на тях вериги, определени за Вашия автомобил, и монтирайте веригите за гуми, след като сте се запознали с инструкциите, доставени с веригите за гуми. Повреди по Вашия автомобил, предизвикани от използването на неподходящи вериги за гуми, не се покриват от гаранцията на производителя на автомобила.

<u> Ларедупреждение</u>

Използването на вериги за сняг може да влоши управляемостта на Вашия автомобил:

- Шофирайте с не повече от 30 км/ч (20 мили/ч) или с препоръчаната от производителя на веригите скорост, използвайки по-ниската от двете стойности.
- Шофирайте внимателно и избягвайте неравности и дупки по пътната настилка, остри завои и други опасности по пътя, които може да предизвикват подскачане на автомобила.
- Избягвайте остри завои или спиране при приплъзване на колепата.

i Ин

Информация

- Поставяйте вериги само на предните гуми. Следва да се отбележи, че поставянето на веригите върху гумите ще осигури по-голяма задвижваща сила, но няма да предотврати занасянето встрани.
- Не монтирайте гуми с шипове, преди да сте проверили местните и общинските разпоредби за възможни ограничения в тяхната употреба.

Поставяне на веригите

Когато поставяте вериги на гумите, спазвайте инструкциите на производителя и ги монтирайте възможно най-стегнато. С поставени вериги шофирайте бавно (с не повече от 30 км/ч (20 мили/ч)). Ако чуете, че веригите са в контакт с каросерията или шасито, спрете и ги затегнете. Ако те все още са в контакт, намалете скоростта до преустановяване на шума. Свалете веригите веднага щом започнете да се движите по почистени пътища.

При монтиране на вериги за сняг паркирайте автомобила на равен терен, далеч от пътното движение. Включете аварийните светлини на автомобила и поставете светлоотразителния предупредителен триъгълник зад автомобила (ако имате такъв). Винаги оставяйте автомобила на Р (паркиране), използвайте ръчната спирачка и изключвайте двигателя, преди да поставите веригите за сняг.

БЕЛЕЖКА

При използване на вериги за гуми:

- Ако веригите са с неправилен размер или са поставени неправилно, могат да повредят спирачните тръбопроводи, окачването, каросерията или колелата.
- Използвайте вериги клас S според класификацията на Дружеството на автомобилните инженери (SAE) или телени вериги.
- Ако чуете шум, предизвикан от контакт на веригите с каросерията, затегнете ги отново, за да не докосват каросерията на автомобила.
- За избягване на повреди по каросерията, след като изминете 0,5 - 1,0 км (0,3 - 0,6 мили), затегнете повторно веригите.
- Не поставяйте вериги за гуми, ако автомобилът е оборудван с алуминиеви джанти на колелата.
 Ако се налага използване на вериги, използвайте телени вериги.
- Използвайте телени вериги с дебелина на телта под 12 мм (0,47 инча), за да не се повреди връзката на веригата.

СИСТЕМА ЗА ОБЕЗОПАСЯВАНЕ НА ДЕЦА (CRS) (BULGARIAN)

Съвместимост на системите за обезопасяване на деца с колан и ISOFIX за всяка позиция за сядане (CRS) съгласно разпоредбите на ООН (за Европа)

(информация за потребителите на автомобили и производителите на CRS системи)

- Да : Подходящо за монтиране на указаната категория CRS система
- Не: Неподходящо за монтиране на указаната категория CRS система
- "-": Няма отношение

| Категории | CRS | Позиции за сядане | | | | | | _ | |
|--|---------------------------------------|-------------------|------------|---|---|--------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|--|
| систем | | 1 | 2 | ; | 4 | 5 | 6 | Позиция за сядане | |
| Универсална СР колан ¹⁾ | RSc | - | _ | Въздушна възглав- ница On (ВКЛ.) | Въздушна възглав- ница Off (Изкл.) | Да F, R | Да ³⁾ F, R | Да F, R | |
| CRS система "i-size" | ISOFIX CRF: F2, F2X, R1, R2 | - | _ | Не | Да ²⁾ F, R | Да | He | Да | |
| Креватче (обърната настрани CRS система с ISOFIX) | ISOFIX CRF: L1, L2 | - | - | He | Не | Не | Не | Не | |
| CRS система за бебета* с ISOFIX (*: CRS система за бебета с ISOFIX) | ISOFIX CRF: R1 | - | _ | Не | Не | Да R | Не | Да R | F : насочена напред R : насочена назад |
| CRS система за малко дете с ISOFIX | ISOFIX CRF: F2, F2X, R2, R2X | RF: F2, X, R2, | Да F, R | He | Да F, R | OCN7030068L | | | |
| CRS система за по-големи деца с ISOFIX* (*: не повдигащи седалки) | ISOFIX CRF: F3, R3 | - | _ | He | Не | Да F, R ⁴⁾ | He | Да F, R ⁴⁾ | |
| Повдигаща седалка – с намалена ширина | ISO CRF: B2 | _ | _ | Не | Не | Да5) | He | Да5) | |
| Повдигаща седалка – с пълна ширина | ISO CRF: B3 | - | _ | He | He | Да5) | He | Да ⁵⁾ | |

| Номер на седалката | Позиция в автомобила | Номер на седалката | Позиция в автомобила |
|-----------------------|-------------------------|-----------------------|-------------------------|
| 1 | Отпред вляво | 4 | 2-ти ред вляво |
| 2 | Отпред в средата | 5 | 2-ти ред в средата |
| 3 | Отпред вдясно | 6 | 2-ти ред вдясно |

Забележка¹⁾: Информацията за универсални CRS с колани се отнася за всички групи.

Забележка²⁾ : Трябва да регулирате облегалката на предната седалка до почти изправено положение. (Седалка номер 3)

Забележка³⁾ : Позицията за сядане (номер 5) не е подходяща за монтиране на система за обезопасяване на деца с опорен крак.

Забележка⁴⁾: За монтиране на гледаща назад CRS система за по-големи деца с ISOFIX

- Седалка на водача: Трябва да преместите седалката в средна позиция. (Седалка номер 1)
- Седалка на пътника отпред: Трябва да преместите седалката в най-предна позиция. (Седалка номер 3)

Забележка⁵⁾ : За да монтирате повдигаща седалка, трябва да премахнете опората за глава от седалката.

* Никога не поставяйте система за обезопасяване на деца на седалката на пътника отпред, освен ако въздушната възглавница не е деактивирана.

VETRARAKSTUR (ICELANDIC)

Hörð veðurskilyrði að vetri slíta hjólbörðum hratt og valda öðrum vandamálum. Til að lágmarka vandamál í vetrarakstri ættir þú að taka eftirfarandi ábendingum:

Snjór eða hálka

Þú þarft að halda nægilegri fjarlægð á milli ökutækisins þíns og ökutækisins fyrir framan þig.

Notaðu bremsustýringarnar varlega. Hröð hröðun, skyndileg hemlun og krappar beygjur geta verið mjög hættuleg vinnubrögð. Notaðu vélarhemlun til að hægja á eins mikið og mögulegt er. Skyndileg hemlun á snævi eða snævi þakin vegi getur valdið því að ökutækið rennur.

Notkun snjódekk eða dekkjakeðjur getur hjálpað þér að komast um þegar snjórinn verður of djúpur.

Vertu alltaf með neyðarbúnað. Hjólbarðakeðjur, dráttarólar eða keðjur, blys, neyðarblys, sandur, skófla, snúrur, rúðusköfu, hanskar, jarðdúkur, yfirklæði, teppi og svo framvegis er allt gagnlegt til að hafa við höndina.

Vetrardekk



VIÐVÖRUN

Vetrardekk ættu að hafa sömu stærð og tegund og birgðadekk bílsins. Ef þú gerir það ekki getur bíllinn þinn verið minna stöðugur og minna öruggur í akstri.

Settu á radial dekk sem eru í sömu stærð og hleðslusviði og dekkin sem eru þegar á bílnum þínum ef þú vilt keyra í snjónum. Settu vetrardekk á öll fjögur hjólin fyrir jafnt grip í snjó og hálku. Á þurru slitlagi geta snjódekk ekki veitt eins mikið grip og verksmiðjudekk bílsins þíns. Leiðbeiningar um hámarkshraða ætti að athuga hjá söluaðila dekkja.



Ü Upplýsingar

Ekki setja á nagladekk án þess að athuga fyrst svæðisbundnar og landsbundnar reglur um takmarkanir á notkun þeirra.

Ólar fyrir dekkin



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Þar sem brúnir á radial dekkjum eru lokaðari en í öðrum dekkjaflokkum eru þær næmar fyrir skemmdum vegna notkunar ákveðinna tegunda keðja. Því er mælt með því að nota snjódekk í stað dekkjakeðja. Ekki er mælt með hjólbarðakeðjum fyrir bíla með álfelgum, þó ætti að nota vírakeðju ef þörf krefur. Notaðu aðeins ósvikna HYUNDAI varahluti eða sambærilega hluti eins og tilgreint er fyrir bílinn þinn þegar þú setur upp hjólbarðakeðjur og vertu viss um að lesa meðfylgjandi leiðbeiningar áður en þú reynir að gera það. Ef þú notar dekkjakeðjur rangt og veldur skemmdum á bílnum þínum mun framleiðandinn ekki greiða fyrir viðgerðina.

🕂 VIÐVÖRUN

Reyndar gæti notkun hjólbarðakeðja haft áhrif á meðhöndlun ökutækisins:

- Akið á hraða undir 30 km/klst (20 mph) eða ráðlögðum mörkum keðjuframleiðanda, hvort sem er lægra.
- Akið varlega og forðist ójöfnur, göt, krappar beygjur og aðrar hindranir á veginum sem geta valdið því að ökutækið hoppar.
- Forðist krappar sveigjur eða stýri með læstum hjólum.

i Upplýsingar

- Festið framdekkin með keðjum. Það skal tekið fram að uppsetning keðja á umbúðirnar veitir meiri drifkraft en kemur ekki í veg fyrir hliðarskrið.
- Ekki setja á nagladekk án þess að athuga fyrst svæðisbundnar og landsbundnar reglur um takmarkanir á notkun þeirra.

Uppsetning keðja

Þegar hjólbarðakeðjur eru settar á skal fylgja leiðbeiningum framleiðanda og festa þær eins fast og hægt er. Ekið hratt (minna en 30 km/klst (20 mph)) með dekkjadropana uppsetta. Ef þú tekur eftir því að keðjurnar komast í snertingu við yfirbyggingu eða undirvagn skaltu stöðva þær og herða þær aftur. Ef þeir eru enn að snerta, hægðu á þér þar til þú heyrir minni hávaða. Fjarlægðu hjólbarðakeðjurnar um leið og þú byrjar að aka á opnum vegum.

Þegar snjókeðjur eru festar skal leggja kerfinu á jafnsléttu, í nokkurri fjarlægð frá umferð. Kveiktu á blikkljósi ökutækisins og settu þríhyrndan neyðarmerkjabúnað aftan í ökutækið (ef hann er til staðar). Áður en snjókeðjur eru settar á skaltu ganga úr skugga um að bíllinn sé í P (bílastæði), handbremsan sé á og slökkt á vélinni.

TILKYNNING

Við meðhöndlun hjólbarðakeðja:

- Óviðeigandi stórar eða rangar keðjur geta skemmt kælilínur, fjöðrun, uppbyggingu og hjól ökutækisins.
- Notaðu SAE "S" Class undirvagn eða snúrur.
- Ef þú tekur eftir hávaða sem stafar af snertingu keðjanna við yfirbygginguna skaltu setja keðjuna aftur á til að forðast þessa snertingu.
- Herðið keðjurnar aftur á 0,5-1 km sem ekinn er til að forðast líkamsskemmdir (0,3-0,6 mílur).
- Aldrei ætti að nota dekkjakeðjur á bíla sem eru með álfelgur. Ef þú þarft, notaðu keðju úr vír.
- Til að vernda hlekkina á milli hlekkanna í vírakeðju skaltu nota keðju sem er minni en 12 mm (0,47 tommur) á breidd.

BARNAÖRYGGISBÚNAÐUR (CRS) (ICELANDIC)

Samhæfni belta og ISOFIX barnaöryggisbúnaðar (CRS) við allar sætisstöður samkvæmt reglum Sameinuðu þjóðanna (fyrir Evrópu).

(Upplýsingar til notkunar fyrir notendur ökutækja og CRS framleiðendur)

- Já: Passar höfn í tilnefndum SIR flokki.
- · Neibb: Hentar ekki fyrir viðhengi í tilnefndum SIR flokki.
- "-": Á ekki við

| | 000 | Sætisstaðir | | | | | | | |
|--|--------------------------------------|-------------|---|---------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|-------------------|
| Flokkar | CRS | 1 | 2 | 3 | 3 | | 5 | 6 | Setustaða |
| Alhliða CRS be | elti ¹⁾ | - | - | Loftpúði á | Loftpúði slökktur | Já F, R | Já ³⁾ F, R | Já F, R | |
| Gerð i-stærð CRS | ISOFIX CRF: F2, F2X, R1, R2 | - | - | Neibb | Já ²⁾ F, R | Já | Neibb | Já | |
| Barnarúm ISOFIX hlið sem snýr CRS | ISOFIX CRF: L1, L2 | - | - | Neibb | Neibb | Neibb | Neibb | Neibb | F : Stefnir áfram |
| ISOFIX ungabarn* CRS (*: ISOFIX barn CRS) | ISOFIX CRF: R1 | - | - | Neibb | Neibb | Já R | Neibb | Já R | R : Bakvísandi |
| ISOFIX smábarn CRS - lítil gerð | ISOFIX CRF: F2,F2X, R2,R2X | - | - | Neibb | Neibb | Já F, R | Neibb | Já F, R | OCN7030068L |
| ISOFIX smábam CRS - stór* (*: ekki aukasæti) | ISOFIX CRF: F3,R3 | - | - | Neibb | Neibb | Já F, R ⁴⁾ | Neibb | Já F, R ⁴⁾ | OCIV/030000E |
| Aukastóll - Mjórri breidd | ISO CRF: B2 | - | - | Neibb | Neibb | Já 5) | Neibb | Já 5) | |
| Aukastóll - Heill breidd | ISO CRF: B3 | - | - | Neibb | Neibb | Já 5) | Neibb | Já 5) | |

| Sætisnúmer | Staðsetning í ökutækinu | Sætisnúmer | Staðsetning í ökutækinu |
|------------|----------------------------|------------|---------------------------------|
| 1 | Framan til vinstri | 4 | 2 nd röð til vinstri |
| 2 | Miðja fram | 5 | 2 nd röð miðja |
| 3 | Á undan til hægri | 6 | 2 nd röð til vinstri |

Athugið¹): Allir íbúaflokkar geta notað CRS með belti

Athugið²⁾: Farþegasætið að framan ætti að halla alla leið. (Sæti númer 3)

Athugið³⁾ :Sæti 5 hentar ekki til að setja upp barnaöryggisstól þar sem það vantar fót til að styðja sætið.

Athugið⁴⁾:ISOFIX afturvísandi barnaöryggisbúnaður (CRS)

- Staðsetning ökumanns: Það þarf að stilla sætið í miðstöðu. (Sæti númer 1)
- Sæti fyrir farþega í framsæti: Þú þarft að setja stólinn í fremstu stöðu. (Sæti númer 3)

Athugið⁵⁾: Aukastólar krefjast þess að höfuðpúðinn sé fjarlægður úr sætinu.

* Aldrei ætti að nota barnasæti í farþegasætinu að framan fyrr en loftpúðinn hefur verið gerður óvirkur.

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